



ANGLO AMERICAN PLC/ANGLO AMERICAN CAPITAL PLC
(each incorporated with limited liability in England)

U.S.\$15,000,000,000
Euro Medium Term Note Programme

unconditionally and irrevocably guaranteed in the case of Notes
issued by Anglo American Capital plc by

Anglo American plc

Under this U.S.\$15,000,000,000 Euro Medium Term Note Programme (the “**Programme**”), each of Anglo American plc (“**Anglo American**”) and Anglo American Capital plc (“**Anglo American Capital**”) (each an “**Issuer**” and together the “**Issuers**”) may from time to time issue notes (the “**Notes**”) denominated in any currency agreed between the relevant Issuer and the relevant Dealer (as defined below).

The payment of all amounts owing in respect of Notes issued by Anglo American Capital (“**Guaranteed Notes**”) will be unconditionally and irrevocably guaranteed by Anglo American (in such capacity, the “**Guarantor**”). The obligations of the Guarantor in this respect (the “**Guarantee**”) are contained in the Trust Deed.

The maximum aggregate nominal amount of all Notes from time to time outstanding under the Programme will not exceed U.S.\$15,000,000,000 (or its equivalent in other currencies calculated as described herein), subject to increase as described herein.

The Notes may be issued on a continuing basis to the Dealer specified under “Overview of the Programme” and any additional Dealer appointed under the Programme from time to time by the Issuers (each a “**Dealer**” and together the “**Dealers**”), which appointment may be for a specific issue or on an ongoing basis. References in this Offering Circular to the “**relevant Dealer**” shall, in the case of an issue of Notes being (or intended to be) subscribed by more than one Dealer, be to all Dealers agreeing to subscribe such Notes.

Prospective investors should have regard to the factors described in the “*Risk Factors*” section in this Offering Circular.

Application has been made to the Financial Conduct Authority in its capacity as competent authority (the “**UK Listing Authority**”) for Notes issued under the Programme during the period of 12 months from the date of this Offering Circular to be admitted to the official list of the UK Listing Authority (the “**Official List**”) and to the London Stock Exchange plc (the “**London Stock Exchange**”) for such Notes to be admitted to trading on the London Stock Exchange’s regulated market. References in this Offering Circular to Notes being **listed** (and all related references) shall mean that such Notes have been admitted to trading on the London Stock Exchange’s regulated market and have been admitted to the Official List. The London Stock Exchange’s regulated market is a regulated market for the purposes of the Markets in Financial Instruments Directive (Directive 2004/39/EC).

Notice of the aggregate nominal amount of Notes, interest (if any) payable in respect of Notes, the issue price of Notes and certain other information which is applicable to each Tranche (as defined under “*Terms and Conditions of the Notes*”) of Notes will be set out in a final terms (the “**Final Terms**”) which will be delivered to the UK Listing Authority and the London Stock Exchange. Copies of the Final Terms will also be published on the website of the London Stock Exchange through a regulatory information service.

Each of the Issuers and the Programme have been rated Baa2, (Senior Unsecured) and P-2 (Short-Term) by Moody’s Investors Service Ltd. and BBB by Standard & Poor’s Credit Market Services France SAS. Each of Moody’s Investors Service Ltd. and Standard & Poor’s Credit Market Services France SAS is established in the European Union and is registered under Regulation (EC) No. 1060/2009 (as amended) (the “**CRA Regulation**”). As such, each of Moody’s Investors Service Ltd. and Standard & Poor’s Credit Market Services France SAS is included in the list of credit rating agencies published by the European Securities and Markets Authority (“**ESMA**”) on its website in accordance with the CRA Regulation. Tranches of Notes to be issued under the Programme will be rated or unrated. Where a Tranche of Notes is to be rated, such rating will not necessarily be the same as the rating assigned to the Programme. Where a Tranche of Notes is rated, the applicable rating(s) will be specified in the relevant Final Terms. A rating is not a recommendation to buy, sell or hold securities and may be subject to suspension, reduction or withdrawal at any time by the assigning rating agency.

Each of the Issuers may agree with any Dealer and The Law Debenture Trust Corporation p.l.c. as trustee that Notes may be issued in a form not contemplated by the Terms and Conditions of the Notes herein, in which event a new Offering Circular, if appropriate, will be made available which will describe the effect of the agreement reached in relation to such Notes.

Arranger
Barclays
Dealer
Barclays

The date of this Offering Circular is 16 March 2015

IMPORTANT INFORMATION

This Offering Circular comprises a base prospectus for the purposes of Article 5.4 of Directive 2003/71/EC as amended (which includes the amendments made by Directive 2010/73/EU to the extent that such amendments have been implemented in a relevant Member State of the European Economic Area) (the “Prospectus Directive”).

The Issuers and the Guarantor accept responsibility for the information contained in this Offering Circular and the Final Terms for each Tranche of Notes issued under the Programme. To the best of the knowledge of the Issuers and the Guarantor (each having taken all reasonable care to ensure that such is the case) the information contained in this Offering Circular is in accordance with the facts and does not omit anything likely to affect the import of such information.

This Offering Circular is to be read in conjunction with all documents which are incorporated herein by reference (see “*Documents Incorporated by Reference*” below). This Offering Circular shall be read and construed on the basis that such documents are incorporated and form part of this Offering Circular.

Neither the Dealers nor the Trustee (as defined below) have independently verified the information contained in this Offering Circular. Accordingly, no representation, warranty or undertaking, express or implied, is made and no responsibility or liability is accepted by any of the Dealers or the Trustee as to the accuracy or completeness of the information contained or incorporated in this Offering Circular or any other information provided by either of the Issuers or the Guarantor in connection with the Programme. None of the Dealers or the Trustee accepts any liability in relation to the information contained or incorporated by reference in this Offering Circular or any other information provided by either of the Issuers or the Guarantor in connection with the Programme.

No person is or has been authorised by the Issuers, the Guarantor, the Dealers or the Trustee to give any information or to make any representation not contained in or not consistent with this Offering Circular or any other information supplied in connection with the Programme or the Notes and, if given or made, such information or representation must not be relied upon as having been authorised by the Issuers, the Guarantor, any of the Dealers or the Trustee.

Neither this Offering Circular nor any other information supplied in connection with the Programme or any Notes should be considered as a recommendation by the Issuers, the Guarantor, any of the Dealers or the Trustee that any recipient of this Offering Circular or any other information supplied in connection with the Programme or any Notes should purchase any Notes. Each investor contemplating purchasing any Notes should make its own independent investigation of the financial and business condition and affairs, and its own independent appraisal of the creditworthiness, of the Issuers and/or the Guarantor. Neither this Offering Circular nor any other information supplied in connection with the Programme or the issue of any Notes constitutes an offer or invitation by or on behalf of the Issuers, the Guarantor, any of the Dealers or the Trustee to any person to subscribe for or to purchase any Notes.

Neither the delivery of this Offering Circular (as supplemented in accordance with Article 16 of the Prospectus Directive, if relevant) nor the offering, sale or delivery of any Notes shall in any circumstances imply that the information contained herein (or in a supplement to this Offering Circular, as the case may be) concerning the Issuers and/or the Guarantor is correct at any time subsequent to the date hereof (or the date of a supplement to this Offering Circular, as the case may be) or that any other information supplied in connection with the Programme is correct as of any time subsequent to the date indicated in the document containing the same. The Dealers and the Trustee expressly do not undertake to review the financial condition or affairs of the Issuers or the Guarantor during the life of the Programme or to advise any investor in the Notes of any information coming to their attention.

The Notes have not been and will not be registered under the United States Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the “Securities Act”), and are subject to U.S. tax law requirements. Subject to certain exceptions, Notes may not be offered, sold or delivered within the United States or to, or for the account of, U.S. persons (see “*Subscription and Sale*”).

This Offering Circular does not constitute an offer to sell or the solicitation of an offer to buy any Notes in any jurisdiction to any person to whom it is unlawful to make the offer or solicitation in such jurisdiction. The distribution of this Offering Circular and the offer or sale of Notes may be restricted by law in certain

jurisdictions. The Issuers, the Guarantor, the Dealers and the Trustee do not represent that this Offering Circular may be lawfully distributed, or that any Notes may be lawfully offered, in compliance with any applicable registration or other requirements in any such jurisdiction, or pursuant to an exemption available thereunder, or assume any responsibility for facilitating any such distribution or offering. In particular, no action has been taken by the Issuers, the Guarantor, any of the Dealers or the Trustee which is intended to permit a public offering of any Notes or distribution of this Offering Circular in any jurisdiction where action for that purpose is required. Accordingly, no Notes may be offered or sold, directly or indirectly, and neither this Offering Circular nor any advertisement or other offering material may be distributed or published in any jurisdiction, except under circumstances that will result in compliance with any applicable laws and regulations. Persons into whose possession this Offering Circular or any Notes may come must inform themselves about, and observe, any such restrictions on the distribution of this Offering Circular and the offering and sale of Notes. In particular, there are restrictions on the distribution of this Offering Circular and the offer or sale of Notes in the United States, the European Economic Area (including the United Kingdom) and Japan (see “*Subscription and Sale*”).

The Notes may not be a suitable investment for all investors. Each potential investor in the Notes must determine the suitability of that investment in light of its own circumstances. In particular, each potential investor should:

- (i) have sufficient knowledge and experience to make a meaningful evaluation of the Notes, the merits and risks of investing in the Notes and the information contained or incorporated by reference in this Offering Circular or any applicable supplement;
- (ii) have access to, and knowledge of, appropriate analytical tools to evaluate, in the context of its particular financial situation, an investment in the Notes and the impact the Notes will have on its overall investment portfolio;
- (iii) have sufficient financial resources and liquidity to bear all of the risks of an investment in the Notes, including Notes where the currency for principal or interest payments is different from the potential investor’s currency;
- (iv) understand thoroughly the terms of the Notes and be familiar with the behaviour of any relevant indices and financial markets; and
- (v) be able to evaluate (either alone or with the help of a financial adviser) possible scenarios for economic, interest rate and other factors that may affect its investment and its ability to bear the applicable risks.

Legal investment considerations may restrict certain investments. The investment activities of certain investors are subject to legal investment laws and regulations, or review or regulation by certain authorities. Each potential investor should consult its legal advisers to determine whether and to what extent (1) Notes are legal investments for it, (2) Notes can be used as collateral for various types of borrowing and (3) other restrictions apply to its purchase or pledge of any Notes. Financial institutions should consult their legal advisers or the appropriate regulators to determine the appropriate treatment of Notes under any applicable risk-based capital or similar rules.

All references in this document to “U.S. dollars”, “U.S.\$” and “\$” refer to United States dollars, “Sterling” and “£” refer to pounds sterling, “Rand”, “R” and “ZAR” refer to the lawful currency of the Republic of South Africa, “Yen” and “¥” refer to Japanese Yen and “euro” and “€” refer to the currency introduced at the start of the third stage of European economic and monetary union pursuant to the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union, as amended.

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In connection with the issue of any Tranche of Notes, one or more relevant Dealers (in such capacity, the “Stabilisation Manager(s)”) (or persons acting on behalf of any Stabilisation Manager(s)) may over-allot Notes or effect transactions with a view to supporting the market price of the Notes at a level higher than that which might otherwise prevail. However, there is no assurance that the Stabilisation Manager(s) (or persons acting on behalf of a Stabilisation Manager) will undertake stabilisation action. Any stabilisation action may begin on or after the date on which adequate public disclosure of the terms of the offer of the relevant Tranche of Notes is made and, if begun, may be ended at any time, but it must end no later than the earlier of 30 days after the issue date of the relevant Tranche of Notes and 60 days after the date of the allotment of the relevant Tranche of Notes. Any stabilisation action or over-allotment must be conducted by the relevant Stabilisation Manager(s) (or persons acting on behalf of any Stabilisation Manager(s)) in accordance with all applicable laws and rules.

RISK FACTORS

Each Issuer and the Guarantor believe that the following factors may affect its ability to fulfil its obligations under Notes issued under the Programme. Most of these factors are contingencies which may or may not occur and neither the Issuers nor the Guarantor is in a position to express a view on the likelihood of any such contingency occurring.

In addition, factors which are material for the purpose of assessing the market risks associated with Notes issued under the Programme are also described below.

Each Issuer and the Guarantor believes that the factors described below represent the principal risks inherent in investing in Notes issued under the Programme, but the inability of the Issuer or the Guarantor to pay interest, principal or other amounts on or in connection with any Notes may occur for other reasons which may not be considered significant risks by the Issuer and the Guarantor based on information currently available to them or which they may not currently be able to anticipate. Prospective investors should also read the detailed information set out elsewhere in this Offering Circular and reach their own views prior to making any investment decision.

FACTORS THAT MAY AFFECT THE ISSUERS' ABILITY TO FULFIL THEIR OBLIGATIONS UNDER NOTES ISSUED UNDER THE PROGRAMME AND THE GUARANTOR'S ABILITY TO FULFIL ITS OBLIGATIONS UNDER THE GUARANTEE IN RESPECT OF SUCH NOTES.

Unless otherwise specified by reference to Anglo American or Anglo American Capital, the risks apply in the context of the Group (as defined in “*Description of Anglo American plc and the Anglo American Group*”), and are also applicable to each of Anglo American plc and Anglo American Capital plc.

In this context, the following specific risks have been identified:

The business, results of operations, cash flows and financial condition of the Group may be adversely affected by commodity price fluctuations and the continuation of poor economic conditions.

Commodity prices are determined principally by international markets and global supply and demand. Fluctuations in commodity prices give rise to commodity price risk across the Group. Historically, such prices have been subject to substantial variation.

Falling commodity prices could prevent the Group from completing certain transactions that are important to the business and which may have an adverse effect on its financial position. For example, this may lead to an inability of the Group to sell assets at the values or within the timelines expected, complete planned acquisitions or create joint ventures.

Adverse and volatile economic conditions can also limit the Group's visibility in terms of anticipated revenues and costs, and can affect the Group's ability to implement planned projects. In addition, rating agencies and industry analysts are likely to take such conditions into account when assessing the business and creditworthiness of the Group, and any adverse determinations, including ratings downgrades, may make it more difficult for the Group to raise capital in the future and may adversely affect the market price of the Notes.

If the global economic environment remains weak for the medium to long term, the ability of the Group to grow or maintain revenues in future years may be adversely affected, the Group may not be able to compete for new, complex projects that require significant capital investment and at certain long-term price levels for a given commodity, certain of the Group's extractive operations with respect to that commodity may not be economic. Such developments could have a materially adverse effect on the Group's business, operational results, cash flows and financial condition.

Reduction in Chinese demand for the Group's products may negatively impact its results.

The Chinese market is a strong driver of global demand and pricing for commodities and the Group is heavily reliant on Chinese demand for its products. Sales into China accounted for U.S.\$5.1 billion or 16.5% of the Group's revenue for the year ended 31 December 2014.

Any number of factors could have a negative impact on the Group's sales into the Chinese market, and in turn, a negative impact on the Group's business and revenues. These include slower or flattened economic growth, unsuccessful economic reforms, reduced urbanisation or industrialisation, a slowing expansion of the middle class, or reduction in demand for any one or more of the Group's products. Any of the foregoing developments could have a material adverse effect on the Group's business, operational results, cash flows and financial condition.

The business of the Group may be adversely affected by liquidity and counterparty risk.

The Group is exposed to liquidity risk arising from the need to finance its ongoing operations and growth. Global credit markets have been severely constrained in the past, and the ability of the Group to obtain funding has been and may be significantly reduced should such conditions re-occur. Furthermore, the cost of obtaining funding can increase significantly.

A downgrade and lowering of the Group's credit rating may have a negative impact on its ability to obtain funding and may increase the cost of financing.

If the Group is unable to obtain sufficient funding, either due to banking and capital market conditions generally, or due to factors specific to its business, the Group may not have sufficient cash to develop new projects, compete for new complex projects requiring significant capital expenditure, fund acquisitions or meet ongoing financing needs, which in turn could materially and adversely affect the revenues, operating results, cash flows and financial condition of the Group and could result in a loss of all or part of investors' investment in the Notes.

In order to meet its debt service obligations, including payments of interest and principal on the Notes, the Group will need to use proceeds from operating cash flows or disposals of assets, or use alternative funding sources such as its U.S.\$5 billion revolving credit bank facility. There can be no assurance, however, that such proceeds will be sufficient or that refinancing will be available on commercially viable terms. Any failure to meet the Group's debt service obligations would have a material adverse effect on the Group's financial condition and could result in a loss of all or part of investors' investment in the Notes.

In addition, the Group is exposed to counterparty risk from customers or holders of cash that could result in financial losses should those counterparties become unable to meet their obligations to the Group. Furthermore, the Treasury operations of the Group's joint ventures and associates are independently managed and may expose the Group to liquidity, counterparty and other financial risks.

Should the Group's counterparties be unable to meet their obligations to the Group, or should the treasury operations of the Group's joint ventures or associates incur losses, the Group's operating results, cash flows and financial condition could be materially and adversely affected.

The Group may be adversely affected by currency exchange rate fluctuations.

Because of the global nature of the Group's business, it is exposed to currency risk principally where transactions are not conducted in U.S. dollars or where assets and liabilities are not U.S. dollar-denominated. The majority of the Group's sales revenue is denominated in U.S. dollars, while the majority of its operating costs are influenced by the currencies of the countries where the Group's operations are located and by the currencies in which the costs of imported equipment and services are denominated. The South African rand, Chilean peso, Brazilian real, Australian dollar, Sterling and U.S. dollar are the most important currencies influencing the Group's operating costs and asset valuations. Fluctuations in the exchange rates of these currencies may adversely affect the Group's operating results, cash flows or financial condition to a material extent.

Inflation may have an adverse effect on the Group's results of operations and cash flows.

Because the Group cannot control the market price at which commodities it produces are sold, it may be unable to pass through increased costs of production to its customers. As a result, it is possible that significantly higher future inflation in the countries in which the Group operates may increase future operational costs without a corresponding increase in the U.S. dollar price of the commodities it produces, or a concurrent depreciation of the local currency against the U.S. dollar.

Cost inflation in the mining sector is more apparent during periods of high commodity prices because demand for mining-related products and services can tend to exceed supply during such periods, although such inflation can occur at any point in the commodity cycle. A lag in the reduction of input costs relative to declining commodity prices will have a similar negative effect on the Group's operations. Any such increased costs or delays in cost reductions may adversely affect the Group's profit margins, cash flows and results of operations, and such effects could be material.

The Group is subject to risks associated with litigation.

As with most large corporations, the Group is involved from time to time as a party to various lawsuits, arbitrations, regulatory proceedings or other disputes. Litigation, arbitration and other such legal proceedings involve inherent uncertainties and, as a result, the Group faces risks associated with adverse judgments or outcomes in these matters.

Even in cases where the Group may ultimately prevail on the merits of any dispute, it may face significant costs defending its rights, lose certain rights or benefits during the pendency of any proceeding or suffer reputational damage as a result of its involvement. The Group is currently engaged in a number of legal proceedings in various jurisdictions, including as described under “*Description of Anglo American PLC and the Anglo American Group – Litigation and Related Matters*”.

There can be no assurance as to the outcome of any litigation, arbitration or other legal proceeding, and the adverse determination of material litigation could have a materially adverse effect on the Group’s business, operational results, cash flows and financial condition.

Safety, health and environmental exposures and related regulations may expose the Group to increased litigation, compliance costs, interruptions to operations, unforeseen environmental remediation expenses and loss of reputation.

Mining is a hazardous industry and is highly regulated by safety, health and environmental laws. Working conditions including aspects such as weather, altitude and temperature can add to the inherent dangers of mining, whether underground or in open pit mines. Failure to provide a safe and healthy working environment or environmentally acceptable one in accordance with the relevant applicable legislation may result in government authorities forcing closure of mines on a temporary or permanent basis or refusing mining right applications. A failure to achieve the required high levels of safety, health and environmental management set by the Group can result in harm to the Group’s employees, the communities near the Group’s operations, and damage to the environment. As a consequence, the Group could face fines and penalties, liability to employees and third parties for injury, illness or death, statutory liability for environmental remediation, and other financial consequences, which may be significant. The Group is currently subject to ongoing litigation relating to some of these areas of risk, and may face additional litigation in the future.

The mining process, including blasting and processing ore bodies, can generate environmental impacts including dust and noise and may require the storage of waste materials (including in liquid form). Risk in the form of dust, noise or leakage of polluting substances from site operations or uncontrolled breaches of mine residue facilities have the potential of generating harm to the Group’s employees and the communities near the Group’s operations. Potential impacts include fines and penalties, statutory liability for environmental remediation and other financial consequences that may be significant. Governments may force closure of mines on a temporary or permanent basis or refuse future mining right applications.

The Group could also suffer impairment of its reputation, industrial action or difficulty in recruiting and retaining skilled employees. Any future changes in laws, regulations or community expectations governing the Group’s operations could result in increased compliance and remediation costs.

Any of the foregoing developments could have a materially adverse effect on the Group’s results of operations, cash flows or financial condition.

Climate change implications on mitigation and adaptation as well as existing and proposed legislation and regulation on greenhouse gas emissions may adversely affect certain of the Group’s operations.

The Group is a significant user of energy and is also a major coal producer and exporter. The Group’s operations are exposed to changes in climate and the need to comply with changes in the regulatory environment aimed at reducing the effect of climate change. Various regulatory measures aimed at reducing greenhouse gas emissions and improving energy efficiency may affect the Group’s operations and customer demand for its products over time. Policy developments at an international, regional, national and sub-national level, and emissions trading systems, such as the Emissions Trading System of the European Union, have implications on the profitability of the Group where the Group’s greenhouse gas-intensive and energy-intensive assets are concerned.

Potential impacts from climate change for Group assets depend on the circumstances at individual sites but increased rainfall, flooding, water shortages and higher average temperatures may increase costs, reduce production levels or impact the results of operations.

Actions by governments or political instability in the countries in which the Group operates could adversely affect the Group’s business.

The Group’s businesses may be affected by political, regulatory or legal developments in any of the countries and jurisdictions in which the Group operates. These may include changes to fiscal regimes or other regulatory regimes that may result in restrictions on the export of currency, expropriation of assets, imposition of royalties or new

taxes and requirements for local ownership or beneficiation. Political instability can also result in civil unrest or nullification of existing agreements, mining permits or leases which may in turn lead to production stoppages or curtailment. Any of these risks may materially and adversely affect the Group's results of operations, cash flows and financial condition or deprive the Group of the economic benefits of ownership of its assets.

The Group's operations and development projects could be adversely affected by shortages of, as well as lead times to deliver, certain key inputs.

The inability to obtain, in a timely manner, strategic consumables, raw materials, mining and processing equipment could lead to lower output volumes and could have an adverse impact on the Group's results of operations, development projects and financial condition. During periods of strong demand for commodities, increased demand for such supplies may result in periods when supplies are not always available or cause costs to increase above normal inflation rates. Any interruption to the Group's supplies or increase in the Group's costs would adversely affect the Group's operating results and cash flows, and such effects could be material.

The Group may be unable to obtain or renew required licences, permits and other authorisations and/or such licences, permits and other authorisations may be suspended, terminated or revoked prior to their expiration.

The Group currently conducts, and will in the future be required to conduct, its operations (including prospecting and exploration activities) pursuant to licences, permits and other authorisations. Any delay and/or refusal by relevant government authorities in the obtaining or renewing of a licence, permit or other authorisation may require a delay in the Group's investment or development of a resource which may hinder the Group's production output and revenues and may have a material adverse effect on the Group's results of operations, cash flows and financial condition. In addition, the Group's existing licences, permits and other authorisations may be suspended, terminated or revoked if the Group fails to comply with the relevant requirements. If the Group fails to fulfil the specific terms of any of its licences, permits and other authorisations or if the Group operates its business in a manner that violates applicable law, government regulations may impose fines or suspend or terminate the licence, permit or other authorisation, any of which could have a material adverse effect on the Group's results of operations, cash flows and financial condition.

The use of mining contractors at certain of the Group's operations may expose those operations to delays or suspensions in mining activities.

Mining contractors are used at a number of the Group's operations to perform various operational tasks, including carrying out mining activities and delivering ore to processing plants. In periods of high commodity prices, demand for contractors may exceed supply resulting in increased costs or lack of availability of key contractors. Disruptions of operations or increased costs also can occur as a result of disputes with contractors or a shortage of contractors with particular capabilities. Additionally, because the Group does not have the same control over contractors as it does over employees, there is a risk that contractors will not operate in accordance with the Group's safety standards or other policies. To the extent that any of the foregoing risks materialise, the Group's operating results and cash flows could be adversely affected, perhaps materially.

The Group may have less reserves than its estimates indicate.

The Group's Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves estimates are stated as of 31 December 2014 and are subject to a number of assumptions, including the price of commodities, production costs and recovery rates. Fluctuations in the variables underlying the Group's estimates may result in material changes to the Group's reserve estimates in the future, and such changes may have a materially adverse impact on the financial condition and prospects of the Group.

Failure to discover new reserves, enhance existing reserves or adequately develop new projects could adversely affect the Group's business.

Exploration and development are costly, speculative and often unproductive, but are necessary for the Group's business. Failure to discover new reserves, to maintain the Group's existing mineral rights, to enhance existing reserves or to extract resources from such reserves in sufficient amounts and in a timely manner could materially and adversely affect the Group's results of operations, cash flows, financial condition and prospects. In addition, the Group may not be able to recover the funds it spends on identifying new mining opportunities through the Group's exploration programme.

Increasingly stringent requirements relating to regulatory, environmental and social approvals can result in significant delays in construction of the Group's facilities and may adversely affect the economics of new mining projects, the expansion of existing operations and, consequently, the Group's results of operations, cash flows and financial condition, and such effects could be material.

Damage to or breakdown of a physical asset, including due to fire, explosion or natural catastrophe may adversely affect the Group's operating results and result in loss of revenue, loss of cash flow or other losses.

Damage to or breakdown of a physical asset, including as a result of fire, explosion or natural catastrophe, can result in a loss of assets and subsequent financial losses. The Group's operations and development projects are exposed to natural risks such as earthquake, extreme weather conditions, failure of mining pit slopes and tailing dam walls, and other natural phenomena. The Group's insurance with respect to catastrophic event risk may not be sufficient to cover its financial loss flowing from an event, and insurance is not available or is unavailable on economically viable terms for many risks the Group may face. The occurrence of events for which the Group is not insured, or for which the Group's insurance is insufficient, may materially and adversely affect the Group's revenues, operating results, cash flows and financial condition.

The Group's operations and development projects could be adversely affected by shortages of appropriately skilled employees as the Group competes with mining and other companies to recruit, develop and retain such employees.

The ability of the Group to recruit, develop and retain appropriate skills is affected by global competition for skilled labour, particularly in periods of high commodity prices when demand for such personnel typically increases. Any failure to retain skilled employees or to recruit new staff may lead to increased costs, interruptions to existing operations and delay of new projects.

Labour disruptions could have an adverse effect on the Group's results of operations, cash flows and financial condition.

There is a risk that strikes or other types of conflict with unions or employees may occur at any one of the Group's operations, development projects or suppliers of critical goods and services or in any of the geographic regions in which the Group operates. In key countries where the Group operates, the majority of employees are members of trade unions, especially in South Africa and South America. Labour disruptions may be used not only for reasons specific to the Group's business, but also to advocate labour, political or social goals. Any labour disruptions could increase operational costs and decrease revenues, and if such disruptions are material, they could adversely affect, possibly significantly, the Group's results of operations, cash flows and financial condition.

Failure to prevent acts of fraud, bribery, corruption or anti-competitive behaviour could adversely affect the Group's business.

Potential impacts of violations of laws governing fraud, bribery, corruption or anti-competitive behaviour include prosecution, fines, penalties and reputational damage. The Group may suffer financial loss if it is the victim of a fraudulent act. The Group has developed training, compliance and audit programs to address the risks of contravening laws on bribery, corruption, anti-competitive behaviour and other matters of legal compliance; however, as indicated by indices prepared by independent non-governmental organisations, the Group operates in countries where the risk of corruption is high, and certain industries in which the Group operates have in the past faced prosecution for anti-competitive behaviour.

Adverse market conditions could affect the Group's ability to carry out certain transactions that are important to its business.

Beyond the direct impact on the Group's business, falling commodity prices and the lack of available credit markets could prevent the Group from carrying out certain transactions that are important to the Group's business. The Group may also be unable to find suitable joint venture partners or to find buyers for businesses or assets the Group may wish to sell. The inability of the Group to carry out important transactions may have an adverse effect on the Group's business and financial condition.

Failure to meet production, construction, delivery and cost targets can adversely affect both operational performance and the Group's ability to implement projects in a timely and efficient manner, resulting in increased costs.

Failure to meet production targets can result in increased unit costs, and such increases may be especially pronounced at operations with higher levels of fixed costs. Unit costs may exceed forecasts, adversely affecting

performance and results of operations. Results of operations can be affected by a range of technical and engineering factors. In addition, failure to meet project delivery times and costs could have a negative effect on operational performance and lead to increased costs or reductions in revenue and profitability. Such increases could materially and adversely affect the economics of a project, and consequently the Group's results of operations, cash flows and financial condition.

The Group may not achieve projected benefits of acquisitions or divestments.

The Group has undertaken a number of acquisitions in the recent past, including the completion of the acquisition of the Oppenheimer family's shareholding in De Beers in 2012. With any such transaction there is the risk that any benefits or synergies identified at the time of acquisition may not be achieved as a result of changing or incorrect assumptions or materially different market conditions resulting in adverse effects on financial performance, production volumes or product quality. Furthermore, the Group could be found liable for past acts or omissions of the acquired business without any adequate right of redress.

In addition, delays in the sale of assets or reductions in value may arise due to changing market conditions. Failure to achieve expected values from the sale of assets or delivery beyond expected receipt of funds may result in higher debt levels, underperformance of those businesses and possible loss of key personnel.

Restrictions in the Group's ability to access necessary infrastructure services, including utilities and transportation, may adversely affect the Group's operations.

Inadequate supply of the critical infrastructure elements for mining activity could result in reduced production or sales volumes or impact the Group's development projects, which could have a negative effect on the Group's financial performance. Disruptions in the supply of essential utility services, such as water and electricity, can halt the Group's production for the duration of the disruption and, when unexpected, may cause loss of life or damage to the Group's mining equipment or facilities, which may in turn affect the Group's ability to recommence operations on a timely basis. Adequate provision of transportation services, in particular rail services and timely port access, are critical to getting the Group's products to market and disruptions to such services may affect the operations of the Group. The Group is largely dependent on third party providers of utility and transportation services including rail, port and shipping services, and their provision of services, maintenance of networks and expansion and contingency plans are outside the Group's control.

In certain instances, the Group's growth plans are reliant on third party rail providers expanding their carrying capacity.

However, any such events are likely to adversely affect the Group's production volumes and may increase its costs, which would in turn adversely affect the Group's results of operations and cash flows, and such effects could be material.

Failure to manage relationships with local communities, government and non-governmental organisations could adversely affect the Group's future growth potential.

The Group operates in several countries where ownership of rights in respect of land and resources is uncertain and where disputes in relation to ownership or other community matters may arise. These disputes are not always predictable and may cause disruption to projects or operations. The Group's operations can also have an impact on local communities, including the need, from time to time, to relocate communities or infrastructure networks such as railways and utility services. Failure to manage relationships with local communities, government and non-governmental organisations may negatively affect the Group's reputation, as well as the Group's ability to bring projects into production, which could in turn affect the Group's revenues, results of operations and cash flows, potentially in a material manner.

The Group faces certain risks from the high infection rates of HIV/AIDS that may adversely affect the Group's business and the communities in which the Group operates.

The Group recognises that the HIV/AIDS epidemic in sub-Saharan Africa is a significant threat to economic growth and development in that region and affects its business. In addition to the costs associated with the provision of anti-retroviral therapy to employees and occupational health services (both of which will increase if the incidence of HIV/AIDS spreads), there is a risk that the recruitment and retention of the skilled personnel needed to maintain and grow the Group's business in southern Africa (and other regions where HIV/AIDS is a major social issue) will not be possible. If this occurs, the Group's business would be adversely affected.

The Group’s non-controlled assets may not comply with the Group’s standards.

Some of the Group’s operations are controlled and managed by joint venture partners, associates or by other companies. Management of non-controlled assets may not comply with the Group’s standards, for example, on safety, health and environmental matters or on financial or other controls and procedures. This may lead to higher costs and lower production and adversely affect the Group’s results of operations, cash flows, financial condition or reputation.

The Group’s business may be adversely affected by attack from third parties on the Group’s information systems.

The Group maintains information technology infrastructure, applications and communications networks to support its business activities. Security breaches of these systems may result in the loss, disclosure or corruption of sensitive or proprietary information, including information relating to acquisitions and divestments, strategic decision-making, investment market communications or commercially sensitive information relating to major contracts. Security breaches may also result in misappropriation of funds, fraud or disruptions to the Group’s business operations. Damage is also possible to equipment that is critical to mining or processing of ore, resulting in interruption to production and possible financial loss.

This risk arises from criminal activity aimed at causing disruption or attempts by third parties to access sensitive information. The pace of technological development makes it challenging for any organisation to prevent increasingly sophisticated methods of attacking information technology systems.

Certain factors may affect the Group’s ability to support the carrying value of its property, plants and equipment, acquired properties, investments and goodwill on the Group’s balance sheet.

The Group reviews and tests the carrying value of its assets when events or changes in circumstances suggest that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. If there are indications that impairment may have occurred, the Group prepares estimates of expected future cash flows for each group of assets. Expected future cash flows are inherently uncertain, and could materially change over time. They are significantly affected by reserve and production estimates, together with economic factors such as spot and forward commodity prices, discount rates, currency exchange rates, estimates of costs to produce reserves and future capital expenditure.

If any of these uncertainties occur, either alone or in combination, it could require management to recognise an impairment, which could materially and adversely affect the Group’s results of operations or financial condition.

Inaccurate assumptions in respect of critical accounting judgments could adversely affect financial results.

In the course of preparing financial statements, the Group’s management necessarily makes judgments and estimates that can have a significant impact on the Group’s financial statements. The most critical of these relate to estimation of the useful economic life of assets and ore reserves, impairment of assets, restoration, rehabilitation and environmental costs and retirement benefits. The use of inaccurate assumptions in calculations for any of these estimates could have a significant impact on the Group’s results of operations and financial condition. Notwithstanding anything in this risk factor, this risk factor should not be taken as implying that either of the Issuers or the Group will be unable to comply with their respective obligations as a company with securities admitted to the official list.

Tax laws and regulations in some of the countries in which the Group operates may be subject to change, varying or adverse interpretation or inconsistent enforcement.

Government fiscal pressures may increase the likelihood of adverse or aggressive interpretations of tax laws or regulations or the imposition of arbitrary or onerous taxes, interest charges and penalties. The Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development and other government agencies in jurisdictions in which the Group operates have increasingly focused on issues related to the taxation of multinational corporations including their current base erosion and profit shifting project. The Group could also be exposed to significant fines and penalties and to enforcement measures, including, but not limited to, tax assessments, despite its best efforts at compliance. In response to tax assessments or similar tax deficiency notices in particular jurisdictions, the Group may be required to pay the full amount of the tax assessed (including stated penalties and interest charges) or post security for such amounts notwithstanding that the Group may contest the assessment and related amounts. Any of these risks may materially and adversely affect the Group’s results of operations, cash flows and financial condition or deprive the Group of the economic benefits of ownership of the Group’s assets. See “*Description of Anglo American plc and the Anglo American Group — Recent Developments*”.

The holding company structure of the Group means that the claims of creditors of subsidiaries of Anglo American will generally have priority over claims on the guarantee obligations.

Anglo American is a holding company and derives the majority of its operating income and cash flow from its subsidiaries. It must rely upon distributions from its subsidiaries to generate funds necessary to meet its obligations, including any payments under the Guarantee in respect of Notes issued by Anglo American Capital. The Notes and the obligations of Anglo American under the Guarantee will constitute (subject to the provisions of Condition 3) unsecured obligations of the relevant Issuer or, as the case may be, the Guarantor, and will rank *pari passu* with all their other future unsecured and unsubordinated obligations. These obligations will also be structurally subordinated to the holders of secured and unsecured debt and other creditors of subsidiaries of Anglo American.

Anglo American Capital is a finance vehicle, with no independent business operations.

Anglo American Capital plc is a finance vehicle, the primary business of which is the raising of money for the purpose of on-lending to other members of the Group. Accordingly, substantially all the assets of Anglo American Capital are loans and advances made to other members of the Group. The ability of Anglo American to satisfy its obligations in respect of the Notes depends upon payments being made to it by other members of the Group in respect of loans and advances made by it.

FACTORS WHICH ARE MATERIAL FOR THE PURPOSE OF ASSESSING THE MARKET RISKS ASSOCIATED WITH NOTES ISSUED UNDER THE PROGRAMME

Risks related to the structure of a particular issue of Notes

A range of Notes may be issued under the Programme. A number of these Notes may have features which contain particular risks for potential investors. Set out below is a description of the most common of such features:

Notes subject to optional redemption by the relevant Issuer

An optional redemption feature of Notes is likely to limit their market value. During any period when the relevant Issuer may elect to redeem Notes, the market value of those Notes generally will not rise substantially above the price at which they can be redeemed. This also may be true prior to any redemption period.

The Issuers may be expected to redeem Notes when its cost of borrowing is lower than the interest rate on the Notes. At those times, an investor generally would not be able to reinvest the redemption proceeds at an effective interest rate as high as the interest rate on the Notes being redeemed and may only be able to do so at a significantly lower rate. Potential investors should consider reinvestment risk in light of other investments available at that time.

Fixed/Floating Rate Notes

Fixed/Floating Rate Notes are Notes which may bear interest at a rate that converts from a fixed rate to a floating rate, or from a floating rate to a fixed rate. Where the relevant Issuer has the right to effect such a conversion, this will affect the secondary market and the market value of the Notes since the relevant Issuer may be expected to convert the rate when it is likely to produce a lower overall cost of borrowing. If the relevant Issuer converts from a fixed rate to a floating rate in such circumstances, the spread on the Fixed/Floating Rate Notes may be less favourable than then prevailing spreads on comparable Floating Rate Notes tied to the same reference rate. In addition, the new floating rate at any time may be lower than the rates on other Notes. If the relevant Issuer converts from a floating rate to a fixed rate in such circumstances, the fixed rate may be lower than then prevailing market rates.

Notes issued at a substantial discount or premium

The market values of securities issued at a substantial discount (such as Zero Coupon Notes) or premium from their principal amount tend to fluctuate more in relation to general changes in interest rates than do prices for conventional interest-bearing securities. Generally, the longer the remaining term of such securities, the greater the price volatility as compared to more conventional interest-bearing securities with comparable maturities.

Risks related to Notes generally

Set out below is a description of material risks relating to the Notes generally:

Modification, waivers and substitution

The conditions of the Notes contain provisions for calling meetings of Noteholders to consider matters affecting their interests generally. These provisions permit defined majorities to bind all Noteholders including Noteholders who did not attend and vote at the relevant meeting and Noteholders who voted in a manner contrary to the majority.

The conditions of the Notes also provide that the Trustee may, without the consent of Noteholders and without regard to the interests of particular Noteholders, agree to (i) any modification of, or to the waiver or authorisation of any breach or proposed breach of, any of the provisions of the Notes or (ii) determine without the consent of the Noteholders that any Event of Default or potential Event of Default shall not be treated as such or (iii) the substitution of another company as principal debtor under any Notes in place of the relevant Issuer, in the circumstances described in Condition 15.

EU Savings Directive

Under Council Directive 2003/48/EC on the taxation of savings income (the **Savings Directive**), Member States are required to provide to the tax authorities of other Member States details of certain payments of interest or similar income paid or secured by a person established in a Member State to or for the benefit of an individual resident in another Member State or certain limited types of entities established in another Member State.

On 24 March 2014, the Council of the European Union adopted a Council Directive amending and broadening the scope of the requirements described above. Member States are required to apply these new requirements from 1 January 2017. The changes will expand the range of payments covered by the Directive, in particular to include additional types of income payable on securities. They will also expand the circumstances in which payments that indirectly benefit an individual resident in a Member State must be reported. This approach will apply to payments made to, or secured for, persons, entities or legal arrangements (including trusts) where certain conditions are satisfied, and may in some cases apply where the person, entity or arrangement is established or effectively managed outside of the European Union.

For a transitional period, Austria is required (unless during that period it elects otherwise) to operate a withholding system in relation to such payments. The changes referred to above will broaden the types of payments subject to withholding in those Member States which operate a withholding system when they are implemented.

The end of the transitional period is dependent upon the conclusion of certain other agreements relating to information exchange with certain other countries. A number of non-EU countries and territories including Switzerland have adopted similar measures (a withholding system in the case of Switzerland).

If a payment were to be made or collected through a Member State which has opted for a withholding system and an amount of, or in respect of, tax were to be withheld from that payment pursuant to the Savings Directive or any other Directive implementing the conclusions of the ECOFIN Council meeting of 26-27 November 2000 on the taxation of savings income or any law implementing or complying with, or introduced in order to conform to such Directive, neither the Issuer nor the Guarantor nor any Paying Agent (as defined in the Conditions of the Notes) nor any other person would be obliged to pay additional amounts with respect to any Note as a result of the imposition of such withholding tax. Each Issuer is required to maintain a Paying Agent in a Member State that is not obliged to withhold or deduct tax pursuant to any law implementing the Savings Directive or any other Directive implementing the conclusions of the ECOFIN Council meeting of 26-27 November 2000. However, investors should be aware that any custodians or intermediaries through which they hold their interest in the Notes may nonetheless be obliged to withhold or deduct tax pursuant to such laws unless the investor meets certain conditions, including providing any information that may be necessary to enable such persons to make payments free from withholding and in compliance with the Savings Directive, as amended.

U.S. Foreign Account Tax Compliance Act Withholding

Whilst the Notes are in global form and held within Euroclear or Clearstream, Luxembourg (each as defined in “*Form of the Notes*” and together the “**ICSDs**”), in all but the most remote circumstances, it is not expected that the new reporting regime and potential withholding tax imposed by sections 1471 through 1474 of the U.S. Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (“**FATCA**”) will affect the amount of any payment received by the ICSDs (see the FATCA disclosure in “*Taxation – Foreign Account Tax Compliance Act*”). However, FATCA may affect payments made to custodians or intermediaries in the subsequent payment chain leading to the ultimate investor if any such custodian or intermediary generally is unable to receive payments free of FATCA withholding. It also may affect payment to any ultimate investor that is a financial institution that is not entitled to receive payments

free of withholding under FATCA, or an ultimate investor that fails to provide its broker (or other custodian or intermediary from which it receives payment) with any information, forms, other documentation or consents that may be necessary for the payments to be made free of FATCA withholding. Investors should choose the custodians or intermediaries with care (to ensure each is compliant with FATCA or other laws or agreements related to FATCA) and provide each custodian or intermediary with any information, forms, other documentation or consents that may be necessary for such custodian or intermediary to make a payment free of FATCA withholding. Investors should consult their own tax adviser to obtain a more detailed explanation of FATCA and how FATCA may affect them. The relevant Issuer's obligations under the Notes are discharged once the paying agent has made payment to, or to the order of, the common depositary or common safekeeper for the ICSDs (as bearer of the Notes) and the relevant Issuer has therefore no responsibility for any amount thereafter transmitted through the ICSDs and custodians or intermediaries. Further, foreign financial institutions in a jurisdiction which has entered into an intergovernmental agreement with the United States (an **IGA**) are generally not expected to be required to withhold under FATCA or an IGA (or any law implementing an IGA) from payments they make.

Change of law

The conditions of the Notes are based on English law in effect as at the date of this Offering Circular. No assurance can be given as to the impact of any possible judicial decision or change to English law or administrative practice after the date of this Offering Circular and any such change could materially adversely impact the value of any Notes affected by it.

Investors who hold less than the minimum Specified Denomination may be unable to sell their Notes and may be adversely affected if definitive Notes are subsequently required to be issued

In relation to any issue of Notes which have denominations consisting of a minimum Specified Denomination plus one or more higher integral multiples of another smaller amount, it is possible that such Notes may be traded in amounts in excess of the minimum Specified Denomination that are not integral multiples of such minimum Specified Denomination. In such a case a holder who, as a result of trading such amounts, holds an amount which is less than the minimum Specified Denomination in his account with the relevant clearing system would not be able to sell the remainder of such holding without first purchasing a principal amount of Notes at or in excess of the minimum Specified Denomination such that its holding amounts to a Specified Denomination. Further, a holder who, as a result of trading such amounts, holds an amount which is less than the minimum Specified Denomination in his account with the relevant clearing system at the relevant time may not receive a definitive Note in respect of such holding (should definitive Notes be printed) and would need to purchase a principal amount of Notes at or in excess of the minimum Specified Denomination such that its holding amounts to a Specified Denomination.

If such Notes in definitive form are issued, holders should be aware that definitive Notes which have a denomination that is not an integral multiple of the minimum Specified Denomination may be illiquid and difficult to trade.

Risks related to the market generally

Set out below is a brief description of the material market risks, including liquidity risk, exchange rate risk, interest rate risk and credit risk:

The secondary market generally

Notes may have no established trading market when issued, and one may never develop. If a market does develop, it may not be very liquid. Therefore, investors may not be able to sell their Notes easily or at prices that will provide them with a yield comparable to similar investments that have a developed secondary market.

Exchange rate risks and exchange controls

The Issuers will pay principal and interest on the Notes and the Guarantor will make any payments under the Guarantee in the Specified Currency. This presents certain risks relating to currency conversions if an investor's financial activities are denominated principally in a currency or currency unit (the "**Investor's Currency**") other than the Specified Currency. These include the risk that exchange rates may significantly change (including changes due to devaluation of the Specified Currency or revaluation of the Investor's Currency) and the risk that authorities with jurisdiction over the Investor's Currency may impose or modify exchange controls. An appreciation in the value of the Investor's Currency relative to the Specified Currency would decrease (i) the Investor's Currency equivalent yield on the Notes, (ii) the Investor's Currency equivalent value of the principal payable on the Notes and (iii) the Investor's Currency equivalent market value of the Notes.

Government and monetary authorities may impose (as some have done in the past) exchange controls that could adversely affect an applicable exchange rate or the ability of the Issuers or Guarantor to make payments in respect of the Notes. As a result, investors may receive less interest or principal than expected, or no interest or principal.

Interest rate risks

Investment in Fixed Rate Notes involves the risk that if market interest rates subsequently increase above the rate paid on the Fixed Rate Notes, this will adversely affect the value of the Fixed Rate Notes.

Credit ratings may not reflect all risks

One or more independent credit rating agencies may assign credit ratings to the Issuers, the Guarantor or the Notes. The ratings may not reflect the potential impact of all risks related to structure, market, additional factors discussed above, and other factors that may affect the value of the Notes. A credit rating is not a recommendation to buy, sell or hold securities and may be revised, suspended or withdrawn by the rating agency at any time.

In general, European regulated investors are restricted under the CRA Regulation from using credit ratings for regulatory purposes, unless such ratings are issued by a credit rating agency established in the EU and registered under the CRA Regulation (and such registration has not been withdrawn or suspended), subject to transitional provisions that apply in certain circumstances whilst the registration application is pending. Such general restriction will also apply in the case of credit ratings issued by non-EU credit rating agencies, unless the relevant credit ratings are endorsed by an EU-registered credit rating agency or the relevant non-EU rating agency is certified in accordance with the CRA Regulation (and such endorsement action or certification, as the case may be, has not been withdrawn or suspended). The list of registered and certified rating agencies published by ESMA on its website in accordance with the CRA Regulation is not conclusive evidence of the status of the relevant rating agency included in such list, as there may be delays between certain supervisory measures being taken against a relevant rating agency and the publication of the updated ESMA list. Certain information with respect to the credit rating agencies and ratings is set out on the cover of this Offering Circular.

OVERVIEW OF THE PROGRAMME

The following overview does not purport to be complete and is taken from, and is qualified in its entirety by, the remainder of this Offering Circular and, in relation to the terms and conditions of any particular Tranche of Notes, the applicable Final Terms. The relevant Issuer and any relevant Dealer may agree that Notes shall be issued in a form other than that contemplated in the Terms and Conditions, in which event, a new Offering Circular will be published. This overview constitutes a general description of the Programme for the purposes of Article 22.5(3) of Commission Regulation (EC) No. 809/2004 implementing the Prospectus Directive.

Words and expressions defined in “Form of the Notes” and “Terms and Conditions of the Notes” shall have the same meanings in this overview.

Issuers:	Anglo American plc Anglo American Capital plc
Guarantor:	Anglo American plc in respect of Notes issued by Anglo American Capital plc
Risk Factors:	There are certain factors that may affect the relevant Issuer’s ability to fulfil its obligations under Notes issued under the Programme. These are set out under “ <i>Risk Factors</i> ” above. There are also certain factors that may affect the Guarantor’s ability to fulfil its obligations under the Guarantee. These are also set out under “ <i>Risk Factors</i> ” above. In addition, there are certain factors which are material for the purpose of assessing the market risks associated with Notes issued under the Programme. These are set out under “ <i>Risk Factors</i> ” and include certain risks relating to the structure of particular Series of Notes and certain market risks.
Description:	Euro Medium Term Note Programme
Arranger:	Barclays Bank PLC
Dealer:	Barclays Bank PLC and any other Dealers appointed in accordance with the Programme Agreement.
Trustee:	The Law Debenture Trust Corporation p.l.c.
Certain Restrictions:	Each issue of Notes denominated in a currency in respect of which particular laws, guidelines, regulations, restrictions or reporting requirements apply will only be issued in circumstances which comply with such laws, guidelines, regulations, restrictions or reporting requirements from time to time (see “ <i>Subscription and Sale</i> ”) including the following restrictions applicable at the date of this Offering Circular. Notes having a maturity of less than one year Notes having a maturity of less than one year will constitute deposits for the purposes of the prohibition on accepting deposits contained in section 19 of the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 unless they are issued to a limited class of professional investors and have a denomination of at least £100,000 or its equivalent in other currencies, see “ <i>Subscription and Sale</i> ”.
Issuing and Principal Paying Agent:	Citibank, N.A., London Branch
Programme Size:	Up to U.S.\$15,000,000,000 (or its equivalent in other currencies) calculated as described in the Programme Agreement outstanding at any time. The Issuers and the Guarantor may increase the amount of the Programme in accordance with the terms of the Programme

Agreement.

Distribution:	Notes may be distributed by way of private or public placement and in each case on a syndicated or non-syndicated basis.
Currencies:	Euro, Sterling, U.S. dollars, Yen and, subject to any applicable legal or regulatory restrictions, any other currency agreed between the relevant Issuer and the relevant Dealer.
Maturities:	The Notes will have such maturities as may be agreed between the relevant Issuer and the relevant Dealer, subject to such minimum or maximum maturities as may be allowed or required from time to time by the relevant central bank (or equivalent body) or any laws or regulations applicable to the relevant Issuer or the relevant Specified Currency.
Issue Price:	Notes will be issued on a fully-paid basis and at an issue price which is at par or at a discount to, or premium over, par, as specified in the applicable Final Terms.
Form of Notes:	The Notes will be issued in bearer form only as described in “ <i>Form of the Notes</i> ”.
Fixed Rate Notes:	Fixed interest will be payable in arrear on such date or dates as may be agreed between the relevant Issuer and the relevant Dealer as set out in the applicable Final Terms and on redemption and will be calculated on the basis of such Day Count Fraction as may be agreed between the relevant Issuer and the relevant Dealer.
Floating Rate Notes:	<p>Floating Rate Notes will bear interest at a rate determined separately for each Series:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">(i) on the same basis as the floating rate under a notional interest rate swap transaction in the relevant Specified Currency governed by an agreement incorporating the 2006 ISDA Definitions (as published by the International Swaps and Derivatives Association, Inc., and as amended and updated as at the Issue Date of the first Tranche of the Notes of the relevant Series); or(ii) on the basis of a reference rate set out in the applicable Final Terms. <p>The margin (if any) relating to such floating rate will be agreed between the relevant Issuer and the relevant Dealer for each Series of Floating Rate Notes.</p> <p>Floating Rate Notes may also have a maximum interest rate, a minimum interest rate or both.</p> <p>Interest on Floating Rate Notes in respect of each Interest Period, as agreed prior to issue by the relevant Issuer and the relevant Dealer, will be payable on such Interest Payment Dates, and will be calculated on the basis of such Day Count Fraction, as may be agreed between the relevant Issuer and the relevant Dealer.</p>
Zero Coupon Notes:	Zero Coupon Notes may be offered and sold at a discount to their nominal amount and will not bear interest.
Redemption:	The applicable Final Terms will indicate either that the relevant Notes cannot be redeemed prior to their stated maturity (other than for taxation reasons or following an Event of Default) or that such Notes will be redeemable at the option of the relevant Issuer and/or the Noteholders upon giving notice to the Noteholders or the relevant

Issuer, as the case may be, on a date or dates specified prior to such stated maturity and at a price or prices and on such other terms as may be agreed between the relevant Issuer and the relevant Dealer.

Notes having a maturity of less than one year are subject to restrictions on their denomination and distribution, see “*Certain Restrictions — Notes having a maturity of less than one year*” above.

Denomination of Notes:

Notes will be issued in such denominations as may be agreed between the relevant Issuer and the relevant Dealer or such other amount as may be required from time to time by the relevant central bank (or equivalent body) or any laws or regulations applicable to the relevant Specified Currency, see “*Certain Restrictions — Notes with a maturity of less than one year*” above, and save that in the case of any Notes which are to be admitted to trading on a regulated market within the European Economic Area or offered to the public in a Member State of the European Economic Area in circumstances which would otherwise require the publication of a prospectus under the Prospectus Directive, the minimum specified denomination of each Note shall be €100,000 (or, if the Notes are denominated in a currency other than euro, the equivalent amount in such currency).

Taxation:

All payments in respect of the Notes and Coupons will be made without withholding or deduction for or on account of Taxes imposed by any Tax Jurisdiction unless required by law, as provided in Condition 7. In the event that any such withholding or deduction is made, the relevant Issuer or, as the case may be, the Guarantor will, save in certain limited circumstances provided in Condition 7, be required to pay such additional amounts as will result in receipt by the holders of the Notes or Coupons of such amounts as would have been received by them had no such withholding or deduction been required.

Negative Pledge:

The terms of the Notes will contain a negative pledge provision as further described in Condition 3.

Cross Default:

The terms of the Notes will contain a cross default provision as further described in Condition 9.

Status of the Notes and the Guarantee:

The Notes, and the obligations of the Guarantor under the Guarantee, will constitute (subject to the provisions of Condition 3) unsecured obligations of the relevant Issuer or, as the case may be, the Guarantor and will rank *pari passu* and without any preference among themselves. The payment obligations of the relevant Issuer in respect of the Notes and Coupons, and of the Guarantor under the Guarantee, shall, save for such exceptions as may be provided by applicable legislation and subject to Condition 3, at all times rank at least equally with all their other present and future unsecured and unsubordinated obligations.

Ratings:

Each of the Issuers and the Programme have been rated Baa2 (Senior Unsecured) and P-2 (Short-Term) by Moody's Investors Service Ltd. and BBB by Standard & Poor's Credit Market Services France SAS. Each of Moody's Investors Service Ltd. and Standard & Poor's Credit Market Services France SAS is established in the European Union and is registered under the CRA Regulation. As such, each of Moody's Investors Service Ltd. and Standard & Poor's Credit Market Services France SAS is included in the list of credit rating agencies published by ESMA on its website in accordance with the CRA Regulation.

Series of Notes issued under the Programme may be rated or unrated. Where a Series of Notes is rated, such rating will be disclosed in the applicable Final Terms and will not necessarily be the same as the rating assigned to the Programme.

A security rating is not a recommendation to buy, sell or hold securities and may be subject to suspension, reduction or withdrawal at any time by the assigning rating agency.

Listing and admission to trading:

Application has been made for Notes issued under the Programme to be admitted to the Official List of the UK Listing Authority and to be admitted to trading on the London Stock Exchange's regulated market.

Clearing Systems:

Euroclear, Clearstream, Luxembourg (each as defined in "*Form of the Notes*") and in relation to any Tranche, such other clearing system as may be specified in the applicable Final Terms.

Governing Law:

The Notes will be governed by, and construed in accordance with, English law.

Selling Restrictions:

There are restrictions on the offer, sale and transfer of the Notes in the United States, the European Economic Area (including the United Kingdom, France and the Netherlands) and Japan and such other restrictions as may be required in connection with the offering and sale of a particular Tranche of Notes, see "*Subscription and Sale*".

DOCUMENTS INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE

The following documents which have previously been published or are published simultaneously with this Offering Circular and have been filed with the Financial Conduct Authority (and are available via the National Storage Mechanism at www.morningstar.co.uk/uk/NSM) shall be incorporated in, and form part of, this Offering Circular:

- (a) the auditor's report and audited non-consolidated annual financial statements for the financial year ended 31 December 2013 of Anglo American Capital;
- (b) the auditor's report and audited non-consolidated annual financial statements for the financial year ended 31 December 2014 of Anglo American Capital;
- (c) the auditor's report and audited consolidated annual financial statements for the financial year ended 31 December 2013 of Anglo American which can be found at pages 152 to 214 of Anglo American's annual report for the financial year ended 31 December 2013;
- (d) the auditor's report and audited consolidated annual financial statements for the financial year ended 31 December 2014 of Anglo American which can be found at pages 110 to 165 of Anglo American's annual report for the financial year ended 31 December 2014;
- (e) the terms and conditions contained in pages 30 to 50 of the offering circular relating to the Programme dated 20 March 2008;
- (f) the terms and conditions contained in pages 32 to 52 of the offering circular relating to the Programme dated 19 March 2009;
- (g) the terms and conditions contained in pages 35 to 56 of the offering circular relating to the Programme dated 19 March 2012;
- (h) the terms and conditions contained in pages 26 to 44 of the offering circular relating to the Programme dated 17 April 2013; and
- (i) the terms and conditions contained in pages 30 to 48 of the offering circular relating to the Programme dated 26 March 2014.

Any documents incorporated by reference in the documents referred to above do not form part of this Offering Circular.

Following the publication of this Offering Circular a supplement may be prepared by the Issuers and approved by the UK Listing Authority in accordance with Article 16 of the Prospectus Directive. Statements contained in any such supplement (or contained in any document incorporated by reference therein) shall, to the extent applicable (whether expressly, by implication or otherwise) be deemed to modify or supersede statements contained in this Offering Circular or in a document which is incorporated by reference in this Offering Circular. Any statement so modified or superseded shall not, except as so modified or superseded, constitute a part of this Offering Circular.

Copies of the documents incorporated by reference in this Offering Circular can be obtained from the registered office of each Issuer and from the specified office of the Paying Agent for the time being in London.

Any non-incorporated parts of a document referred to herein are either deemed not relevant for an investor or are otherwise covered elsewhere in this Offering Circular.

Anglo American and Anglo American Capital will, in the event of any significant new factor, material mistake or inaccuracy relating to information included in this Offering Circular which is capable of affecting the assessment of any Notes, prepare a supplement to this Offering Circular or publish a new Offering Circular for use in connection with any subsequent issue of Notes.

FORM OF THE NOTES

Each Tranche of Notes will be in bearer form and will be initially issued in the form of a temporary global note (a **“Temporary Global Note”**) or, if so specified in the applicable Final Terms, a permanent global note (a **“Permanent Global Note”**) which, in either case, will:

- (i) if the Global Notes are intended to be issued in new global note (**“NGN”**) form, as stated in the applicable Final Terms, be delivered on or prior to the original issue date of the Tranche to a common safekeeper (the **“Common Safekeeper”**) for Euroclear Bank SA/NV (**“Euroclear”**) and Clearstream Banking, société anonyme (**“Clearstream, Luxembourg”**); and
- (ii) if the Global Notes are not intended to be issued in NGN form, be delivered on or prior to the original issue date of the Tranche to a common depositary (the **“Common Depositary”**) for Euroclear and Clearstream, Luxembourg.

Where the Global Notes issued in respect of any Tranche are in NGN form, Euroclear or Clearstream, Luxembourg will be notified whether or not such Global Notes are intended to be held in a manner which would allow Eurosystem eligibility. Any indication that the Global Notes are to be so held does not necessarily mean that the Notes of the relevant Tranche will be recognised as eligible collateral for Eurosystem monetary policy and intra-day credit operations by the Eurosystem either upon issue or at any times during their life as such recognition depends upon satisfaction of the Eurosystem eligibility criteria. The Common Safekeeper for NGNs will either be Euroclear or Clearstream, Luxembourg or another entity approved by Euroclear and Clearstream, Luxembourg, as indicated in the applicable Final Terms.

Whilst any Note is represented by a Temporary Global Note, payments of principal, interest (if any) and any other amount payable in respect of the Notes due prior to the Exchange Date (as defined below) will be made (against presentation of the Temporary Global Note if the Temporary Global Note is not intended to be issued in NGN form) only to the extent that certification (in a form to be provided) to the effect that the beneficial owners of interests in such Note are not U.S. persons or persons who have purchased for resale to any U.S. person, as required by U.S. Treasury regulations, has been received by Euroclear and/or Clearstream, Luxembourg and Euroclear and/or Clearstream, Luxembourg, as applicable, has given a like certification (based on the certifications it has received) to the Agent.

On and after the date (the **“Exchange Date”**) which is 40 days after a Temporary Global Note is issued, interests in such Temporary Global Note will be exchangeable (free of charge) upon a request as described therein for either (i) interests in a Permanent Global Note of the same Series or (ii) definitive Notes of the same Series with, where applicable interest coupons and talons attached (as indicated in the applicable Final Terms and subject, in the case of definitive Notes, to such notice period as is specified in the applicable Final Terms), in each case against certification of beneficial ownership as described above unless such certification has already been given. The holder of a Temporary Global Note will not be entitled to collect any payment of interest, principal or other amount due on or after the Exchange Date unless, upon due certification, exchange of the Temporary Global Note for an interest in a Permanent Global Note or for definitive Notes is improperly withheld or refused.

Payments of principal, interest (if any) or any other amounts on a Permanent Global Note will be made through Euroclear and/or Clearstream, Luxembourg (against presentation or surrender (as the case may be) of the Permanent Global Note if the Permanent Global Note is not intended to be issued in NGN form) without any requirement for certification.

The applicable Final Terms will specify that a Permanent Global Note will be exchangeable (free of charge), in whole but not in part, for definitive Notes with, where applicable, interest coupons and talons attached upon either (i) not less than 60 days' written notice from Euroclear and/or Clearstream, Luxembourg (acting on the instructions of any holder of an interest in such Permanent Global Note) to the Agent as described therein or (ii) only upon the occurrence of an Exchange Event. For these purposes, **“Exchange Event”** means that (i) an Event of Default (as defined in Condition 9) has occurred and is continuing, (ii) the relevant Issuer has been notified that both Euroclear and Clearstream, Luxembourg have been closed for business for a continuous period of 14 days (other than by reason of holiday, statutory or otherwise) or have announced an intention permanently to cease business or have in fact done so and no alternative clearing system satisfactory to the Trustee is available or (iii) the relevant Issuer has or will become subject to adverse tax consequences which would not be suffered were the Notes represented by the Permanent Global Note in definitive form and a certificate to such effect signed by two Authorised Signatories of the relevant Issuer is given to the Trustee. The relevant Issuer will promptly give notice to

the Noteholders in accordance with Condition 14 if an Exchange Event occurs. In the event of the occurrence of an Exchange Event, Euroclear and/or Clearstream, Luxembourg (acting on the instructions of any holder of an interest in such Permanent Global Note) or the Trustee may give notice to the Agent requesting exchange and, in the event of the occurrence of an Exchange Event as described in (iii) above, the relevant Issuer may also give notice to the Agent requesting exchange. Any such exchange shall occur not later than 45 days after the date of receipt of the first relevant notice by the Agent.

The exchange of a Permanent Global Note for definitive Notes upon notice from Euroclear and/or Clearstream (acting on the instructions of any holder of an interest in such Permanent Global Note) or at any time at the request of the Issuer should not be expressed to be applicable in the applicable Final Terms if the Notes are issued with a minimum Specified Denomination (such as €100,000 (or its equivalent in another currency)) plus one or more higher integral multiples of another smaller amount (such as €1,000 (or its equivalent in another currency)). Furthermore, such Specified Denomination construction is not permitted in relation to any issue of Notes which is to be represented on issue by a Temporary Global Note exchangeable for definitive Notes.

The following legend will appear on all Notes which have an original maturity of more than one year and on all interest coupons relating to such Notes:

“ANY UNITED STATES PERSON WHO HOLDS THIS OBLIGATION WILL BE SUBJECT TO LIMITATIONS UNDER THE UNITED STATES INCOME TAX LAWS, INCLUDING THE LIMITATIONS PROVIDED IN SECTIONS 165(j) AND 1287(a) OF THE INTERNAL REVENUE CODE.”

The sections referred to provide that United States holders, with certain exceptions, will not be entitled to deduct any loss on Notes or interest coupons and will not be entitled to capital gains treatment of any gain in respect of any sale, disposition, redemption or payment of principal in respect of such Notes or interest coupons.

Notes which are represented by a Global Note will only be transferable in accordance with the rules and procedures for the time being of Euroclear or Clearstream, Luxembourg, as the case may be.

Pursuant to the Agency Agreement (as defined under “*Terms and Conditions of the Notes*”), the Agent shall arrange that, where a further Tranche of Notes is issued which is intended to form a single Series with an existing Tranche of Notes at a point after the Issue Date of the further Tranche, the Notes of such further Tranche shall, where necessary, be assigned a common code and ISIN which are different from the common code and ISIN assigned to Notes of any other Tranche of the same Series until such time as the Tranches are consolidated and form a single Series which shall not be prior to the expiry of the distribution compliance period (as defined in Regulation S under the Securities Act) applicable to the Notes of such Tranche.

Any reference herein to Euroclear and/or Clearstream, Luxembourg shall, whenever the context so permits, be deemed to include a reference to any additional or alternative clearing system specified in the applicable Final Terms or as may otherwise be approved by the relevant Issuer, (if applicable) the Guarantor, the Agent and the Trustee.

No Noteholder or Couponholder shall be entitled to proceed directly against the relevant Issuer or the Guarantor unless the Trustee, having become bound so to proceed, fails so to do within a reasonable period and the failure shall be continuing.

FORM OF FINAL TERMS

Set out below is the form of Final Terms which will be completed for each Tranche of Notes issued under the Programme.

[Date]

[Anglo American plc / Anglo American Capital plc]
Issue of [Aggregate Nominal Amount of Tranche] [Title of Notes]
[Guaranteed by Anglo American plc]
under the U.S.\$15,000,000,000
Euro Medium Term Note Programme

PART A – CONTRACTUAL TERMS

[Terms used herein shall be deemed to be defined as such for the purposes of the Conditions set forth in the Offering Circular dated 16 March 2015 [and the Supplementary Offering Circular dated [●]] which together constitute[s] a base prospectus for the purposes of Directive 2003/71/EC (and amendments thereto, including Directive 2010/73/EU) (the “**Prospectus Directive**”). This document constitutes the Final Terms of the Notes described herein for the purposes of Article 5.4 of the Prospectus Directive and must be read in conjunction with the Offering Circular [as so supplemented]. Full information on the Issuer[, the Guarantor] and the offer of the Notes is only available on the basis of the combination of these Final Terms and the Offering Circular [as so supplemented]. The Offering Circular [and the supplement[s] to it] [is/are] published on the website of the London Stock Exchange (<http://www.londonstockexchange.com/exchange/news/market-news/market-news-home.html>).]

[Terms used herein shall be deemed to be defined as such for the purposes of the Conditions (the “**Conditions**”) set forth in the Offering Circular dated [] which are incorporated by reference in the offering circular dated [●] March 2015. This document constitutes the Final Terms of the Notes described herein for the purposes of Article 5.4 of Directive 2003/71/EC (and amendments thereto, including Directive 2010/73/EU) (the “**Prospectus Directive**”) and must be read in conjunction with the Offering Circular dated 16 March 2015 [and the Supplementary Offering Circular dated [●]] which [together] constitute[s] a base prospectus for the purposes of the Prospectus Directive, including the conditions incorporated by reference in the Offering Circular. Full information on the Issuer [, the Guarantor] and the offer of the Notes is only available on the basis of the combination of these Final Terms and the Offering Circular. The Offering Circular [and the Supplement[s] to it] [is] [are] published on the website of the London Stock Exchange (<http://www.londonstockexchange.com/exchange/news/market-news/market-news-home.html>).]

- | | | |
|----|--|---|
| 1. | (a) Issuer: | [Anglo American plc /Anglo American Capital plc] |
| | [(b) Guarantor: | Anglo American plc] |
| 2. | (a) Series Number: | [] |
| | (b) Tranche Number: | [] |
| | (c) Date on which the Notes will be consolidated and form a single Series: | The Notes will be consolidated and form a single Series with [] on [the Issue Date/exchange of the Temporary Global Note for interests in the Permanent Global Note, as referred to in paragraph 22 below, which is expected to occur on or about []][Not Applicable] |
| 3. | Specified Currency or Currencies: | [] |
| 4. | Aggregate Nominal Amount of Notes: | |
| | (a) Series: | [] |
| | (b) Tranche: | [] |
| 5. | Issue Price: | [] per cent. of the Aggregate Nominal Amount [plus accrued interest from []] |
| 6. | (a) Specified Denominations: | [] |
| | (b) Calculation Amount: | [] |
| 7. | (a) Issue Date: | [] |
| | (b) Interest Commencement Date: | []/Issue Date/Not Applicable] |

8. Maturity Date: [] Interest Payment Date falling in or nearest to []
9. Interest Basis: [[] per cent. Fixed Rate]
[[] month [LIBOR/EURIBOR] +/- [] per cent. Floating Rate]
[Zero Coupon]
(see paragraph 14/15/16 below)
10. Redemption Basis: Subject to any purchase and cancellation or early redemption the Notes will be redeemed on the Maturity Date at [99/100/101] per cent. of their nominal amount
11. Change of Interest Basis: [[]/Not Applicable]
12. Put/Call Options: [Investor Put]
[Issuer Call]
[(see paragraph 18/19 below)]
[Not Applicable]
13. Date [Board] approval for issuance of Notes [and Guarantee] obtained: [] [and []], respectively]

PROVISIONS RELATING TO INTEREST (IF ANY) PAYABLE

14. Fixed Rate Note Provisions [Applicable/Not Applicable]
- (a) Rate(s) of Interest: [] per cent. per annum payable in arrear on each Interest Payment Date
- (b) Interest Payment Date(s): [[] [and []]] in each year, commencing on [], up to and including the Maturity Date] [adjusted in accordance with []/not adjusted]
- (c) Fixed Coupon Amount(s): [] per Calculation Amount
(Applicable to Notes in definitive form)
- (d) Broken Amount(s): [[] per Calculation Amount, payable on the Interest Payment Date falling [in/on] []] [Not Applicable]
(Applicable to Notes in definitive form)
- (e) Day Count Fraction: [30/360] [Actual/365 (Fixed)] [Actual/Actual (ICMA)]
- (f) Determination Date(s): [[] in each year] [Not Applicable]
15. Floating Rate Note Provisions [Applicable/Not Applicable]
- (a) Specified Period(s)/Specified Interest Payment Dates: [] [, subject to adjustment in accordance with the Business Day Convention set out in (b) below/not subject to adjustment, as the Business Day Convention in (b) below is specified to be Not Applicable]
- (b) Business Day Convention: [Floating Rate Convention/Following Business Day Convention/Modified Following Business Day Convention/Preceding Business Day Convention/] [Not Applicable]
- (c) Additional Business Centre(s): []
- (d) Manner in which the Rate of Interest and Interest Amount is to be determined: [Screen Rate Determination/ISDA Determination]
- (e) Party responsible for calculating the Rate of Interest and Interest Amount (if not the Agent): []
- (f) Screen Rate Determination: []
– Reference Rate: [] month [LIBOR/EURIBOR]

- Interest Determination Date(s): []
 - Relevant Screen Page: []
 - (g) ISDA Determination:
 - Floating Rate Option: []
 - Designated Maturity: []
 - Reset Date: []
 - (h) Margin(s): [+/-] [] per cent. per annum
 - (i) Minimum Rate of Interest: [[] per cent. per annum] [Not Applicable]
 - (j) Maximum Rate of Interest: [[] per cent. per annum] [Not Applicable]
 - (k) Day Count Fraction:
 - [Actual/Actual (ISDA)]
 - [Actual/365 (Fixed)]
 - [Actual/365 (Sterling)]
 - [Actual/360]
 - [30/360] [360/360] [Bond Basis]
 - [30E/360] [Eurobond Basis]
 - [30E/360 (ISDA)]
 - 16. Zero Coupon Note Provisions: [Applicable/Not Applicable]
 - (a) Accrual Yield: [] per cent. per annum
 - (b) Reference Price: []
 - (c) Day Count Fraction in relation to Early Redemption Amounts and late payment: [Conditions 6(e) and 6(h) apply]
- PROVISIONS RELATING TO REDEMPTION**
- 17. Notice periods for Condition 6(b):
 - Minimum period:[30] [] days
 - Maximum period: [60] [] days
 - 18. Issuer Call: [Applicable/Not Applicable]
 - (a) Optional Redemption Date(s): []
 - (b) Optional Redemption Amount and method, if any, of calculation of such amount(s): [[] per Calculation Amount]
 - (c) If redeemable in part:
 - (i) Minimum Redemption Amount: []
 - (ii) Maximum Redemption Amount: []
 - (d) Notice period:
 - Minimum period: [30] [] days
 - Maximum period: [60] [] days
 - 19. Investor Put: [Applicable/Not Applicable]
 - (a) Optional Redemption Date(s): []
 - (b) Optional Redemption Amount: [[] per Calculation Amount]
 - (c) Notice periods:
 - Minimum period: [15] [] days
 - Maximum period: [30] [] days
 - 20. Final Redemption Amount: [99/100/101] per cent. per Calculation Amount
 - 21. Early Redemption Amount payable on redemption for taxation reasons or on event of default: [As set out in Condition 6(e)] [] per Calculation Amount]

GENERAL PROVISIONS APPLICABLE TO THE BEARER NOTES

22. (a) Form: [Temporary Global Note exchangeable for a Permanent Global Note which is exchangeable for Definitive Notes [on 60 days' notice given at any time/only upon an Exchange Event]]
[Temporary Global Note exchangeable for Definitive Notes on and after the Exchange Date]
[Permanent Global Note exchangeable for Definitive Notes [on 60 days' notice given at any time/only upon an Exchange Event]]
- (b) New Global Note: [Yes] [No]
23. Additional Financial Centre(s): [Not Applicable/[]]
24. Talons for future Coupons to be attached to definitive Notes: [Yes/No]
25. U.S. Selling Restrictions: [Reg. S Compliance Category [1/2/3]; TEFRA D/TEFRA C/TEFRA not applicable]]
26. **LISTING**
- (a) Listing and admission to trading: Application has been made by the Issuer (or on its behalf) for the Notes to be admitted to trading on the London Stock Exchange's regulated market and to be listed on the Official List of the UK Listing Authority with effect from [].
- (b) Estimate of total expenses related to admission to trading: []

THIRD PARTY INFORMATION

[[] has been extracted from []. [Each of the] [The] Issuer [and the Guarantor] confirm[s] that such information has been accurately reproduced and that, so far as it is aware and is able to ascertain from information published by [] [], no parts have been omitted which would render the reproduced information inaccurate or misleading.]

Signed on behalf of the Issuer:

[Signed on behalf of the Guarantor:

By: _____
Duly authorised

By: _____
Duly authorised]

PART B – OTHER INFORMATION

1. RATINGS

Ratings:

[The Notes to be issued have been rated:

[Baa2 (Senior Unsecured) by Moody's Investors Service Ltd.]

[BBB by Standard & Poor's Credit Market Services France SAS]]

2. INTERESTS OF NATURAL AND LEGAL PERSONS INVOLVED IN THE ISSUE

[Save for any fees payable to the [Managers/Dealers], so far as the Issuer is aware, no person involved in the issue of the Notes has an interest material to the offer. The [Managers/Dealers] and their affiliates have engaged, and may in the future engage, in investment banking and/or commercial banking transactions with, and may perform other services for, the Issuer [and the Guarantor] and [its/their] affiliates in the ordinary course of business]

3. YIELD (Fixed Rate Notes only)

Indication of yield:

[] per cent.

4. OPERATIONAL INFORMATION

(i) ISIN Code: []

(ii) Common Code: []

(iii) Any clearing system(s) other than Euroclear Bank S.A./N.V. and Clearstream Banking, *société anonyme* and the relevant identification number(s): [Not Applicable/[]]

(iv) Delivery: Delivery [against/free of] payment

(v) Names and addresses of additional Paying Agent(s) (if any): []

TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF THE NOTES

The following are the Terms and Conditions of the Notes which will be incorporated by reference into each Global Note (as defined below) and each definitive Note, in the latter case only if permitted by the relevant stock exchange or other relevant authority (if any) and agreed by the relevant Issuer and the relevant Dealer at the time of issue but, if not so permitted and agreed, such definitive Note will have endorsed thereon or attached thereto such Terms and Conditions. The applicable Final Terms (or the relevant provisions thereof) will be endorsed upon, or attached to, each Global Note and definitive Note. Reference should be made to “Form of Final Terms” for a description of the content of Final Terms which will specify which of such terms are to apply in relation to the relevant Notes.

This Note is one of a Series (as defined below) of Notes issued by Anglo American plc (“**Anglo American**”) or Anglo American Capital plc (“**Anglo American Capital**”) (each an “**Issuer**” and together the “**Issuers**”) constituted by a Trust Deed (such Trust Deed as modified and/or supplemented and/or restated from time to time, the “**Trust Deed**”) dated 26 March 2014 made between Anglo American (as an Issuer and as guarantor (in such capacity, the “**Guarantor**”) of Notes issued by Anglo American Capital), Anglo American Capital and The Law Debenture Trust Corporation p.l.c. (the “**Trustee**”, which expression shall include any successor as Trustee).

References in these Terms and Conditions to the “**Issuer**” shall be to the Issuer of the Notes as specified in the applicable Final Terms. References in these Terms and Conditions to the “**Guarantor**” and the “**Guarantee**” (as defined below) shall only be applicable if Anglo American Capital is specified as the Issuer of the Notes in the applicable Final Terms.

References herein to the “**Notes**” shall be references to the Notes of this Series and shall mean:

- (a) in relation to any Notes represented by a global Note (a “**Global Note**”), units of each Specified Denomination in the Specified Currency;
- (b) any Global Note; and
- (c) any definitive Notes issued in exchange for a Global Note.

The Notes and the Coupons (as defined below) have the benefit of an amended and restated Agency Agreement (such Agency Agreement as further amended and/or supplemented and/or restated from time to time, the “**Agency Agreement**”) dated 26 March 2014 and made between the Issuers, the Guarantor, the Trustee, Citibank, N.A., London Branch, as issuing and principal paying agent (the “**Agent**” or “**Paying Agent**”, which expression shall include any additional or successor agents).

Interest bearing definitive Notes have interest coupons (“**Coupons**”) and, in the case of Notes which, when issued in definitive form, have more than 27 interest payments remaining, talons for further Coupons (“**Talons**”) attached on issue. Any reference herein to Coupons or coupons shall, unless the context otherwise requires, be deemed to include a reference to Talons or talons. Global Notes do not have Coupons or Talons attached on issue.

If the Notes are specified in the applicable Final Terms to be guaranteed (“**Guaranteed Notes**”), the Guarantor has unconditionally and irrevocably guaranteed the due performance of all payment and other obligations of the Issuer under the Notes, the Coupons, these Terms and Conditions and the Trust Deed. The obligations of the Guarantor in this respect (the “**Guarantee**”) are contained in the Trust Deed.

The final terms for this Note (or the relevant provisions thereof) are set out in Part A of the Final Terms attached to or endorsed on this Note which complete these Terms and Conditions (the “**Conditions**”). References to the “**applicable Final Terms**” are, unless otherwise stated, to Part A of the Final Terms (or the relevant provisions thereof) attached to or endorsed on this Note.

The Trustee acts for the benefit of the holders for the time being of the Notes (the “**Noteholders**”, which expression shall, in relation to any Notes represented by a Global Note, be construed as provided below) and the holders of the Coupons (the “**Couponholders**”, which expression shall, unless the context otherwise requires, include the holders of the Talons), in accordance with the provisions of the Trust Deed.

As used herein, “**Tranche**” means Notes which are identical in all respects (including as to listing and admission to trading) and “**Series**” means a Tranche of Notes together with any further Tranche or Tranches of Notes which are (a) expressed to be consolidated and form a single series and (b) identical in all respects (including as to listing and admission to trading) except for their respective Issue Dates, Interest Commencement Dates and/or Issue Prices.

Copies of the Trust Deed and the Agency Agreement are available for inspection during normal business hours at the registered office for the time being of the Trustee being at 25 March 2011 at Fifth Floor, 100 Wood Street, London EC2V 7EX and at the specified office of each of the Paying Agents. Copies of the applicable Final Terms will be published on the website of the London Stock Exchange through a regulatory information service. The Noteholders and the Couponholders are deemed to have notice of, and are entitled to the benefit of, all the provisions of the Trust Deed, the Agency Agreement and the applicable Final Terms which are applicable to them. The statements in the Conditions include summaries of, and are subject to, the detailed provisions of the Trust Deed and the Agency Agreement.

Words and expressions defined in the Trust Deed, the Agency Agreement or used in the applicable Final Terms shall have the same meanings where used in the Conditions unless the context otherwise requires or unless otherwise stated and provided that, in the event of inconsistency between the Trust Deed and the Agency Agreement, the Trust Deed will prevail and, in the event of inconsistency between the Trust Deed or the Agency Agreement and the applicable Final Terms, the applicable Final Terms will prevail.

1. FORM, DENOMINATION AND TITLE

The Notes are in bearer form and, in the case of definitive Notes, serially numbered, in the currency (the “**Specified Currency**”) and the denominations (the “**Specified Denomination(s)**”) specified in the applicable Final Terms. Notes of one Specified Denomination may not be exchanged for Notes of another Specified Denomination.

This Note may be a Fixed Rate Note, a Floating Rate Note, a Zero Coupon Note or a combination of any of the foregoing, depending upon the Interest Basis shown in the applicable Final Terms.

Definitive Notes are issued with Coupons attached, unless they are Zero Coupon Notes in which case references to Coupons and Couponholders in the Conditions are not applicable.

Subject as set out below, title to the Notes and Coupons will pass by delivery. The Issuer, the Guarantor, the Paying Agents and the Trustee will (except as otherwise required by law) deem and treat the bearer of any Note or Coupon as the absolute owner thereof (whether or not overdue and notwithstanding any notice of ownership or writing thereon or notice of any previous loss or theft thereof) for all purposes but, in the case of any Global Note, without prejudice to the provisions set out in the next succeeding paragraph.

For so long as any of the Notes is represented by a Global Note held on behalf of Euroclear Bank SA/NV (“**Euroclear**”) and/or Clearstream Banking, société anonyme (“**Clearstream, Luxembourg**”), each person (other than Euroclear or Clearstream, Luxembourg) who is for the time being shown in the records of Euroclear or of Clearstream, Luxembourg as the holder of a particular nominal amount of such Notes (in which regard any certificate or other document issued by Euroclear or Clearstream, Luxembourg as to the nominal amount of such Notes standing to the account of any person shall be conclusive and binding for all purposes save in the case of manifest error) shall be treated by the Issuer, the Guarantor, the Paying Agents and the Trustee as the holder of such nominal amount of such Notes for all purposes other than with respect to the payment of principal or interest on such nominal amount of such Notes, for which purpose the bearer of the relevant Global Note shall be treated by the Issuer, the Guarantor, any Paying Agent and the Trustee as the holder of such nominal amount of such Notes in accordance with and subject to the terms of the relevant Global Note and the expressions “**Noteholder**” and “**holder of Notes**” and related expressions shall be construed accordingly. In determining whether a particular person is entitled to a particular nominal amount of Notes as aforesaid, the Trustee may rely on such evidence and/or information and/or certification as it shall, in its absolute discretion, think fit and, if it does so rely, such evidence and/or information and/or certification shall, in the absence of manifest error, be conclusive and binding on all concerned.

Notes which are represented by a Global Note will be transferable only in accordance with the rules and procedures for the time being of Euroclear and Clearstream, Luxembourg, as the case may be.

References to Euroclear and/or Clearstream, Luxembourg shall, whenever the context so permits, be deemed to include a reference to any additional or alternative clearing system specified in Part B of the applicable Final Terms.

2. STATUS OF THE NOTES AND THE GUARANTEE

The Notes and the obligations of the Guarantor under the Guarantee constitute (subject to the provisions of Condition 3) unsecured obligations of the Issuer or, as the case may be, the Guarantor and rank *pari passu* without any preference among themselves. The payment obligations of the Issuer in respect of the Notes and the Coupons, and of the Guarantor under the Guarantee, shall, save for such exceptions as may be provided by applicable

legislation and subject to Condition 3, at all times rank at least equally with all their other present and future unsecured and unsubordinated obligations.

3. NEGATIVE PLEDGE

So long as any of the Notes remains outstanding, neither the Issuer nor the Guarantor (in the case of Guaranteed Notes) will create or permit to subsist any mortgage, charge, pledge, lien or other form of encumbrance or security interest (“**Security**”) upon the whole or any part of its undertaking or assets, present or future, to secure any Relevant Debt, or any guarantee or indemnity in respect of any Relevant Debt unless, at the same time or prior thereto, the Issuer’s obligations under the Notes, the Coupons and the Trust Deed either (a) are secured equally and rateably therewith to the satisfaction of the Trustee, or (b) have the benefit of such other Security, guarantee, indemnity or other arrangement as the Trustee in its absolute discretion shall deem to be not materially less beneficial to the Noteholders or as shall be approved by an Extraordinary Resolution (as defined in the Trust Deed) of the Noteholders.

“**Relevant Debt**” means any present or future indebtedness which is in the form of, or represented by, bonds, notes, debentures, loan stock or other securities which are, with the consent of the person issuing the same, for the time being quoted, listed or ordinarily dealt in on any stock exchange, over-the-counter or other established securities market and having an original maturity of more than one year from its date of issue.

4. INTEREST

(a) *Interest on Fixed Rate Notes*

Each Fixed Rate Note bears interest from (and including) the Interest Commencement Date at the rate(s) per annum equal to the Rate(s) of Interest. Interest will be payable in arrear on the Interest Payment Date(s) in each year up to (and including) the Maturity Date. For so long as any of the Fixed Rate Notes is represented by a Global Note held on behalf of Clearstream, Luxembourg and/or Euroclear, interest will be calculated on the full nominal amount outstanding of the Fixed Rate Notes and will be paid to Clearstream, Luxembourg and Euroclear for distribution by them to entitled accountholders in accordance with their usual rules and operating procedures. In respect of each definitive Fixed Rate Note, interest will be calculated on its outstanding nominal amount.

If the notes are in definitive form, except as provided in the applicable Final Terms, the amount of interest payable on each Interest Payment Date in respect of the Fixed Interest Period ending on (but excluding) such date will amount to the Fixed Coupon Amount. Payments of interest on any Interest Payment Date will, if so specified in the applicable Final Terms, amount to the Broken Amount so specified.

As used in the Conditions, “**Fixed Interest Period**” means the period from (and including) an Interest Payment Date (or the Interest Commencement Date) to (but excluding) the next (or first) Interest Payment Date.

Except in the case of Notes in definitive form where an applicable Fixed Coupon Amount or Broken Amount is specified in the applicable Final Terms interest shall be calculated in respect of any period by applying the Rate of Interest to:

- (i) in the case of Fixed Rate Notes which are represented by a Global Note held on behalf of Clearstream, Luxembourg and/or Euroclear, the full nominal amount outstanding of the Fixed Rate Notes; or
- (ii) in the case of Fixed Rate Notes in definitive form, the Calculation Amount;

and, in each case, multiplying such sum by the applicable Day Count Fraction, and rounding the resultant figure to the nearest sub-unit of the relevant Specified Currency, half of any such sub-unit being rounded upwards or otherwise in accordance with applicable market convention. Where the Specified Denomination of a Fixed Rate Note in definitive form is a multiple of the Calculation Amount, the amount of interest payable in respect of such Fixed Rate Note shall be the product of the amount (determined in the manner provided above) for the Calculation Amount and the amount by which the Calculation Amount is multiplied to reach the Specified Denomination, without any further rounding.

“**Day Count Fraction**” means, in respect of the calculation of an amount of interest in accordance with this Condition 4(a):

- (i) if “Actual/Actual (ICMA)” is specified in the applicable Final Terms:

- (a) in the case of Notes where the number of days in the relevant period from (and including) the most recent Interest Payment Date (or, if none, the Interest Commencement Date) to (but excluding) the relevant payment date (the “**Accrual Period**”) is equal to or shorter than the Determination Period during which the Accrual Period ends, the number of days in such Accrual Period divided by the product of (1) the number of days in such Determination Period and (2) the number of Determination Dates (as specified in the applicable Final Terms) that would occur in one calendar year; or
- (b) in the case of Notes where the Accrual Period is longer than the Determination Period during which the Accrual Period ends, the sum of:
 - (1) the number of days in such Accrual Period falling in the Determination Period in which the Accrual Period begins divided by the product of (x) the number of days in such Determination Period and (y) the number of Determination Dates that would occur in one calendar year; and
 - (2) the number of days in such Accrual Period falling in the next Determination Period divided by the product of (x) the number of days in such Determination Period and (y) the number of Determination Dates that would occur in one calendar year;
- (ii) if “30/360” is specified in the applicable Final Terms, the number of days in the period from (and including) the most recent Interest Payment Date (or, if none, the Interest Commencement Date) to (but excluding) the relevant payment date (such number of days being calculated on the basis of a year of 360 days with 12 30-day months) divided by 360; and
- (iii) if “Actual/365 (Fixed)” is specified in the applicable Final Terms, the actual number of days in the Interest Period divided by 365.

In the Conditions:

“**Determination Period**” means each period from (and including) a Determination Date to (but excluding) the next Determination Date (including, where either the Interest Commencement Date or the final Interest Payment Date is not a Determination Date, the period commencing on the first Determination Date prior to, and ending on the first Determination Date falling after, such date); and

“**sub-unit**” means, with respect to any currency other than euro, the lowest amount of such currency that is available as legal tender in the country of such currency and, with respect to euro, one cent.

(b) *Interest on Floating Rate Notes*

(i) *Interest Payment Dates*

Each Floating Rate Note bears interest from (and including) the Interest Commencement Date and such interest will be payable in arrear on either:

- (A) the Specified Interest Payment Date(s) in each year specified in the applicable Final Terms; or
- (B) if no Specified Interest Payment Date(s) is/are specified in the applicable Final Terms, each date (each such date, together with each Specified Interest Payment Date, an “**Interest Payment Date**”) which falls on the number of months or other period specified as the Specified Period in the applicable Final Terms after the preceding Interest Payment Date or, in the case of the first Interest Payment Date, after the Interest Commencement Date.

Such interest will be payable in respect of each Interest Period. In the Conditions, “**Interest Period**” means the period from (and including) an Interest Payment Date (or the Interest Commencement Date) to (but excluding) the next (or first) Interest Payment Date). For so long as any of the Floating Rate Notes is represented by a global Note held on behalf of Clearstream, Luxembourg and/or Euroclear, interest will be calculated on the full nominal amount outstanding of the relevant Notes and will be paid to Clearstream, Luxembourg and Euroclear for distribution by them to entitled accountholders in accordance with their usual rules and operating procedures. In respect of each definitive Floating Rate Note, interest will be calculated on its outstanding nominal amount.

If a Business Day Convention is specified in the applicable Final Terms and (x) if there is no numerically corresponding day in the calendar month in which an Interest Payment Date should occur or (y) if any Interest Payment Date would otherwise fall on a day which is not a Business Day, then, if the Business Day Convention specified is:

- (1) in any case where Interest Periods are specified in accordance with Condition 4(b)(i)(B) above, the Floating Rate Convention, such Interest Payment Date (i) in the case of (x) above, shall be the last day that is a Business Day in the relevant month and the provisions of (B) below shall apply *mutatis mutandis* or (ii) in the case of (y) above, shall be postponed to the next day which is a Business Day unless it would thereby fall into the next calendar month, in which event (A) such Interest Payment Date shall be brought forward to the immediately preceding Business Day and (B) each subsequent Interest Payment Date shall be the last Business Day in the month which falls the Specified Period after the preceding applicable Interest Payment Date occurred; or
- (2) the Following Business Day Convention, such Interest Payment Date shall be postponed to the next day which is a Business Day; or
- (3) the Modified Following Business Day Convention, such Interest Payment Date shall be postponed to the next day which is a Business Day unless it would thereby fall into the next calendar month, in which event such Interest Payment Date shall be brought forward to the immediately preceding Business Day; or
- (4) the Preceding Business Day Convention, such Interest Payment Date shall be brought forward to the immediately preceding Business Day.

In the Conditions, “**Business Day**” means a day which is both:

- (A) a day on which commercial banks and foreign exchange markets settle payments and are open for general business (including dealing in foreign exchange and foreign currency deposits) in London and each Additional Business Centre specified in the applicable Final Terms; and
- (B) either (1) in relation to any sum payable in a Specified Currency other than euro, a day on which commercial banks and foreign exchange markets settle payments and are open for general business (including dealing in foreign exchange and foreign currency deposits) in the principal financial centre of the country of the relevant Specified Currency (if other than London and any Additional Business Centre and which, if the Specified Currency is Australian dollars or New Zealand dollars, shall be Sydney and Auckland, respectively) or (2) in relation to any sum payable in euro, a day on which the Trans-European Automated Real-Time Gross Settlement Express Transfer (TARGET 2) System (the “**TARGET 2 System**”) is open.

(ii) *Rate of Interest*

The Rate of Interest payable from time to time in respect of Floating Rate Notes will be determined in the manner specified in the applicable Final Terms.

(A) *ISDA Determination for Floating Rate Notes*

Where ISDA Determination is specified in the applicable Final Terms as the manner in which the Rate of Interest is to be determined, the Rate of Interest for each Interest Period will be the relevant ISDA Rate plus or minus (as indicated in the applicable Final Terms) the Margin (if any). For the purposes of this sub-paragraph (A), “**ISDA Rate**” for an Interest Period means a rate equal to the Floating Rate that would be determined by the Agent under an interest rate swap transaction if the Agent were acting as Calculation Agent for that swap transaction under the terms of an agreement incorporating the 2006 ISDA Definitions, as published by the International Swaps and Derivatives Association, Inc. and as amended and updated as at the Issue Date of the first Tranche of the Notes (the “**ISDA Definitions**”) and under which:

- (1) the Floating Rate Option is as specified in the applicable Final Terms;

- (2) the Designated Maturity is a period specified in the applicable Final Terms; and
- (3) the relevant Reset Date is the day specified in the applicable Final Terms.

For the purposes of this sub-paragraph (A), “**Floating Rate**”, “**Calculation Agent**”, “**Floating Rate Option**”, “**Designated Maturity**” and “**Reset Date**” have the meanings given to those terms in the ISDA Definitions.

Unless otherwise stated in the applicable Final Terms, the Minimum Rate of Interest shall be deemed to be zero.

(B) *Screen Rate Determination for Floating Rate Notes*

Where Screen Rate Determination is specified in the applicable Final Terms as the manner in which the Rate of Interest is to be determined, the Rate of Interest for each Interest Period will, subject as provided below, be either:

- (1) the offered quotation; or
- (2) the arithmetic mean (rounded if necessary to the fifth decimal place, with 0.000005 being rounded upwards) of the offered quotations,

(expressed as a percentage rate per annum) for the Reference Rate (being either LIBOR or EURIBOR, as specified in the applicable Final Terms) which appears or appear, as the case may be, on the Relevant Screen Page as at 11.00 a.m. (London time, in the case of LIBOR, or Brussels time, in the case of EURIBOR) on the Interest Determination Date in question plus or minus (as indicated in the applicable Final Terms) the Margin (if any), all as determined by the Agent. If five or more of such offered quotations are available on the Relevant Screen Page, the highest (or, if there is more than one such highest quotation, one only of such quotations) and the lowest (or, if there is more than one such lowest quotation, one only of such quotations) shall be disregarded by the Agent for the purpose of determining the arithmetic mean (rounded as provided above) of such offered quotations.

If the Relevant Screen Page is not available or if no offered quotation appears or fewer than three offered quotations appear, in each case as at the Specified Time, the Agent shall request each of the Reference Banks to provide the Agent with its offered quotation (expressed as a percentage rate per annum) for the Reference Rate at approximately the Specified Time on the Interest Determination Date in question. If two or more of the Reference Banks provide the Agent with offered quotations, the Rate of Interest for the Interest Period shall be the arithmetic mean (rounded if necessary to the fifth decimal place with 0.000005 being rounded upwards) of the offered quotations plus or minus (as appropriate) the Margin (if any), all as determined by the Agent.

If on any Interest Determination Date one only or none of the Reference Banks provides the Agent with an offered quotation as provided in the preceding paragraph, the Rate of Interest for the relevant Interest Period shall be the rate per annum which the Agent determines as being the arithmetic mean (rounded if necessary to the fifth decimal place, with 0.000005 being rounded upwards) of the rates, as communicated to (and at the request of) the Agent by the Reference Banks or any two or more of them, at which such banks were offered, at approximately the Specified Time on the relevant Interest Determination Date, deposits in the Specified Currency for a period equal to that which would have been used for the Reference Rate by leading banks in the London inter-bank market (if the Reference Rate is LIBOR) or the Euro-zone inter-bank market (if the Reference Rate is EURIBOR) plus or minus (as appropriate) the Margin (if any) or, if fewer than two of the Reference Banks provide the Agent with offered rates, the offered rate for deposits in the Specified Currency for a period equal to that which would have been used for the Reference Rate, or the arithmetic mean (rounded as provided above) of the offered rates for deposits in the Specified Currency for a period equal to that which would have been used for the Reference Rate, at which, at approximately the Specified Time on the relevant Interest Determination Date, any one or more banks (which bank or banks is or are in the opinion of the Issuer suitable for the purpose) informs the Agent it is quoting to leading banks in the London inter-bank market (if the Reference Rate is LIBOR) or the Euro-zone inter-bank market (if the Reference Rate is

EURIBOR) plus or minus (as appropriate) the Margin (if any), provided that, if the Rate of Interest cannot be determined in accordance with the foregoing provisions of this paragraph, the Rate of Interest shall be determined as at the last preceding Interest Determination Date (though substituting, where a different Margin is to be applied to the relevant Interest Period from that which applied to the last preceding Interest Period, the Margin relating to the relevant Interest Period in place of the Margin relating to that last preceding Interest Period).

“**Reference Banks**” means, in the case of a determination of LIBOR, the principal London office of four major banks in the London inter-bank market and, in the case of a determination of EURIBOR, the principal Euro-zone office of four major banks in the Euro-zone inter-bank market, in each case selected by the Agent or as specified in the applicable Final Terms; and

“**Reference Rate**” means (i) the London interbank offered rate (“**LIBOR**”) or (ii) the Euro-zone interbank offered rate (“**EURIBOR**”).

“**Relevant Screen Page**” means (i) in respect of LIBOR, Reuters Screen Page LIBOR01 or any successor display page and (ii) in respect of EURIBOR, Reuters Screen Page EURIBOR01 or any successor display page.

“**Specified Time**” means 11.00 a.m. (London time, in the case of a determination of LIBOR, or Brussels time, in the case of a determination of EURIBOR).

(iii) *Minimum Rate of Interest and/or Maximum Rate of Interest*

If the applicable Final Terms specifies a Minimum Rate of Interest for any Interest Period, then, in the event that the Rate of Interest in respect of such Interest Period determined in accordance with the provisions of paragraph (ii) above is less than such Minimum Rate of Interest, the Rate of Interest for such Interest Period shall be such Minimum Rate of Interest.

If the applicable Final Terms specifies a Maximum Rate of Interest for any Interest Period, then, in the event that the Rate of Interest in respect of such Interest Period determined in accordance with the provisions of paragraph (ii) above is greater than such Maximum Rate of Interest, the Rate of Interest for such Interest Period shall be such Maximum Rate of Interest.

(iv) *Determination of Rate of Interest and calculation of Interest Amounts*

The Agent will at or as soon as practicable after each time at which the Rate of Interest is to be determined, determine the Rate of Interest for the relevant Interest Period.

The Agent will calculate the amount of interest (the “**Interest Amount**”) payable on the Floating Rate Notes for the relevant Interest Period by applying the Rate of Interest to:

- (i) in the case of Floating Rate Notes which are represented by a global Note held on behalf of Clearstream, Luxembourg and/or Euroclear, the full nominal amount outstanding of the relevant Notes; or
- (ii) in the case of Floating Rate Notes in definitive form, the Calculation Amount,

and, in each case, multiplying such sum by the applicable Day Count Fraction, and rounding the resultant figure to the nearest sub-unit of the relevant Specified Currency, half of any such sub-unit being rounded upwards or otherwise in accordance with applicable market convention. Where the Specified Denomination of a Floating Rate Note in definitive form is a multiple of the Calculation Amount, the Interest Amount payable in respect of such Note shall be the product of the amount (determined in the manner provided above) for the Calculation Amount and the amount by which the Calculation Amount is multiplied to reach the Specified Denomination without any further rounding.

“**Day Count Fraction**” means, in respect of the calculation of an amount of interest in accordance with this Condition 4(b):

- (i) if “Actual/Actual (ISDA)” is specified in the applicable Final Terms, the actual number of days in the Interest Period divided by 365 (or, if any portion of that Interest Period falls in a leap year, the sum of (A) the actual number of days in that portion of the Interest Period

falling in a leap year divided by 366 and (B) the actual number of days in that portion of the Interest Period falling in a non-leap year divided by 365);

- (ii) if “Actual/365 (Fixed)” is specified in the applicable Final Terms, the actual number of days in the Interest Period divided by 365;
- (iii) if “Actual/365 (Sterling)” is specified in the applicable Final Terms, the actual number of days in the Interest Period divided by 365 or, in the case of an Interest Payment Date falling in a leap year, 366;
- (iv) if “Actual/360” is specified in the applicable Final Terms, the actual number of days in the Interest Period divided by 360;
- (v) if “30/360”, “360/360” or “Bond Basis” is specified in the applicable Final Terms, the number of days in the Interest Period divided by 360, calculated on a formula basis as follows:

$$\text{Day Count Fraction} = \frac{[360 \times (Y_2 - Y_1)] + [30 \times (M_2 - M_1)] + (D_2 - D_1)}{360}$$

where:

“Y₁” is the year, expressed as a number, in which the first day of the Interest Period falls;

“Y₂” is the year, expressed as a number, in which the day immediately following the last day of the Interest Period falls;

“M₁” is the calendar month, expressed as a number, in which the first day of the Interest Period falls;

“M₂” is the calendar month, expressed as a number, in which the day immediately following the last day of the Interest Period falls;

“D₁” is the first calendar day, expressed as a number, of the Interest Period, unless such number is 31, in which case D₁ will be 30; and

“D₂” is the calendar day, expressed as a number, immediately following the last day included in the Interest Period, unless such number would be 31 and D₁ is greater than 29, in which case D₂ will be 30;

- (vi) if “30E/360” or “Eurobond Basis” is specified in the applicable Final Terms, the number of days in the Interest Period divided by 360, calculated on a formula basis as follows:

$$\text{Day Count Fraction} = \frac{[360 \times (Y_2 - Y_1)] + [30 \times (M_2 - M_1)] + (D_2 - D_1)}{360}$$

where:

“Y₁” is the year, expressed as a number, in which the first day of the Interest Period falls;

“Y₂” is the year, expressed as a number, in which the day immediately following the last day of the Interest Period falls;

“M₁” is the calendar month, expressed as a number, in which the first day of the Interest Period falls;

“M₂” is the calendar month, expressed as a number, in which the day immediately following the last day of the Interest Period falls;

“D₁” is the first calendar day, expressed as a number, of the Interest Period, unless such number would be 31, in which case D₁ will be 30; and

“D₂” is the calendar day, expressed as a number, immediately following the last day included in the Interest Period, unless such number would be 31, in which case D₂ will be 30;

- (vii) if “30E/360 (ISDA)” is specified in the applicable Final Terms, the number of days in the Interest Period divided by 360, calculated on a formula basis as follows:

$$\text{Day Count Fraction} = \frac{[360 \times (Y_2 - Y_1)] + [30 \times (M_2 - M_1)] + (D_2 - D_1)}{360}$$

where:

“Y₁” is the year, expressed as a number, in which the first day of the Interest Period falls;

“Y₂” is the year, expressed as a number, in which the day immediately following the last day of the Interest Period falls;

“M₁” is the calendar month, expressed as a number, in which the first day of the Interest Period falls;

“M₂” is the calendar month, expressed as a number, in which the day immediately following the last day of the Interest Period falls;

“D₁” is the first calendar day, expressed as a number, of the Interest Period, unless (i) that day is the last day of February or (ii) such number would be 31, in which case D₁ will be 30; and

“D₂” is the calendar day, expressed as a number, immediately following the last day included in the Interest Period, unless (i) that day is the last day of February but not the Maturity Date or (ii) such number would be 31, in which case D₂ will be 30.

(v) *Notification of Rate of Interest and Interest Amounts*

The Agent will cause the Rate of Interest and each Interest Amount for each Interest Period and the relevant Interest Payment Date to be notified to the Issuer, the Trustee and any stock exchange on which the relevant Floating Rate Notes are for the time being listed and notice thereof to be published in accordance with Condition 14 as soon as possible after their determination but in no event later than the fourth London Business Day thereafter. Each Interest Amount and Interest Payment Date so notified may subsequently be amended (or appropriate alternative arrangements made by way of adjustment) without prior notice in the event of an extension or shortening of the Interest Period. Any such amendment will be promptly notified to each stock exchange on which the relevant Floating Rate Notes are for the time being listed and to the Noteholders in accordance with Condition 14. For the purposes of this paragraph, the expression “**London Business Day**” means a day (other than a Saturday or a Sunday) on which banks and foreign exchange markets are open for general business in London.

(vi) *Determination or Calculation by Trustee*

If for any reason at any relevant time the Agent or defaults in its obligation to determine the Rate of Interest or in its obligation to calculate any Interest Amount in accordance with sub-paragraph (ii)(A) or sub-paragraph (ii)(B) above as the case may be, and in each case in accordance with paragraph (iv) above, the Trustee shall determine the Rate of Interest at such rate as, in its absolute discretion (having such regard as it shall think fit to the foregoing provisions of this Condition, but subject always to any Minimum Rate of Interest or Maximum Rate of Interest specified in the applicable Final Terms), it shall deem fair and reasonable in all the circumstances or, as the case may be, the Trustee shall calculate the Interest Amount(s) in such manner as it shall deem fair and reasonable in all the circumstances and each such determination or calculation shall be deemed to have been made by the Agent.

(vii) *Certificates to be final*

All certificates, communications, opinions, determinations, calculations, quotations and decisions given, expressed, made or deemed to be made or obtained for the purposes of the provisions of this Condition 4(b) by the Agent shall (in the absence of wilful default, bad faith, manifest error or proven error) be binding on the Issuer, the Guarantor, the Agent, the other Paying Agents and all Noteholders and Couponholders and (in the absence of wilful default or bad faith) no liability to the Issuer, the Guarantor, the Noteholders or the Couponholders shall attach to the Agent or the Trustee in connection with the exercise or non-exercise by it of its powers, duties and discretions pursuant to such provisions.

(c) *Accrual of interest*

Each Note (or in the case of the redemption of part only of a Note, that part only of such Note) will cease to bear interest (if any) from the date for its redemption unless payment of principal is improperly withheld or refused. In such event, interest will continue to accrue as provided in the Trust Deed.

5. PAYMENTS

(a) *Method of payment*

Subject as provided below:

- (i) payments in a Specified Currency other than euro will be made by credit or transfer to an account in the relevant Specified Currency maintained by the payee with, or, at the option of the payee, by a cheque in such Specified Currency drawn on, a bank in the principal financial centre of the country of such Specified Currency (which, if the Specified Currency is Australian dollars or New Zealand dollars, shall be Sydney and Auckland, respectively); and
- (ii) payments in euro will be made by credit or transfer to a euro account (or any other account to which euro may be credited or transferred) specified by the payee or, at the option of the payee, by a euro cheque.

Payments will be subject in all cases to (i) any fiscal or other laws and regulations applicable thereto in the place of payment, but without prejudice to the provisions of Condition 7 and (ii) any withholding or deduction required pursuant to an agreement described in Section 1471(b) of the U.S. Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (the “Code”) or otherwise imposed pursuant to Sections 1471 through 1474 of the Code, any regulations or agreements thereunder, any official interpretations thereof, or (without prejudice to the provisions of Condition 7) any law implementing an intergovernmental approach thereto.

(b) *Presentation of definitive Notes and Coupons*

Payments of principal in respect of definitive Notes will (subject as provided below) be made in the manner provided in paragraph (a) above only against presentation and surrender (or, in the case of part payment of any sum due, endorsement) of definitive Notes, and payments of interest in respect of definitive Notes will (subject as provided below) be made as aforesaid only against presentation and surrender (or, in the case of part payment of any sum due, endorsement) of Coupons, in each case at the specified office of any Paying Agent outside the United States (which expression, as used herein, means the United States of America (including the States and the District of Columbia and its possessions)).

Fixed Rate Notes in definitive form (other than Long Maturity Notes (as defined below)) should be presented for payment together with all unmatured Coupons appertaining thereto (which expression shall for this purpose include Coupons falling to be issued on exchange of matured Talons), failing which the amount of any missing unmatured Coupon (or, in the case of payment not being made in full, the same proportion of the amount of such missing unmatured Coupon as the sum so paid bears to the sum due) will be deducted from the sum due for payment. Each amount of principal so deducted will be paid in the manner mentioned above against surrender of the relative missing Coupon at any time before the expiry of 10 years after the Relevant Date (as defined in Condition 7) in respect of such principal (whether or not such Coupon would otherwise have become void under Condition 8) or, if later, five years from the date on which such Coupon would otherwise have become due, but in no event thereafter.

Upon any Fixed Rate Note in definitive form becoming due and repayable prior to its Maturity Date, all unmatured Talons (if any) appertaining thereto will become void and no further Coupons will be issued in respect thereof.

Upon the date on which any Floating Rate Note or Long Maturity Note in definitive form becomes due and repayable, unmatured Coupons and Talons (if any) relating thereto (whether or not attached) shall become void and no payment or, as the case may be, exchange for further Coupons shall be made in respect thereof. A “**Long Maturity Note**” is a Fixed Rate Note (other than a Fixed Rate Note which on issue had a Talon attached) whose nominal amount on issue is less than the aggregate interest payable thereon provided that such Note shall cease to be a Long Maturity Note on the Interest Payment Date on which the aggregate amount of interest remaining to be paid after that date is less than the nominal amount of such Note.

If the due date for redemption of any definitive Note is not an Interest Payment Date, interest (if any) accrued in respect of such Note from (and including) the preceding Interest Payment Date or, as the case may be, the Interest Commencement Date shall be payable only against surrender of the relevant definitive Note.

(c) *Payments in respect of Global Notes*

Payments of principal and interest (if any) in respect of Notes represented by any Global Note will (subject as provided below) be made in the manner specified above in relation to definitive Notes or otherwise in the manner specified in the relevant Global Note, where applicable, against presentation or surrender, as the case may be, of such Global Note at the specified office of any Paying Agent outside the United States. A record of each payment made, distinguishing between any payment of principal and any payment of interest, will be made either on such Global Note by the Paying Agent to which it was presented or in the records of Euroclear and Clearstream, Luxembourg, as applicable.

(d) *General provisions applicable to payments*

The holder of a Global Note shall be the only person entitled to receive payments in respect of Notes represented by such Global Note and the Issuer or, as the case may be, the Guarantor will be discharged by payment to, or to the order of, the holder of such Global Note in respect of each amount so paid. Each of the persons shown in the records of Euroclear or Clearstream, Luxembourg as the beneficial holder of a particular nominal amount of Notes represented by such Global Note must look solely to Euroclear or Clearstream, Luxembourg, as the case may be, for his share of each payment so made by the Issuer or, as the case may be, the Guarantor to, or to the order of, the holder of such Global Note.

Notwithstanding the foregoing provisions of this Condition, if so specified in the applicable Final Terms and any amount of principal and/or interest in respect of Notes is payable in U.S. dollars, such U.S. dollar payments of principal and/or interest in respect of such Notes will be made at the specified office of a Paying Agent in the United States if:

- (i) the Issuer has appointed Paying Agents with specified offices outside the United States with the reasonable expectation that such Paying Agents would be able to make payment in U.S. dollars at such specified offices outside the United States of the full amount of principal and interest on the Notes in the manner provided above when due;
- (ii) payment of the full amount of such principal and interest at all such specified offices outside the United States is illegal or effectively precluded by exchange controls or other similar restrictions on the full payment or receipt of principal and interest in U.S. dollars; and
- (iii) such payment is then permitted under United States law without involving, in the opinion of the Issuer and the Guarantor, adverse tax consequences to the Issuer or the Guarantor.

(e) *Payment Day*

If the date for payment of any amount in respect of any Note or Coupon is not a Payment Day, the holder thereof shall not be entitled to payment until the next following Payment Day in the relevant place and shall not be entitled to further interest or other payment in respect of such delay. For these purposes, “**Payment Day**” means any day which (subject to Condition 8) is:

- (i) a day on which commercial banks and foreign exchange markets settle payments and are open for general business (including dealing in foreign exchange and foreign currency deposits) in:
 - (A) in the case of Notes in definitive form only, the relevant place of presentation;
 - (B) each Additional Financial Centre specified in the applicable Final Terms; and
- (ii) either (1) in relation to any sum payable in a Specified Currency other than euro, a day on which commercial banks and foreign exchange markets settle payments and are open for general business (including dealing in foreign exchange and foreign currency deposits) in the principal financial centre of the country of the relevant Specified Currency (which if the Specified Currency is Australian dollars or New Zealand dollars shall be Sydney and Auckland, respectively) or (2) in relation to any sum payable in euro, a day on which the TARGET 2 System is open.

(f) *Interpretation of principal and interest*

Any reference in the Conditions to principal in respect of the Notes shall be deemed to include, as applicable:

- (i) any additional amounts which may be payable with respect to principal under Condition 7 or under any undertaking or covenant given in addition thereto, or in substitution therefor, pursuant to the Trust Deed;
- (ii) the Final Redemption Amount of the Notes;
- (iii) the Early Redemption Amount of the Notes;
- (iv) the Optional Redemption Amount(s) (if any) of the Notes;
- (v) in relation to Zero Coupon Notes, the Amortised Face Amount (as defined in Condition 6(e)); and
- (vi) any premium and any other amounts (other than interest) which may be payable by the Issuer under or in respect of the Notes.

Any reference in the Conditions to interest in respect of the Notes shall be deemed to include, as applicable, any additional amounts which may be payable with respect to interest under Condition 7 or under any undertaking or covenant given in addition thereto, or in substitution therefor, pursuant to the Trust Deed.

6. REDEMPTION AND PURCHASE

(a) *Redemption at maturity*

Unless previously redeemed or purchased and cancelled as specified below, each Note will be redeemed by the Issuer at its Final Redemption Amount specified in the applicable Final Terms in the relevant Specified Currency on the Maturity Date specified in the applicable Final Terms.

(b) *Redemption for tax reasons*

Subject to Condition 6(e) below, the Notes may be redeemed at the option of the Issuer in whole, but not in part, at any time (if this Note is not a Floating Rate Note) or on any Interest Payment Date (if this Note is a Floating Rate Note), on giving not less than the minimum period and not more than the maximum period of notice specified in the applicable Final Terms to the Trustee and the Agent and, in accordance with Condition 14, the Noteholders (which notice shall be irrevocable), if the Issuer or the Guarantor satisfies the Trustee immediately before the giving of such notice that:

- (i) on the occasion of the next payment due under the Notes, the Issuer has or will become obliged to pay additional amounts as provided or referred to in Condition 7 or the Guarantor would be unable for reasons outside its control to procure payment by the Issuer and in making payment itself would be required to pay such additional amounts, in each case as a result of any change in, or amendment to, the laws or regulations of a Tax Jurisdiction (as defined in Condition 7) or any change in the application or official or generally accepted interpretation of such laws or regulations, which change or amendment becomes effective on or after the date on which agreement is reached to issue the first Tranche of the Notes; and
- (ii) such obligation cannot be avoided by the Issuer or, as the case may be, the Guarantor taking reasonable measures available to it,

provided that no such notice of redemption shall be given earlier than 90 days prior to the earliest date on which the Issuer or, as the case may be, the Guarantor would be obliged to pay such additional amounts were a payment in respect of the Notes then due.

Prior to the publication of any notice of redemption pursuant to this Condition, the Issuer shall deliver to the Trustee to make available at its specified office to the Noteholders a certificate signed by two Authorised Signatories of the Issuer or, as the case may be, two Authorised Signatories of the Guarantor stating that the Issuer is entitled to effect such redemption and setting forth a statement of facts showing that the conditions precedent to the right of the Issuer so to redeem have occurred, and an opinion of independent legal advisers of recognised standing to the effect that the Issuer or, as the case may be, the Guarantor has or will become obliged to pay such additional amounts as a result of such change or amendment and the Trustee shall be entitled to accept the certificate as sufficient evidence of the satisfaction of the conditions precedent set out above, in which event it shall be conclusive and binding on the Noteholders and the Couponholders.

Notes redeemed pursuant to this Condition 6(b) will be redeemed at their Early Redemption Amount referred to in paragraph (e) below together (if appropriate) with interest accrued to (but excluding) the date of redemption.

(c) *Redemption at the option of the Issuer (Issuer Call)*

If Issuer Call is specified as being applicable in the applicable Final Terms, the Issuer may, having given not less than the minimum period nor more than the maximum period of notice specified in the applicable Final Terms to the Noteholders in accordance with Condition 14 (which notice shall be irrevocable and shall specify the date fixed for redemption), redeem all or some only of the Notes then outstanding on any Optional Redemption Date and at the Optional Redemption Amount(s) specified in, or determined in the manner specified in, the applicable Final Terms together, if appropriate, with interest accrued to (but excluding) the relevant Optional Redemption Date. Any such redemption must be of a nominal amount not less than the Minimum Redemption Amount and not more than the Maximum Redemption Amount, in each case as may be specified in the applicable Final Terms. The Optional Redemption Amount will be the specified percentage of the nominal amount of the Notes stated in the applicable Final Terms. In the case of a partial redemption of Notes, the Notes to be redeemed ("**Redeemed Notes**") will be selected individually by lot, in the case of Redeemed Notes represented by definitive Notes, and in accordance with the rules of Euroclear and/or Clearstream, Luxembourg, (to be reflected in the records of Euroclear and Clearstream, Luxembourg as either a pool factor or a reduction in nominal amount, at their discretion) in the case of Redeemed Notes represented by a Global Note, not more than 30 days prior to the date fixed for redemption (such date of selection being hereinafter called the "**Selection Date**"). In the case of Redeemed Notes represented by definitive Notes, a list of the serial numbers of such Redeemed Notes will be published in accordance with Condition 14 not less than 15 days prior to the date fixed for redemption. No exchange of the relevant Global Note will be permitted during the period from (and including) the Selection Date to (and including) the date fixed for redemption pursuant to this paragraph (c) and notice to that effect shall be given by the Issuer to the Noteholders in accordance with Condition 14 at least five days prior to the Selection Date.

(d) *Redemption at the option of the Noteholders (Investor Put)*

If Investor Put is specified as being applicable in the applicable Final Terms, upon the holder of any Note giving to the Issuer in accordance with Condition 14 not less than the minimum period nor more than the maximum period of notice specified in the applicable Final Terms, the Issuer will redeem such Note on the Optional Redemption Date and at the Optional Redemption Amount together, if appropriate, with interest accrued to (but excluding) the Optional Redemption Date.

To exercise the right to require redemption of this Note the holder of this Note must, if this Note is in definitive form and held outside Euroclear and Clearstream, Luxembourg, deliver, at the specified office of any Paying Agent at any time during normal business hours of such Paying Agent falling within the notice period, a duly completed and signed notice of exercise in the form (for the time being current) obtainable from any specified office of any Paying Agent (a "**Put Notice**") and in which the holder must specify a bank account (or, if payment is required to be made by cheque, an address) to which payment is to be made under this Condition accompanied by this Note or evidence satisfactory to the Paying Agent concerned that this Note will, following delivery of the Put Notice, be held to its order or under its control. If this Note is represented by a Global Note or is in definitive form and held through Euroclear or Clearstream, Luxembourg, to exercise the right to require redemption of this Note the holder of this Note must, within the notice period, give notice to the Agent of such exercise in accordance with the standard procedures of Euroclear and Clearstream, Luxembourg (which may include notice being given on his instruction by Euroclear or Clearstream, Luxembourg or any common depository or common safekeeper, as the case may be, for them to the Agent by electronic means) in a form acceptable to Euroclear and Clearstream, Luxembourg from time to time.

Any Put Notice or other notice given in accordance with the standard procedures of Euroclear and Clearstream, Luxembourg given by a holder of any Note pursuant to this paragraph (d) shall be irrevocable except where, prior to the due date of redemption, an Event of Default has occurred and the Trustee has declared the Notes to be immediately due and payable pursuant to Condition 9, in which event such holder, at its option, may elect by notice to the Issuer to withdraw the notice given pursuant to this paragraph (d).

(e) *Early Redemption Amounts*

For the purpose of paragraph (b) above and Condition 9, each Note will be redeemed at its Early Redemption Amount calculated as follows:

- (i) in the case of a Note (other than a Zero Coupon Note) with a Final Redemption Amount which is or may be less or greater than the Issue Price, at the amount specified in the applicable Final Terms or, if no such amount or manner is so specified in the applicable Final Terms, at its nominal amount; or
- (ii) in the case of a Zero Coupon Note, at an amount (the “**Amortised Face Amount**”) calculated in accordance with the following formula:

$$\text{Early Redemption Amount} = \text{RP} \times (1 + \text{AY})^y$$

where:

“**RP**” means the Reference Price;

“**AY**” means the Accrual Yield expressed as a decimal; and

“**y**” is a fraction the numerator of which is equal to the number of days (calculated on the basis of a 360-day year consisting of 12 months of 30 days each) from (and including) the Issue Date of the first Tranche of the Notes to (but excluding) the date fixed for redemption or (as the case may be) the date upon which such Note becomes due and repayable and the denominator of which is 360.

(f) *Purchases*

The Issuer, the Guarantor or any Subsidiary of the Issuer or the Guarantor may at any time purchase Notes (provided that, in the case of definitive Notes, Coupons and Talons appertaining thereto are purchased therewith) at any price in the open market or otherwise. If purchases are made by tender, tenders must be available to all Noteholders alike. Such Notes may be held, reissued, resold or, at the option of the Issuer or the Guarantor, surrendered to any Paying Agent for cancellation.

(g) *Cancellation*

All Notes which are redeemed will forthwith be cancelled (together with all Coupons and Talons attached thereto or surrendered therewith at the time of redemption). All Notes so cancelled and any Notes purchased and cancelled pursuant to paragraph (f) above (together with all Coupons and Talons cancelled therewith) shall be forwarded to the Agent and cannot be reissued or resold.

(h) *Late payment on Zero Coupon Notes*

If the amount payable in respect of any Zero Coupon Note upon redemption of such Zero Coupon Note pursuant to paragraph (a), (b), (c) or (d) above or upon its becoming due and repayable as provided in Condition 9 is improperly withheld or refused, the amount due and repayable in respect of such Zero Coupon Note shall be the amount calculated as provided in paragraph (e)(ii) above as though the references therein to the date fixed for the redemption or the date upon which such Zero Coupon Note becomes due and payable were replaced by references to the date which is the earlier of:

- (i) the date on which all amounts due in respect of such Zero Coupon Note have been paid; and
- (ii) five days after the date on which the full amount of the moneys payable in respect of such Zero Coupon Note has been received by the Agent or the Trustee and notice to that effect has been given to the Noteholders in accordance with Condition 14.

7. TAXATION

All payments of principal and interest in respect of the Notes and Coupons by the Issuer or the Guarantor shall be made free and clear of, and without withholding or deduction for, any taxes, duties, assessments or governmental charges of whatever nature (“**Taxes**”) imposed, levied, collected, withheld or assessed by or on behalf of any Tax Jurisdiction unless such withholding or deduction is required by law. In that event, the Issuer or, as the case may be, the Guarantor shall pay such additional amounts as will result in receipt by holders of the Notes or Coupons of such amounts as would have been received by them had no such withholding or deduction been required; except that no such additional amounts shall be payable with respect to any Note or Coupon:

- (a) the holder of which is liable to such Taxes in respect of such Note or Coupon by reason of his having some connection with a Tax Jurisdiction other than the mere holding of such Note or Coupon; or
- (b) presented for payment more than 30 days after the Relevant Date (as defined below) except to the extent that the holder thereof would have been entitled to an additional amount on presenting the same for payment on the last day of such period of 30 days; or
- (c) where such withholding or deduction is imposed on a payment to an individual and is required to be made pursuant to the European Council Directive 2003/48/EC or any other Directive implementing the conclusions of the ECOFIN Council meeting of 26-27 November 2000 on the taxation of savings income or any law implementing or complying with, or introduced in order to conform to, such Directive; or
- (d) to, or to a third party on behalf of, a holder to whom payment could have been made without any such withholding or deduction had such a holder made a declaration of non-residence or made any other claim or filing for exemption to which it is entitled to the relevant tax authority or Paying Agent; or
- (e) presented for payment by or on behalf of a holder who would be able to avoid such withholding or deduction by presenting the relevant Note or Coupon to another Paying Agent in a Member State of the European Union.

As used herein:

- (i) **“Tax Jurisdiction”** means the United Kingdom or any political subdivision or any authority thereof or therein having power to tax; and
- (ii) **“Relevant Date”** means the date on which such payment first becomes due, except that, if the full amount of the moneys payable has not been duly received by the Trustee or the Agent on or prior to such due date, it means the date on which, the full amount of such moneys having been so received, notice to that effect is duly given to the Noteholders in accordance with Condition 14.

8. PRESCRIPTION

The Notes and Coupons will become void unless claims in respect of principal and/or interest are made within a period of 10 years (in the case of principal) and five years (in the case of interest) after the Relevant Date (as defined in Condition 7) therefor.

There shall not be included in any Coupon sheet issued on exchange of a Talon any Coupon the claim for payment in respect of which would be void pursuant to this Condition 8 or Condition 6(b) or any Talon which would be void pursuant to Condition 6(b).

9. EVENTS OF DEFAULT

The Trustee at its discretion may, and if so requested in writing by the holders of at least one-quarter in nominal amount of the Notes then outstanding or if so directed by an Extraordinary Resolution shall (subject in each case to being indemnified and/or secured and/or prefunded to its satisfaction), give notice in writing to the Issuer, and in the case of Guaranteed Notes, the Guarantor, that each Note is, and each Note shall thereupon become, immediately due and repayable at its Early Redemption Amount (determined in accordance with Condition 6(e)) together with accrued interest as provided in the Trust Deed if any of the following events (each an **“Event of Default”**) shall occur and be continuing:

- (a) if default is made in the payment of any principal or interest due in respect of the Notes or any of them and the default continues for a period of seven days in the case of principal and fourteen days in the case of interest; or
- (b) if the Issuer or the Guarantor fails to perform or observe any of its other obligations under the Conditions or the Trust Deed and (except in any case where, in the opinion of the Trustee, the failure is incapable of remedy when no such continuation or notice as is hereinafter mentioned will be required) the failure continues for the period of 30 days (or such longer period as the Trustee may permit) next following the service by the Trustee on the Issuer or the Guarantor, as the case may be, of notice requiring the same to be remedied; or
- (c) (i) any other present or future indebtedness of the Issuer or the Guarantor for or in respect of moneys borrowed becomes due and payable prior to its stated maturity by reason of any event of default (howsoever described), or (ii) any such indebtedness is not paid when due or if later, as the case may be, at the end of any

applicable grace period, or (iii) the Issuer or the Guarantor fails to pay when due any amount payable by it under any present or future guarantee for, or indemnity in respect of, any moneys borrowed or raised, except to the extent in any instance that the existence or enforceability of the relevant obligation is being disputed in good faith by it by appropriate proceedings provided that the aggregate amount of the relevant indebtedness, guarantees and indemnities in respect of which one or more of the events mentioned above in this paragraph (c) have occurred and is continuing equals or exceeds U.S.\$100,000,000 (or its equivalent in any other currency or currencies); or

- (d) if any mortgage, charge, pledge, lien or other encumbrance, present or future, created or assumed by the Issuer or the Guarantor over all or a substantial part of its property or assets for an amount at the relevant time in excess of U.S.\$100,000,000 (or its equivalent in any other currency or currencies) becomes enforceable and any step is taken to enforce it (including the taking of possession or the appointment of a receiver, administrative receiver, manager or other similar person) unless such enforcement is discharged within 60 days or is the subject of a bona fide dispute; or
- (e) if the Issuer or the Guarantor is unable to pay its debts as they fall due or threatens to stop payment of its debts, except for the purpose of and followed by a solvent reconstruction, amalgamation, reorganisation, merger or consolidation on terms previously approved in writing by the Trustee or by an Extraordinary Resolution of the Noteholders; or
- (f) if the Issuer or the Guarantor takes any corporate action for its winding-up, dissolution, administration or re-organisation or if a receiver, liquidator, administrator, administrative receiver, trustee or similar officer is appointed in respect of it or of all or a substantial part of its revenues and assets, except for the purpose of and followed by a solvent reconstruction, amalgamation, reorganisation, merger or consolidation on terms previously approved in writing by the Trustee or by an Extraordinary Resolution of the Noteholders; or
- (g) the Guarantee ceases to be, or is claimed by the Guarantor not to be, in full force and effect,

provided that the Trustee shall have certified that, in its opinion, such event is materially prejudicial to the interests of the Noteholders.

10. ENFORCEMENT

- (a) The Trustee may at any time, at its discretion and without notice, take such proceedings against the Issuer and/or the Guarantor as it may think fit to enforce the provisions of the Trust Deed, the Notes and the Coupons, but it shall not be bound to take any such proceedings or any other action in relation to the Trust Deed, the Notes or the Coupons unless (i) it shall have been so directed by an Extraordinary Resolution or so requested in writing by the holders of at least one-quarter in nominal amount of the Notes then outstanding and (ii) it shall have been indemnified to its satisfaction.
- (b) No Noteholder or Couponholder shall be entitled to proceed directly against the Issuer and/or the Guarantor unless the Trustee, having become bound so to proceed, fails so to do within a reasonable period and the failure shall be continuing.

11. REPLACEMENT OF NOTES COUPONS AND TALONS

Should any Note, Coupon or Talon be lost, stolen, mutilated, defaced or destroyed, it may be replaced at the specified office of the Agent upon payment by the claimant of such costs and expenses as may be incurred in connection therewith and on such terms as to evidence, security and indemnity as the Issuer may reasonably require. Mutilated or defaced Notes, Coupons or Talons must be surrendered before replacements will be issued.

12. PAYING AGENTS

The names of the initial Paying Agents and their initial specified offices are set out below. If any additional Paying Agents are appointed in connection with any Series, the names of such Paying Agents will be specified in Part B of the applicable Final Terms.

The Issuer is entitled, with the prior written approval of the Trustee, to vary or terminate the appointment of any Paying Agent and/or appoint additional or other Paying Agents and/or approve any change in the specified office through which any Paying Agent acts, provided that:

- (a) there will at all times be an Agent, and a Paying Agent in a European country; and

- (b) so long as the Notes are listed on any stock exchange or admitted to listing by any other relevant authority, there will at all times be a Paying Agent with a specified office in such place as may be required by the rules and regulations of the relevant stock exchange or other relevant authority; and
- (c) the Issuer undertakes that it will ensure that it maintains a Paying Agent in a Member State of the European Union that will not be obliged to withhold or deduct tax pursuant to European Council Directive 2003/48/EC or any other Directive implementing the conclusions of the ECOFIN Council meeting of 26-27 November 2000 on the taxation of savings income or any law implementing or complying with, or introduced in order to conform to, such Directive.

In addition, the Issuer shall forthwith appoint a Paying Agent having a specified office in New York City in the circumstances described in Condition 5(d). Notice of any variation, termination, appointment or change in Paying Agents will be given to the Noteholders promptly by the Issuer in accordance with Condition 14.

In acting under the Agency Agreement, the Paying Agents act solely as agents of the Issuer and the Guarantor and, in certain circumstances specified therein, of the Trustee and do not assume any obligation to, or relationship of agency or trust with, any Noteholders or Couponholders. The Agency Agreement contains provisions permitting any entity into which any Paying Agent is merged or converted or with which it is consolidated or to which it transfers all or substantially all of its assets to become the successor paying agent.

13. EXCHANGE OF TALONS

On and after the Interest Payment Date on which the final Coupon comprised in any Coupon sheet matures, the Talon (if any) forming part of such Coupon sheet may be surrendered at the specified office of the Agent or any other Paying Agent in exchange for a further Coupon sheet including (if such further Coupon sheet does not include Coupons to (and including) the final date for the payment of interest due in respect of the Note to which it appertains) a further Talon, subject to the provisions of Condition 8.

14. NOTICES

All notices regarding the Notes will be deemed to be validly given if published in a leading English language daily newspaper of general circulation in London. It is expected that such publication will be made in the *Financial Times*. The Issuer shall also ensure that notices are duly published in a manner which complies with the rules of any stock exchange or other relevant authority on which the Notes are for the time being listed or by which they have been admitted to trading. Any such notice will be deemed to have been given on the date of the first publication or, where required to be published in more than one newspaper, on the date of the first publication in all required newspapers. If publication as provided above is not practicable, notice will be given in such other manner, and will be deemed to have been given on such date, as the Trustee shall approve.

Until such time as any definitive Notes are issued, there may, so long as any Global Notes representing the Notes are held in their entirety on behalf of Euroclear and/or Clearstream, Luxembourg, be substituted for such publication in such newspaper(s) the delivery of the relevant notice to Euroclear and/or Clearstream, Luxembourg for communication by them to the holders of the Notes and, in addition, for so long as any Notes are listed on a stock exchange or are admitted to trading by another relevant authority and the rules of that stock exchange or relevant authority so require, such notice will be published in a daily newspaper of general circulation in the place or places required by those rules. Any such notice shall be deemed to have been given to the holders of the Notes on the second business day after the day on which the said notice was given to Euroclear and Clearstream, Luxembourg.

Notices to be given by any Noteholder shall be in writing and given by lodging the same, together (in the case of any Note in definitive form) with the relative Note or Notes, with the Agent. Whilst any of the Notes are represented by a Global Note, such notice may be given by any holder of a Note to the Agent through Euroclear and/or Clearstream, Luxembourg, as the case may be, in such manner as the Agent and Euroclear and/or Clearstream, Luxembourg, as the case may be, may approve for this purpose.

15. MEETINGS OF NOTEHOLDERS, MODIFICATION, WAIVER AND SUBSTITUTION

(a) Meetings

The Trust Deed contains provisions for convening meetings of the Noteholders to consider any matter affecting their interests, including the sanctioning by Extraordinary Resolution of a modification of the Notes, the Coupons or any of the provisions of the Trust Deed. Such a meeting may be convened by the Issuer, the Guarantor or the Trustee and shall be convened by the Issuer or, as the case may be, the Guarantor, if required in writing by Noteholders holding more than 10 per cent. in nominal amount of the Notes for the

time being remaining outstanding. The quorum at any such meeting for passing an Extraordinary Resolution is one or more persons holding or representing not less than 50 per cent. in nominal amount of the Notes for the time being outstanding, or at any adjourned meeting one or more persons being or representing Noteholders whatever the nominal amount of the Notes so held or represented, except that at any meeting the business of which includes the modification of certain provisions of the Notes or the Coupons or the Trust Deed (including modifying the date of maturity of the Notes or any date for payment of interest thereon, reducing or cancelling the amount of principal or the rate of interest payable in respect of the Notes or altering the currency of payment of the Notes or the Coupons), the quorum shall be one or more persons holding or representing more than one-third in nominal amount of the Notes for the time being outstanding. An Extraordinary Resolution passed at any meeting of the Noteholders shall be binding on all the Noteholders, whether or not they are present at the meeting, and on all Couponholders.

In addition, a resolution in writing signed by or on behalf of the holders of not less than 95 per cent. in nominal amount of the Notes for the time being outstanding will take effect as if it were an Extraordinary Resolution. Such a resolution in writing may be contained in one document or several documents in or substantially in the same form, each signed by or on behalf of one or more Noteholders.

(b) *Modification and Waiver*

The Trustee may agree, without the consent of the Noteholders or Couponholders, to any modification of, or to the waiver or authorisation of any breach or proposed breach of, any of the provisions of the Notes or the Trust Deed, or determine, without any such consent as aforesaid, that any Event of Default or potential Event of Default shall not be treated as such, where, in any such case, it is not, in the opinion of the Trustee, materially prejudicial to the interests of the Noteholders so to do or may agree, without any such consent as aforesaid, to any modification which is of a formal, minor or technical nature or to correct a manifest error or an error which, in the opinion of the Trustee, is proven. Any such modification shall be binding on the Noteholders and the Couponholders and any such modification shall be notified to the Noteholders in accordance with Condition 14 as soon as practicable thereafter.

(c) *Exercise of Powers etc.*

In connection with the exercise by it of any of its trusts, powers, authorities and discretions (including, without limitation, any modification, waiver, authorisation or determination), the Trustee shall have regard to the general interests of the Noteholders as a class (but shall not have regard to any interests arising from circumstances particular to individual Noteholders or Couponholders whatever their number) and, in particular but without limitation, shall not have regard to the consequences of any such exercise for individual Noteholders or Couponholders (whatever their number) resulting from their being for any purpose domiciled or resident in, or otherwise connected with, or subject to the jurisdiction of, any particular territory or any political sub-division thereof and the Trustee shall not be entitled to require, nor shall any Noteholder or Couponholder be entitled to claim, from the Issuer, the Guarantor, the Trustee or any other person any indemnification or payment in respect of any tax consequences of any such exercise upon individual Noteholders or Couponholders except to the extent already provided for in Condition 7 and/or any undertaking or covenant given in addition to, or in substitution for, Condition 7 pursuant to the Trust Deed.

(d) *Substitution*

The Trustee may, without the consent of the Noteholders or the Couponholders, agree with the Issuer to the substitution in place of the Issuer (or of any previous substitute under this Condition) as the principal debtor under the Notes, the Coupons and the Trust Deed:

- (i) (where the Issuer is Anglo American Capital) of another Subsidiary of the Guarantor or the Guarantor, subject (except where the new principal debtor is the Guarantor) to the Notes continuing to be unconditionally and irrevocably guaranteed by the Guarantor; or
- (ii) (where the Issuer is Anglo American) of a Subsidiary of the Guarantor, subject to the Notes being unconditionally and irrevocably guaranteed by the Guarantor,

and subject to, in the case of both (i) and (ii) above, (a) the Trustee being satisfied that the interests of the Noteholders will not be materially prejudiced by the substitution and (b) certain other conditions set out in the Trust Deed being complied with.

16. INDEMNIFICATION OF THE TRUSTEE AND TRUSTEE CONTRACTING WITH THE ISSUER AND/OR THE GUARANTOR

The Trust Deed contains provisions for the indemnification of the Trustee and for its relief from responsibility, including provisions relieving it from taking action unless indemnified to its satisfaction.

The Trust Deed also contains provisions pursuant to which the Trustee is entitled, *inter alia*, (i) to enter into business transactions with the Issuer and/or the Guarantor and/or any of their respective Subsidiaries and to act as trustee for the holders of any other securities issued or guaranteed by, or relating to, the Issuer, the Guarantor and/or any of their respective Subsidiaries, (ii) to exercise and enforce its rights, comply with its obligations and perform its duties under or in relation to any such transactions or, as the case may be, any such trusteeship without regard to the interests of, or consequences for, the Noteholders or Couponholders and (iii) to retain and not be liable to account for any profit made or any other amount or benefit received thereby or in connection therewith.

17. FURTHER ISSUES

The Issuer shall be at liberty from time to time without the consent of the Noteholders or the Couponholders to create and issue further notes having terms and conditions the same as the Notes or the same in all respects save for the amount and date of the first payment of interest thereon and so that the same shall be consolidated and form a single Series with the outstanding Notes.

18. CONTRACTS (RIGHTS OF THIRD PARTIES) ACT 1999

No person shall have any right to enforce any term or Condition of this Note under the Contracts (Rights of Third Parties) Act 1999.

19. GOVERNING LAW

The Trust Deed, the Agency Agreement, the Notes, the Coupons and any non-contractual obligations arising out of or in connection with them are governed by, and shall be construed in accordance with, English law.

USE OF PROCEEDS

The net proceeds from each issue of Notes will be applied by the relevant Issuer for its general corporate purposes.

DESCRIPTION OF ANGLO AMERICAN PLC AND THE ANGLO AMERICAN GROUP

Introduction

Anglo American plc (“**Anglo American**”) was incorporated on 14 May 1998 with limited liability under the Companies Act 1985 and registered in England and Wales under the registered number 03564138 and is the holding company of the group of companies comprising Anglo American and its subsidiaries (the “**Group**”), which was created in 1999 from the combination of Anglo American Corporation of South Africa Limited and Mincor S.A. and is one of the world’s largest mining groups. Anglo American’s principal and registered office is located at 20 Carlton House Terrace, London SW1Y 5AN, England and the telephone number of its registered office is: +44 20 7968 8888.

Principal Activities of the Group

Anglo American is one of the world’s largest mining companies. Anglo American’s portfolio of mining businesses spans bulk commodities - iron ore and manganese, metallurgical coal and thermal coal; base metals and minerals – copper, nickel, phosphates and niobium; and platinum and diamonds – in which it is a global leader.

The core Anglo American business segments are:

Iron Ore and Manganese. This business segment’s iron ore operations are represented in South Africa by a controlling interest of 69.7% in Kumba Iron Ore Limited (“**Kumba**”), a company listed on the Johannesburg Stock Exchange, and in Brazil by a 100% interest in Anglo American Minério de Ferro Brasil SA (“**Minas-Rio**”) and a 50% interest in LLX Minas-Rio Logística Comercial Exportadora SA, together with Minas-Rio, the “**Minas-Rio Project**”), which owns the iron ore facility at the port of Açú. Its manganese operations (manganese ore mining and alloy production) are represented in South Africa and Australia by a 40% shareholding in Samancor Holdings and a 40% shareholding in each of the Australian based operations Groote Eylandt Mining Company (“**GEMCO**”) and Tasmanian Electro Metallurgical Company (“**TEMCO**”), respectively. The Group’s investments in manganese operations are collectively known as “Samancor”.

Copper. The Group has interests in six copper operations in Chile. The wholly-owned operations comprise the Mantos Blancos and Mantoverde mines; while the Group has a 50.1% interest in Anglo American Sur, which includes the Los Bronces and El Soldado mines as well as the Chagres smelter. The Group also has a 44% interest in the Collahuasi mine. The mines also produce associated by-products such as molybdenum and silver. In addition, the Group has an 81.9% interest in the greenfield Quellaveco project in Peru.

Nickel. This segment comprises two 100% owned ferronickel operations, Codemin and Barro Alto in Brazil.

Phosphates. This segment is represented by a 100% interest in Anglo American Fosfatos Brasil Limitada, the second largest phosphate fertilizer producer in Brazil. Its operations are vertically integrated, from the mining of ore to processing into final product.

Niobium. This segment is represented by a 100% interest in Anglo American Niobio Brasil Limitada. Located in Brazil’s Goiás state, this accounts for between 8-9% of global production of the metal. The Boa Vista mine produces and exports approximately 4,500 tonnes of niobium per year.

Platinum. Anglo American’s subsidiary, Anglo American Platinum Limited (“**Platinum**”), is listed on the Johannesburg Stock Exchange and located in South Africa. It is the world’s leading primary producer of platinum by production volume. At 31 December 2014, the Group held a 78.0% interest in Platinum.

Coal. This business segment has operations in South Africa, Colombia, Australia and Canada.

South Africa. The segment wholly owns and operates seven mines in South Africa and has a 50% interest in the Mafube colliery, and Phola washing plant and a 73% interest in two mines, Kriel and the Zibulo colliery, a multi-product operation which produces thermal coal for both export and Eskom, the state-owned power utility. The balance of ownership interests in the Kriel and Zibulo collieries is held by Inyosi Coal, a broad-based black economic empowerment entity. This business segment also has a 23.2% interest in the Richards Bay Coal Terminal through which South African export thermal coal is routed.

Colombia. Anglo American, BHP Billiton and Glencore each own a one-third shareholding in Carbones del Cerrejón LLC, Cerrejón Zona Norte SA and CMC - Coal Marketing Company Limited (collectively known as “**Cerrejón**”) Cerrejón, the country’s largest thermal coal exporter. Cerrejón owns and operates

its own rail and deep water port facilities and sells into the export thermal and pulverized coal injection markets.

Australia. The coal segment has interests in seven operations in Australia, one wholly owned, five in which it has a majority interest and one in which it has a minority interest. Six operating mines are located towards the east coast of Australia, principally in Queensland’s Bowen Basin. In addition, the segment has a 100% interest in the Grosvenor project to develop a greenfield underground coal mine, also in Queensland’s Bowen Basin.

Canada. The coal segment includes the wholly owned Peace River Coal Inc. (“**PRC**”), comprising the Trend metallurgical coal mine and various exploration leases in British Columbia. In September 2014, the Group announced that it had decided, in view of the subdued hard coking coal price environment, to place PRC on care and maintenance to preserve the long term future of the operation.

Diamonds. This business segment has mining operations in Botswana, South Africa, Namibia and Canada through its 85% interest in De Beers. The remaining interest is held by the Government of the Republic of Botswana. De Beers is the world’s leading diamond business, producing approximately one third of the world’s rough diamonds by value.

Corporate and other. This business segment includes the non-core businesses comprising the quarry materials company operating under the Tarmac brand (“**Tarmac**”) (including Tarmac Middle East and a 50% interest in the Lafarge Tarmac Holdings Limited (“**Lafarge Tarmac**”) joint venture). This segment also includes corporate activities and unallocated costs, as well as exploration. The Group has exploration activities in many parts of the world covering greenfield and brownfield (in the vicinity of an existing mine) exploration, as well as identification of exploration properties for acquisition or company involvement. The Group spent U.S.\$181 million on exploration activities in 2014.

Board of Directors

The Directors of Anglo American plc and their functions and principal directorships outside the Anglo American Group are as follows:

Name	Title	Principal activities outside the Anglo American Group
Mark Cutifani	Executive Director, Chief Executive	A member of various university advisory councils and Chair of the International Council on Mining and Metals.
René Médori	Executive Director, Finance	Non-Executive Director of Petrofac Limited.
Sir John Parker	Non-Executive Director, Chairman	Non-Executive Director of Carnival Corporation and Airbus Group and Deputy Chairman of DP World. Visiting Fellow of the University of Oxford.
Sir Philip Hampton	Senior Independent Non-Executive Director	Chairman of The Royal Bank of Scotland plc. Appointed to the Board of GSK as a Non-Executive director and chair-designate in 2015.
Judy Dlamini	Non-Executive Director	Chairman of Aspen Pharmacare, Founder and Chairman of Mbekani Group, and Founder and Trustee of Mkhiwa Trust.
Dr Byron Grote	Non-Executive Director	Non-Executive director of Unilever NV, Unilever plc, Standard Chartered and Akzo Nobel. Appointed to the Board of Tesco plc as a Non-Executive Director, effective from 1 May 2015. It has been announced that Dr Grote will retire as a director of Unilever NV and Unilever plc at their AGMs on 29 and 30 April 2015 respectively.
Phuthuma Nhleko	Non-Executive Director	Chairman of Pembani Group (Pty) Limited and Afrisam South Africa (Pty) Limited and Non-Executive Director of BP plc. Chairman of MTN Group Ltd.
Dr Mphu Ramatlapeng	Non-Executive Director	Executive Vice President of HIV/AIDS and Tuberculosis programs for the Clinton Health Access Initiative, and Vice Chair of the Global Fund to Fight AIDS, TB and Malaria.

Jim Rutherford	Non-Executive Director	
Ray O'Rourke	Non-Executive Director	Chairman of Laing O'Rourke.
Anne Stevens	Non-Executive Director	Chairman of SA IT. Non-Executive Director of Lockheed Martin Corporation.
Jack Thompson	Non-Executive Director	Non-Executive Director of Tidewater Inc.

David Challen and Sir CK Chow also served on the Board from the beginning of 2014 until the 2014 AGM held on 24 April 2014.

Sir Philip Hampton succeeded David Challen as the senior independent director at the conclusion of the 2014 AGM.

The business address of each of the above is 20 Carlton House Terrace, London SW1Y 5AN.

As disclosed above, Sir John Parker is a Non-Executive Director of Carnival Corporation and Airbus Group and Deputy Chairman of DP World; René Médori is a Non-Executive Director of Petrofac Limited; Sir Philip Hampton is Chairman of The Royal Bank of Scotland plc and a Non-Executive Director of GSK; Judy Dlamini is Chairman of Aspen Pharmacare, Founder and Chairman of Mbekani Group, and Founder and Trustee of Mkhwiwa Trust; Byron Grote is a Non-Executive director of Unilever NV, Unilever plc, Standard Chartered, Akzo Nobel and will be a Non-Executive director of Tesco plc from 1 May 2015; Phuthuma Nhleko is a Non-Executive Director of BP plc, and Chairman of Pembani Group (Pty) Limited and Afrisam South Africa (Pty) Limited; Jack Thompson is a Non-Executive Director of Tidewater Inc.; Anne Stevens is Chairman of SA IT and a Non-Executive Director of Lockheed Martin Corporation; and Ray O'Rourke is Chairman and Chief Executive of Laing O'Rourke. From time to time any such role may give rise to an actual or potential conflict of interest between such directors' duties to Anglo American and their duties arising from such other roles.

Anglo American's policy requires that if a director becomes aware that they have a direct or indirect interest in an existing or proposed transaction involving Anglo American, the director is required to notify the Board at the next Board meeting or by written declaration and is required to continuously update any changes in his/her interests.

Save as disclosed in the two preceding paragraphs, there are no potential conflicts of interest between the duties of each Director to Anglo American and his/her private interests or other duties.

In accordance with Anglo American's Articles of Association and relevant legislation, a quorum of the Board, which does not include the director with the potential conflict of interest, can authorise potential conflicts of interest and such authorisations can be limited in scope and are reviewed on an annual basis. During the year ended 31 December 2014, the conflicts register was updated and the conflict management procedures were adhered to and operated effectively. There are no unauthorised potential conflicts of interest that exist between the directors' duties to Anglo American and their private interests or other duties and the conflict management procedures continue to operate effectively.

Financial Statements

The financial statements of the Group are consolidated and prepared under International Financial Reporting Standards adopted by the European Union. The financial statements are presented in United States Dollars. Deloitte LLP have audited Anglo American's accounts, without qualification, in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards in the United Kingdom for the period ended 31 December 2014.

Litigation and Related Matters

Proceedings in South Africa

Anglo American South Africa Limited ("**AASA**"), a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company, is a defendant in a number of lawsuits filed in South Africa on behalf of former mineworkers (or their dependants or survivors) who allegedly contracted silicosis working for gold mining companies in which AASA was a shareholder and to which AASA provided various technical and administrative services.

In South Africa AASA is: (i) a defendant in approximately 4,400 separate lawsuits filed in the North Gauteng High Court (Pretoria) which have been referred to arbitration; and (ii) named as one of 32 defendants in a consolidated class certification application filed in South Africa. AASA is defending the separate lawsuits filed in South Africa and is opposing the application for consolidated class certification in South Africa.

AASA was until recently a defendant in claims filed in the High Court in London on behalf of approximately 7,000 named former mineworkers or their dependants. However, AASA successfully contested the jurisdiction of the English courts to hear the claims filed against it in that jurisdiction and all such claims have now been discontinued.

AASA, AngloGold Ashanti, Gold Fields, Harmony Gold and Sibanye Gold announced in November 2014 that they had formed an industry working group to address issues relating to compensation and medical care for occupational lung disease (“**OLD**”) in the gold mining industry in South Africa. The companies have begun to engage all stakeholders on these matters, including government, organised labour, other mining companies and legal representatives of claimants who have filed legal suits against the companies. These legal proceedings are being defended. The industry working group is seeking a comprehensive solution to address legacy compensation issues and future legal frameworks that is fair to past and current employees and enables companies to continue to be competitive over the long term.

Recent developments

Michiquillay:

In December 2014, Anglo American withdrew from the exploration-phase Michiquillay copper project in Peru, by giving notice to the Peruvian government to terminate the 2007 privatisation agreement.

Minas-Rio Project:

First ore on ship was achieved by the Minas-Rio Project on 25 October 2014, ahead of schedule and with total project capital expenditure expected to be \$0.4 billion below the revised budget of \$8.8 billion. Despite its complexity and logistical challenges, the Minas-Rio Project achieved exceptional safety performance with very low lost time injury rates compared to other projects of similar scale. Delivery of the Minas Rio Project is a significant milestone. It is currently ramping up to capacity of 26.5 Mtpa over the next 18-20 months, and work continues to progress on the regular cycle of required licence and permit renewals. The Minas-Rio Project is expected to hit design capacity during the second quarter of 2016. The Minas-Rio Project benefits from a long expected life of mine (~45 years); a high quality iron ore saleable product (~67% Fe); and a favourable cash cost which is expected to be in the bottom half of the cash cost curve.

In 2014, there has been a material worsening of the pricing environment for iron ore. The value in use of the Minas-Rio Project has been updated to reflect management’s best estimate of the future iron ore prices based on a detailed analysis of market fundamentals in the medium and long term. The long term price which is used in the valuation from 2024 onwards is within the range of published analyst forecasts and broadly in line with the mean. As a result, a post-tax impairment charge of \$3,480 million was recorded against the valuation of the Minas-Rio Project at 31 December 2014.

Peace River Coal:

In September 2014, the Group announced that it had decided, in view of the subdued hard coking coal price environment, to place Peace River Coal in British Columbia, Canada on care and maintenance to preserve the long term future of the operation.

Pebble:

In December 2013, the Group concluded its exit from the Pebble copper project in Alaska. As a result, the investment in Pebble was written off in full, resulting in a charge of U.S.\$311 million, including exit costs.

Atlatsa Resources Corporation (formerly Anooraq Resources Corporation):

In 2009, Platinum sold a 51% interest in Bokoni Platinum Mines Proprietary Limited (“**Bokoni**”) and a 1% interest in certain undeveloped projects to Atlatsa Resources Corporation (“**Atlatsa**”) in a BEE transaction. Platinum retained 49% of Bokoni, and in addition acquired an effective 27% interest in Atlatsa as part of the sale consideration. Both Atlatsa and Bokoni are associates of the Group.

Between 2009 and December 2013, Platinum provided Atlatsa and its subsidiaries, including Bokoni, with additional debt and equity funding, and, in 2012, Platinum and Atlatsa agreed to restructure, recapitalise and refinance both Atlatsa and Bokoni. The first phase of the refinancing transaction completed in December 2013, whereby Platinum acquired certain properties from Bokoni and in return the level of debt outstanding from Atlatsa was reduced. A charge of U.S.\$37 million was recorded in 2013 within non-operating special items relating to this transaction.

On 31 January 2014, the Group completed the second and final phase of the Atlatsa refinancing plan where, through a series of transactions, the Group converted its unlisted preference share instruments held in a special purpose vehicle for 115.8 million common shares in Atlatsa. These shares were then sold to Pelawan Trust on loan account for ZAR463.2 million. The Group then subscribed for 125 million new Atlatsa common shares for an aggregate subscription price of ZAR750 million. These proceeds were utilised by Atlatsa to reduce the senior loan provided by Rustenburg Platinum Mines Limited.

Revuboè:

In July 2012, Anglo American announced that it had agreed to acquire a 58.9% interest in the Revuboè metallurgical coal project in Mozambique from the Talbot Estate for a total cash consideration of A\$540 million (approximately U.S.\$555 million). The transaction was subject to a number of conditions. On 28 March 2013, Anglo American announced that those conditions had not been satisfied and Anglo American had decided not to proceed with the transaction.

Platinum:

On 15 January 2013 the Group announced the outcome of its review of the Platinum business to create a sustainable, competitive and profitable platinum business for the long term benefit of all stakeholders.

In reformulating its strategy, Platinum has reviewed the business across the entire value chain to address structural challenges that have eroded profitability over time with the intention of creating a safe, sustainable, competitive and profitable platinum business for the long term benefit of all its stakeholders. This will be achieved through the alignment of baseline production with long term demand expectations, focusing on a high quality portfolio of operations to produce platinum group metals (“PGMs”) on an economically sustainable basis.

The Group has developed an organisational design to ensure that the operations are supported by an appropriate level of overhead; the commercial strategy aims to ensure value and stability for Platinum and customers while promoting new PGM applications. Operationally, the business intends to increase exposure to lower risk, higher margin, less capital intensive mines, supporting a significant reduction in the cost base and a more efficient allocation of capital. Flexibility for long term growth options will nevertheless be retained, ensuring Platinum is well positioned should demand increase above expectation.

Platinum continues to take its social responsibility seriously, particularly to its employees and surrounding communities. The implementation of its strategy aims to deliver a stable, competitive and profitable business that will be best placed to sustain and create employment over the long term.

On 16 August 2013, Platinum concluded consultations with key stakeholders and unions on the plans to restructure its business. In January 2013, Platinum had announced its proposals to reduce costs and reconfigure marginal operations following an extensive review of its business which commenced in February 2012. The review is aimed at restoring Platinum's profitability to ensure its long-term sustainability and increase its competitiveness in the global platinum mining industry.

Following the consultation with the Department of Mineral Resources (“DMR”) and recognised unions in a process facilitated by the Commission for Conciliation, Mediation and Arbitration, Platinum has made significant progress in implementing the first stages of the review:

- reduced baseline production to 2.3 - 2.4 million platinum ounces per annum in the short to medium term;
- production at Khomanani mine, Khuseleka 2 shaft and Union North decline was suspended in August 2013, in line with the proposed restructuring plans. The resources from these mines have now been integrated into the surrounding operations. As a result of these initiatives, 250,000 ounces of annualized production have been removed;
- closure of the last decline section of the Union mine in the last quarter of 2014; and
- on-going review of overhead costs and processes to improve efficiencies.

As a result of the consolidation of the Rustenburg operations from five to three mines, 7,450 roles were eliminated in 2013. Of that total, some 5,150 employees had left the organisation by year-end, while 2,300 employees had been redeployed to other parts of the business.

Following the substantial changes being made to the business to ensure its sustainability, a number of social mitigation plans have been implemented, including Platinum continuing to contribute to the welfare of employees

affected by the restructuring. The programme includes employee assistance in the form of bursaries, healthcare and retraining; support for local economic development and a number of suppliers; and investment, together with local government, in housing developments in the Rustenburg region.

In 2013, underground mining performance at Platinum's own mines was impacted by an industrial action from 27 September to 10 October 2013, resulting in a loss of platinum production of 44,000 ounces. Platinum quickly ramped up to full production following the strike, with little further loss of production. In addition, production in 2013 was also affected by illegal industrial actions, a national bus driver strike which impacted employees' ability to commute to work and labour shortages. This was exacerbated by the lack of flexibility, in the current labour environment, to redeploy employees to operations where there are staff shortages.

In December 2013, Platinum reached a settlement with the South African Revenue Service ("SARS") in respect of certain previously unresolved historical tax matters. The total amount payable in terms of the settlement agreement is U.S.\$324 million and has been fully provided for in the financial statements of the Group as at 31 December 2013. A first payment of US\$210 million has been made in 2014 and the outstanding balance will be paid in 2015.

In 2014, Platinum wholly owned underground mines were affected by a strike action called by the Association of Mineworkers and Construction Union ("AMCU") which also affected Impala Platinum Holdings Limited and Lonmin plc. The dispute between the three platinum companies and the AMCU was settled on 24 June 2014. As a result of the five month strike, 532,000 ounces of platinum production were lost, including 108,000 ounces lost during the start-up period following the strike. Impact on revenue was mitigated by the drawdown of stockpiles and contractual sales were met. The ramp up was complete by September 2014.

Update on non-core businesses

On 18 February 2011, Anglo American and Lafarge announced their agreement to combine their cement, aggregates, ready-mixed concrete, asphalt and contracting businesses in the United Kingdom: Tarmac Limited, Lafarge Cement UK, Lafarge Aggregates and Concrete UK. The 50:50 joint venture was to create a leading UK construction materials company, with a portfolio of high quality assets drawing on the complementary geographical distribution of operations and assets, the skills of two experienced management teams and a portfolio of well-known and innovative brands. On 7 January 2013, following final clearance from the UK Competition Commission, Anglo American and Lafarge announced the completion of the transaction, creating an incorporated joint venture, known as Lafarge Tarmac. In July 2014, Anglo American announced that it had reached a binding agreement to sell its 50% holding in Lafarge Tarmac to Lafarge SA (Lafarge) for a minimum value of £885 million in cash, on a debt- and cash-free basis, and subject to other customary working capital adjustments. The sale is subject to a number of conditions including the completion of the proposed merger of Lafarge and Holcim Limited.

On 4 January 2013, Anglo American announced that it had reached an agreement to sell its 70% interest in Amapá to Zamin. On 28 March 2013 a major geological event occurred at the Santana port of Amapá, which resulted in the loss of four lives, with a further two people still missing, as well as the total loss of the port operation. In light of these circumstances, Anglo American entered into further discussions with its partner Cliffs and Zamin. Anglo American subsequently entered into an agreement with Cliffs to acquire its 30% interest in Amapá and entered into an amended sale agreement with Zamin, to reflect Anglo American's disposal of a 100% interest in Amapá to Zamin. On 1 November 2013, Anglo American completed the sale of the 100% interest in Amapá to Zamin for a total initial consideration of approximately U.S.\$134 million, net of certain completion adjustments. In addition, Zamin will pay Anglo American conditional deferred consideration of up to a maximum of U.S.\$130 million in total, payable over a five year period and calculated on the basis of the market price for iron ore. Anglo American will use the proceeds to pay down debt. As part of the transaction, Anglo American has assumed responsibility for, and the risks and benefits of, the insurance claim in relation to the Santana port incident by acquiring the claim at full claim value.

On 31 July 2013, Anglo American completed the sale of its 16.8% effective interest in Palabora Mining Company Limited in South Africa for R938 million (approximately U.S.\$95 million). The purchaser was a consortium comprising South African and Chinese entities led by the IDC and Hebei Iron & Steel Group.

Kumba

At 31 December 2014, Kumba has certain unresolved tax matters that are currently under review with SARS. Kumba management has consulted with external tax and legal advisers, who support the positions taken.

Nonetheless, Kumba management is actively discussing these matters with SARS with a view to seeking a resolution.

On 5 November 2013, Kumba's Sishen Iron Ore Company Proprietary Limited ("**SIOC**") and ArcelorMittal South Africa Ltd ("**AMSA**") entered into a new supply agreement (the "**Supply Agreement**") regulating the sale and purchase of iron ore from Kumba's South African mines to AMSA. This agreement became effective from 1 January 2014. This agreement, subject to certain express conditions, is contemplated to continue until the end of the life of the Sishen mine. The conclusion of the Supply Agreement additionally settled the historic disputes between the companies.

On 21 May 2010, SIOC initiated a review application in the North Gauteng High Court in Pretoria to set aside the grant of a prospecting right to Imperial Crown Trading (Pty) Ltd, in relation to the residual undivided 21.4% share of the mining right at the Sishen mine. SIOC further sought a declaratory order that SIOC was the only party entitled to be granted the exclusive mining right in respect of the Sishen mine.

Following hearings in both the High Court and the Supreme Court of Appeal, the Constitutional Court issued its final ruling on this matter. In its ruling dated 12 December 2013, the Constitutional Court clarified that SIOC, when it lodged its application for conversion of its old order right, converted only the right it held at that time (being a 78.6% undivided share in the Sishen mining right). The Constitutional Court further held that AMSA retained the right to lodge its old order right (a 21.4% undivided share) for conversion before midnight on 30 April 2009, but failed to do so. As a consequence of such failure by AMSA, the 21.4% undivided right remained available for allocation by the DMR.

The Constitutional Court ruled further that, based on the provisions of the Mineral and Petroleum Resources Development Act ("**MPRDA**"), only SIOC could apply for, and be granted, the residual 21.4% undivided share of the Sishen mining right. The grant of the mining right may be made subject to such conditions considered by the Minister to be appropriate, provided that the proposed conditions are permissible under the MPRDA. SIOC had previously applied for this 21.4%, and continues to account for 100% of what is mined from the reserves at Sishen mine.

In early 2014 SIOC, in compliance with the Constitutional Court order, submitted further applications to be granted the residual 21.4% Sishen mining right, which has not yet been awarded. Kumba Iron Ore is actively continuing its discussions with the DMR in order to finalise the grant of the residual right.

Sishen Western Expansion Project ("**SWEP**")

Significant progress has been made on the SWEP. Project development remains within budget, and construction activities have been completed. A major milestone in the development of the project was the relocation of the Transnet SOC Ltd's ("**Transnet**") railway line from its previous position to the west of the current Sishen pit, to the far western end of Kumba's SIOC property. The relocation of the railway line was completed in May 2013.

As a consequence of Transnet having previously held the surface rights over the SWEP rail properties, the rail properties were excluded from the Sishen mining right area. SIOC applied to the DMR to obtain the necessary rights in relation to the rail properties, which were granted by the DMR on 11 February 2014. The granting of the mining right gave SIOC access to the approximately 33% of the Sishen reserve included in the SIOC's Life of Mine plan. This portion of the reserve, which had been classified as probable, was reclassified as proven. SIOC accordingly proceeded with the implementation of its mining plan and started waste stripping in the affected area from the second half of 2014.

DESCRIPTION OF ANGLO AMERICAN CAPITAL PLC

Incorporation, Registered Office and Purpose

Anglo American Capital plc (“**Anglo American Capital**”), a wholly-owned subsidiary of Anglo American, was incorporated and registered in England and Wales under the registered number 04658814 on 6 February 2003 and operates under the Companies Act 2006 as a public limited company. Its registered office is at 20 Carlton House Terrace, London SW1Y 5AN. The telephone number of its registered office is: +4420 7968 8888.

Anglo American Capital was formed as a special purpose company solely for the purposes described in this document and has no subsidiaries.

Anglo American Capital’s authorised share capital is £50,000 and U.S.\$1,000,000,000 divided into 50,000 3 per cent. cumulative preference shares of £1.00 each and 1,000,000,000 ordinary shares of U.S.\$1.00 each, of which 50,000 cumulative preference shares and 1,200 ordinary shares are in issue and fully paid up. All of Anglo American Capital’s issued shares are beneficially owned by Anglo American.

Board of Directors

The Directors of Anglo American Capital and their functions and principal directorships outside Anglo American Capital are as follows:

Name	Title	Principal activities outside Anglo American Capital
Andrew William Hodges	Secretary and Director	Deputy Secretary of Anglo American plc
John Michael Mills*	Director	Company Secretary of Anglo American plc
Douglas Smailes	Director	Treasurer of Anglo American plc
Keith Roderick Tucker	Director	Executive Vice President: Tax, Anglo American plc
René Médori	Director	Non-Executive Director of Petrofac Limited Finance Director of Anglo American plc

*Nicholas Jordan was replaced by John Michael Mills as Company Secretary of Anglo American plc and a Director of Anglo American Capital plc following his retirement in 2014.

The business address of each of the above is 20 Carlton House Terrace, London SW1Y 5AN.

No potential conflicts of interest exist between the Directors’ duties to Anglo American Capital and their private interests or other duties.

Financial Statements

Deloitte LLP have audited Anglo American Capital’s accounts, without qualification, in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards in the United Kingdom for the period from 6 February 2003 (Anglo American Capital’s date of incorporation) to 31 December 2014. Anglo American Capital will not publish interim financial statements.

TAXATION

United Kingdom Taxation

The comments below are of a general nature and are not intended to be exhaustive. They assume that there will be no substitution of the Issuer and do not address the consequences of any such substitution (notwithstanding that such substitution may be permitted by the terms and conditions of the Notes).based on current United Kingdom tax law as applied in England and Wales and published HM Revenue and Customs (“HMRC”) practice (which may not be binding on HMRC) and, unless stated otherwise, relate only to the United Kingdom withholding tax treatment of payments of interest by the Issuer in respect of the Notes and certain provision of information requirements. They do not deal with any other United Kingdom tax implications of acquiring, holding or disposing of Notes, and relate only to the position of persons who are the absolute beneficial owners of Notes and Coupons and may not apply to certain classes of persons such as dealers and persons who are connected with the Issuer or certain professional investors. The United Kingdom tax treatment of prospective Noteholders depends on their individual circumstances and may be subject to change in the future. Prospective Noteholders who may be subject to tax in a jurisdiction other than the United Kingdom or who may be unsure as to their own tax position should consult their own professional advisers.

Withholding of Tax on Interest

If the Notes are and continue to be listed on a recognised stock exchange within the meaning of section 1005 of the Income Tax Act 2007, payments of interest by the relevant Issuer on the Notes may be made without withholding or deduction for or on account of United Kingdom income tax. The London Stock Exchange is such a recognised stock exchange. Securities will be treated as listed on the London Stock Exchange if they are included in the Official List (within the meaning of, and in accordance with, the provisions of Part 6 of the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000) and are admitted to trading on the London Stock Exchange. Provided, therefore, that the Notes are and remain so listed, payments of interest by the relevant Issuer on the Notes may be made without withholding or deduction for or on account of United Kingdom income tax.

If the Notes have a maturity date of less than one year from the date of issue and they are not issued with the intention, or pursuant to any scheme or arrangement the effect of which is, to render such Notes part of a borrowing intended to be capable of remaining outstanding for a total term of one year or more, payments of interest on such Notes may be made by the relevant Issuer without withholding or deduction for or on account of United Kingdom income tax.

Interest on the Notes may also be paid by the relevant Issuer without withholding or deduction for or on account of United Kingdom income tax where interest on the Notes is paid by a company and broadly, at the time the relevant payment is made, that company reasonably believes (and any person by or through whom interest on the Notes is paid reasonably believes) that the beneficial owner of such interest is within the charge to United Kingdom corporation tax as regards the payment of such interest or falls within a list of specified entities and bodies, provided that HMRC has not given a direction (in circumstances where it has reasonable grounds to believe that this exemption is not available in respect of such payment of interest at the time the payment is made) that the interest should be paid under deduction of tax.

In other cases, an amount must generally be withheld from payments of interest that has a United Kingdom source on the Notes on account of United Kingdom income tax at the basic rate (currently 20 per cent.), subject to the availability of other reliefs. However, where an applicable double tax treaty provides for a lower rate of withholding tax (or for no tax to be withheld) in relation to a Noteholder, HMRC can issue a notice to the Issuer to pay interest to the Noteholder without deduction of tax (or for interest to be paid with tax deducted at the rate provided for in the relevant double tax treaty, as applicable).

Provision of Information

Noteholders may wish to note that, in certain circumstances, HMRC has power to obtain information relating to the Notes. Such information may include details of the beneficial owners of the Notes (or the persons for whom the Notes are held), details of the persons to whom payments derived from the Notes are or may be paid and information and documents in connection with transactions relating to the Notes. Information may be required to be provided by, amongst others, the holders of the Notes, persons by (or via) whom payments derived from the Notes are made or who receive (or would be entitled to receive) such payments, persons who effect or are a party to transactions relating to the Notes on behalf of others and certain registrars or administrators. HMRC has indicated that it will not use its information-gathering powers relating to interest and payments treated as interest to obtain information about amounts

payable on the redemption of deeply discounted securities which are paid before 6 April 2015. HMRC has not given any indication about whether it might use its other information-gathering powers to obtain information about such payments. Any information obtained by HMRC may, in certain circumstances, be provided to authorities in other jurisdictions.

Payments in respect of the Guarantee

If the Guarantor makes any payments in respect of interest that has a United Kingdom source on the Notes (or other amounts due under the Notes other than the repayment of amounts subscribed for under the Notes), such payments may be subject to United Kingdom withholding tax at the basic rate (currently 20 per cent.), subject to the availability of other reliefs or to any direction to the contrary from HMRC in respect of such relief as may be available pursuant to the provisions of any applicable double taxation treaty.

Foreign Account Tax Compliance Act

Sections 1471 through 1474 of the U.S. Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (“**FATCA**”) impose a new reporting regime and potentially a 30% withholding tax with respect to certain payments to any non-U.S. financial institution (a “foreign financial institution”, or “**FFI**” (as defined by FATCA)) that does not become a “**Participating FFI**” by entering into an agreement with the U.S. Internal Revenue Service (“**IRS**”) to provide the IRS with certain information in respect of its account holders and investors or is not otherwise exempt from or in deemed compliance with FATCA. Each Issuer may be classified as an FFI.

The new withholding regime is now in effect for payments from sources within the United States and will apply to “**foreign passthru payments**” (a term not yet defined) no earlier than 1 January 2017. This withholding would potentially apply to payments in respect of (i) any Notes characterised as debt (or which are not otherwise characterised as equity and have a fixed term) for U.S. federal tax purposes that are issued after the “**grandfathering date**”, which is the date that is six months after the date on which final U.S. Treasury regulations defining the term foreign passthru payment are filed with the Federal Register, or which are materially modified after the grandfathering date and (ii) any Notes characterised as equity or which do not have a fixed term for U.S. federal tax purposes, whenever issued. If Notes are issued on or before the grandfathering date, and additional Notes of the same series are issued after that date, the additional Notes may not be treated as grandfathered, which may have negative consequences for the existing Notes, including a negative impact on market price.

The United States and a number of other jurisdictions have entered into intergovernmental agreements to facilitate the implementation of FATCA (each, an “**IGA**”). Pursuant to FATCA and the “Model 1” and “Model 2” IGAs released by the United States, an FFI in an IGA signatory country could be treated as a “**Reporting FI**” not subject to withholding under FATCA on any payments it receives. Further, an FFI in an IGA jurisdiction would generally not be required to withhold under FATCA or an IGA (or any law implementing an IGA) (any such withholding being “**FATCA Withholding**”) from payments it makes. Under each Model IGA, a Reporting FI would still be required to report certain information in respect of its account holders and investors to its home government or to the IRS. The United States and the United Kingdom have entered into an agreement based largely on the Model 1 IGA.

Whilst the Notes are in global form and held within the ICSDs, it is expected that FATCA will not affect the amount of any payments made under, or in respect of, the Notes by the relevant Issuer, the Guarantor or any paying agent, as the case may be, given that each of the entities in the payment chain between the Issuer and the participants in the ICSDs is a major financial institution whose business is dependent on compliance with FATCA and that any alternative approach introduced under an IGA will be unlikely to affect the Notes. The documentation expressly contemplates the possibility that the Notes may go into definitive form and therefore that they may be taken out of the ICSDs. If this were to happen, then a non-FATCA compliant holder could be subject to FATCA Withholding. However, definitive Notes will only be printed in remote circumstances.

FATCA is particularly complex and its application is uncertain at this time. The above description is based in part on regulations, official guidance and model IGAs, all of which are subject to change or may be implemented in a materially different form. Prospective investors should consult their tax advisers on how these rules may apply to the Issuer and to payments they may receive in connection with the Notes.

EU Savings Directive

Under Council Directive 2003/48/EC on the taxation of savings income, Member States are required to provide to the tax authorities of other Member States details of certain payments of interest or similar income paid or secured by a person established in its jurisdiction to or for the benefit of an individual resident in another Member State or certain limited types of entities established in that other Member State.

On 24 March 2014, the Council of the European Union adopted a Council Directive amending and broadening the scope of the requirements described above. Member States are required to apply these new requirements from 1 January 2017. The changes will expand the range of payments covered by the Directive, in particular to include additional types of income payable on securities. They will also expand the circumstances in which payments must be reported. This approach will apply to payments made to, or secured for, persons, entities or legal arrangements (including trusts) where certain conditions are satisfied, and may in some cases apply where the person, entity or arrangement is established or effectively managed outside of the European Union.

For a transitional period, Austria is instead required (unless during that period it elects otherwise) to operate a withholding system in relation to such payments. The changes referred to above will broaden the types of payments subject to withholding in those Member States which operate a withholding system when they are implemented.

The end of the transitional period is dependent upon the conclusion of certain other agreements relating to information exchange with certain other countries. A number of non-EU countries and territories including Switzerland have adopted similar measures (a withholding system in the case of Switzerland).

If a payment were to be made or collected through a Member State which has opted for a withholding system and an amount of, or in respect of, tax were to be withheld from that payment, neither the Issuer nor the Guarantor nor any Paying Agent (as defined in the Conditions of the Notes) nor any other person would be obliged to pay additional amounts with respect to any Note as a result of the imposition of such withholding tax.

Each Issuer is required to maintain a Paying Agent in a Member State that is not obliged to withhold or deduct tax pursuant to the Directive any law implementing the Savings Directive or any other Directive implementing the conclusions of the ECOFIN Council meeting of 26-27 November 2000. However, investors should be aware that any custodians or intermediaries through which they hold their interest in the Notes may nonetheless be obliged to withhold or deduct tax pursuant to such laws unless the investor meets certain conditions, including providing any information that may be necessary to enable such persons to make payments free from withholding and in compliance with the Savings Directive, as amended.

The Proposed Financial Transactions Tax (“FTT”)

On 14 February 2013, the European Commission published a proposal (the “**Commission’s Proposal**”) for a Directive for a common FTT in Belgium, Germany, Estonia, Greece, Spain, France, Italy, Austria, Portugal, Slovenia and Slovakia (the “**participating Member States**”).

The Commission’s Proposal has very broad scope and could, if introduced, apply to certain dealings in Notes (including secondary market transactions) in certain circumstances. The issuance and subscription of Notes should, however, be exempt.

Under the Commission’s Proposal the FTT could apply in certain circumstances to persons both within and outside of the participating Member States. Generally, it would apply to certain dealings in Notes where at least one party is a financial institution, and at least one party is established in a participating Member State. A financial institution may be, or be deemed to be, “established” in a participating Member State in a broad range of circumstances, including (a) by transacting with a person established in a participating Member State or (b) where the financial instrument which is subject to the dealings is issued in a participating Member State.

Joint statements issued by participating Member States indicate an intention to implement the FTT by 1 January 2016. However the FTT proposal remains subject to negotiation between the participating Member States and the scope of any such tax is uncertain. Additional EU Member States may decide to participate. Prospective holders of Notes are advised to seek their own professional advice in relation to the FTT.

SUBSCRIPTION AND SALE

The Dealers have, in a programme agreement (such Programme Agreement as modified and/or supplemented and/or restated from time to time, the “**Programme Agreement**”) dated 17 April 2013, agreed with the Issuers and (in the case of Guaranteed Notes) the Guarantor a basis upon which they or any of them may from time to time agree to purchase Notes. Any such agreement will extend to those matters stated under “*Form of the Notes*” and “*Terms and Conditions of the Notes*”. In the Programme Agreement, the relevant Issuer (failing which, the Guarantor) has agreed to reimburse the Dealers for certain of their expenses in connection with any update of the Programme and the issue of Notes under the Programme and to indemnify the Dealers against certain liabilities incurred by them in connection therewith.

United States

The Notes have not been and will not be registered under the Securities Act and may not be offered or sold within the United States or to, or for the account or benefit of, U.S. persons except in certain transactions exempt from the registration requirements of the Securities Act. Terms used in this paragraph have the meanings given to them by Regulation S under the Securities Act.

The Notes are subject to U.S. tax law requirements and may not be offered, sold or delivered within the United States or its possessions or to a United States person, except in certain transactions permitted by U.S. Treasury regulations. Terms used in this paragraph have the meanings given to them by the U.S. Internal Revenue Code of 1986 and Treasury regulations promulgated thereunder. The applicable Final Terms will identify whether TEFRA C rules or TEFRA D rules apply or whether TEFRA is not applicable.

Each Dealer has represented and agreed, and each further Dealer appointed under the Programme will be required to represent and agree, that it will not offer, sell or deliver Notes (i) as part of their distribution at any time or (ii) otherwise until 40 days after the completion of the distribution, as determined and certified by the relevant Dealer or, in the case of an issue of Notes on a syndicated basis, the relevant lead manager, of all Notes of the Tranche of which such Notes are a part, within the United States or to, or for the account or benefit of, U.S. persons. Each Dealer has further agreed, and each further Dealer appointed under the Programme will be required to agree, that it will send to each dealer to which it sells any Notes during the distribution compliance period a confirmation or other notice setting forth the restrictions on offers and sales of the Notes within the United States or to, or for the account or benefit of, U.S. persons. Terms used in this paragraph have the meanings given to them by Regulation S under the Securities Act.

Until 40 days after the commencement of the offering of any Series of Notes, an offer or sale of such Notes within the United States by any dealer (whether or not participating in the offering) may violate the registration requirements of the Securities Act if such offer or sale is made otherwise than in accordance with an available exemption from registration under the Securities Act.

Public Offer Selling Restriction under the Prospectus Directive

In relation to each Member State of the European Economic Area which has implemented the Prospectus Directive (each, a “**Relevant Member State**”), each Dealer has represented and agreed, and each further Dealer appointed under the Programme will be required to represent and agree, that with effect from and including the date on which the Prospectus Directive is implemented in that Relevant Member State (the “**Relevant Implementation Date**”) it has not made and will not make an offer of Notes which are the subject of the offering contemplated by this Offering Circular as completed by the final terms in relation thereto to the public in that Relevant Member State except that it may, with effect from and including the Relevant Implementation Date, make an offer of such Notes to the public in that Relevant Member State:

- (a) at any time to any legal entity which is a qualified investor as defined in the Prospectus Directive;
- (b) at any time to fewer than 100 or, if the Relevant Member State has implemented the relevant provision of the 2010 PD Amending Directive, 150, natural or legal persons (other than qualified investors as defined in the Prospectus Directive) subject to obtaining the prior consent of the relevant Dealer or Dealers nominated by the Issuer for any such offer; or
- (c) at any time in any other circumstances falling within Article 3(2) of the Prospectus Directive,

provided that no such offer of Notes referred to in (a) to (c) above shall require the relevant Issuer or any Dealer to publish a prospectus pursuant to Article 3 of the Prospectus Directive or supplement a prospectus pursuant to Article 16 of the Prospectus Directive.

For the purposes of this provision:

- the expression an **“offer of Notes to the public”** in relation to any Notes in any Relevant Member State means the communication in any form and by any means of sufficient information on the terms of the offer and the Notes to be offered so as to enable an investor to decide to purchase or subscribe the Notes, as the same may be varied in that Member State by any measure implementing the Prospectus Directive in that Member State;
- the expression **“Prospectus Directive”** means Directive 2003/71/EC (and amendments thereto, including 2010 PD Amending Directive, to the extent implemented in the Relevant Member State), and includes any relevant implementing measure in the Relevant Member State; and
- the expression **“2010 PD Amending Directive”** means a Directive 2010/73/EU.

United Kingdom

Each Dealer has represented and agreed, and each further Dealer appointed under the Programme will be required to represent and agree, that:

- (a) in relation to any Notes which have a maturity of less than one year, (i) it is a person whose ordinary activities involve it in acquiring, holding, managing or disposing of investments (as principal or agent) for the purposes of its business and (ii) it has not offered or sold and will not offer or sell any Notes other than to persons whose ordinary activities involve them in acquiring, holding, managing or disposing of investments (as principal or as agent) for the purposes of their businesses or who it is reasonable to expect will acquire, hold, manage or dispose of investments (as principal or agent) for the purposes of their businesses where the issue of the Notes would otherwise constitute a contravention of section 19 of the FSMA by the Issuer;
- (b) it has only communicated or caused to be communicated and will only communicate or cause to be communicated an invitation or inducement to engage in investment activity (within the meaning of section 21 of the FSMA) received by it in connection with the issue or sale of any Notes in circumstances in which section 21(1) of the FSMA does not apply to the Issuer or (in the case of Guaranteed Notes) the Guarantor; and
- (c) it has complied and will comply with all applicable provisions of the FSMA with respect to anything done by it in relation to any Notes in, from or otherwise involving the United Kingdom.

Japan

The Notes have not been and will not be registered under the Financial Instruments and Exchange Act of Japan (Act No. 25 of 1948, as amended, the **“FIEA”**) and each Dealer has represented and agreed, and each further Dealer appointed under the Programme will be required to represent and agree, that it will not offer or sell any Notes, directly or indirectly, in Japan or to, or for the benefit of, any resident of Japan (as defined under Item 5, Paragraph 1, Article 6 of the Foreign Exchange and Foreign Trade Act (Act No. 228 of 1949, as amended)), or to others for re-offering or resale, directly or indirectly, in Japan or to, or for the benefit of, a resident of Japan, except pursuant to an exemption from the registration requirements of, and otherwise in compliance with, the FIEA and any other applicable laws, regulations and ministerial guidelines of Japan.

France

Each of the Dealers and the Issuer has represented and agreed and each further Dealer appointed under the Programme will be required to represent and agree that it has not offered or sold and will not offer or sell, directly or indirectly, Notes to the public in France, and it has not distributed or caused to be distributed and will not distribute or cause to be distributed to the public in France, the Offering Circular, the relevant Final Terms or any other offering material relating to the Notes and such offers, sales and distributions have been and will be made in France only to (a) providers of investment services relating to portfolio management for the account of third parties, and/or (b) qualified investors (*investisseurs qualifiés*) other than individuals, all as defined in, and in accordance with, articles L.411-1, L.411-2 and D.411-1 to D.411-3 of the French *Code monétaire et financier*.

The Netherlands

Each Dealer has represented and agreed and each further Dealer appointed under the Programme will be required to represent and agree, that any Notes will only be offered in The Netherlands to qualified investors (as defined in the EU Prospectus Directive), or is made in accordance with section 5:20(5) of the Dutch Financial Supervision Act (*Wet op het financieel toezicht*).

General

Each Dealer has agreed and each further Dealer appointed under the Programme will be required to agree that it will (to the best of its knowledge and belief having made all reasonable enquiries) comply with all applicable securities laws and regulations in force in any jurisdiction in which it purchases, offers, sells or delivers Notes or possesses or distributes this Offering Circular and will obtain any consent, approval or permission required by it for the purchase, offer, sale or delivery by it of Notes under the laws and regulations in force in any jurisdiction to which it is subject or in which it makes such purchases, offers, sales or deliveries and neither the Issuers, the Guarantor, the Trustee nor any of the other Dealers shall have any responsibility therefor. Each of the Dealers has agreed to ensure that (to the best of its knowledge and belief having made all reasonable enquiries) no obligations are or will be imposed on any of the Issuers or the Guarantor (in the case of Guaranteed Notes) in any such jurisdiction as a result of the foregoing actions.

None of the Issuers, the Guarantor, the Trustee and the Dealers represents that Notes may at any time lawfully be sold in compliance with any applicable registration or other requirements in any jurisdiction, or pursuant to any exemption available thereunder, or assumes any responsibility for facilitating such sale.

With regard to each Tranche, the relevant Dealer will be required to comply with such other restrictions agreed between the relevant Issuer (if applicable), the Guarantor and the relevant Dealer.

GENERAL INFORMATION

1. Authorisation

The update of the Programme and the issue of Notes (and, in the case of the Guarantor, the giving of the Guarantee) have been duly authorised by resolutions of the Board of Directors of Anglo American plc dated 12 February 2013 and 4 December 2014 and of the Board of Directors of Anglo American Capital plc dated 12 February 2013.

2. Listing of Notes

The admission of Notes issued under the Programme to the Official List and to trading on the London Stock Exchange's regulated market is expected to take effect on or about 19 March 2015. It is expected that Notes will be admitted to listing and trading upon submission to the UK Listing Authority of the applicable Final Terms and subject only to the issue of a Global Note or Notes initially representing such Notes. The listing of the Programme in respect of the Notes is expected to be granted on or before 19 March 2015.

3. Documents Available on Display

For the period of 12 months following the date of this Offering Circular copies of the following documents (where relevant to that issuer) will, when published, be available for inspection during normal business hours from the registered office of each Issuer and from the specified offices of the Paying Agents for the time being in London:

- (a) the Memorandum and Articles of Association of Anglo American plc and Anglo American Capital plc;
- (b) the audited non-consolidated annual financial statements in respect of the financial years ended 31 December 2013 and 2014 in each case together with the audit reports prepared in connection therewith of Anglo American Capital plc;
- (c) the audited consolidated annual financial statements in respect of the financial years ended 31 December 2013 and 2014 in each case together with the audit reports prepared in connection therewith and the most recent interim consolidated financial statements (if any) of Anglo American plc;
- (d) the Trust Deed, the Agency Agreement and the forms of the Global Notes, the Notes in definitive form, the Coupons and the Talons;
- (e) a copy of this Offering Circular; and
- (f) any future offering circulars, prospectuses, information memoranda and supplements and Final Terms to this Offering Circular and any other documents incorporated herein or therein by reference.

4. Clearing Systems

The Notes have been accepted for clearance through Euroclear and Clearstream, Luxembourg (which are the entities in charge of keeping the records). The appropriate Common Code and ISIN for each Tranche of Notes allocated by Euroclear and Clearstream, Luxembourg will be specified in the applicable Final Terms. If the Notes are to clear through an additional or alternative clearing system the appropriate information will be specified in the applicable Final Terms.

The address of Euroclear is Euroclear Bank SA/NV, 1 Boulevard du Roi Albert II, B-1210 Brussels and the address of Clearstream, Luxembourg is Clearstream Banking, 42 Avenue JF Kennedy, L-1855 Luxembourg.

5. Conditions for determining price

The price and amount of Notes to be issued under the Programme will be determined by the relevant Issuer and the relevant Dealer at the time of issue in accordance with prevailing market conditions.

6. Yield

In relation to any Tranche of Fixed Rate Notes, an indication of yield in respect of such Notes will be specified in the applicable Final Terms.

The yield will be calculated at the Issue Date on the basis of the Issue Price. It will not be an indication of future yield.

7. Financial and Trading Position

There has been no significant change in the financial or trading position of the Issuers or the Group since 31 December 2014 being the date of the last published financial statements and there has been no material adverse change in the financial position or prospects of Anglo American and Anglo American Capital since 31 December 2014.

8. Litigation

Save as disclosed in the section “*Description of Anglo American plc and the Anglo American Group — Litigation and Related Matters*” of this Offering Circular (pages 50 to 51 inclusive), there are no governmental, legal or arbitration proceedings (including any proceedings which are pending or threatened of which either Issuer or the Guarantor is aware) in the 12 months preceding the date of this document which may have or have had a significant effect on the financial position or profitability of either of the Issuers or the Guarantor or their respective groups.

9. Auditors

The auditors of Anglo American and Anglo American Capital are Deloitte LLP of 2 New Street Square, London EC4A 3BZ, who are Chartered Accountants and Registered Auditors with the Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales. Deloitte LLP, who have audited Anglo American plc’s accounts, without qualification, in accordance with IFRS for each of the financial years ended 31 December 2013 and 31 December 2014 and who have audited Anglo American Capital plc’s accounts, without qualification, in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards in the United Kingdom for each of the financial years ended 31 December 2013 and 31 December 2014. The auditors of the Issuers have no material interest in Anglo American and Anglo American Capital.

10. Post-issuance information

Anglo American and Anglo American Capital do not intend to provide any post issuance information in relation to any issues of Notes.

11. Dealers transacting with the Issuer

Certain of the Dealers and their affiliates have engaged, and may in the future engage, in investment banking and/or commercial banking transactions with, and may perform services to each of the Issuers, the Guarantor and their affiliates in the ordinary course of business.

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