

PROSPECTUS

Close Brothers

Close Brothers Finance plc

(incorporated with limited liability in England and Wales with registered number 4322721)

£1,000,000,000

Euro Medium Term Note Programme

guaranteed by

Close Brothers Limited

(incorporated with limited liability in England and Wales with registered number 195626)

Under this £1,000,000,000 Euro Medium Term Note Programme (the "**Programme**"), Close Brothers Finance plc (the "**Issuer**") may from time to time issue notes (the "**Notes**") denominated in any currency agreed between the Issuer and the relevant Dealer (as defined below).

The payment of all amounts due in respect of the Notes will be unconditionally and irrevocably guaranteed by Close Brothers Limited (the "**Parent Guarantor**") on an unsubordinated basis.

Notes may be issued in bearer or registered form (respectively "Bearer Notes" and "Registered Notes"). The maximum aggregate nominal amount of all Notes from time to time outstanding under the Programme will not exceed £1,000,000,000 (or its equivalent in other currencies calculated as set out in the Programme Agreement described herein), subject to increase as described herein.

The Notes may be issued on a continuing basis to one or more of the Dealers specified under "**General Description of the Programme**" and any additional Dealer appointed under the Programme from time to time by the Issuer (each a "**Dealer**" and together the "**Dealers**"), which appointment may be for a specific issue or on an ongoing basis. References in this Prospectus to the "relevant Dealer" shall, in the case of an issue of Notes being (or intended to be) subscribed by more than one Dealer, be to all Dealers agreeing to subscribe for such Notes.

An investment in Notes issued under the Programme involves certain risks. For a discussion of these risks, see "Risk Factors".

Application has been made to the Financial Conduct Authority in its capacity as competent authority (the "**UK Listing Authority**") for Notes issued under the Programme during the period of 12 months from the date of this Prospectus to be admitted to the official list of the UK Listing Authority (the "**Official List**") and to the London Stock Exchange plc (the "**London Stock Exchange**") for such Notes to be admitted to trading on the London Stock Exchange's Regulated Market.

The Programme provides that Notes may be listed or admitted to trading, as the case may be, on such other or further stock exchanges or markets as may be agreed between the Issuer, the Parent Guarantor and the relevant Dealer.

References in this Prospectus to Notes being "listed" (and all related references) shall mean that such Notes have been admitted to trading on the London Stock Exchange's Regulated Market and have been admitted to the Official List. The London Stock Exchange's Regulated Market is a regulated market for the purposes of Directive 2004/39/EC (the "**Markets in Financial Instruments Directive**").

The Issuer has been assigned a Long Term/Short Term rating of A3 / P-2 (ratings under review for possible downgrade) by Moody's Investors Service Limited ("**Moody's**"). The Parent Guarantor has been assigned a Long Term/Short Term rating of A / F1 by Fitch Ratings Limited ("**Fitch**") and a Long Term/Short Term rating of A3 / P-2 (ratings under review for possible downgrade) by Moody's. Each of Fitch and Moody's is established in the European Union and is registered under the Regulation 1060/2009/EC (as amended) of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 September 2009 on credit rating agencies. Notes issued under the Programme may be rated or unrated by either of the rating agencies referred to above. Where a Tranche of Notes is rated, such rating will be disclosed in the Final Terms and will not necessarily be the same as the rating assigned to the Programme by the relevant rating agency. A rating is not a recommendation to buy, sell or hold securities and may be subject to suspension, reduction or withdrawal at any time by the assigning rating agency.

Notice of the aggregate nominal amount of Notes, interest (if any) payable in respect of Notes, the issue price of Notes and certain other information which is applicable to each Tranche of Notes will be set out in the final terms document (the "Final Terms"), which, will be delivered to the UK Listing Authority and the London Stock Exchange. Copies of Final Terms will also be published on the website of the London Stock Exchange through a regulatory information service.

Arranger

The Royal Bank of Scotland

Dealers

Barclays Bank PLC

HSBC

The Royal Bank of Scotland

Danske Bank

Société Générale Corporate & Investment Banking

UBS Investment Bank

The date of this Prospectus is 26 July 2013

In this document, references to the “Issuer” are to Close Brothers Finance plc; references to “CBL” or the “Parent Guarantor” are to Close Brothers Limited; and references to the “Group” are references to CBL and its subsidiaries.

This Prospectus comprises a base prospectus for the purposes of Article 5.4 of Directive 2003/71/EC as amended (which includes the amendments made by Directive 2010/73/EU to the extent that such amendments have been implemented in a relevant Member State of the European Economic Area) (the “Prospectus Directive”). This Prospectus supersedes the Prospectus dated 4 May, 2012 and is valid for a period of 12 months from the date hereof. Any Notes issued under the Programme by the completion of the Final Terms on or after the date of this Prospectus are issued subject to the provisions of this Prospectus. This does not affect any Notes issued prior to the date hereof.

The Issuer and the Parent Guarantor accept responsibility for the information contained in this Prospectus and the Final Terms for each Tranche of Notes issued under the Programme.

To the best of the knowledge of the Issuer and the Parent Guarantor (each having taken all reasonable care to ensure that such is the case) the information contained in this Prospectus is in accordance with the facts and does not omit anything likely to affect the import of such information.

This Prospectus is to be read in conjunction with all documents which are deemed to be incorporated herein by reference (see “Documents Incorporated by Reference”). This Prospectus shall be read and construed on the basis that such documents are incorporated and form part of this Prospectus.

Neither the Dealers nor Citicorp Trustee Company Limited (the “Trustee”) have independently verified the information contained herein. Accordingly, no representation, warranty or undertaking, express or implied, is made, and no responsibility or liability is accepted, by the Dealers or the Trustee as to the accuracy or completeness of the information contained or incorporated in this Prospectus or any other information provided by the Issuer or the Parent Guarantor in connection with the Programme. Neither the Dealers nor the Trustee accept any liability in relation to the information contained or incorporated by reference in this Prospectus or any other information provided by the Issuer or the Parent Guarantor in connection with the Programme.

No person is or has been authorised by the Issuer, the Parent Guarantor, the Dealers or the Trustee to give any information or to make any representation not contained in or not consistent with this Prospectus or any other information supplied in connection with the Programme or the Notes and, if given or made, such information or representation must not be relied upon as having been authorised by the Issuer, the Parent Guarantor, any of the Dealers or the Trustee.

Neither this Prospectus nor any other information supplied in connection with the Programme or any Notes (a) is intended to provide the basis of any credit or other evaluation or (b) should be considered as a recommendation by the Issuer, the Parent Guarantor, any of the Dealers or the Trustee that any recipient of this Prospectus or any other information supplied in connection with the Programme or any Notes should purchase any Notes. Each investor contemplating purchasing any Notes should make its

own independent investigation of the financial condition and affairs, and its own appraisal of the creditworthiness, of the Issuer and/or the Parent Guarantor. Neither this Prospectus nor any other information supplied in connection with the Programme or the issue of any Notes constitutes an offer or invitation by or on behalf of the Issuer, the Parent Guarantor, any of the Dealers or the Trustee to any person to subscribe for or to purchase any Notes.

Neither the delivery of this Prospectus, nor the offering, sale or delivery of any Notes, shall in any circumstances imply that the information contained herein concerning the Issuer and/or the Parent Guarantor is correct at any time subsequent to the date hereof, or that any other information supplied in connection with the Programme is correct as of any time subsequent to the date indicated in the document containing the same. The Dealers and the Trustee expressly do not undertake to review the financial condition or affairs of the Issuer or the Parent Guarantor during the life of the Programme or to advise any investor in the Notes of any information coming to their attention.

Each potential investor in the Notes must determine the suitability of that investment in light of its own circumstances. In particular, each potential investor may wish to consider, either on its own or with the help of its financial and other professional advisers, whether it:

- (i) has sufficient knowledge and experience to make a meaningful evaluation of the Notes, the merits and risks of investing in the Notes and the information contained, or incorporated by reference, in this Prospectus or any applicable supplement;
- (ii) has access to, and knowledge of, appropriate analytical tools to evaluate, in the context of its particular financial situation, an investment in the Notes and the impact the Notes will have on its overall investment portfolio;
- (iii) has sufficient financial resources and liquidity to bear all of the risks of an investment in the Notes where the currency for principal or interest payments is different from the potential investor's currency;
- (iv) understands thoroughly the terms of the Notes and is familiar with the behaviour of financial markets; and
- (v) is able to evaluate possible scenarios for economic, interest rate and other factors that may affect its investment and its ability to bear the applicable risks.

Some Notes are complex financial instruments. Sophisticated institutional investors generally do not purchase complex financial instruments as stand-alone investments. They purchase complex financial instruments as a way to reduce risk or enhance yield with an understood, measured, appropriate addition of risk to their overall portfolios. A potential investor should not invest in Notes which are complex financial instruments unless it has the expertise (either alone or with a financial adviser) to evaluate how the Notes will perform under changing conditions, the resulting effects on the value of the Notes and the impact this investment will have on the potential investor's overall investment portfolio.

Legal investment considerations may restrict certain investments. The investment activities of certain investors are subject to legal investment laws and regulations, or review or regulation by certain authorities. Each potential investor should consult its legal advisers to determine whether and to what extent (1) Notes are legal investments for it, (2) Notes can be used as collateral for various types of borrowing and (3) other restrictions apply to its purchase or pledge of any Notes. Financial institutions should consult their legal advisers or the appropriate regulators to determine the appropriate treatment of Notes under any applicable risk-based capital or similar rules.

The Notes have not been and will not be registered under the U.S. Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the “Securities Act”) or any state securities laws, and may not be offered or sold within the United States or to, or for the account or benefit of, U.S. persons unless the Notes are registered under the Securities Act or an exemption from the registration requirements of the Securities Act is available. The Notes are being offered and sold only to non-U.S. persons outside the United States in reliance upon Regulation S under the Securities Act (“Regulation S”), see “Subscription and Sale”.

This Prospectus does not constitute an offer to sell or the solicitation of an offer to buy any Notes in any jurisdiction to any person to whom it is unlawful to make the offer or solicitation in such jurisdiction. The distribution of this Prospectus and the offer or sale of Notes may be restricted by law in certain jurisdictions. The Issuer, the Parent Guarantor, the Dealers and the Trustee do not represent that this Prospectus may be lawfully distributed, or that any Notes may be lawfully offered, in compliance with any applicable registration or other requirements in any such jurisdiction, or pursuant to an exemption available thereunder, or assume any responsibility for facilitating any such distribution or offering. In particular, no action has been taken by the Issuer, the Parent Guarantor, the Dealers or the Trustee which is intended to permit a public offering of any Notes or distribution of this Prospectus in any jurisdiction where action for that purpose is required. Accordingly, no Notes may be offered or sold, directly or indirectly, and neither this Prospectus nor any advertisement or other offering material may be distributed or published in any jurisdiction, except under circumstances that will result in compliance with any applicable laws and regulations. Persons into whose possession this Prospectus or any Notes may come must inform themselves about, and observe, any such restrictions on the distribution of this Prospectus and the offering and sale of Notes. In particular, there are restrictions on the distribution of this Prospectus and the offer or sale of Notes in the United States, European Economic Area (including the United Kingdom, The Netherlands and Italy), Japan, Singapore and Hong Kong, see “Subscription and Sale”.

This Prospectus has been prepared on a basis that would permit an offer of Notes with a denomination of less than €100,000 (or its equivalent in any other currency) only in circumstances where there is an exemption from the obligation under the Prospectus Directive to publish a prospectus. As a result, any offer of Notes in any Member State of the European Economic Area which has implemented the Prospectus Directive (each, a “Relevant Member State”) must be made pursuant to an exemption under the Prospectus Directive, as implemented in that Relevant Member State, from the requirement to publish a prospectus for offers of Notes. Accordingly, any person making or intending to make an offer of Notes in that Relevant Member State may only do so in circumstances in which no obligation arises for the Issuer or any Dealer to publish a prospectus pursuant to Article 3 of the Prospectus Directive or to supplement a prospectus pursuant to Article

16 of the Prospectus Directive, in each case, in relation to such offer. Neither the Issuer nor any Dealer has authorised, nor do they authorise, the making of any offer of Notes in circumstances in which an obligation arises for the Issuer or any Dealer to publish or supplement a prospectus for such offer.

All references in this document to “U.S. dollars”, “U.S.\$” and “\$” refer to United States dollars. In addition, all references to “Sterling” and “£” refer to pounds sterling and to “euro” and “€” refer to the currency introduced at the start of the third stage of European economic and monetary union pursuant to the Treaty on the functioning of the European Union, as amended.

This Prospectus may only be used for the purposes for which it has been published.

The Issuer and the Parent Guarantor may agree with any Dealer and the Trustee that Notes may be issued in a form not contemplated by the Terms and Conditions of the Notes herein, in which event (in the case of Notes admitted to the Official List only) further listing particulars, if appropriate, will be made available which will describe the effect of the agreement reached in relation to such Notes.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	<i>Page</i>
DOCUMENTS INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE	2
GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF THE PROGRAMME	3
RISK FACTORS	8
FORM OF THE NOTES	30
FORM OF FINAL TERMS	35
TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF THE NOTES	43
USE OF PROCEEDS	81
CLOSE BROTHERS FINANCE PLC	82
CLOSE BROTHERS LIMITED	83
TAXATION	86
SUBSCRIPTION AND SALE	89
GENERAL INFORMATION	95

In connection with the issue of any Tranche of Notes, the Dealer or Dealers (if any) named as the Stabilising Manager(s) (or any person acting on behalf of any Stabilising Manager(s)) in the applicable Final Terms may over-allot Notes or effect transactions with a view to supporting the market price of the Notes at a level higher than that which might otherwise prevail. However, there is no assurance that the Stabilising Manager(s) (or any person acting on behalf of any Stabilising Manager) will undertake stabilisation action. Any stabilisation action or over-allotment may begin on or after the date on which adequate public disclosure of the terms of the offer of the relevant Tranche of Notes is made and, if begun, may be ended at any time, but it must end no later than the earlier of 30 days after the issue date of the relevant Tranche of Notes and 60 days after the date of the allotment of the relevant Tranche of Notes. Any stabilisation action or over-allotment must be conducted by the relevant Stabilising Manager(s) (or any person acting on behalf of any Stabilising Manager(s)) in accordance with all applicable laws and rules.

DOCUMENTS INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE

The following documents which have previously been published and have been filed with the Financial Services Authority shall be incorporated in, and form part of, this Prospectus:

- (a) the auditors' report and audited annual non-consolidated financial statements of the Issuer for the financial years ended 31 July, 2011 and 31 July, 2012, respectively, which appear on pages 4 to 11 of the annual report of the Issuer for the year ended 31 July, 2011 and on pages 4 to 11 of the annual report of the Issuer for the year ended 31 July, 2012 and the auditors report and audited consolidated annual financial statements of the Parent Guarantor for the financial years ended 31 July, 2011 and 31 July, 2012, respectively, which appear on pages 9 to 40 (inclusive) of the annual report of the Parent Guarantor for the year ended 31 July, 2011 and on pages 9 to 41 (inclusive) of the annual report of the Parent Guarantor for the year ended 31 July, 2012;
- (b) the Memorandum and Articles of Association of the Issuer and the Parent Guarantor.

Following the publication of this Prospectus, a supplement may be prepared by the Issuer and approved by the UK Listing Authority in accordance with Article 16 of the Prospectus Directive. Statements contained in any such supplement (or contained in any document incorporated by reference therein) shall, to the extent applicable (whether expressly, by implication or otherwise), be deemed to modify or supersede statements contained in this Prospectus or in a document which is incorporated by reference in this Prospectus. Any statement so modified or superseded shall not, except as so modified or superseded, constitute a part of this Prospectus.

Any documents themselves incorporated by reference in documents which are deemed to be incorporated in, and to form part of, this Prospectus, shall not form part of this Prospectus for the purposes of the Prospectus Directive.

Certain information contained in the documents listed above has not been incorporated by reference in this Prospectus. Such information is either (i) not considered by the Issuer and the Parent Guarantor to be relevant for prospective investors in the Notes to be issued under the Programme or (ii) is covered elsewhere in this Prospectus.

References in this Prospectus to websites are made for information purposes only and the contents of those websites do not form part of this Prospectus.

Copies of the documents incorporated by reference in this Prospectus can be obtained from the website of the Regulatory News Service operated by the London Stock Exchange at the following address: <http://www.londonstockexchange.com/en-gb/pricesnews/marketnews/>.

The Issuer and the Parent Guarantor will, in the event of any significant new factor, material mistake or inaccuracy relating to information included in this Prospectus which is capable of affecting the assessment of any Notes, prepare a supplement to this Prospectus or publish a new Prospectus for use in connection with any subsequent issue of Notes. The Issuer and the Parent Guarantor have undertaken to the Dealers in the Programme Agreement (as defined in "**Subscription and Sale**") that they will comply with section 87G of the FSMA.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF THE PROGRAMME

The following general description does not purport to be complete and is taken from, and is qualified in its entirety by, the remainder of this Prospectus and, in relation to the terms and conditions of any particular Tranche of Notes, the applicable Final Terms. Words and expressions defined in “Form of the Notes” and “Terms and Conditions of the Notes” below shall have the same meanings in this general description.

The Issuer, the Parent Guarantor and any relevant Dealer may agree that Notes shall be issued in a form other than that contemplated in the Terms and Conditions, in which event, in the case of listed Notes only, and if appropriate, a supplemental Prospectus will be published.

This Description constitutes a general description of the Programme for the purposes of Article 22.5(3) of Commission Regulation (EC) No 809/2004 implementing the Prospectus Directive.

Issuer: Close Brothers Finance plc

Parent Guarantor: Close Brothers Limited

Description: Euro Medium Term Note Programme

Arranger: The Royal Bank of Scotland plc

Dealers: Barclays Bank PLC
Danske Bank A/S
HSBC Bank plc
Société Générale
The Royal Bank of Scotland plc
UBS Limited

and any other Dealers appointed in accordance with the Programme Agreement.

Trustee: Citicorp Trustee Company Limited

Certain Restrictions: Each issue of Notes denominated in a currency in respect of which particular laws, guidelines, regulations, restrictions or reporting requirements apply will only be issued in circumstances which comply with such laws, guidelines, regulations, restrictions or reporting requirements from time to time (see “Subscription and Sale”) including the following restriction applicable at the date of this Prospectus:

Notes having maturity of less than one year

Notes having a maturity of less than one year will constitute deposits for the purposes of the prohibition on accepting deposits contained in section 19 of the FSMA unless they are issued to a limited class of professional investors and have a denomination of at least £100,000 or its equivalent, see

“Subscription and Sale”.

Issuing and Principal Paying Agent:	Citibank, N.A., London Branch
Registrar:	Citigroup Global Markets Deutschland AG
Programme Size:	Up to £1,000,000,000 (or its equivalent in other currencies calculated as described in the Programme Agreement) outstanding at any time. The Issuer and the Parent Guarantor may increase the amount of the Programme in accordance with the terms of the Programme Agreement.
Distribution:	Notes may be distributed by way of private or public placement and in each case on a syndicated or non-syndicated basis.
Currencies:	Subject to any applicable legal or regulatory restrictions, any currency agreed between the Issuer and the relevant Dealer.
Maturities:	The Notes will have such maturities as may be agreed between the Issuer and the relevant Dealer, subject to such minimum or maximum maturities as may be allowed or required from time to time by the relevant central bank (or equivalent body) or any laws or regulations applicable to the Issuer or the relevant Specified Currency.
Issue Price:	Notes may be issued on a fully-paid basis and at an issue price which is at par or at a discount to, or premium over, par.
Form of Notes:	The Notes will be issued in bearer or registered form as described in “Form of the Notes”. Registered Notes will not be exchangeable for Bearer Notes and <i>vice versa</i> .
Fixed Rate Notes:	Fixed interest will be payable on such date or dates as may be agreed between the Issuer and the relevant Dealer and on redemption and will be calculated on the basis of such Day Count Fraction as may be agreed between the Issuer and the relevant Dealer.
Floating Rate Notes:	Floating Rate Notes will bear interest at a rate determined: (i) on the same basis as the floating rate under a notional interest rate swap transaction in the relevant Specified Currency governed by an agreement incorporating the 2006 ISDA Definitions (as published by the International Swaps and Derivatives Association, Inc., and as amended and updated as at the Issue Date of the first Tranche of the Notes of

the relevant Series); or

(ii) on the basis of the reference rate set out in the applicable Final Terms. The margin (if any) relating to such floating rate will be agreed between the Issuer and the relevant Dealer for each Series of Floating Rate Notes.

Floating Rate Notes may also have a maximum interest rate, a minimum interest rate or both. Interest on Floating Rate Notes in respect of each Interest Period, as agreed prior to issue by the Issuer and the relevant Dealer, will be payable on such Interest Payment Dates, and will be calculated on the basis of such Day Count Fraction, as the Issuer and the relevant Dealer may agree.

Zero Coupon Notes:

Zero Coupon Notes may be offered and sold at a discount to their nominal amount and will not bear interest.

Redemption:

The applicable Final Terms will indicate either that the relevant Notes cannot be redeemed prior to their stated maturity (other than for taxation reasons or following an Event of Default) or that such Notes will be redeemable at the option of the Issuer and/or the Noteholders upon giving notice to the Noteholders or the Issuer, as the case may be, on a date or dates specified prior to such stated maturity and at a price or prices and on such other terms as may be agreed between the Issuer and the relevant Dealer.

Notes having a maturity of less than one year may be subject to restrictions on their denomination and distribution, see “Certain Restrictions - Notes having a maturity of less than one year” above.

Denomination of Notes:

Notes will be issued in such denominations as may be agreed between the Issuer and the relevant Dealer, save that the minimum denomination of each Note will be such as may be allowed or required from time to time by the relevant central bank (or equivalent body) or any laws or regulations applicable to the relevant Specified Currency (see “Certain Restrictions - Notes having a maturity of less than one year” above) and save that the minimum denomination of each Note will be €100,000 (or, if the Notes are denominated in a currency other than euro, the equivalent amount in such currency).

Taxation:

All payments in respect of the Notes will be made without withholding or deduction for or on account of taxes imposed by any Tax Jurisdiction, unless such withholding or deduction is required by law. In the event that any such withholding or deduction is made, the Issuer or, as the case may be, the

Parent Guarantor will, save in certain limited circumstances provided in Condition 8 (*Taxation*), be required to pay additional amounts to cover the amounts so withheld or deducted.

Negative Pledge: The terms of the Notes will contain a negative pledge provision, as further described in Condition 4 (*Negative Pledge*).

Cross Default: The terms of the Notes will contain a cross default provision as further described in Condition 10 (*Events of Default*).

Status of the Notes: The Notes will constitute direct, unconditional, unsubordinated and, subject to the provisions of Condition 4 (*Negative Pledge*), unsecured obligations of the Issuer and will rank *pari passu* among themselves and (save for certain obligations required to be preferred by law) equally with all other unsecured obligations (other than subordinated obligations, if any) of the Issuer, from time to time outstanding.

Guarantees: The Notes will be unconditionally and irrevocably guaranteed by the Parent Guarantor on an unsubordinated basis (the “**Guarantee**”).

The payment obligations of the Parent Guarantor under the Guarantee will be direct, unconditional and, subject to the provisions of Condition 4 (*Negative Pledge*), unsecured obligations of the Parent Guarantor and will rank *pari passu* and (save for certain obligations required to be preferred by law) equally with all other unsecured obligations (other than subordinated obligations), if any, of the Parent Guarantor.

Rating: Series of Notes issued under the Programme may be rated or unrated. Where a Series of Notes is rated, such rating will be disclosed in the applicable Final Terms, and will not necessarily be the same as the ratings assigned to the Issuer or the Parent Guarantor. A security rating is not a recommendation to buy, sell or hold securities and may be subject to suspension, reduction or withdrawal at any time by the assigning rating agency.

Listing and admission to trading: Application has been made for Notes issued under the Programme to be listed on the London Stock Exchange.

Governing Law: The Notes, and any non-contractual obligations arising out of or in connection with them, will be governed by, and shall be construed in accordance with, English law.

Selling Restrictions:

There are restrictions on the offer, sale and transfer of the Notes in the United States, the European Economic Area (including the United Kingdom, The Netherlands and Italy), Japan, Singapore and Hong Kong and such other restrictions as may be required in connection with the offering and sale of a particular Tranche of Notes, see "Subscription and Sale".

The Issuer is Category 2 for the purposes of Regulation S under the Securities Act.

RISK FACTORS

Each of the Issuer and the Parent Guarantor believes that the following factors may affect its ability to fulfil its respective obligations under Notes issued under the Programme. Most of these factors are contingencies which may or may not occur and neither the Issuer nor the Parent Guarantor is in a position to express a view on the likelihood of any such contingency occurring.

In addition, factors which are material for the purpose of assessing the market risks associated with Notes issued under the Programme are also described below.

Each of the Issuer and the Parent Guarantor believes that the factors described below represent the principal risks inherent in investing in Notes issued under the Programme, but the Issuer or the Parent Guarantor may be unable to pay interest, principal or other amounts on or in connection with any Notes for other reasons and neither the Issuer nor the Parent Guarantor represent that the statements below regarding the risks of holding any Notes are exhaustive. Prospective investors should also read the detailed information set out elsewhere in this Prospectus and reach their own views prior to making any investment decision.

Terms and expressions defined in the “Terms and Conditions of the Notes” below or elsewhere in this Prospectus have the same meaning when used in this section.

Factors that may affect the Issuer's ability to fulfil its obligations under Notes issued under or in connection with the Programme

The Issuer is a finance vehicle

The Issuer's primary business is the raising of money for the purpose of on-lending to other members of the Group. The Issuer is not an operating company. The Issuer is a special purpose vehicle with no other business other than issuing Notes.

Substantially all of the Issuer's assets are loans and advances made by the Issuer to other members of the Group. The Issuer is, therefore, dependent upon other members of the Group paying interest on, and repaying, their loans in a timely fashion. If any member of the Group failed to pay interest on, or repay, any loan in a timely fashion, this could have a material adverse effect on the ability of the Issuer to fulfil its obligations under the Notes. It is for this reason the Notes are guaranteed. By virtue of its dependence on other Group members, each of the risks described below that affect the Parent Guarantor will also indirectly affect the Issuer.

Factors that may affect the Parent Guarantor's ability to fulfil its obligations under the Guarantee

The Group's risk management measures may not be successful

The management of risk is an integral part of all of the Group's activities. Risk constitutes the Group's exposure to uncertainty and the consequent variability of return. Specifically, risk equates to the adverse effect on profitability or financial condition arising from different sources of uncertainty, including credit risk (retail, wholesale and corporate), market risk, operational risk, securitisation risk, non-traded market risk, concentration risk, liquidity and funding risk,

reputational risk, strategic risk, pension obligation risk, residual value risk and legal and regulatory risk. The Group seeks to monitor and manage its risk exposure through a variety of separate but complementary financial, credit, market, operational, compliance and legal reporting systems. While the Group employs a broad and diversified set of risk monitoring and risk mitigation techniques, such techniques, and the judgements that accompany their application, cannot anticipate every unfavourable event or the specifics and timing of every outcome. Accordingly, the Group's ability to successfully identify and balance risks and rewards, and to manage all material risks, is important. Failure to manage such risks appropriately could have a significant effect on the Group's business, financial condition and/or results of operations.

Reputational risk

The Parent Guarantor considers a loss of reputation to be a significant risk to a business operating in the financial services sector, and believes that the risk to its reputation would arise as a result of a failure to manage the Group's other risks. Harm to the Group's reputation can arise from numerous sources, including, among others, employee misconduct, litigation, failure to deliver minimum standards of service and quality, compliance failures, breaches of legal and regulatory requirements, unethical behaviour (including inappropriate sales and trading practices), and the activities of customers and counterparties.

Actions by the financial services industry generally, or by certain members of, or individuals in, the industry can also affect the Group's reputation. For example, the role played by financial services firms in the financial crisis and the seeming shift toward increasing regulatory supervision and enforcement has caused public perception of the financial services industry to decline.

The Group places the highest importance on risk management at all levels of the organisation, and strives to demonstrate the highest level of integrity in all its activities, dedicating significant senior management time and other resources to ensure all employees are aware of the need to display the highest ethical standards in their day to day work. Despite these measures, there can be no assurance that the Group's financial performance will not be adversely affected should unforeseen events relating to reputational risks arise in the future.

Adverse Economic Conditions

The extreme volatility and disruption in global capital and credit markets since 2008 has led to severe dislocation of financial markets around the world, an unprecedented reduction in available liquidity and increased credit risk premiums for many market participants. This has caused severe problems at many of the world's largest commercial banks, investment banks and insurance companies, a number of which are the Group's counterparties or customers in the ordinary course of business. These conditions have also resulted in a material reduction in the availability of financing, both for financial institutions and their customers, compelling many financial institutions to rely on central banks and governments to provide liquidity and, in some cases, additional capital during this period. Governments around the world have sought to provide this liquidity in order to stabilise financial markets and prevent the failure of financial institutions.

Although conditions have eased to some extent since 2009, the volatility of the capital and credit markets has continued and liquidity problems remain, exacerbated recently by fears concerning

the financial health of a number of European governments. Greece and other eurozone economies came under increased pressure in 2011, with concerns focused on the sustainability of their sovereign debt. These continuing sovereign debt concerns and the related fiscal deterioration in eurozone economies may continue to accentuate the existing disruption in the capital and credit markets throughout and beyond the eurozone. The European Central Bank and European Council took actions in 2012 to aim to reduce the risk of contagion throughout and beyond the eurozone; these included the creation of the Open Market Transaction facility of the ECB and the decision by eurozone governments to create the banking union. Nonetheless, a significant number of financial institutions throughout Europe have substantial exposure to sovereign debt issued by nations which are under financial pressure. Should any of those nations default on their debt, or experience a significant widening of credit spreads, major financial institutions and banking systems throughout Europe could be destabilised, resulting in the further spread of the ongoing economic crisis. While the Group's direct eurozone exposures are limited, the indirect impact of continued sovereign debt concerns and related fiscal deterioration in eurozone economies is uncertain and could have a material adverse effect on the Group and/or its customers.

The continuing market instability and reduction of available credit have contributed to lower consumer confidence, increased market volatility, increased funding costs, reduced business activity and, consequently, increasing commercial and consumer loan delinquencies, and market value declines on debt securities held by the Group, all of which could have a material adverse effect on the Group's business, financial condition and/or results of operations.

Demand for the Group's products and services is sensitive to global economic conditions, particularly those within the UK. Factors relating to general economic conditions such as consumer spending, business investment, government spending, the volatility and strength of both debt and equity markets, and inflation, all affect the profitability of the Group. The UK Government has taken measures to address the high level of national debt, including tax increases and public spending cuts. These measures have contributed to a slower recovery in recent times than that seen in previous recessions. In a sustained economic phase of low growth and high public debt, characterised by higher unemployment, lower household income, lower corporate earnings, lower business investment and lower consumer spending, demand for the Group's products and services could be materially and adversely affected.

Due to the diversified nature of the Group's activities, variable and/or volatile economic conditions could impact the Group in a number of different ways including, among other things, lower demand for the Group's products and services, high bad debt charges due to the inability of customers to repay loans and associated interest and charges and reductions in asset values held as security for those loans. Historically, the Group's conservative business model has enabled it to trade profitably through economic downturns.

The Group's risk management, internal control systems and overall business model are designed to enable it to trade profitably through downturns in the economic cycle. Despite these measures there can be no assurance that the Group's business, financial condition and/or results of operations will not be adversely affected by future deterioration in economic conditions.

Credit Rating Downgrades

Any reduction in the credit rating assigned to the Issuer or the Parent Guarantor, any member of the Group or to any of the Group's debt securities could require the Group to post additional collateral or take other action under some of its derivatives contracts, limit the Group's access to capital markets and/or increase the Group's cost of funding and thereby adversely affect its interest margins and liquidity position.

Credit ratings affect the cost and other terms upon which the Group is able to obtain funding. Rating agencies regularly evaluate the Group and certain members of the Group, as well as their respective debt securities. Their ratings are based on a number of factors, including the financial strength of the Group (or of the relevant member) as well as conditions affecting the financial services industry generally. There can be no assurance that the rating agencies will maintain the Group's or the relevant member's current ratings or outlook, especially in light of the difficulties in the financial services industry and the financial markets. Any reduction in those ratings and outlook could increase the cost of the Group's funding, limit access to capital markets, and require additional collateral to be placed and, consequently, adversely affect the Group's interest margins and/or affect its liquidity position.

Recent downgrades of the sovereign debt of Greece, Portugal and Spain have caused further volatility in the capital markets. On 22 February 2013 Moody's downgraded the UK's sovereign credit rating from Aaa to Aa1. On 19 April 2013, Fitch downgraded the UK's sovereign credit rating from AAA to AA+. A significant further downgrade of the UK sovereign credit rating, or the perception that such a downgrade may occur, may have a material adverse effect on the Group's operating results, financial condition, prospects and the marketability and trading value of the Group's securities. This might also impact on the Group's own credit rating, borrowing costs and its ability to secure funding.

Rating Under Review

The Issuer and/or the Parent Guarantor may from time to time be given a "Rating Under Review" designation by a rating agency. This indicates that the entity has one or more ratings under review for possible change and thus overrides any outlook designation that may be given by the relevant rating agency.

Credit/Counterparty Risk

The Group places deposits with, and holds debt securities of, counterparties, and such deposits and holdings of debt securities may be material in amount. The Group also enters into derivative contracts with counterparties, which create an exposure through the life of those contracts. The credit quality of the counterparties with whom the Group places deposits, whose debt securities the Group holds, and with whom the Group transacts, is monitored by the risk and compliance committees within the Group against established limits, and such limits comply with the large exposure limits imposed by the regulatory requirements to which the Group is subject. There can, however, be no assurance that the Group would not incur financial loss if any such counterparties were to default or fail.

The Group's lending activities also give rise to credit risk. The Group advances loans to a range of corporates, SMEs and individuals. Failure to recover the amounts lent or the interest and fees associated with those loans could result in a significant bad debt charge. The Group adheres to

strict lending criteria and places significant emphasis on the quality of any security provided. To mitigate concentration risk in the loan book and associated collateral, loans and advances are spread across asset classes, are short term, are predominantly secured, and are of a low average loan size.

Within the Group, the overall credit risk appetite is set by the CBL board. The monitoring of credit policy is the responsibility of the Group's risk and compliance committees. All large loans are subject to approval by the Group's Credit Committee. The Group's Retail, Commercial and Property divisions each use credit underwriting and monitoring measures appropriate to the diverse and specialised nature of their lending.

Despite these measures, there can be no assurance that the Group's financial performance will not be adversely affected should unforeseen events relating to credit or counterparty risks arise in future.

Funding risk

The Group requires access to sources of funding to support its client lending and in order to grow its business. The Group's inability to source sufficient funding could constrain growth and, in extreme circumstances, require the Group to reduce lending levels. Since the banking crisis in late 2008, the Group has diversified its sources of funding and the cost and availability of these sources continues to fluctuate. Although the Group has been able to access sufficient funding to support its operations, there can be no assurance that sufficient funding would always be available to the Group in future.

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Group will have insufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities as they fall due, or that the Group can only meet such liabilities at an uneconomic price. A lack of available liquid resources would constrain the Group's ability to pursue its strategic objectives.

The Group has a prudent liquidity position, with funding appropriate in excess of its loans and advances to customers. The Group holds a large portfolio of high quality liquid assets, including cash placed on deposit with the Bank of England and gilts. The Group monitors liquidity risk using a variety of measures, including regular stress testing and cash flow monitoring, and reporting to both the Group and divisional boards. Despite these measures, there can be no assurance that the Group would always have sufficient liquidity such that the Group's results of operations, financial condition and cash flows could not be materially and adversely affected.

Continued or worsening disruption and volatility in the global financial markets could have a material adverse effect on the Group, including its ability to access capital and liquidity on financial terms acceptable to it. The Group's cost of obtaining funding is directly related to the prevailing market interest rates and to its credit spreads. Increases in interest rates and the Group's credit spreads can significantly increase the cost of its funding. Changes in the Group's credit spreads are market-driven, and may be influenced by market perceptions of its creditworthiness. Changes to interest rates and the Group's credit spreads occur continuously and may be unpredictable and highly volatile.

Although central banks around the world have made coordinated efforts to increase liquidity in the financial markets by taking measures such as increasing the amounts they lend directly to

financial institutions, lowering interest rates and significantly increasing temporary reciprocal currency arrangements (or swap lines), it is not known how long central bank schemes will continue or on what terms.

The availability of central bank facilities for UK financial institutions, to the extent that they provide the Group with access to cheaper and more attractive funding than other sources, reduces the Group's reliance on retail or wholesale markets. To the extent that the Group makes use of central bank facilities, any significant reduction or withdrawal of those facilities would increase the Group's funding costs. In addition, other financial institutions who have relied significantly on governmental support to meet their funding needs will also need to find alternative sources of funding and, in such a scenario, the Group expects to face increased competition for funding, particularly retail funding on which the Group relies. This competition could further increase the Group's funding costs and so adversely impact its results of operations and financial position. The Group's cost of funding could also increase as a result of an increase in interest rates by the Bank of England.

Each of the factors described above - the persistence or worsening of adverse market conditions, and the lack of availability, or withdrawal, of such central bank schemes or an increase in base interest rates - could have a material adverse effect on the Group's ability to access liquidity and cost of funding (whether directly or indirectly).

Legal and Regulatory Risk

The Group is subject to a number of legal and regulatory risks, further details of which are set out below:

Capital requirements

The Parent Guarantor is subject to capital adequacy requirements adopted by the Financial Conduct Authority ("**FCA**") and the Prudential Regulatory Authority ("**PRA**") for banks. Any failure by the Parent Guarantor to comply with such requirements may result in the Parent Guarantor being subject to administrative actions or sanctions which may affect its ability to fulfil its obligations.

On 16 December, 2010 and 13 January, 2011, the Basel Committee on Banking Supervision issued its final guidance on a number of fundamental reforms to the regulatory capital framework intended to strengthen minimum capital requirements ("**Basel III**"). The changes in Basel III include, among other things, the requirement for institutions to comply with a leverage ratio (in addition to the risk-based regulatory capital requirements to which they are currently subject) and for institutions to build counter-cyclical capital buffers that may be drawn upon in stress scenarios. Basel III will also increase the amount and quality of Tier 1 Capital that institutions are required to hold. The changes brought about by Basel III will be phased in gradually between January 2013 and January 2019.

The implementation of Basel III in the European Union is being performed through the Capital Requirements Directive IV and Capital Requirements Regulation ("**CRD IV / CRR**") legislative package. In early 2013 the draft legislation remains under discussion between the European Parliament, the European Commission and the Council of Ministers. The final capital framework to be established in the EU under CRD IV / CRR is likely to differ from Basel III in certain areas and the implementation date is still subject to uncertainty.

The Group does not currently expect to be materially impacted by the proposed changes under the Basel III regime, given that its capital ratios are already comfortably above the proposed new regulatory minimum and it does not have complex trading book exposures. However, Basel III and CRD IV / CRR may be subject to change prior to their implementation, and it is not yet clear whether the PRA and FCA will impose more stringent capital requirements on UK banks than those required by Basel III and CRD IV / CRR.

In addition to Basel III, regulators in the UK and worldwide have produced a range of proposals for future legislative and regulatory changes which could force the Group to comply with certain operational restrictions or take steps to raise further capital, or which could increase the Group's expenses, or otherwise adversely affect the Group's operating results, financial condition and prospects. These include:

- the introduction of recovery and resolution planning requirements (popularly known as "living wills") for banks and other financial institutions as contingency planning for the failure of a financial institution that may affect the stability of the financial system;
- the implementation of the Financial Services Act 2012, which enhances the disciplinary and enforcement powers of the FCA and PRA;
- the introduction of more regular and detailed reporting obligations;
- a move to pre-funding of the deposit protection scheme in the UK;
- the recommendation by the Financial Policy Committee of the Bank of England that the PRA should take steps to ensure that, by the end of 2013, major UK banks and building societies hold Core Tier 1 capital reserves equivalent to at least 7 per cent. of their risk weighted assets; and
- proposed revisions to the approaches for determining trading booking capital requirements and banking book risk-weighted assets from the Basel Committee.

Effective management of the Group's capital position is important to its ability to operate its business. Any future change that limits the Group's ability to manage its balance sheet and capital resources effectively, or to access funding on commercially acceptable terms, could have a material adverse effect on the Group's business, financial condition and/or results of operations.

Changes to the regulatory framework to which the Group is subject

The Group operates in a highly regulated environment. Following the banking crisis of late 2008, the banking and financial services sector, and the regulatory framework within which it operates, has been under heavy scrutiny.

Under the Financial Services Act 2012, which received Royal Assent on 19 December 2012, the Government announced a range of structural reforms to UK financial regulatory bodies. A number of these have been implemented throughout 2013, including:

- (i) the establishment of a new Financial Policy Committee within the Bank of England which is responsible for macroprudential regulation, or

regulation of stability and resilience of the financial system as a whole;
and

- (ii) the replacement of the Financial Services Authority (the “**FSA**”) with:
 - (a) an independent subsidiary of the Bank of England, the PRA, which oversees micro-prudential regulation of financial institutions that manage significant risks on their balance sheets; and
 - (b) the FCA, which has the responsibility for conduct of business and markets regulation.

In addition, the Act also contains provisions enabling consumer credit regulation to be transferred from the Office of Fair Trading to the FCA. This decision will be subject to further consultation. The FCA also represents the UK’s interests in market regulation at the new European Securities and Markets Authority.

On 16 June, 2010, the Chancellor of the Exchequer announced the creation of the Independent Commission on Banking (the “**ICB**”), chaired by Sir John Vickers. The ICB was asked to consider structural and related non-structural reforms to the UK banking sector to promote financial stability and competition, and to make recommendations to the Government.

The ICB gave their recommendations on 12 September, 2011 and proposed: (i) implementation of a retail ring fence, (ii) increased capital requirements and (iii) improvement of competition. The Government published their response to the ICB recommendations on 19 December, 2011, broadly endorsing them. A draft of the initial bill to implement the ICB recommendations was published on 12 October, 2012, in the format of the framework legislation to put in place the architecture to effect the reforms, with detailed policy being provided for through secondary legislation. On 4 February, 2013, the Financial Services (Banking Reform) Bill was introduced to Parliament. The Government expects the legislation to be in place by 2015 and to take effect by 2019. Implementation of the proposals may require the Group to make changes to its structure and business although the key proposal for implementation of a retail ring fence may affect the Group less than other banks due to the Group’s focus and subsidiary model.

In addition, the resolution of a number of issues, including regulatory investigations and reviews and court cases, affecting the UK financial services industry could have an adverse effect on the Group’s operating results, financial condition and prospects, or its relations with its customers and potential customers.

The uncertainty over the exact details of such proposed changes, and the costs associated with compliance with both presently anticipated changes to the regulatory environment, and potential future changes, all have the potential to impact on the Group’s earnings. Changes in supervision and regulation, in particular in the UK, could materially affect the Group’s business, the products and services it offers, the value of its assets and its ability to respond to the requirements of the relevant UK regulatory authorities.

The Group monitors regulatory developments and engages in dialogue with regulatory authorities on a regular basis and continues to maintain a conservative model with a strong, well capitalised balance sheet, and believes it is well placed to react to regulatory change. Each of

the Group's regulated businesses has a dedicated compliance officer who is responsible for supporting the business in meeting its regulatory compliance objectives and for executing risk-based monitoring programmes to confirm compliance. The activities of these compliance professionals are co-ordinated and overseen on a Group-wide basis by the head of Group compliance to whom they report.

Despite these measures, there can be no assurance that the Group's financial performance will not be adversely affected should unforeseen events relating to legal and regulatory risk arise in the future.

The Group cannot predict the timing or form of any current or future regulatory or law enforcement initiatives and no assurance can be given as to the impact of any possible change to the law (including any change in regulation which may occur without a change in primary legislation), administrative practice or tax treatment after the date of this Prospectus. Similarly, no assurance can be given as to whether any such change would adversely affect the ability of the Issuer to make payments under the Notes.

Financial Services Compensation Scheme

The Parent Guarantor, by virtue of being a FCA regulated deposit taker, contributes to the Financial Services Compensation Scheme ("**FSCS**") which provides compensation to customers of financial institutions in the event that an institution is unable, or is likely to be unable, to pay claims against it. In order to meet its obligations to the depositors of a number of failed institutions the FSCS has borrowed amounts from HM Treasury on an interest only basis. It is anticipated that these borrowings will be repaid wholly or substantially from the realisation of the assets of the failed institutions. However, if the assets of these institutions are insufficient, the FSCS will recoup any shortfalls in the form of additional levies based on the level of market participation of individual institutions.

At the date of this Prospectus it is not possible to estimate with any certainty the amount or timing of any such additional levies. The FSCS raises annual levies from the banking industry to meet its management expenses and compensation costs and individual institutions make payments based on their level of market participation. The Group has accrued £0.4 million (2011: £0.9 million) for its share of levies that will be raised by the FSCS, including the interest on the loan from HM Treasury, in respect of the levy years to 31 March 2012. Further reform initiatives (such as the then FSA's review of the funding of the FSCS, announced in October 2011 and the consultation on proposed changes to the funding of the FSCS, announced on 25 July, 2012) may also result in changes to the FSCS which could result in additional costs and risks for the Group. Whilst most proposals were taken forward and came into effect from 1 April, 2013, other proposals relating to intermediaries and investment providers were revised and a consultation on these revised proposals closed on 18 February, 2013. As a result of the structural reorganisation and reform of the UK financial regulatory authorities, it is proposed that the FSCS levies will be collected by the FCA under the new regime. It is possible that the future policy of the FSCS and future levies on the firms regulated by the FCA or the PRA may differ from those at present and that this could lead to a period of some uncertainty for the Group. As a result of any such developments, the Group may incur additional costs and liabilities which may adversely affect its operating results, financial condition and prospects.

Legal and compliance risk

The Group is exposed to many forms of legal and compliance risk, which may arise in a number of ways. Primarily:

- certain aspects of the Group's business may be determined by the Bank of England, the FCA, the PRA, HM Treasury, the Financial Ombudsman Service or the courts as not being conducted in accordance with applicable laws or regulations, or, in the case of the Financial Ombudsman Service, with what is fair and reasonable in the Ombudsman's opinion;
- the alleged misselling of financial products, resulting in disciplinary action or requirements to amend sales processes, withdraw products, or provide restitution to affected customers, all of which may require additional provisions;
- the Group holds accounts for entities that might be or are subject to interest from various regulators, including the UK's Serious Fraud Office, those in the U.S. and others. The Group is not aware of any current investigation into the Group as a result of any such enquiries, but cannot exclude the possibility of the Group's conduct being reviewed as part of any such investigations; and
- the Group may be liable for damages to third parties harmed by the conduct of its business.

In recent years there have been several industry-wide issues in which the then FSA intervened directly. One such issue is the misselling of payment protection insurance ("PPI"). Following the FSA's publication in August 2010, of Policy Statement 10/12 entitled "The assessment and redress of Payment Protection Insurance complaints" FCA and PRA regulated firms (including certain members of the Group) must now consider and deal with complaints in relation to the sale of PPI in a manner which may potentially increase the amount of compensation payable to customers whose complaints are upheld. The ultimate indirect financial impact on the Group of the claims arising from PPI complaints is uncertain and will depend on a number of factors, including the implementation of the FSA's Policy Statement 10/12, the rate at which new complaints arise, the content and quality of the complaints (including the availability of supporting evidence), the role of claims management companies and the average rate at which claims are upheld and consequential redress costs.

In addition to PPI, the FCA may identify future industry-wide misselling or other issues that could affect the Group. This may lead from time to time to significant direct costs or liabilities (including in relation to misselling) and/or changes in the practices of the Group's businesses which may have an adverse effect on the Group's business, financial condition and/or results of operations.

Operational risk

Operational risk is the risk of loss or other material adverse impact resulting from inadequate or failed internal processes, people or systems, or from external events, and is inherent in all of the Group's businesses.

The Group has implemented an operational risk management framework designed to ensure that operational risks are assessed, mitigated and reported in a consistent manner across the Group. The Group has adopted a formal approach to operational risk event reporting which

involves identification of an event, assessment of its materiality, analysis of the cause, establishment of remedial action required and escalation to divisional or Group level risk committees for monitoring of implementation.

The Group is also exposed to the risk of fraud, both internal and external, and has continued to review and enhance its anti-fraud controls.

Despite the Group's risk management framework, there can be no assurance that the Group's financial performance will not be adversely affected should unforeseen events relating to operational risk arise in the future.

Notwithstanding anything in this risk factor, this risk factor should not be taken as implying that the Issuer or the Parent Guarantor would be unable to comply with its obligations as a company with securities admitted to the Official List and/or as a supervised firm regulated by the FCA.

Personnel risk

The success of the Group is closely aligned to the abilities and experience of its employees. The Group's financial performance could be adversely affected by the loss of the services of certain key teams or individuals. The ability of the Group to attract and retain key personnel is critical to the Group's prospects in the medium and long-term.

In order to manage these risks, the Group seeks to create an open and supportive working environment for its employees. Reward and incentive schemes are regularly reviewed to ensure that the Group is successful in attracting and retaining the calibre of employees necessary to meet its objectives, while aligning such schemes with risk, compliance and treating customers fairly objectives.

Despite these measures, there can be no assurances that the Group will continue to be able to attract and retain certain key teams and individuals. A failure to attract, or the loss of, such key personnel could adversely affect the Group's businesses, results of operations and financial position.

Technology risk

A number of the Group's businesses are highly reliant on their IT infrastructure in their daily operations. The proper functioning of the Group's financial control, risk management, customer relationship management, general ledger, deposit, servicing and/or loan organisation systems, credit analysis, reporting, accounting, customer service and other information technology systems, as well as the communication networks between offices and main data processing centres, are critical to the Group's ability to continue to compete. The market in which the Group operates necessitates an ability to respond to new technology. All of the Group's businesses rely on the existence of secure and stable technology platforms. Failure to respond to new technology, develop existing systems and ensure a robust infrastructure could have a material adverse effect on the Group's financial position and reputation.

The Group's businesses continually invest in their IT platforms to ensure that they are up to date and fit for purpose for the markets in which they operate. Additionally, business continuity plans are in place and the Group maintains alternative business locations to enable it to respond in a timely manner to a disaster event. Despite these measures, there can be no assurances that

the Group's business, results of operations and prospects will not be adversely affected by unforeseen events relating to technology risk in the future.

Third party vendors provide key components of the Group's business infrastructure such as loan and deposit servicing systems, internet connections and network access. Any problems caused by these third parties, including as a result of their not providing the Group their services for any reason or their performing their services poorly, could adversely affect the Group's ability to deliver products and services to customers and otherwise to conduct business. Replacing these third party vendors could also entail significant delays and expense.

Interest rate risk

The Group's exposure to interest rate fluctuations relates primarily to the returns from its capital and reserves which, as a matter of policy, are not hedged. The Group's policy is to match fixed and variable interest rate liabilities and assets utilising interest rate swaps where necessary to secure the margin on its loans and advances to customers.

Despite these measures, there can no assurance that the Group's financial performance will not be adversely affected by unforeseen events relating to interest rate risk in the future.

Increases in interest rates may reduce the volume of loans the Group originates. Sustained high interest rates have historically discouraged customers from borrowing and have resulted in increased delinquencies in outstanding loans. Increases in interest rates may reduce the value of the Group's financial assets and reduce gains or require the Group to record losses on sales of loans or securities.

If interest rates decrease, while this is likely to reduce the Group's funding costs, it is likely to adversely impact the income the Group receive arising from the Group's investment in securities as well as loans with similar maturities.

Foreign exchange risk

The Group has a small number of foreign currency investments in subsidiaries and has chosen not to hedge these exposures. These investments are predominantly in U.S. dollars and euros.

The Group has additional assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies, mainly euros and U.S. dollars, which are matched by currency using exchange rate derivative contracts where necessary.

Fluctuations in the exchange rate between currencies may negatively affect the Group's earnings and value of the Group's assets and securities.

Pandemic risk

A pandemic has the potential to materially impact the Group's ability to maintain service at levels acceptable to its customers and may impact on financial performance. The Group has established plans to react to a potential pandemic and keeps these plans under constant review. However, there can be no assurance that such contingency plans would be effective, and the Group's businesses, results of operations and financial position could be adversely affected.

Terrorist acts, other acts of war, geopolitical or other such events

Terrorist acts, other acts of war or hostility, geopolitical or other such events and responses to such acts or events may create economic and political uncertainties, which could have a material adverse impact on UK and global economic conditions generally, and more specifically on the business and/or results of the Group, in ways that cannot be predicted.

Integration of acquisitions

The Group makes acquisitions where it considers that such transactions will enhance its services and increase the value of the business in the long term. The Group has completed a number of acquisitions in the past and it may make further acquisitions of businesses in the future. The corresponding risks may include delays and challenges which could arise in the process of integrating the acquired businesses into the Group. There can be no assurance that the Group has anticipated all problems associated with the acquired businesses, or that all potential losses associated with such acquired businesses, or with any businesses which may in future be acquired by the Group, may come to light prior to the expiration of any warranty and indemnity protections. The Group's businesses, results of operations and financial position could be adversely affected should there be any failure in the Group's due diligence of the operating and financial condition of these acquired businesses, or their integration into the Group's operations.

Competition risk

The market for UK financial services is highly competitive, and such competition may be expected to intensify in response to competitor behaviour, consumer demand, technological changes, the impact of consolidation, regulatory actions and/or other factors. If financial markets are unstable, consolidation of existing financial institutions may accelerate. The Group's financial condition and/or results of operations may be materially and adversely affected by competition, including declining lending margins or competition for savings. If the Group is not successful in retaining and strengthening customer relationships or responding in a timely fashion to the changing needs of the Group's customers, it may lose market share, incur losses on some or all of its activities or fail to attract new, and retain existing, deposits, which could materially and adversely affect its financial position and/or results of operations.

Pension Risk

Pension risk is the potential for loss due to having to meet an actuarially assessed shortfall in the Group's pension schemes. Pension risk exposure is focussed upon the risk to the Group's financial position which arises from the need to meet its pension scheme funding obligations. In the event of a shortfall, the Group may be required, or may choose, to make additional

payments to the Group's pension schemes which, depending on the amount, could have a material adverse effect on the Group's business, results of operations and prospects.

The UK Pensions Regulator has the power to issue a financial support direction to companies within a group in respect of the liability of employers participating in the UK defined benefit pension plans where that employer is a service company, or is otherwise "insufficiently resourced" (as defined for the purposes of the relevant legislation). Such a financial support direction could require the companies to guarantee or provide security for the pension liabilities of those employers, or could require additional amounts to be paid into the relevant pension schemes in respect of them. The Issuer currently has only two employees participating in a UK defined benefit pension plan. The UK courts have decided that liabilities under financial support directions issued by the Pensions Regulator against companies after they have gone into administration were payable as an expense of the administration, and did not rank as provable debts. This means that such liabilities will have to be satisfied before any distributions to unsecured creditors could be made. It is understood that leave to appeal to the Supreme Court has been requested and therefore it is likely that there will be a further decision to come.

Tax Risk

Tax risk is the risk of loss arising from changes in tax legislation or practice. Changes in the basis of taxation, particularly in the UK, could materially impact the Group's performance.

HM Treasury has introduced a new and permanent bank levy via legislation in the Finance Act 2011. The UK bank levy is imposed on (amongst other entities) UK banking groups. The amount of the bank levy is based on a bank's total liabilities but an allowance is given against the first £20 billion of relevant liabilities. Certain liabilities are also excluded, including, Tier 1 Capital, protected retail deposits and repos secured on sovereign debt. A reduced rate is applied to longer-term liabilities.

The UK bank levy and possible future changes in the taxation of banking groups in the European Union could have a material adverse effect on the Group's operating results, financial condition and prospects, and the competitive position of UK banks (including the Parent Guarantor).

FATCA Risk

Under sections 1471 through 1474 of the United States Internal Revenue Code ("**FATCA**"), the Issuer (and other non-U.S. financial institutions through which payments on the Notes are made) may be required to withhold U.S. tax at a rate of 30 per cent. on all, or a portion of, payments made after 31 December 2016 in respect of the Notes.

The United Kingdom and the United States have entered into an intergovernmental agreement to improve tax compliance and to implement FATCA (the "**IGA**"). It is expected that the IGA will be implemented into UK law as part of the Finance Bill 2013 and by way of regulations thereunder.

The Issuer expects to be treated as a "reporting financial institution" pursuant to the IGA (as defined by the IGA) and, accordingly, does not anticipate being obliged to deduct any tax pursuant to FATCA on payments it makes. There can be no assurance, however, that the Issuer

will be treated as a reporting financial institution, or that it would in the future not be required to deduct tax pursuant to FATCA from payments it makes.

If an amount in respect of FATCA were to be deducted or withheld from interest, principal or other payments made in respect of the Notes, neither the Issuer nor any paying agent nor any other person would, pursuant to the Conditions of the Notes, be required to pay additional amounts as a result of the deduction or withholding. As a result, investors may receive less interest or principal than expected.

FATCA is particularly complex and its application is uncertain at this time. The above description is based in part on proposed regulations, official guidance and model intergovernmental agreements, all of which are subject to change or may be implemented in a materially different form.

The proposed financial transactions tax ("FTT")

The European Commission has published a proposal for a Directive for a common FTT in Belgium, Germany, Estonia, Greece, Spain, France, Italy, Austria, Portugal, Slovenia and Slovakia (the participating Member States).

The proposed FTT has very broad scope and could, if introduced in its current form, apply to certain dealings in Notes (including secondary market transactions) in certain circumstances. Primary market transactions referred to in Article 5(c) of Regulation (EC) No 1287/2006 are exempt

Under current proposals the FTT could apply in certain circumstances to persons both within and outside of the participating Member States. Generally, it would apply to certain dealings in Notes where at least one party is a financial institution, and at least one party is established in a participating Member State. A financial institution may be, or be deemed to be, "established" in a participating Member State in a broad range of circumstances, including (a) by transacting with a person established in a participating Member State or (b) where the financial instrument which is subject to the dealings is issued in a participating Member State.

The FTT proposal remains subject to negotiation between the participating Member States and is the subject of legal challenge. It may therefore be altered prior to any implementation, the timing of which remains unclear. Additional EU Member States may decide to participate. Prospective holders of Notes are advised to seek their own professional advice in relation to the FTT.

Factors which are material for the purpose of assessing the market risks associated with Notes issued under the Programme

Risks related to the structure of a particular issue of Notes

A wide range of Notes may be issued under the Programme. A number of these Notes may have features which contain particular risks for potential investors. Set out below is a description of the most common such features:

Notes subject to optional redemption by the Issuer

If the Issuer has the right to redeem any Notes at its option, this may limit the market value of the Notes concerned and an investor may not be able to reinvest the redemption proceeds in a manner which achieves a similar effective return.

An optional redemption feature of Notes is likely to limit their market value. During any period when the Issuer may elect to redeem Notes, the market value of those Notes generally will not rise substantially above the price at which they can be redeemed. This may also be true prior to any redemption period.

The Issuer may be expected to redeem Notes when its cost of borrowing is lower than the interest rate on the Notes. At such times, an investor generally would not be able to reinvest the redemption proceeds at an effective interest rate which is as high as the interest rate on the Notes being redeemed, and may only be able to do so at a significantly lower rate. Potential investors should consider reinvestment risk in light of other investments available at that time.

Fixed/Floating Rate Notes

If the Issuer has the right to convert the interest rate on any Notes from a fixed rate to a floating rate, or vice versa, this may affect the secondary market and the market value of the Notes concerned.

Fixed/Floating Rate Notes are notes which may bear interest at a rate that converts from a fixed rate to a floating rate, or from a floating rate to a fixed rate. Where the Issuer has the right to effect such a conversion, this will affect the secondary market and the market value of the Notes since the Issuer may be expected to convert the rate when it is likely to produce a lower overall cost of borrowing. If the Issuer converts from a fixed rate to a floating rate in such circumstances, the spread on the Fixed/Floating Rate Notes may be less favourable than then prevailing spreads on comparable Floating Rate Notes tied to the same reference rate. In addition, the new floating rate at any time may be lower than the rates on other Notes. If the Issuer converts from a floating rate to a fixed rate in such circumstances, the fixed rate may be lower than then prevailing market rates.

Notes issued at a substantial discount or premium

Notes which are issued at a substantial discount or premium may experience price volatility in response to changes in market interest rates.

The market value of securities issued at a substantial discount (such as Zero Coupon Notes) from their principal amount tend to fluctuate more in relation to general changes in interest rates

than do prices for more conventional interest-bearing securities. Generally, the longer the remaining term of the securities, the greater the price volatility as compared with conventional interest-bearing securities with comparable maturities. Zero Coupon Notes will be offered, sold at a discount to nominal value and will not bear interest.

Risks relating to the Banking Act 2009

Under the Banking Act 2009 (the "**Banking Act**"), substantial powers have been granted to HM Treasury, the Bank of England the FCA and the PRA (the FCA and PRA, together with HM Treasury and the Bank of England, the "**Authorities**") as part of the special resolution regime (the "**SRR**"). These powers enable the Authorities to deal with a UK bank, building society or other UK institution with permission to accept deposits pursuant to Part IV of the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 ("**FSMA**") (each a "**relevant entity**") in circumstances in which the Authorities consider its failure has become highly likely and a threat is posed to the public interest. The SRR consists of three stabilisation options and two insolvency and administration procedures applicable to UK banks which may be commenced by the Authorities. The stabilisation options provide for: (i) private sector transfer of all or part of the business of the relevant entity; (ii) transfer of all or part of the business of the relevant entity to a "bridge bank" established by the Bank of England; and (iii) temporary public ownership (nationalisation) of the relevant entity or its UK-incorporated holding company.

The Authorities have been granted wide powers under the Banking Act including powers to modify contractual arrangements in certain circumstances and powers for HM Treasury to disapply or modify laws (with possible retroactive effect) to enable the powers under the Banking Act to be used effectively. The following paragraphs set out some of the possible consequences of the exercise of those powers under the SRR.

Moreover, there can be no assurance that amendments may not be made to the Banking Act or other legislation introduced in the United Kingdom which would have the effect of amending the SRR described above and, as a result, the position of Noteholders. For example, the Basel Committee on Banking Supervision (the "**Basel Committee**") put forward requirements for Tier 1 and Tier 2 capital instruments on 13 January 2011 which may lead to legislation and/or rules being introduced which would require such instruments to be written off (i.e. by way of a reduction in the principal amount outstanding of such instruments to a lesser amount or to zero, as the case may be) or converted into ordinary shares at the point of a bank's non viability. The introduction of any such legislation may have an adverse effect on the position of Noteholders.

In June 2012, the European Commission published a legislative proposal for a directive providing for the establishment of an EU-wide framework for the recovery and resolution of credit institution and investment firms (the "**CMD**"). The stated aim of the draft CMD is to provide authorities with common tools and powers to address banking crises pre-emptively in order to safeguard financial stability and minimise taxpayers' exposure to losses. The draft CMD currently contains similar resolutions tools and powers to the Banking Act, and also includes a "bail-in" power which, if implemented, would give resolution authorities and to convert unsecured debt claims to equity (subject to certain parameters). The draft CMD, and similarly the Presidency Compromise text of the draft CMD dated 15 January 2013, currently contemplate that its provisions must be applied by Member States from 1 January, 2015 except for the bail-in tool (in relation to certain instruments) which is to be applied from 1 January, 2018.

The draft CMD envisages that the resolution powers, including the bail-in power, could, if certain trigger conditions are satisfied, be applied to credit institutions and certain large investment firms in the EU. Consequently, if the CMD were implemented in its current form and the relevant trigger conditions satisfied, there is a possibility that these powers could be applied to the Group. The implementation of such powers currently set out in the draft CMD would impact how credit institutions and investment firms (including the Parent Guarantor) are managed as well as, in certain circumstances, the rights of creditors. However, the proposed directive is not in final form and changes may be made to it in the course of the legislative process. In addition, many of the proposals contained in the draft CMD have already been implemented in the Banking Act and it is currently unclear as to what extent, if any, the provisions of the Banking Act may need to change once the draft CMD is implemented. Accordingly, it is not yet possible to assess the full impact of the draft CMD on the Group and there can be no assurance that, once it is implemented, the fact of its implementation or the taking of any actions currently contemplated in it would not materially and adversely affect the Group's operating results, financial position and prospects.

The SRR may be triggered prior to insolvency of the Parent Guarantor

The purpose of the stabilising options is to address the situation where all or part of a business of a relevant entity has encountered, or is likely to encounter, financial difficulties, giving rise to wider public interest concerns. Accordingly, the stabilisation options may only be exercised if (a) the FCA and PRA are satisfied that a relevant entity (such as the Parent Guarantor) is failing, or is likely to fail, to satisfy the threshold conditions within the meaning of section 41 of the FSMA (which are conditions that a relevant entity must satisfy in order to retain its FCA authorisation to accept deposits); (b) following consultation with the other Authorities, the FCA determines that it is not reasonably likely that (ignoring the stabilising options) action will be taken that will enable the relevant entity to satisfy those threshold conditions; and (c) the Authorities consider the exercise of the stabilisation options to be necessary, having regard to certain public interest considerations (such as the stability of the UK financial systems, public confidence in the UK banking system and the protection of depositors). It is therefore possible that one of the stabilisation options could be exercised prior to the point at which any insolvency proceedings with respect to the relevant entity could be initiated.

The terms of the Guarantees may be modified without the consent of the Noteholders

If the Parent Guarantor were made subject to the SRR, HM Treasury or the Bank of England may exercise extensive share transfer powers (applying to a wide range of securities) and property transfer powers (including powers for partial transfers of property, rights and liabilities) in respect of the Parent Guarantor. Exercise of these powers could involve taking various actions in relation to the Guarantee without the consent of the Noteholders, including (among other things) modifying or disapplying the terms of the Guarantees.

There can be no assurance that the taking of any such actions would not adversely affect the rights of Noteholders, the price or value of their investment in the Notes and/or the ability of the Parent Guarantor to satisfy its obligations under the Guarantees. In such circumstances, Noteholders may have a claim for compensation under one of the compensation schemes existing under, or contemplated by, the Banking Act, but there can be no assurance that Noteholders would thereby recover compensation promptly or equal to any loss actually incurred.

A partial transfer of the Parent Guarantor's business may result in a deterioration of its creditworthiness

If the Parent Guarantor were made subject to the SRR and a partial transfer of the Parent Guarantor's business to another entity were effected, the quality of the assets and the quantum of the liabilities not transferred and remaining with the Parent Guarantor (which may include the Guarantees) may result in a deterioration in the creditworthiness of the Parent Guarantor and, as a result, increase the risk that the Parent Guarantor may eventually become subject to administration or insolvency proceedings pursuant to the Banking Act. In such circumstances, Noteholders may have a claim for compensation under one of the compensation schemes existing under, or contemplated by, the Banking Act, but there can be no assurance that Noteholders would thereby recover compensation promptly or equal to any loss actually incurred.

As at the date of this Prospectus, the Authorities have not made an instrument or order under the Banking Act in respect of the Parent Guarantor and there has been no indication that they will make any such instrument or order. However, there can be no assurance that this will not change and/or that Noteholders will not be adversely affected by any such order or instrument if made.

If a partial transfer were effected, under the terms of which the liabilities under the Guarantees were not transferred, Noteholders may have a claim for compensation under one of the compensation schemes currently existing under, or contemplated by, the Banking Act (including pursuant to the Banking Act 2009 (Third Party Compensation Arrangements for Partial Property Transfers) Regulations 2009). However, there can be no assurance that Noteholders would thereby recover compensation promptly and equal to any loss actually incurred.

Risks related to Notes generally

Set out below is a brief description of certain risks relating to the Notes generally:

Modification, waivers and substitution

The conditions of the Notes contain provisions which may permit their modification without the consent of all investors and confer significant discretions on the Trustee which may be exercised without the consent of the Noteholders and without regard to the individual interests of particular Noteholders.

The conditions of the Notes contain provisions for calling meetings of Noteholders to consider matters affecting their interests generally. These provisions permit defined majorities to bind all Noteholders including Noteholders who did not attend and vote at the relevant meeting and Noteholders who voted in a manner contrary to the majority.

The conditions of the Notes also provide that the Trustee may, in any of the circumstances described in Condition 15, without the consent of Noteholders and without regard to the interests of particular Noteholders, agree to: (i) any modification of, or to the waiver or authorisation of any breach or proposed breach of, any of the provisions of the Notes; or (ii) determine without the consent of the Noteholders that any Event of Default or potential Event of Default shall not be treated as such or; (iii) the substitution of another company as principal debtor under any Notes in place of the Issuer.

EU Savings Directive

The Notes may be subject to withholding taxes in circumstances where the Issuer is not obliged to make gross up payments and this would result in holder receiving less interest than expected and could significantly adversely affect their return on the Notes.

Under EC Council Directive 2003/48/EC (the “**Directive**”) on the taxation of savings income, Member States are required to provide to the tax authorities of another Member State details of payments of interest (or similar income) paid by a person within its jurisdiction to an individual resident or to certain other entities established in that other Member State. However, for a transitional period which commenced on 1 July 2005, Luxembourg and Austria are instead required (unless during that period they elect otherwise) to operate a withholding system in relation to such payments (the ending of such transitional period being dependent upon the conclusion of certain other agreements relating to information exchange with certain other countries) subject to a procedure whereby, on meeting certain conditions, the beneficial owner of the interest or similar income may request that no tax be withheld. A number of non-EU countries and territories have adopted similar measures. In April 2013, the Luxembourg Government announced its intention to abolish the withholding system with effect from 1 January 2015, in favour of automatic information exchange under the Directive.

The European Commission has proposed certain amendments to the Directive, which may, if implemented, amend or broaden the scope of the requirements described above.

If a payment were to be made or collected through a Member State which has opted for a withholding system and an amount of, or in respect of tax were to be withheld from that payment, neither the Issuer nor the Parent Guarantor nor any Paying Agent as defined in the Conditions of the Note nor any other person would be obliged to pay additional amounts with respect to any Note as a result of the imposition of such withholding tax. The Issuer is required to maintain a Paying Agent in a Member State that is not obliged to withhold or deduct tax pursuant to the Directive.

Change of law

The value of the Notes could be adversely affected by a change in English law or administrative practice.

The conditions of the Notes are based on English law in effect as at the date of this Prospectus. No assurance can be given as to the impact of any possible judicial decision or change to English law or administrative practice after the date of this Prospectus and any such change could materially adversely impact the value of any Notes affected by it.

Notes where denominations involve integral multiples

Investors who purchase Notes in denominations that are not an integral multiple of the Specified Denomination may be adversely affected if definitive Notes are subsequently required to be issued.

In relation to any issue of Notes in bearer form which have denominations consisting of a minimum Specified Denomination plus one or more higher integral multiples of another smaller amount, it is possible that such Notes may be traded in amounts that are not integral multiples

of the minimum Specified Denomination. In such a case, a Noteholder who, as a result of trading such amounts, holds a principal amount of less than the minimum Specified Denomination in his account with the relevant clearing system at the relevant time, may not receive a definitive Note in respect of such holding (should definitive Notes in bearer form be printed) and would need to purchase a principal amount of Notes such that its holding amounts to a Specified Denomination.

If such Notes in definitive form are issued, Noteholders should be aware that definitive Notes which have a denomination that is not the minimum denomination may be illiquid and difficult to trade.

Eligibility of the Notes for Eurosystem Monetary Policy

Notes issued in new global note (“**NGN**”) form or to be held under the New Safekeeping Structure (the “**NSS**”), as stated in the applicable Final Terms, are intended to be held in a manner which will allow Eurosystem eligibility. This means that the Notes are, upon issue, deposited with one of the international central securities depositories (“**ICSDs**”) as common safekeeper and does not necessarily mean that the Notes will be recognised as eligible collateral for Eurosystem monetary policy and intra-day credit operations by the Eurosystem (“**Eurosystem Eligible Collateral**”) either upon issue, or at any or all times during their life. Such recognition will depend upon satisfaction of the Eurosystem eligibility criteria and other obligations (including the provision of further information) as specified by the European Central Bank from time to time. The Issuer does not give any representation, warranty, confirmation or guarantee to any investor in the Notes that the Notes will, either upon issue, or at any or all times during their life, satisfy all or any requirements for Eurosystem eligibility and be recognised as Eurosystem Eligible Collateral. Any potential investor in the Notes should make their own conclusions and seek their own advice with respect to whether or not the Notes constitute Eurosystem Eligible Collateral.

Risks related to the market generally

Set out below is a brief description of the principal market risks, including liquidity risk, exchange rate risk, interest rate risk and credit risk:

Secondary market

An active secondary market in respect of the Notes may never be established or may be illiquid and this would adversely affect the value at which an investor could sell his Notes.

Notes may have no established trading market when issued, and one may never develop. If a market does develop, it may not be very liquid. Therefore, investors may not be able to sell their Notes easily or at prices that will provide them with a yield comparable with similar investments that have a developed secondary market. This is particularly the case for Notes that are especially sensitive to interest rate, currency or market risks, are designed for specific investment objectives or strategies, or which have been structured to meet the investment requirements of limited categories of investors. These types of Notes generally would have a more limited secondary market and more price volatility than conventional debt securities. Illiquidity may have a severely adverse effect on the market value of Notes.

Exchange rate risk and exchange controls

If an investor holds Notes which are not denominated in the investor's home currency, the investor will be exposed to movements in exchange rates adversely affecting the value of his holding. In addition, the imposition of exchange controls in relation to any Notes could result in an investor not receiving payments on those Notes.

The Issuer will pay principal and interest on the Notes, and the Parent Guarantor will make any payments under the Guarantee, in the Specified Currency. This presents certain risks relating to currency conversions if an investor's financial activities are denominated principally in a currency or currency unit (the "**Investor's Currency**") other than the Specified Currency. These include the risk that exchange rates may significantly change (including changes due to devaluation of the Specified Currency or revaluation of the Investor's Currency) and the risk that authorities with jurisdiction over the Investor's Currency may impose or modify exchange controls. An appreciation in the value of the Investor's Currency relative to the Specified Currency would decrease (1) the Investor's Currency-equivalent yield on the Notes, (2) the Investor's Currency-equivalent value of the principal payable on the Notes and (3) the Investor's Currency-equivalent market value of the Notes.

Government and monetary authorities may impose (as some have done in the past) exchange controls that could adversely affect an applicable exchange rate or the ability of the Issuer or the Guarantor to make payments in respect of the Notes. As a result, investors may receive less interest or principal than expected, or no interest or principal.

Interest rate risk

Investment in Fixed Rate Notes involves the risk that subsequent changes in market interest rates may adversely affect the value of the Fixed Rate Notes.

Credit ratings risk

Credit ratings assigned to the Issuer, the Guarantor or any Notes may not reflect all the risks associated with an investment in those Notes.

One or more independent credit rating agencies may assign credit ratings to the Notes. The ratings may not reflect the potential impact of all risks related to structure, market, additional factors discussed above, and other factors that may affect the value of the Notes. A credit rating is not a recommendation to buy, sell or hold securities and may be revised or withdrawn by its assigning rating agency at any time.

FORM OF THE NOTES

The Notes of each Series will be in either bearer form, with or without interest coupons attached, or registered form, without interest coupons attached.

Bearer Notes

Each Tranche of Bearer Notes will be initially issued in the form of either a temporary bearer global note (a “**Temporary Bearer Global Note**”) or a permanent bearer global note (a “**Permanent Bearer Global Note**”) and together with a Temporary Bearer Global Note, a “**Bearer Global Note**”) as indicated in the applicable Final Terms, which, in either case, will

- (i) if the Bearer Global Notes are issued in NGN form, as stated in the applicable Final Terms, be delivered on or prior to the original issue date of the relevant Tranche to a common safekeeper (the “**Common Safekeeper**”) for Euroclear Bank SA/NV (“**Euroclear**”) and Clearstream Banking, *société anonyme* (“**Clearstream, Luxembourg**”); and
- (ii) if the Bearer Global Notes are not issued in NGN form, be delivered on or prior to the original issue date of the relevant Tranche to a common depositary (the “**Common Depositary**”) for Euroclear and Clearstream, Luxembourg.

Whilst any Bearer Note is represented by a Temporary Bearer Global Note, payments of principal, interest (if any) and any other amount payable in respect of the Notes due prior to the Exchange Date (as defined below) will be made against presentation of the Temporary Bearer Global Note (if the Temporary Bearer Global Note is not issued in NGN form) only to the extent that certification (in a form to be provided) to the effect that the beneficial owners of interests in such Bearer Note are not U.S. persons or persons who have purchased for resale to any U.S. person, as required by U.S. Treasury regulations, has been received by Euroclear and/or Clearstream, Luxembourg and Euroclear and/or Clearstream, Luxembourg, as applicable, has given a like certification (based on the certifications it has received) to the Principal Paying Agent.

On and after the date (the “**Exchange Date**”) which is 40 days after a Temporary Bearer Global Note is issued, interests in such Temporary Bearer Global Note will be exchangeable (free of charge) upon a request as described therein either for (i) interests in a Permanent Bearer Global Note of the same Series or (ii) for definitive Bearer Notes of the same Series with, where applicable, interest coupons and talons attached (as indicated in the applicable Final Terms and subject, in the case of definitive Bearer Notes, to such notice period as is specified in the applicable Final Terms), in each case against certification of beneficial ownership as described above unless such certification has already been given, provided that purchasers in the United States and certain U.S. persons will not be able to receive definitive Bearer Notes. The holder of a Temporary Bearer Global Note will not be entitled to collect any payment of interest, principal or other amount due on or after the Exchange Date unless, upon due certification, exchange of the Temporary Bearer Global Note for an interest in a Permanent Bearer Global Note or for definitive Bearer Notes is improperly withheld or refused.

Payments of principal, interest (if any) or any other amounts on a Permanent Bearer Global Note will be made through Euroclear and/or Clearstream, Luxembourg against presentation or

surrender (as the case may be) of the Permanent Bearer Global Note (if the Permanent Bearer Global Note is not issued in NGN form) without any requirement for certification.

The applicable Final Terms will specify that a Permanent Bearer Global Note will be exchangeable (free of charge), in whole but not in part, for definitive Bearer Notes with, where applicable, interest coupons and talons attached upon either (i) not less than 60 days' written notice from Euroclear and/or Clearstream, Luxembourg (acting on the instructions of any holder of an interest in such Permanent Bearer Global Note) to the Principal Paying Agent as described therein or (ii) only upon the occurrence of an Exchange Event. For these purposes, "**Exchange Event**" means that (i) an Event of Default (as defined in Condition 10 (*Events of Default*)) has occurred and is continuing, (ii) the Issuer has been notified that both Euroclear and Clearstream, Luxembourg have been closed for business for a continuous period of 14 days (other than by reason of holiday, statutory or otherwise) or have announced an intention permanently to cease business or have in fact done so and no alternative or successor clearing system satisfactory to the Trustee is available or, except as otherwise specified in the applicable Final Terms (iii) the Issuer or the Parent Guarantor has suffered or will suffer a disadvantage as a result of a change in laws or regulations (taxation or otherwise) or as a result of a change in the practice of Euroclear and/or Clearstream, Luxembourg which would not be suffered were the Notes in definitive form and a certificate to such effect signed by two Authorised Signatories (as defined in the Trust Deed) of the Issuer or the Parent Guarantor is given to the Trustee. The Issuer will promptly give notice to Noteholders in accordance with Condition 14 (*Notices*) if an Exchange Event occurs. In the event of the occurrence of an Exchange Event, Euroclear and/or Clearstream, Luxembourg or the Common Depositary or Common Safekeeper on their behalf (acting on the instructions of any holder of an interest in such Permanent Bearer Global Note) or the Trustee may give notice to the Principal Paying Agent requesting exchange and, in the event of the occurrence of an Exchange Event as described in (iii) above, the Issuer may also give notice to the Principal Paying Agent requesting exchange. Any such exchange shall occur not later than 45 days after the date of receipt of the first relevant notice by the Principal Paying Agent.

If, in respect of any Tranche of Notes, the applicable Final Terms specified that the Global Note may be exchanged for definitive Notes in circumstances other than upon the occurrence of an Exchange Event, such Notes will be issued with only one Specified Denomination or all Specified Denominations of such Notes will be an integral multiple of the lowest Specified Denomination, as specified in the applicable Final Terms.

The following legend will appear on all Bearer Notes which have an original maturity of more than one year and on all interest coupons relating to such Notes:

"ANY UNITED STATES PERSON (AS DEFINED IN THE INTERNAL REVENUE CODE OF THE UNITED STATES) WHO HOLDS THIS OBLIGATION WILL BE SUBJECT TO LIMITATIONS UNDER THE UNITED STATES INCOME TAX LAWS, INCLUDING THE LIMITATIONS PROVIDED IN SECTIONS 165(j) AND 1287(a) OF THE INTERNAL REVENUE CODE."

The sections referred to provide that United States holders, with certain exceptions, will not be entitled to deduct any loss on Bearer Notes or interest coupons and will not be entitled to capital gains treatment of any gain on any sale, disposition, redemption or payment of principal in respect of such Notes or interest coupons.

Notes which are represented by a Bearer Global Note will only be transferable in accordance with the rules and procedures for the time being of Euroclear or Clearstream, Luxembourg, as the case may be.

Registered Notes

The Registered Notes of each Tranche offered and sold in reliance on Regulation S, which will be sold to non-U.S. persons outside the United States, will initially be represented by a global note in registered form (a “**Registered Global Note**”). Prior to expiry of the distribution compliance period (as defined in Regulation S) applicable to each Tranche of Notes, beneficial interests in a Registered Global Note may not be offered or sold to, or for the account or benefit of, a U.S. person save as otherwise provided in Condition 2 (*Transfers of Registered Notes*) and may not be held otherwise than through Euroclear or Clearstream, Luxembourg and such Registered Global Note will bear a legend regarding such restrictions on transfer.

Registered Global Notes that are to be held under the NSS, as stated in the applicable Final Terms, will be delivered on or prior to the original issue date of the relevant tranche to the Common Safekeeper for Euroclear and Clearstream, Luxembourg.

Registered Global Notes that are not to be held under the NSS will be deposited with the Common Depositary for, and registered in the name of a common nominee of, Euroclear and Clearstream, Luxembourg, as specified in the applicable Final Terms.

Persons holding beneficial interests in Registered Global Notes will be entitled or required, as the case may be, under the circumstances described below, to receive physical delivery of definitive Notes in fully registered form.

Payments of principal, interest and any other amount in respect of a Registered Global Note will, in the absence of provision to the contrary, be made to the person shown on the Register (as defined in Condition 6(d)) as the registered holder of the relevant Registered Global Note. None of the Issuer, the Parent Guarantor, the Trustee, any Paying Agent or the Registrar will have any responsibility or liability for any aspect of the records relating to or payments or deliveries made on account of beneficial ownership interests in a Registered Global Note or for maintaining, supervising or reviewing any records relating to such beneficial ownership interests.

Payments of principal, interest or any other amount in respect of a Registered Note in definitive form will, in the absence of provision to the contrary, be made to the person(s) shown on the Register on the relevant Record Date (as defined in Condition 6(d)) immediately preceding the due date for payment in the manner provided in that Condition.

Interests in a Registered Global Note will be exchangeable (free of charge), in whole but not in part, for definitive Registered Notes without interest coupons or talons attached only upon the occurrence of an Exchange Event. The Issuer will promptly give notice to Noteholders in accordance with Condition 14 (*Notices*) if an Exchange Event occurs. In the event of the occurrence of an Exchange Event, Euroclear and/or Clearstream, Luxembourg (acting on the instructions of any holder of an interest in such Registered Global Note) may give notice to the Registrar requesting exchange and, in the event of the occurrence of an Exchange Event as described in (iii) above, the Issuer may also give notice to the Registrar requesting exchange.

Any such exchange shall occur not later than 10 days after the date of receipt of the first relevant notice by the Registrar.

General

Pursuant to the Agency Agreement (as defined under “*Terms and Conditions of the Notes*”), the Principal Paying Agent shall arrange that, where a further Tranche of Notes is issued which is intended to form a single Series with an existing Tranche of Notes at a point after the Issue Date of the further Tranche, the Notes of such further Tranche shall be assigned a common code and ISIN number which are different from the common code and ISIN assigned to Notes of any other Tranche of the same Series until such time as the Tranches are consolidated and form a single Series, which shall not be prior to the expiry of the distribution compliance period applicable to the Notes of such Tranche.

For so long as any of the Notes is represented by a global Note held on behalf of Euroclear and/or Clearstream, Luxembourg each person (other than Euroclear or Clearstream, Luxembourg) who is for the time being shown in the records of Euroclear or of Clearstream, Luxembourg as the holder of a particular nominal amount of such Notes (in which regard any certificate or other document issued by Euroclear or Clearstream, Luxembourg as to the nominal amount of such Notes standing to the account of any person shall be conclusive and binding for all purposes save in the case of manifest error) shall be treated by the Issuer, the Parent Guarantor, the Trustee and their agents as the holder of such nominal amount of such Notes for all purposes other than with respect to the payment of principal or interest on such nominal amount of such Notes, for which purpose the bearer of the relevant Bearer Global Note or the registered holder of the relevant Registered Global Note shall be treated by the Issuer, the Parent Guarantor, the Trustee and their agents as the holder of such nominal amount of such Notes in accordance with and subject to the terms of the relevant Global Note and the expressions “Noteholder” and “holder of Notes” and related expressions shall be construed accordingly.

Any reference herein to “Euroclear” and/or “Clearstream, Luxembourg” shall, whenever the context so permits, be deemed to include a reference to any additional or alternative clearing system specified in the applicable Final Terms or as may otherwise be approved by the Issuer, the Parent Guarantor, the Principal Paying Agent and the Trustee, and, as applicable, the Registrar.

No Noteholder or Couponholder shall be entitled to proceed directly against the Issuer or the Parent Guarantor unless the Trustee, having become bound so to proceed, fails to do so within a reasonable period and the failure shall be continuing.

The Issuer has entered into an agreement with Euroclear and Clearstream, Luxembourg (together, “**ICSDs**”) in respect of any Notes issued in NGN form or held under the NSS that the Issuer may request be made eligible for settlement with the ICSDs (the “**Issuer-ICSDs Agreement**”). The Issuer-ICSDs Agreement provides that the ICSDs will, in respect of any such Notes, *inter alia*, maintain records of, or reflecting (in the case of notes held under the NSS), their respective portion of the issue outstanding amount of such Notes and will, upon the Issuer's request, produce a statement for the Issuer's use showing the total nominal amount of its customer holdings of such Notes as of a specified date.

The Issuer will procure that, at the time of issue of each Tranche of Notes, the ICSDs are notified whether or not such Notes are intended to be held in a manner which would allow Eurosystem eligibility. Such notification will confirm whether the Notes are to be issued in NGN form. The fact that Notes are intended to be held in a manner which would allow Eurosystem eligibility simply means that the Notes are intended upon issue to be deposited with one of the ICSDs as common safekeeper and does not necessarily mean that the Notes will be recognised as eligible collateral for Eurosystem monetary policy and intra-day credit operations by the Eurosystem either upon issue or at any or all times during their life. Such recognition will depend upon the European Central Bank being satisfied that Eurosystem eligibility criteria have been met.

FORM OF FINAL TERMS

Set out below is the form of Final Terms which will be completed for each Tranche of Notes issued under the Programme.

[Date]

Close Brothers Finance plc
Issue of [Aggregate Nominal Amount of Tranche] [Title of Notes]
Guaranteed by Close Brothers Limited
under the £1,000,000,000
Euro Medium Term Note Programme

PART A - CONTRACTUAL TERMS

[Terms used herein shall be deemed to be defined as such for the purposes of the Conditions (the “**Conditions**”) set forth in the Prospectus dated 26 July, 2013 which [, as modified by a supplement to the Prospectus dated [date of supplement],] constitutes a base prospectus (the “**Prospectus**”) for the purposes of Article 5.4 of Directive 2003/71/EC as amended (which includes the amendments made by Directive 2010/73/EU to the extent that such amendments have been implemented in a relevant Member State of the European Economic Area) (the “**Prospectus Directive**”). This document constitutes the Final Terms of the Notes described herein for the purposes of Article 5.4 of the Prospectus Directive and must be read in conjunction with the Prospectus. Full information on the Issuer, the Parent Guarantor and the offer of the Notes is only available on the basis of the combination of these Final Terms and the Prospectus. The Prospectus has been published on the website of the London Stock Exchange (at www.londonstockexchange.com/news/market-news/rns/rns.htm).]

[Terms used herein shall be deemed to be defined as such for the purposes of the Conditions (the “**Conditions**”) set forth in the Prospectus dated [original date] which are incorporated by reference in the Prospectus dated 26 July 2013 and are attached hereto. This document constitutes the Final Terms of the Notes described herein for the purposes of Article 5.4 of Directive 2003/71/EC as amended (which includes the amendments made by Directive 2010/73/EU to the extent that such amendments have been implemented in a relevant Member State of the European Economic Area) (the “**Prospectus Directive**”) and must be read in conjunction with the Prospectus dated [current date] which [, as modified by a supplement to the Prospectus dated [date of supplement],] constitutes a base prospectus for the purposes of the Prospectus Directive (the “**Prospectus**”), including the Conditions incorporated by reference in the Prospectus. Full information on the Issuer, the Parent Guarantor and the offer of the Notes is only available on the basis of the combination of these Final Terms and the Prospectus. The Prospectus has been published on the website of the London Stock Exchange (at www.londonstockexchange.com/news/market-news/rns/rns.htm).]

- | | | |
|----|-----------------------|----------------------------|
| 1. | (a) Issuer: | Close Brothers Finance plc |
| | (b) Parent Guarantor: | Close Brothers Limited |
| 2. | (a) Series Number: | [] |
| | (b) Tranche Number: | [] |

- (c) Date on which the Notes will be consolidated and form a single Series: [The Notes will be consolidated and form a single Series with [] on [the Issue Date/exchange of the Temporary Global Note for interests in the Permanent Global Note, as referred to in paragraph [] below, which is expected to occur on or about []/[Not Applicable]
3. Specified Currency or Currencies: []
4. Aggregate Nominal Amount:
(a) Series: []
(b) Tranche: []
5. Issue Price: [] per cent. of the Aggregate Nominal Amount [plus accrued interest from [] (if applicable)]
6. (a) Specified Denominations: [[] and integral multiples of [] in excess thereof [up to and including .] No Notes in definitive form will be issued with a denomination above [].]
(b) Calculation Amount: []
7. (a) Issue Date: []
(b) Interest Commencement Date: [Issue Date/Not Applicable]
8. Maturity Date: []/[Interest Payment Date falling in or nearest to []]
9. Interest Basis: [[] per cent. Fixed Rate]
[[] month [LIBOR/EURIBOR] +/- [] per cent. Floating Rate]
[Zero Coupon]
(see paragraph [14]/[15]/[16] below)
10. Redemption/Payment Basis: Subject to any purchase and cancellation or early redemption, the Notes will be redeemed on the Maturity Date at [97][98][99][100][101][102][103] per cent. of their nominal amount
11. Change of Interest Basis or Redemption/Payment Basis: []/[Not Applicable]
12. Put/Call Options: [Not Applicable]
[Investor Put]
[Issuer Call]
[(see paragraph [18]/[19]/[20] below)]
13. [Date [Board] approval for issuance of Notes obtained: [I] [and [I], respectively]]

PROVISIONS RELATING TO INTEREST (IF ANY) PAYABLE

14. Fixed Rate Note Provisions: [Applicable/Not Applicable]

- (a) Rate(s) of Interest: [] per cent. per annum [payable in arrear on each Interest Payment Date
- (b) Interest Payment Date(s): [] in each year up to and including the Maturity Date
- (c) Fixed Coupon Amount(s): [] per Calculation Amount
- (d) Broken Amount(s): [[] per Calculation Amount, payable on the Interest Payment Date falling [in/on][]][Not Applicable]
(applicable to Notes in Definitive form)
- (e) Day Count Fraction: [Actual/Actual (ICMA)]
[30/360]
- (f) Determination Date(s): [Not Applicable]
[[] in each year]
- 15. Floating Rate Note Provisions:** [Applicable/Not Applicable]
- (a) Specified Period(s)/Specified Interest Payment Dates: []
- (b) First Interest Payment Date: []
- (c) Business Day Convention: [Floating Rate Convention]
[Following Business Day Convention]
[Modified Following Business Day Convention]
[Preceding Business Day Convention]
- (d) Additional Business Centre(s): []
- (e) Manner in which the Rate of Interest and Interest Amount is to be determined: [Screen Rate Determination]
[ISDA Determination]
- (f) Party responsible for calculating the Rate of Interest and Interest Amount (if not the Agent): []
- (g) Screen Rate Determination:
- (i) Reference Rate: Reference Rate: [] month
[LIBOR/EURIBOR]
- (ii) Interest Determination Date(s): []
- (iii) Relevant Screen Page: []
- (h) ISDA Determination:
- (i) Floating Rate Option: []
- (ii) Designated Maturity: []
- (iii) Reset Date: []

- (i) Margin(s): [+/-] [] per cent. per annum
 - (j) Minimum Rate of Interest: [] per cent. per annum
 - (k) Maximum Rate of Interest: [] per cent. per annum
 - (l) Day Count Fraction: [Actual/Actual (ISDA)]
[Actual/Actual]
[Actual/365 (Fixed)]
[Actual/365 (Sterling)]
[Actual/360]
[30/360] [360/360] [Bond Basis]
[30E/360] [Eurobond basis]
[30E/360(ISDA)]
- 16. Zero Coupon Note Provisions:** [Applicable/Not Applicable]
- (a) Accrual Yield: [] per cent. per annum
 - (b) Reference Price: []
 - (c) Day Count Fraction in relation to Early Redemption Amounts: [30/360]
[Actual/360]
[Actual/365]

PROVISIONS RELATING TO REDEMPTION

17. Notice periods for Condition 7(b) (Redemption and Purchase – Redemption for taxation reasons) Minimum period: [] days
Maximum period: [] days
- 18. Issuer Call:** [Applicable/Not Applicable]
- (a) Optional Redemption Date(s): []
 - (b) Optional Redemption Amount of each Note and method, if any, of calculation of such amount(s): [[] per Calculation Amount]
[Make Whole Redemption Price]
 - (c) Make Whole Redemption Price: [[] per Calculation Amount]
[Spens Amount]
[Make Whole Redemption Amount]
[Not Applicable]
 - (d) If redeemable in part:
 - (i) Minimum Redemption Amount: []
 - (ii) Maximum Redemption Amount: []
 - (e) Notice periods: Minimum period: [] days
Maximum period: [] days
- 19. Investor Put:** [Applicable/Not Applicable]

- (a) Optional Redemption Date(s): []
- (b) Optional Redemption Amount: [] per Calculation Amount
- (c) Notice periods: Minimum period: [] days
Maximum period: [] days
20. Final Redemption Amount: [] per Calculation Amount
21. Early Redemption Amount payable on redemption for taxation reasons or on event of default: [] per Calculation Amount

GENERAL PROVISIONS APPLICABLE TO THE NOTES

22. (a) Form: [Bearer Notes]
[Temporary Bearer Global Note exchangeable for a Permanent Bearer Global Note which is exchangeable for Definitive Bearer Notes [on 60 days' notice given at any time/only upon an Exchange Event]]

[Temporary Bearer Global Note exchangeable for Definitive Bearer Notes on and after the Exchange Date]

[Permanent Bearer Global Note exchangeable for Definitive Notes [on 60 days' notice given at any time/only upon an Exchange Event/at any time at the request of the Issuer]]

[Registered Notes: Registered Global Note ([•] nominal amount)]
- (b) New Global Note/NSS: [Yes][No]
23. Additional Financial Centre(s) : [Not Applicable]
24. Talons for future Coupons to be attached to Definitive Notes in bearer form (and dates on which such Talons mature): [Yes /No.]

RESPONSIBILITY

[[] has been extracted from []. The Issuer confirms that such information has been accurately reproduced and that, so far as it is aware and is able to ascertain from information

published by [], no facts have been omitted which would render the reproduced information inaccurate or misleading.][Not Applicable]

Signed on behalf of the Issuer:

Signed on behalf of the Parent Guarantor:

By:
Duly authorised

By:
Duly authorised

PART B - OTHER INFORMATION

1. LISTING

- (i) Listing Admission to trading: [Application has been made by the Issuer (or on its behalf) for the Notes to be admitted to trading on the London Stock Exchange's regulated market and listing on the Official List of the UK Listing Authority with effect from [].]
[Application is expected to be made by the Issuer (or on its behalf) for the Notes to be admitted to trading on the London Stock Exchange's regulated market and listing on the Official List of the UK Listing Authority with effect from [].]
- (ii) Estimate of total expenses related to admission to trading: []

2. RATINGS

- Ratings: [The Notes to be issued [have been/are expected to be] assigned the following ratings:
[] by Standard & Poor's Credit Market Services Europe Limited
[] by Fitch Ratings Ltd
[] by Moody's Investors Service Limited]
[Not Applicable]

3. INTERESTS OF NATURAL AND LEGAL PERSONS INVOLVED IN THE ISSUE

[Save for any fees payable to the [Managers/Dealers], so far as the Issuer is aware, no person involved in the issue of the Notes has an interest material to the offer. The [Managers/Dealers] and their affiliates have engaged, and may in the future engage, in investment banking and/or commercial banking transactions with, and may perform other services for, the Issuer and the Parent Guarantor and their affiliates in the ordinary course of business.]

4. YIELD

- Indication of yield: []

5. OPERATIONAL INFORMATION

- (i) ISIN Code: []
- (ii) Common Code: []
- (iii) Any clearing system(s) other than Euroclear Bank SA/NV and Clearstream Banking, société anonyme and the relevant identification number(s): [][Not Applicable]
- (iv) Delivery: Delivery [against/free of] payment

(v) Names and addresses of additional Paying Agent(s) (if any): [I]

U.S. Selling Restrictions: Reg. S Category 2
[TEFRA D]
[TEFRA C]
[TEFRA not applicable]

TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF THE NOTES

The following are the Terms and Conditions of the Notes which will be incorporated by reference into each Global Note (as defined below) and each definitive Note, in the latter case only if permitted by the relevant stock exchange (if any) and agreed by the Issuer and the relevant Dealer at the time of issue but, if not so permitted and agreed, such definitive Note will have endorsed thereon or attached thereto such Terms and Conditions. The provisions of Part A of the applicable Final Terms (or the relevant provisions thereof) will be endorsed upon, or attached to, each Global Note and definitive Note. Reference should be made to “Form of the Notes” and “Form of Final Terms” for a description of the content of Final Terms which will specify which of such terms are to apply in relation to the relevant Notes.

This Note is one of a Series (as defined below) of Notes issued by Close Brothers Finance plc (the “**Issuer**”) constituted by a Trust Deed (such Trust Deed, as most recently amended and restated on 26 July 2013 and as amended and/or supplemented and/or restated from time to time, the “**Trust Deed**”) made between the Issuer, Close Brothers Limited as Parent Guarantor (the “**Parent Guarantor**”) and Citicorp Trustee Company Limited (the “**Trustee**”, which expression shall include any successor as Trustee).

References herein to the “**Notes**” shall be references to the Notes of this Series and shall mean:

- (i) in relation to any Notes represented by a global Note (a “**Global Note**”), units of each Specified Denomination in the Specified Currency;
- (ii) any Global Note;
- (iii) any definitive Notes in bearer form (“**Bearer Notes**”) issued in exchange for a Global Note in bearer form; and
- (iv) any definitive Notes in registered form (“**Registered Notes**”) (whether or not issued in exchange for a Global Note in registered form).

The Notes and the Coupons (as defined below) have the benefit of an Agency Agreement (such Agency Agreement, as most recently amended and restated on 26 July, 2013 and as amended and/or supplemented and/or restated from time to time, the “**Agency Agreement**”) and made between the Issuer, the Parent Guarantor, the Trustee and Citibank, N.A., London Branch as issuing and principal paying agent and agent bank (the “**Principal Paying Agent**”, which expression shall include any successor agent) and the other paying agent named therein (together with the Principal Paying Agent, the “**Paying Agents**”, which expression shall include any additional or successor paying agents), Citigroup Global Markets Deutschland AG as registrar (in such capacity, the “**Registrar**”, which expression shall include any successor registrar) and as transfer agent (in such capacity, the “**Transfer Agent**”, which expression shall include any additional or successor transfer agents).

Interest bearing definitive Bearer Notes have interest coupons (“**Coupons**”) and, if indicated in the applicable Final Terms, talons for further Coupons (“**Talons**”) attached on issue. Any reference herein to Coupons or coupons shall, unless the context otherwise requires, be deemed to include a reference to Talons or talons. Registered Notes and Global Notes do not have Coupons or Talons attached on issue.

The Final Terms for this Note (or the relevant provisions thereof) are set out in Part A of the Final Terms attached to or endorsed on this Note which supplement these Terms and Conditions. References to the “**applicable Final Terms**” are to Part A of the Final Terms (or the relevant provisions thereof) attached to or endorsed on this Note.

The Trustee acts for the benefit of the holders for the time being of the Notes (the “**Noteholders**”, which expression shall, in relation to any Notes represented by a Global Note, be construed as provided below) and the holders of the Coupons (the “**Couponholders**”, which expression shall, unless the context otherwise requires, include the holders of the Talons), in accordance with the provisions of the Trust Deed.

As used herein, “**Tranche**” means Notes which are identical in all respects (including as to listing and admission to trading) and “**Series**” means a Tranche of Notes together with any further Tranche or Tranches of Notes which are (i) expressed to be consolidated and form a single series and (ii) identical in all respects (including as to listing and admission to trading) except for their respective Issue Dates, Interest Commencement Dates and/or Issue Prices.

Copies of the Trust Deed and the Agency Agreement are available for inspection during normal business hours at the registered office for the time being of the Trustee, being at the date of this Prospectus at 13th Floor, Citigroup Centre, Canada Square, Canary Wharf, London E14 5LB and at the specified office of each of the Principal Paying Agent, the Registrar and any other Paying Agents and Transfer Agents (such Principal Paying Agent, the Registrar, any other Paying Agents and Transfer Agents being together referred to as the “**Agents**”). Copies of the applicable Final Terms will be published on the website of the London Stock Exchange through a regulatory information service. The Noteholders and the Couponholders are deemed to have notice of, are bound by and are entitled to the benefit of, all the provisions of the Trust Deed, and the applicable Final Terms which are applicable to them and are deemed to have notice of all the provisions of the Agency Agreement. The statements in these Terms and Conditions include summaries of, and are subject to, the detailed provisions of the Trust Deed.

Words and expressions defined in the Trust Deed, the Agency Agreement or used in the applicable Final Terms shall have the same meanings where used in these Terms and Conditions unless the context otherwise requires or unless otherwise stated and provided that, in the event of inconsistency between the Trust Deed and the Agency Agreement, the Trust Deed will prevail and, in the event of inconsistency between the Trust Deed or the Agency Agreement and the applicable Final Terms, the applicable Final Terms will prevail.

1. Form, Denomination and Title

The Notes are in bearer form or in registered form as specified in the applicable Final Terms and, in the case of definitive Notes, serially numbered, in the currency (the “**Specified Currency**”) and the Denominations (the “**Specified Denomination(s)**”) specified in the applicable Final Terms. Notes of one Specified Denomination may not be exchanged for Notes of another Specified Denomination and Bearer Notes may not be exchanged for Registered Notes and vice versa.

This Note may be a Fixed Rate Note, a Floating Rate Note, a Zero Coupon Note or a combination of any of the foregoing, depending upon the Interest Basis shown in the applicable Final Terms.

Definitive Bearer Notes are issued with Coupons attached, unless they are Zero Coupon Notes in which case references to Coupons and Couponholders in these Terms and Conditions are not applicable.

Subject as set out below, title to the Bearer Notes and Coupons will pass by delivery and title to the Registered Notes will pass upon registration of transfers in accordance with the provisions of the Agency Agreement. The Issuer, the Parent Guarantor, any Agent and the Trustee will (except as otherwise required by law) deem and treat the bearer of any Bearer Note or Coupon and the registered holder of any Registered Note as the absolute owner thereof (whether or not overdue and notwithstanding any notice of ownership or writing thereon or notice of any previous loss or theft thereof) for all purposes but, in the case of any Global Note, without prejudice to the provisions set out in the next succeeding paragraph.

For so long as any of the Notes is represented by a Global Note held on behalf of Euroclear Bank SA/NV ("**Euroclear**") and/or Clearstream Banking, société anonyme ("**Clearstream, Luxembourg**"), each person (other than Euroclear or Clearstream, Luxembourg) who is for the time being shown in the records of Euroclear or of Clearstream, Luxembourg as the holder of a particular nominal amount of such Notes (in which regard any certificate or other document issued by Euroclear or Clearstream, Luxembourg as to the nominal amount of such Notes standing to the account of any person shall be conclusive and binding for all purposes save in the case of manifest error) shall be treated by the Issuer, the Parent Guarantor, the Agents and the Trustee as the holder of such nominal amount of such Notes for all purposes other than with respect to the payment of principal or interest on such nominal amount of such Notes, for which purpose the bearer of the relevant Bearer Global Note or the registered holder of the relevant Registered Global Note shall be treated by the Issuer, the Parent Guarantor, any Agent and the Trustee as the holder of such nominal amount of such Notes in accordance with and subject to the terms of the relevant Global Note and the expressions "**Noteholder**" and "**holder of Notes**" and related expressions shall be construed accordingly. In determining whether a particular person is entitled to a particular nominal amount of Notes as aforesaid, the Trustee may rely on such evidence and/or information and/or certification as it shall, in its absolute discretion, think fit and, if it does so rely, such evidence and/or information and/or certification shall, in the absence of manifest error, be conclusive and binding on all concerned.

Notes which are represented by a Global Note will be transferable only in accordance with the rules and procedures for the time being of Euroclear and Clearstream, Luxembourg, as the case may be.

References to Euroclear and/or Clearstream, Luxembourg shall, whenever the context so permits, be deemed to include a reference to any additional or alternative clearing system specified in Part B of the applicable Final Terms.

2. Transfers of Registered Notes

(a) *Transfers of interests in Registered Global Notes*

Transfers of beneficial interests in Registered Global Notes will be effected by Euroclear or Clearstream, Luxembourg, as the case may be, and, in turn, by

other participants and, if appropriate, indirect participants in such clearing systems acting on behalf of beneficial transferors and transferees of such interests. A beneficial interest in a Registered Global Note will, subject to compliance with all applicable legal and regulatory restrictions, be exchangeable for Notes in definitive form or for a beneficial interest in another Registered Global Note only in the authorised denominations set out in the applicable Final Terms and only in accordance with the rules and operating procedures for the time being of Euroclear or Clearstream, Luxembourg, as the case may be, and in accordance with the terms and conditions specified in the Agency Agreement.

(b) ***Transfers of Registered Notes in definitive form***

Subject as provided in paragraph (e) below, upon the terms and subject to the conditions set forth in the Agency Agreement, a Registered Note in definitive form may be transferred in whole or in part (in the authorised denominations set out in the applicable Final Terms). In order to effect any such transfer (i) the holder or holders must (A) surrender the Registered Note for registration of the transfer of the Registered Note (or the relevant part of the Registered Note) at the specified office of the Registrar or any Transfer Agent, with the form of transfer thereon duly executed by the holder or holders thereof or his or their attorney or attorneys duly authorised in writing and (B) complete and deposit such other certifications as may be required by the Registrar or, as the case may be, the relevant Transfer Agent and (ii) the Registrar or, as the case may be, the relevant Transfer Agent must, after due and careful enquiry, be satisfied with the documents of title and the identity of the person making the request. Any such transfer will be subject to such reasonable regulations as the Issuer and the Registrar may from time to time prescribe (the initial such regulations being set out in Schedule 3 to the Agency Agreement). Subject as provided above, the Registrar or, as the case may be, the relevant Transfer Agent will, within three business days (being for this purpose a day on which banks are open for business in the city where the specified office of the Registrar or, as the case may be, the relevant Transfer Agent is located) of the request (or such longer period as may be required to comply with any applicable fiscal or other laws or regulations), authenticate and deliver, or procure the authentication and delivery of, at its specified office to the transferee or (at the risk of the transferee) send by uninsured mail, to such address as the transferee may request, a new Registered Note in definitive form of a like aggregate nominal amount to the Registered Note (or the relevant part of the Registered Note) transferred. In the case of the transfer of part only of a Registered Note in definitive form, a new Registered Note in definitive form in respect of the balance of the Registered Note not transferred will be so authenticated and delivered or (at the risk of the transferor) sent to the transferor.

(c) ***Registration of transfer upon partial redemption***

In the event of a partial redemption of Notes under Condition 7 (*Redemption and Purchase*), the Issuer shall not be required to register the transfer of any Registered Note, or part of a Registered Note, called for partial redemption.

(d) **Costs of registration**

Noteholders will not be required to bear the costs and expenses of effecting any registration of transfer as provided above, except for any costs or expenses of delivery other than by regular uninsured mail and except that the Issuer may require the payment of a sum sufficient to cover any stamp duty, tax or other governmental charge that may be imposed in relation to the registration.

(e) **Exchanges and transfers of Registered Notes generally**

Holders of Registered Notes in definitive form may exchange such Notes for interests in a Registered Global Note of the same series at any time.

3. Status of the Notes and the Guarantee

(a) **Status of the Notes**

The Notes and the relative Coupons are direct, unconditional and (subject to the provisions of Condition 4 (*Negative Pledge*)) unsecured obligations of the Issuer and (subject as provided above) rank and will rank *pari passu*, without any preference among themselves, with all other outstanding unsecured and unsubordinated obligations of the Issuer, present and future, but, in the event of insolvency, only to the extent permitted by applicable laws relating to creditors' rights.

(b) **Status of the Guarantee**

The payment of the principal and interest in respect of the Notes and all other moneys payable by the Issuer under or pursuant to the Trust Deed has been unconditionally and irrevocably guaranteed by the Parent Guarantor in the Trust Deed (the "**Guarantee**"). The obligations of the Parent Guarantor under the Guarantee constitute direct, unconditional and (subject to the provisions of Condition 4 (*Negative Pledge*)) unsecured obligations of the Parent Guarantor and (subject as provided above) rank and will rank *pari passu* with all other outstanding unsecured and unsubordinated obligations of the Parent Guarantor, present and future, but, in the event of insolvency, only to the extent permitted by applicable laws relating to creditors' rights.

4. Negative Pledge

So long as any of the Notes remains outstanding (as defined in the Trust Deed) the Issuer and the Parent Guarantor will not, and the Parent Guarantor will ensure, so far as it is able to do so by the proper exercise of voting and other rights or powers of control exercisable by it in relation to its Subsidiaries, that none of its Principal Subsidiaries will, create or have outstanding any mortgage, charge, pledge, lien or other encumbrance (other than any arising by operation of law) (each a "**Security Interest**") upon the whole or any part of its or their respective undertakings, assets or revenues present or future, to secure any Relevant Indebtedness (as defined below) or to secure any guarantee or indemnity in respect thereof, without simultaneously with, or prior to, the creation of such Security Interest, securing the Notes equally and rateably therewith to the

satisfaction of the Trustee, or providing such other Security Interest therefor or making such other arrangement which the Trustee in its absolute discretion shall deem not materially less beneficial to the interests of the Noteholders or as shall be approved by an Extraordinary Resolution (as defined in the Trust Deed) of the Noteholders, save that the Issuer, the Parent Guarantor or any Principal Subsidiary may create or have outstanding (without the obligation so to secure the Notes) a Permitted Encumbrance.

For the purposes of these Terms and Conditions:

- (a) **“Group”** means the Parent Guarantor and its Subsidiaries;
- (b) **“Indebtedness for Borrowed Money”** means any indebtedness (whether being principal, premium, interest or other amounts) for or in respect of any notes, bonds, debentures, debenture stock, loan stock or other securities, or any borrowed money;
- (c) **“Non-recourse Indebtedness”** means, at any time, any Indebtedness for Borrowed Money (as defined above) to finance the ownership, acquisition, development and/or operation of an asset or assets in respect of which the person or persons to whom any such Indebtedness for Borrowed Money is or may be owed by the relevant borrower has or have no recourse whatsoever to the Issuer, the Parent Guarantor or any Subsidiary of the Parent Guarantor for the repayment thereof other than:
 - (i) recourse to such borrower for amounts limited to the cash flow or net cash flow from such asset; and/or
 - (ii) recourse to such borrower for the purpose only of enabling amounts to be claimed in respect of such Indebtedness for Borrowed Money in an enforcement of any Security Interest given by such borrower over such asset or the income, cash flow or other proceeds deriving therefrom (or given by any shareholder or the like in the borrower over its shares or the like in the capital of the borrower) to secure such Indebtedness for Borrowed Money, provided that (A) the extent of such recourse to such borrower (or any such shareholder or the like) is limited solely to the amount of any recoveries made on such enforcement, and (B) such person or persons are not entitled, by virtue of any right or claim arising out of or in connection with such Indebtedness for Borrowed Money, to commence proceedings for the winding-up or dissolution of the borrower (or any such shareholder or the like); and/or
 - (iii) recourse to such borrower generally, or directly or indirectly to the Issuer, the Parent Guarantor or any Subsidiary of the Parent Guarantor, under any form of assurance, undertaking or support, which recourse is limited to a claim for damages for breach of an obligation (not being a payment obligation or an obligation to procure payment by another or an indemnity in respect thereof) by the person against whom such recourse is available;

- (d) **“Permitted Encumbrance”** means:
- (i) any Security Interest existing on the date of issue of the Notes;
 - (ii) any Security Interest which secures any Relevant Indebtedness which exists on any asset or undertaking of the Issuer, the Parent Guarantor or any other Principal Subsidiary of the Parent Guarantor which asset or undertaking or which Principal Subsidiary is acquired after the date of issue of the Notes, *provided that*:
 - (A) such Security Interest existed at the date of such acquisition;
 - (B) such Security Interest was not created in contemplation of such acquisition; and
 - (C) the amount thereby secured has not been increased in contemplation of, or since the date of, such acquisition,and any Security Interest over the same undertaking or asset which is given for the purpose of, and to the extent of, the refinancing of any such Relevant Indebtedness;
 - (iii) any Security Interest as shall have been previously approved in writing by the Trustee (which may only be so approved if the Trustee is of the opinion that to do so will not be materially prejudicial to the interests of the Noteholders); and
 - (iv) any other Security Interest, provided that the amount of Relevant Indebtedness secured thereby together with the aggregate amount of all other Relevant Indebtedness secured by Security Interests permitted by this paragraph (iv), is less than £20,000,000 (or its equivalent in any other currency or currencies);
- (e) **“Principal Subsidiary”** means at any time a Subsidiary of the Parent Guarantor:
- (i) whose profits before tax or whose gross assets (in each case, as shown in its most recent annual audited accounts and consolidated in the case of a Subsidiary which ordinarily produces consolidated accounts) represent in each case (or, in the case of a Subsidiary acquired after the end of the financial period to which the then latest audited consolidated accounts of the Group relate, are equal to) not less than 10 per cent. of the consolidated profits before tax, or, as the case may be, consolidated gross assets, of the Group taken as a whole, all as calculated respectively by reference to the then latest audited accounts (consolidated or, as the case may be, unconsolidated) of such Subsidiary and the then latest audited consolidated accounts of the Group; provided that in the case of a Subsidiary of the Parent Guarantor acquired after the end of the financial period to which the then latest audited consolidated accounts of the Parent Guarantor and

its Subsidiaries relate, the reference to the then latest audited consolidated accounts of the Parent Guarantor and its Subsidiaries for the purposes of the calculation above shall, until consolidated accounts for the financial period in which the acquisition is made have been prepared and audited as aforesaid, be deemed to be a reference to such first-mentioned accounts as if such Subsidiary had been shown in such accounts by reference to its then latest relevant audited accounts, adjusted as deemed appropriate by the Parent Guarantor;

- (ii) to which is transferred the whole or substantially the whole of the undertaking and assets of a Subsidiary of the Parent Guarantor which immediately prior to such transfer is a Principal Subsidiary, provided that the transferor Subsidiary shall upon such transfer forthwith cease to be a Principal Subsidiary and the transferee Subsidiary shall cease to be a Principal Subsidiary pursuant to this subparagraph (d)(ii) on the date on which the consolidated accounts of the Group for the financial period current at the date of such transfer have been prepared and audited as aforesaid but so that such transferor Subsidiary or such transferee Subsidiary may be a Principal Subsidiary on or at any time after the date on which such consolidated accounts have been prepared and audited as aforesaid by virtue of the provisions of subparagraph (d)(i) above; or
- (iii) to which is transferred an undertaking or assets which, when taken together with the undertaking or assets of the transferee Subsidiary, (i) generated (or, in the case of the transferee Subsidiary being acquired after the end of the financial period to which the then latest audited consolidated accounts of the Group relate, generate) profits before tax equal to not less than 10 per cent. of the consolidated profits before tax of the Parent Guarantor, or (ii) represent (or, in the case aforesaid, are equal to) not less than 10 per cent. of the consolidated gross assets of the Group taken as a whole, all as calculated as referred to in subparagraph (d)(i) above, provided that the transferor Subsidiary (if a Principal Subsidiary) shall upon such transfer forthwith cease to be a Principal Subsidiary unless immediately following such transfer its undertaking and assets generate (or, in the case aforesaid, generate profits before tax equal to) not less than 10 per cent. of the consolidated profits before tax of the Group taken as a whole, or its assets represent (or, in the case aforesaid, are equal to) not less than 10 per cent. of the consolidated total assets of the Group taken as a whole, all as calculated as referred to in subparagraph (d)(i) above, and the transferee Subsidiary shall cease to be a Principal Subsidiary pursuant to this subparagraph (d)(iii) on the date on which the consolidated accounts of the Group for the financial period current at the date of such transfer have been prepared and audited but so that such transferor Subsidiary or such transferee Subsidiary may be a Principal Subsidiary on or at any time after the date on which such consolidated accounts have been prepared and audited as aforesaid by virtue of the provisions of subparagraph (d)(i) above or, prior to or after such date, by virtue of any other applicable provision of this definition,

and a report by two Authorised Signatories of the Parent Guarantor (addressed to the Trustee) that in their opinion a Subsidiary is or is not or was not at any particular time or throughout any specified period a Principal Subsidiary may be relied on by the Trustee without liability to any person and without further enquiry or evidence and, if relied upon by the Trustee, shall, in the absence of manifest error be conclusive and binding on all parties;

- (f) “**Relevant Indebtedness**” means any Indebtedness for Borrowed Money which is in the form of, or represented or evidenced by, bonds, notes, debentures, debenture stock, loan stock or other securities which for the time being are, or are intended to be, or are capable of being, quoted, listed, dealt in or traded on any stock exchange or other recognised securities market, other than (i) indebtedness which has a stated maturity not exceeding one year or (ii) Non-recourse Indebtedness; and
- (g) “**Subsidiary**” means any entity which is for the time being a subsidiary within the meaning of Section 1159 of the Companies Act 2006.

5. Interest

(a) *Interest on Fixed Rate Notes*

Each Fixed Rate Note bears interest from (and including) the Interest Commencement Date at the rate(s) per annum equal to the Rate(s) of Interest. Interest will be payable in arrear on the Interest Payment Date(s) in each year and on the Maturity Date if that does not fall on an Interest Payment Date.

If the Notes are in definitive form, except as provided in the applicable Final Terms, the amount of interest payable on each Interest Payment Date in respect of the Fixed Interest Period ending on (but excluding) such date will amount to the Fixed Coupon Amount. If the applicable Final Terms state that a Broken Amount is to apply to an Interest Payment Date, the amount of interest payable on such Interest Payment Date shall be the relevant Broken Amount specified in the applicable Final Terms.

Except in the case of Notes in definitive form where an applicable Fixed Coupon Amount or Broken Amount is specified in the applicable Final Terms, interest shall be calculated in respect of any period by applying the Rate of Interest to:

- (A) in the case of Fixed Rate Notes which are represented by a Global Note, the aggregate outstanding nominal amount of the Fixed Rate Notes represented by such Global Note; or
- (B) in the case of Fixed Rate Notes in definitive form, the Calculation Amount;

and, in each case, multiplying such sum by the applicable Day Count Fraction, and rounding the resultant figure to the nearest sub-unit of the relevant Specified Currency, half of any such sub-unit being rounded upwards or otherwise in accordance with applicable market convention. Where the

Specified Denomination of a Fixed Rate Note in definitive form comprises a multiple of the Calculation Amount, the amount of interest payable in respect of such Fixed Rate Note shall be the product of the amount (determined in the manner provided above) for the Calculation Amount and the amount of that multiple without any further rounding.

In this Condition 5(a), “**Day Count Fraction**” means:

- (i) if “Actual/Actual (ICMA)” is specified in the applicable Final Terms:
 - (a) in the case of Notes where the number of days in the relevant period from (and including) the most recent Interest Payment Date (or, if none, the Interest Commencement Date) to (but excluding) the relevant payment date (the “**Accrual Period**”) is equal to or shorter than the Determination Period during which the Accrual Period ends, the number of days in such Accrual Period divided by the product of (1) the number of days in such Determination Period and (2) the number of Determination Dates (as specified in the applicable Final Terms) that would occur in one calendar year; or
 - (b) in the case of Notes where the Accrual Period is longer than the Determination Period during which the Accrual Period ends, the sum of:
 - (1) the number of days in such Accrual Period falling in the Determination Period in which the Accrual Period begins divided by the product of (x) the number of days in such Determination Period and (y) the number of Determination Dates that would occur in one calendar year; and
 - (2) the number of days in such Accrual Period falling in the next Determination Period divided by the product of (x) the number of days in such Determination Period and (y) the number of Determination Dates that would occur in one calendar year; and
- (ii) if “30/360” is specified in the applicable Final Terms, the number of days in the period from (and including) the most recent Interest Payment Date (or, if none, the Interest Commencement Date) to (but excluding) the relevant payment date (such number of days being calculated on the basis of a year of 360 days with 12 30-day months) divided by 360.

In these Terms and Conditions:

“**Determination Period**” means each period from (and including) a Determination Date to but excluding the next Determination Date (including, where either the Interest Commencement Date or the final Interest Payment Date is not a Determination Date, the period commencing on the first

Determination Date prior to, and ending on the first Determination Date falling after, such date);

“**Fixed Interest Period**” means the period from (and including) an Interest Payment Date (or the Interest Commencement Date) to (but excluding) the next (or first) Interest Payment Date; and

“**sub-unit**” means, with respect to any currency other than euro, the lowest amount of such currency that is available as legal tender in the country of such currency and, with respect to euro, one cent.

(b) ***Interest on Floating Rate Notes***

(i) *Interest Payment Dates*

Each Floating Rate Note bears interest from (and including) the Interest Commencement Date and such interest will be payable in arrear on either:

- (A) the Specified Interest Payment Date(s) in each year specified in the applicable Final Terms; or
- (B) if no Specified Interest Payment Date(s) is/are specified in the applicable Final Terms, each date (each such date, together with each Specified Interest Payment Date, an “**Interest Payment Date**”) which falls the number of months or other period specified as the Specified Period in the applicable Final Terms after the preceding Interest Payment Date or, in the case of the first Interest Payment Date, after the Interest Commencement Date.

Such interest will be payable in respect of each Interest Period. In these Terms and Conditions, “**Interest Period**” means the period from (and including) an Interest Payment Date (or the Interest Commencement Date) to (but excluding) the next (or first) Interest Payment Date).

If a Business Day Convention is specified in the applicable Final Terms and (x) if there is no numerically corresponding day on the calendar month in which an Interest Payment Date should occur or (y) if any Interest Payment Date would otherwise fall on a day which is not a Business Day, then, if the Business Day Convention specified is:

- (1) in any case where Specified Periods are specified in accordance with Condition 5(b)(i)(B) above, the Floating Rate Convention, such Interest Payment Date (i) in the case of (x) above, shall be the last day that is a Business Day in the relevant month and the provisions of (B) below shall apply *mutatis mutandis* or (ii) in the case of (y) above, shall be postponed to the next day which is a Business Day unless it would thereby fall into the next calendar month, in which event

- (A) such Interest Payment Date shall be brought forward to the immediately preceding Business Day and (B) each subsequent Interest Payment Date shall be the last Business Day in the month which falls the Specified Period after the preceding applicable Interest Payment Date occurred; or
- (2) the Following Business Day Convention, such Interest Payment Date shall be postponed to the next day which is a Business Day; or
- (3) the Modified Following Business Day Convention, such Interest Payment Date shall be postponed to the next day which is a Business Day unless it would thereby fall into the next calendar month, in which event such Interest Payment Date shall be brought forward to the immediately preceding Business Day; or
- (4) the Preceding Business Day Convention, such Interest Payment Date shall be brought forward to the immediately preceding Business Day.

In these Terms and Conditions, “**Business Day**” means a day which is both:

- (A) a day on which commercial banks and foreign exchange markets settle payments and are open for general business (including dealing in foreign exchange and foreign currency deposits) in London and each Additional Business Centre specified in the applicable Final Terms; and
- (B) either (1) in relation to any sum payable in a Specified Currency other than euro, a day on which commercial banks and foreign exchange markets settle payments and are open for general business (including dealing in foreign exchange and foreign currency deposits) in the principal financial centre of the country of the relevant Specified Currency (which if the Specified Currency is Australian dollars or New Zealand dollars shall be Sydney and Auckland, respectively) or (2) in relation to any sum payable in euro, a day on which the Trans-European Automated Real-Time Gross Settlement Express Transfer (TARGET2) System (the “**TARGET System**”) is open.
- (ii) *Rate of Interest*

The Rate of Interest payable from time to time in respect of Floating Rate Notes will be determined in the manner specified in the applicable Final Terms.

(A) *ISDA Determination for Floating Rate Notes*

Where ISDA Determination is specified in the applicable Final Terms as the manner in which the Rate of Interest is to be determined, the Rate of Interest for each Interest Period will be the relevant ISDA Rate plus or minus (as indicated in the applicable Final Terms) the Margin (if any). For the purposes of this subparagraph (A), "ISDA Rate" for an Interest Period means a rate equal to the Floating Rate that would be determined by the Principal Paying Agent under an interest rate swap transaction if the Principal Paying Agent were acting as Calculation Agent for that swap transaction under the terms of an agreement incorporating the 2006 ISDA Definitions, as published by the International Swaps and Derivatives Association, Inc. and as amended and updated as at the Issue Date of the first Tranche of the Notes (the "**ISDA Definitions**") and under which:

- (1) the Floating Rate Option is as specified in the applicable Final Terms;
- (2) the Designated Maturity is a period specified in the applicable Final Terms; and
- (3) the relevant Reset Date is the day specified in the applicable Final Terms.

For the purposes of this subparagraph (A), "Floating Rate", "Calculation Agent", "Floating Rate Option", "Designated Maturity" and "Reset Date" have the meanings given to those terms in the ISDA Definitions.

Unless otherwise stated in the applicable Final Terms, the Minimum Rate of Interest shall be deemed to be zero.

(B) *Screen Rate Determination for Floating Rate Notes*

Where Screen Rate Determination is specified in the applicable Final Terms as the manner in which the Rate of Interest is to be determined, the Rate of Interest for each Interest Period will, subject as provided below, be either:

- (1) the offered quotation; or
- (2) the arithmetic mean (rounded if necessary to the fifth decimal place, with 0.000005 being rounded upwards) of the offered quotations,

(expressed as a percentage rate per annum) for the Reference Rate (being either LIBOR or EURIBOR, as specified in the

applicable Final Terms) which appears or appear, as the case may be, on the Relevant Screen Page as at 11.00 a.m. (London time, in the case of LIBOR, or Brussels time, in the case of EURIBOR) on the Interest Determination Date in question plus or minus (as indicated in the applicable Final Terms) the Margin (if any), all as determined by the Principal Paying Agent. If five or more of such offered quotations are available on the Relevant Screen Page, the highest (or, if there is more than one such highest quotation, one only of such quotations) and the lowest (or, if there is more than one such lowest quotation, one only of such quotations) shall be disregarded by the Principal Paying Agent for the purpose of determining the arithmetic mean (rounded as provided above) of such offered quotations.

The Agency Agreement contains provisions for determining the Rate of Interest in the event that the Relevant Screen Page is not available or if, in the case of (1) above, no such offered quotation appears or, in the case of (2) above, fewer than three such offered quotations appear, in each case as at the time specified in the preceding paragraph.

(iii) *Minimum Rate of Interest and/or Maximum Rate of Interest*

If the applicable Final Terms specify a Minimum Rate of Interest for any Interest Period, then, in the event that the Rate of Interest in respect of such Interest Period determined in accordance with the provisions of paragraph (ii) above is less than such Minimum Rate of Interest, the Rate of Interest for such Interest Period shall be such Minimum Rate of Interest.

If the applicable Final Terms specify a Maximum Rate of Interest for any Interest Period, then, in the event that the Rate of Interest in respect of such Interest Period determined in accordance with the provisions of paragraph (ii) above is greater than such Maximum Rate of Interest, the Rate of Interest for such Interest Period shall be such Maximum Rate of Interest.

(iv) *Determination of Rate of Interest and calculation of Interest Amounts*

The Principal Paying Agent, in the case of Floating Rate Notes will at or as soon as practicable after each time at which the Rate of Interest is to be determined, determine the Rate of Interest for the relevant Interest Period.

The Principal Paying Agent will calculate the amount of interest (the “**Interest Amount**”) payable on the Floating Rate Notes for the relevant Interest Period by applying the Rate of Interest to:

- (A) in the case of Floating Rate Notes which are represented by a Global Note, the aggregate outstanding nominal amount of the Notes represented by such Global Note; or
- (B) in the case of Floating Rate Notes in definitive form, the Calculation Amount;

and, in each case, multiplying such sum by the applicable Day Count Fraction, and rounding the resultant figure to the nearest sub-unit of the relevant Specified Currency, half of any such sub-unit being rounded upwards or otherwise in accordance with applicable market convention. Where the Specified Denomination of a Floating Rate Note in definitive form comprises a multiple of the Calculation Amount, the Interest Amount payable in respect of such Note shall be the product of the amount (determined in the manner provided above) for the Calculation Amount and the amount of that multiple without any further rounding.

In this Condition 5(b), “**Day Count Fraction**” means:

- (i) if “Actual/Actual (ISDA)” or “Actual/Actual” is specified in the applicable Final Terms, the actual number of days in the Interest Period divided by 365 (or, if any portion of that Interest Period falls in a leap year, the sum of (A) the actual number of days in that portion of the Interest Period falling in a leap year divided by 366 and (B) the actual number of days in that portion of the Interest Period falling in a non-leap year divided by 365);
- (ii) if “Actual/365 (Fixed)” is specified in the applicable Final Terms, the actual number of days in the Interest Period divided by 365;
- (iii) if “Actual/365 (Sterling)” is specified in the applicable Final Terms, the actual number of days in the Interest Period divided by 365 or, in the case of an Interest Payment Date falling in a leap year, 366;
- (iv) if “Actual/360” is specified in the applicable Final Terms, the actual number of days in the Interest Period divided by 360;
- (v) if “30/360”, “360/360” or “Bond Basis” is specified in the applicable Final Terms, the number of days in the Interest Period divided by 360, calculated on a formula basis as follows:

$$\text{Day Count Fraction} = \frac{[360 \times (Y_2 - Y_1)] + [30 \times (M_2 - M_1)] + (D_2 - D_1)}{360}$$

where:

“Y₁” is the year, expressed as a number, in which the first day of the Interest Period falls:

“Y₂” is the year, expressed as a number, in which the day immediately following the last day of the Interest Period falls;

“M₁” is the calendar month, expressed as a number, in which the first day of the Interest Period falls;

“M₂” is the calendar month, expressed as a number, in which the day immediately following the last day of the Interest Period falls;

“D₁” is the first calendar day, expressed as a number, of the Interest Period, unless such number is 31, in which case D1 will be 30; and

“D₂” is the calendar day, expressed as a number, immediately following the last day included in the Interest Period, unless such number would be 31 and D1 is greater than 29, in which case D2 will be 30;

- (vi) if “30E/360” or “Eurobond Basis” is specified in the applicable Final Terms, the number of days in the Interest Period divided by 360, calculated on a formula basis as follows:

$$\text{Day Count Fraction} = \frac{[360 \times (Y_2 - Y_1)] + [30 \times (M_2 - M_1)] + (D_2 - D_1)}{360}$$

where:

“Y₁” is the year, expressed as a number, in which the first day of the Interest Period falls:

“Y₂” is the year, expressed as a number, in which the day immediately following the last day of the Interest Period falls;

“M₁” is the calendar month, expressed as a number, in which the first day of the Interest Period falls;

“M₂” is the calendar month, expressed as a number, in which the day immediately following the last day of the Interest Period falls;

“D₁” is the first calendar day, expressed as a number, of the Interest Period, unless such number would be 31, in which case D1 will be 30; and

“D₂” is the calendar day, expressed as a number, immediately following the last day included in the Interest Period, unless such number would be 31, in which case D2 will be 30;

- (vii) if “30E/360 (ISDA)” is specified in the applicable Final Terms, the number of days in the Interest Period divided by 360, calculated on a formula basis as follows:

$$\text{Day Count Fraction} = \frac{[360 \times (Y_2 - Y_1)] + [30 \times (M_2 - M_1)] + (D_2 - D_1)}{360}$$

where:

“Y₁” is the year, expressed as a number, in which the first day of the Interest Period falls;

“Y₂” is the year, expressed as a number, in which the day immediately following the last day of the Interest Period falls;

“M₁” is the calendar month, expressed as a number, in which the first day of the Interest Period falls;

“M₂” is the calendar month, expressed as a number, in which the day immediately following the last day of the Interest Period falls;

“D₁” is the first calendar day, expressed as a number, of the Interest Period, unless (i) that day is the last day of February or (ii) such number would be 31, in which case D₁ will be 30; and

“D₂” is the calendar day, expressed as a number, immediately following the last day included in the Interest Period, unless (i) that day is the last day of February but not the Maturity Date or (ii) such number would be 31 and in which case D₂ will be 30.

- (v) *Notification of Rate of Interest and Interest Amounts*

The Principal Paying Agent will cause the Rate of Interest and each Interest Amount for each Interest Period and the relevant Interest Payment Date to be notified promptly to the Issuer, the Trustee and any stock exchange on which the relevant Floating Rate Notes are for the time being listed (and in any event no later than the first day of the relevant Interest Period) and notice thereof to be published in accordance with Condition 14 (*Notices*) as soon as possible after their determination but in no event later than the fourth London Business Day thereafter. Each Interest Amount and Interest Payment Date so notified may subsequently be amended (or appropriate alternative arrangements made by way of adjustment) without prior notice in the event of an extension or shortening of the Interest Period. Any such amendment will be promptly notified to each stock exchange on which the relevant Floating Rate Notes are for the time being listed and to the Noteholders in accordance with Condition 14 (*Notices*). For the purposes of this paragraph,

the expression “**London Business Day**” means a day (other than a Saturday or a Sunday) on which banks and foreign exchange markets are open for general business in London.

(vi) *Determination or Calculation by Trustee*

If for any reason at any relevant time the Principal Paying Agent defaults in its obligation to determine the Rate of Interest or the Principal Paying Agent defaults in its obligation to calculate any Interest Amount in accordance with subparagraph (b)(i) or subparagraph (b)(ii) above or as otherwise specified in the applicable Final Terms, as the case may be, and in each case in accordance with paragraph (iv) above, the Trustee shall determine the Rate of Interest at such rate as, in its absolute discretion (having such regard as it shall think fit to the foregoing provisions of this Condition, but subject always to any Minimum Rate of Interest or Maximum Rate of Interest specified in the applicable Final Terms), it shall deem fair and reasonable in all the circumstances or, as the case may be, the Trustee shall calculate the Interest Amount(s) in such manner as it shall deem fair and reasonable in all the circumstances and each such determination or calculation shall be deemed to have been made by the Principal Paying Agent.

(vii) *Certificates to be final*

All certificates, communications, opinions, determinations, calculations, quotations and decisions given, expressed, made or obtained for the purposes of the provisions of this Condition 5(b), whether by the Principal Paying Agent or, if applicable, the Trustee, shall (in the absence of wilful default, bad faith or manifest error) be binding on the Issuer, the Parent Guarantor, the Principal Paying Agent, the other Agents and all Noteholders and Couponholders and (in the absence as aforesaid) no liability to the Issuer, the Parent Guarantor, the Noteholders or the Couponholders shall attach to the Principal Paying Agent or the Trustee in connection with the exercise or non-exercise by it of its powers, duties and discretions pursuant to such provisions.

(viii) *Accrual of interest*

Each Note (or in the case of the redemption of part only of a Note, that part only of such Note) will cease to bear interest (if any) from the date for its redemption unless payment of principal is improperly withheld or refused. In such event, interest will continue to accrue as provided in the Trust Deed.

6. **Payments**

(a) ***Method of payment***

Subject as provided below:

- (i) payments in a Specified Currency other than euro will be made by credit or transfer to an account in the relevant Specified Currency maintained by the payee with, or, at the option of the payee, by a cheque in such Specified Currency drawn on, a bank in the principal financial centre of the country of such Specified Currency (which, if the Specified Currency is Australian dollars or New Zealand dollars, shall be Sydney and Auckland, respectively); and
- (ii) payments in euro will be made by credit or transfer to a euro account (or any other account to which euro may be credited or transferred) specified by the payee or, at the option of the payee, by a euro cheque.

Payments will be subject in all cases to: (i) any fiscal or other laws and regulations applicable thereto in any jurisdiction, but without prejudice to the provisions of Condition 8 (*Taxation*); and (ii) any withholding or deduction required pursuant to an agreement described in Section 1471(b) of the U.S. Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (the “**Code**”) or otherwise imposed pursuant to Sections 1471 through 1474 of the Code, any regulations or agreements thereunder, any official interpretations thereof, or (without prejudice to the provisions of Condition 8 (*Taxation*)) any law implementing a governmental approach thereto, and neither the Issuer nor the Parent Guarantor (as the case may be) shall be required to pay any additional amounts under Condition 8 (*Taxation*) on account of any such deduction or withholding described in this limb (ii).

(b) ***Presentation of definitive Bearer Notes and Coupons***

Payments of principal in respect of definitive Bearer Notes will (subject as provided below) be made in the manner provided in paragraph (a) above only against presentation and surrender (or, in the case of part payment of any sum due, endorsement) of definitive Bearer Notes, and payments of interest in respect of definitive Bearer Notes will (subject as provided below) be made as aforesaid only against presentation and surrender (or, in the case of part payment of any sum due, endorsement) of Coupons, in each case at the specified office of any Paying Agent outside the United States (which expression, as used herein, means the United States of America (including the States and the District of Columbia, its territories, its possessions and other areas subject to its jurisdiction)).

Fixed Rate Notes in definitive bearer form (other than Long Maturity Notes (as defined below)) should be presented for payment together with all unmatured Coupons appertaining thereto (which expression shall for this purpose include Coupons falling to be issued on exchange of matured Talons), failing which the amount of any missing unmatured Coupon (or, in the case of payment not being made in full, the same proportion of the amount of such missing unmatured Coupon as the sum so paid bears to the sum due) will be deducted from the sum due for payment. Each amount of principal so deducted will be paid in the manner mentioned above against surrender of the relative missing Coupon at any time before the expiry of 10 years after the Relevant

Date (as defined in Condition 8 (*Taxation*)) in respect of such principal (whether or not such Coupon would otherwise have become void under Condition 9 (*Prescription*)) or, if later, five years from the date on which such Coupon would otherwise have become due, but in no event thereafter.

Upon any Fixed Rate Note in definitive bearer form becoming due and repayable prior to its Maturity Date, all unmatured Talons (if any) appertaining thereto will become void and no further Coupons will be issued in respect thereof.

Upon the date on which any Floating Rate Note or Long Maturity Note in definitive bearer form becomes due and repayable, unmatured Coupons and Talons (if any) relating thereto (whether or not attached) shall become void and no payment or, as the case may be, exchange for further Coupons shall be made in respect thereof. A “**Long Maturity Note**” is a Fixed Rate Note (other than a Fixed Rate Note which on issue had a Talon attached) whose nominal amount on issue is less than the aggregate interest payable thereon provided that such Note shall cease to be a Long Maturity Note on the Interest Payment Date on which the aggregate amount of interest remaining to be paid after that date is less than the nominal amount of such Note.

If the due date for redemption of any definitive Bearer Note is not an Interest Payment Date, interest (if any) accrued in respect of such Note from (and including) the preceding Interest Payment Date or, as the case may be, the Interest Commencement Date shall be payable only against surrender of the relevant definitive Bearer Note.

(c) ***Payments in respect of Bearer Global Notes***

Payments of principal and interest (if any) in respect of Notes represented by any Global Note in bearer form will (subject as provided below) be made in the manner specified above in relation to definitive Bearer Notes and otherwise in the manner specified in the relevant Global Note, where applicable against presentation or surrender, as the case may be, of such Global Note at the specified office of the Principal Paying Agent. A record of each payment made, distinguishing between any payment of principal and any payment of interest, will be made:

- (i) in respect of any bearer Global Note which is not in NGN form, against presentation or surrender of such Bearer Global Note, on such Bearer Global Note by the Principal Paying Agent to which it is presented, and such record shall be prima facie evidence that the payment in question has been made; or
- (ii) in respect of any bearer Global Note in NGN form, in the records of Euroclear and Clearstream, Luxembourg, as applicable, and such records shall be conclusive evidence that the payment in question has been made.

(d) ***Payments in respect of Registered Notes***

Payments of principal in respect of each Registered Note (whether or not in global form) will be made against presentation and surrender (or, in the case of part payment of any sum due, endorsement) of the Registered Note at the specified office of the Registrar or any of the Paying Agents. Such payments will be made by transfer to the Designated Account (as defined below) of the holder (or the first named of joint holders)

of the Registered Note appearing in the register of holders of the Registered Notes maintained by the Registrar (the "**Register**") (i) where in global form, at the close of the business day (being for this purpose a day on which Euroclear and Clearstream, Luxembourg, are open for business) before the relevant due date, and (ii) where in definitive form, at the close of business on the third business day (being for this purpose a day on which banks are open for business in the city where the specified office of the Registrar is located) before the relevant due date. Notwithstanding the previous sentence, if (i) a holder does not have a Designated Account or (ii) the principal amount of the Notes held by a holder is less than U.S.\$250,000 (or its approximate equivalent in any other Specified Currency), payment will instead be made by a cheque in the Specified Currency drawn on a Designated Bank (as defined below). For these purposes, "**Designated Account**" means the account (which, in the case of a payment in Japanese Yen to a non-resident of Japan, shall be a non-resident account) maintained by a holder with a Designated Bank and identified as such in the Register and "**Designated Bank**" means (in the case of payment in a Specified Currency other than euro) a bank in the principal financial centre of the country of such Specified Currency (which, if the Specified Currency is Australian dollars or New Zealand dollars, shall be Sydney and Auckland, respectively) and (in the case of a payment in euro) any bank which processes payments in euro.

Payments of interest in respect of each Registered Note will be made by a cheque in the Specified Currency drawn on a Designated Bank and mailed by uninsured mail on the business day in the city where the specified office of the Registrar is located immediately preceding the relevant due date to the holder (or the first named of joint holders) of the Registered Note appearing in the Register (i) where in global form, at the close of the business day (being for this purpose a day on which Euroclear and Clearstream, Luxembourg, are open for business) before the relevant due date, and (ii) where in definitive form, at the close of business on the fifteenth day (whether or not such fifteenth day is a business day) before the relevant due date (the "**Record Date**") at his address shown in the Register on the Record Date and at his risk. Upon application of the holder to the specified office of the Registrar not less than three business days in the city where the specified office of the Registrar is located before the due date for any payment of interest in respect of a Registered Note, the payment may be made by transfer on the due date in the manner provided in the preceding paragraph. Any such application for transfer shall be deemed to relate to all future payments of interest (other than interest due on redemption) in respect of the Registered Notes which become payable to the holder who has made the initial application until such time as the Registrar is notified in writing to the contrary by such holder. Payment of the interest due in respect of each Registered Note on redemption will be made in the same manner as payment of the principal amount of such Registered Note.

Holders of Registered Notes will not be entitled to any interest or other payment for any delay in receiving any amount due in respect of any Registered Note as a result of a cheque posted in accordance with this Condition arriving after the due date for payment or being lost in the post. No commissions or expenses shall be charged to such holders by the Registrar in respect of any payments of principal or interest in respect of the Registered Notes.

If the registered Global Note is held under the NSS, the Issuer shall procure that details of each payment made in accordance with this Condition shall be entered *pro rata* in the records of the relevant clearing system and in the case of principal, the nominal amount of the Notes recorded in the records of the relevant clearing system and represented by the registered Global Note will be reduced accordingly.

None of the Issuer, the Parent Guarantor or the Agents will have any responsibility or liability for any aspect of the records relating to, or payments made on account of, beneficial ownership interests in the registered Global Notes or for maintaining, supervising or reviewing any records relating to such beneficial ownership interests.

(e) **General provisions applicable to payments**

The holder of a Global Note shall be the only person entitled to receive payments in respect of Notes represented by such Global Note and the Issuer or, as the case may be, the Parent Guarantor will be discharged by payment to, or to the order of, the holder of such Global Note in respect of each amount so paid. Each of the persons shown in the records of Euroclear or Clearstream, Luxembourg as the beneficial holder of a particular nominal amount of Notes represented by such Global Note must look solely to Euroclear or Clearstream, Luxembourg, as the case may be, for his share of each payment so made by the Issuer or, as the case may be, the Parent Guarantor to, or to the order of, the holder of such Global Note.

Notwithstanding the foregoing provisions of this Condition, if any amount of principal and/or interest in respect of Bearer Notes is payable in U.S. dollars, such U.S. dollar payments of principal and/or interest in respect of such Notes will be made at the specified office of a Paying Agent in the United States if:

- (i) the Issuer has appointed Paying Agents with specified offices outside the United States with the reasonable expectation that such Paying Agents would be able to make payment in U.S. dollars at such specified offices outside the United States of the full amount of principal and interest on the Bearer Notes in the manner provided above when due;
- (ii) payment of the full amount of such principal and interest at all such specified offices outside the United States is illegal or effectively precluded by exchange controls or other similar restrictions on the full payment or receipt of principal and interest in U.S. dollars; and
- (iii) such payment is then permitted under United States law without involving, in the opinion of the Issuer and the Parent Guarantor, adverse tax consequences for the Issuer or the Parent Guarantor.

(f) **Payment Day**

If the date for payment of any amount in respect of any Note or Coupon is not a Payment Day, the holder thereof shall not be entitled to payment until the next following Payment Day in the relevant place and shall not be entitled to further interest or other payment in respect of such delay. For these purposes, "**Payment Day**" means any day which (subject to Condition 9 (*Prescription*)) is:

- (i) a day on which commercial banks and foreign exchange markets settle payments and are open for general business (including dealing in foreign exchange and foreign currency deposits) in (a) in the case of Notes in definitive form only, the relevant place of presentation and (b) each Additional Financial Centre specified in the applicable Final Terms; and
- (ii) (A) (in the case of a payment in a currency other than euro), a day on which commercial banks and foreign exchange markets settle payments and are open for general business (including dealing in foreign exchange and foreign currency deposits) in the principal financial centre of the country of such currency; or
 - (B) (in the case of a payment in euro) a day on which the TARGET System is open.

(g) ***Interpretation of principal and interest***

Any reference in these Terms and Conditions to principal in respect of the Notes shall be deemed to include, as applicable:

- (i) any additional amounts which may be payable with respect to principal under Condition 8 (*Taxation*);
- (ii) the Final Redemption Amount of the Notes;
- (iii) the Early Redemption Amount of the Notes;
- (iv) the Optional Redemption Amount(s) (if any) of the Notes;
- (vi) in relation to Zero Coupon Notes, the Amortised Face Amount (as defined in Condition 7(e)); and
- (vii) any premium and any other amounts (other than interest) which may be payable by the Issuer under or in respect of the Notes.

Any reference in these Terms and Conditions to interest in respect of the Notes shall be deemed to include, as applicable, any additional amounts which may be payable with respect to interest under Condition 8 (*Taxation*).

7. Redemption and Purchase

Neither the Issuer nor the Parent Guarantor shall be at liberty to redeem or purchase the Notes, except in accordance with the following provisions of this Condition.

(a) ***Redemption at maturity***

Unless previously redeemed or purchased and cancelled as specified below, each Note will be redeemed by the Issuer at its Final Redemption Amount specified in, or determined in the manner specified in, the applicable Final

Terms in the relevant Specified Currency on the Maturity Date specified in the applicable Final Terms.

(b) ***Redemption for tax reasons***

Subject to Condition 7(e), the Notes may be redeemed at the option of the Issuer in whole, but not in part, at any time (if this Note is not a Floating Rate Note) or on any Interest Payment Date (if this Note is a Floating Rate Note), on giving not less than the minimum period nor more than the maximum period of notice specified in the applicable Final Terms to the Trustee, the Principal Paying Agent and, in accordance with Condition 14 (*Notices*), the Noteholders (which notice shall be irrevocable), if the Issuer satisfies the Trustee immediately prior to the giving of such notice that:

- (i) it has or will become obliged to pay additional amounts as provided or referred to in Condition 8 (*Taxation*) or the Parent Guarantor would be unable for reasons outside its control to procure payment by the Issuer and in making payment itself would be required to pay such additional amounts, in each case as a result of any change in, or amendment to, the laws or regulations of a Tax Jurisdiction (as defined in Condition 8 (*Taxation*)) or any change in the application or official interpretation of such laws or regulations, which change or amendment becomes effective on or after the date on which agreement is reached to issue the first Tranche of the Notes; and
- (ii) such obligation referred to in (x) above or treatment referred to in (y) above, as the case may be, cannot be avoided by the Issuer or, as the case may be, the Parent Guarantor taking reasonable measures available to it,

PROVIDED that no such notice of redemption shall be given earlier than 90 days prior to the earliest date on which the Issuer or, as the case may be, the Parent Guarantor would be obliged to pay such additional amounts or give effect to such treatment, as the case may be, were a payment in respect of the Notes then due.

Prior to the publication of any notice of redemption pursuant to this Condition, the Issuer shall deliver to the Trustee to make available at its specified office to the Noteholders (i) a certificate signed by two Authorised Signatories of the Issuer or, as the case may be, two Authorised Signatories of the Parent Guarantor stating that the Issuer is entitled to effect such redemption and setting forth a statement of facts showing that the conditions precedent to the right of the Issuer so to redeem have occurred, and (ii) an opinion of independent legal advisers or accountants of recognised standing to the effect that the Issuer or, as the case may be, the Parent Guarantor has or will become obliged to pay such additional amounts as a result of such change or amendment and the Trustee shall be entitled to accept the certificate as sufficient evidence of the satisfaction of the conditions precedent set out above, in which event it shall be conclusive and binding on the Noteholders and the Couponholders.

Notes redeemed pursuant to this Condition 7(b) will be redeemed at their Early Redemption Amount referred to in paragraph (e) below together (if appropriate) with interest accrued to (but excluding) the date of redemption.

(c) ***Redemption at the option of the Issuer (Issuer Call)***

If Issuer Call is specified as being applicable in the applicable Final Terms, the Issuer may, having given not less than the minimum period nor more than the maximum period of notice specified in applicable Final Terms to the Trustee, the Principal Paying Agent (and, in the case of a redemption of Registered Notes, the Registrar) and, in accordance with Condition 14 (*Notices*) the Noteholders (which notices shall be irrevocable and shall specify the date fixed for redemption), redeem all or some only (as specified in the applicable Final Terms) of the Notes then outstanding on the Optional Redemption Date(s) and at the Optional Redemption Amount(s) together, if appropriate, with interest accrued to (but excluding) the relevant Optional Redemption Date(s). Upon expiry of such notice the Issuer shall be bound to redeem the Notes accordingly. Any such redemption must be of a nominal amount not less than the Minimum Redemption Amount nor more than the Maximum Redemption Amount, in each case as may be specified in the applicable Final Terms. In the case of a partial redemption of Notes, the Notes to be redeemed ("**Redeemed Notes**") will be selected individually by lot, in the case of Redeemed Notes represented by definitive Notes, and in accordance with the rules of Euroclear and/or Clearstream, Luxembourg, to be reflected in the records of Euroclear and Clearstream, Luxembourg as either a pool factor or a reduction in nominal amount at their discretion in the case of Redeemed Notes represented by a Global Note, not more than 30 days prior to the date fixed for redemption (such date of selection being hereinafter called the "**Selection Date**"). In the case of Redeemed Notes represented by definitive Notes, a list of the serial numbers of such Redeemed Notes will be published in accordance with Condition 14 (*Notices*) not less than 15 days prior to the date fixed for redemption. No exchange of the relevant Global Note will be permitted during the period from and including the Selection Date to and including the date fixed for redemption pursuant to this paragraph (c) and notice to that effect shall be given by the Issuer to the Noteholders in accordance with Condition 14 (*Notices*) at least five days prior to the Selection Date.

In this Condition 7(c), the "**Optional Redemption Amount(s)**" shall be, as specified in the applicable Final Terms, (i) the Make Whole Redemption Price or (ii) the amount per Calculation Amount specified in the applicable Final Terms.

If Spens Amount is specified in the Final Terms, the Make Whole Redemption Price shall be an amount equal to the higher of (i) 100 per cent. of the principal amount outstanding of the Notes to be redeemed and (ii) the principal amount outstanding of the Notes to be redeemed multiplied by the price, as reported to the Issuer and the Trustee by the Determination Agent, at which the Gross Redemption Yield on such Notes on the Reference Date is equal to the Gross Redemption Yield (determined by reference to the middle market price) at the Quotation Time specified in the applicable Final Terms on the Reference Date of the Reference Bond, plus the Redemption Margin, all as determined by the Determination Agent.

If Make Whole Redemption Amount is specified in the Final Terms, the Make Whole Redemption Price shall be an amount calculated by the Determination Agent as being

equal to the higher of (i) 100 per cent. of the principal amount outstanding of the Notes to be redeemed and (ii) the sum of the present values of the principal amount outstanding of the Notes to be redeemed and the Remaining Term Interest on such Notes (exclusive of interest accrued to the date of redemption) and such present values shall be calculated by discounting such amounts to the date of redemption on an annual basis (assuming a 360-day year consisting of twelve 30-day months or, in the case of an incomplete month, the number of days elapsed) at the Reference Bond Rate, plus the Redemption Margin.

In this Condition 7(c):

“DA Selected Bond” means a government security or securities selected by the Determination Agent as having an actual or interpolated maturity comparable with the remaining term to the Maturity Date, that would be utilised, at the time of selection and in accordance with customary financial practice, in pricing new issues of corporate debt securities denominated in the Specified Currency and of a comparable maturity to the remaining term to the Maturity Date.

“Determination Agent” means an investment bank or financial institution of international standing selected by the Issuer after consultation with the Trustee.

“Gross Redemption Yield” means, with respect to a security, the gross redemption yield on such security, expressed as a percentage and calculated by the Determination Agent on the basis set out by the United Kingdom Debt Management Office in the paper “Formulae for Calculating Gilt Prices from Yields”, page 4, Section One: Price/Yield Formulae “Conventional Gilts”; Double dated and Undated Gilts with Assumed (or Actual) Redemption on a Quasi-Coupon Date” (published 8 June 1998, as amended or updated from time to time) on a semi-annual compounding basis (converted to an annualised yield and rounded up (if necessary) to four decimal places) or on such other basis as the Trustee may approve.

“Redemption Margin” shall be as set out in the applicable Final Terms.

“Reference Bond” shall be as set out in the Final Terms or the DA Selected Bond.

“Reference Bond Price” means, with respect to any date of redemption, (A) the arithmetic average of the Reference Government Bond Dealer Quotations for such Redemption Date, after excluding the highest and lowest such Reference Government Bond Dealer Quotations, or (B) if the Determination Agent obtains fewer than four such Reference Government Bond Dealer Quotations, the arithmetic average of all such quotations.

“Reference Bond Rate” means, with respect to any Optional Redemption Date as specified in the applicable Final Terms, the rate per annum equal to the annual or semi-annual yield (as the case may be) to maturity or interpolated yield to maturity (on the relevant day count basis) of the Reference Bond, assuming a price for the Reference Bond (expressed as a percentage of its nominal amount) equal to the Reference Bond Price for such Optional Redemption Date.

“Reference Date” will be set out in the relevant notice of redemption.

“Reference Government Bond Dealer” means each of five banks selected by the Issuer, or their affiliates, which are (A) primary government securities dealers, and their respective successors, or (B) market makers in pricing corporate bond issues.

“Reference Government Bond Dealer Quotations” means, with respect to each Reference Government Bond Dealer and any Redemption Date, the arithmetic average, as determined by the Determination Agent, of the bid and offered prices for the Reference Bond (expressed in each case as a percentage of its nominal amount) at the Quotation Time specified in the Final Terms on the Reference Date quoted in writing to the Determination Agent by such Reference Government Bond Dealer.

“Remaining Term Interest” means, with respect to any Note, the aggregate amount of scheduled payment(s) of interest on such Note for the remaining term to the Maturity Date determined on the basis of the rate of interest applicable to such Note from and including the Redemption Date.

(d) **Redemption at the option of the Noteholders (Investor Put)**

If Investor Put is specified as being applicable in the applicable Final Terms, then, if and to the extent specified in the applicable Final Terms, upon the holder of this Note giving to the Issuer, in accordance with Condition 14 (*Notices*), not less than the minimum period nor more than the maximum period of notice specified in the applicable Final Terms (which notice shall be irrevocable), the Issuer will, upon the expiry of such notice, redeem subject to, and in accordance with, the terms specified in the applicable Final Terms in whole (but not in part) such Note on the Optional Redemption Date and at the relevant Optional Redemption Amount as specified in the applicable Final Terms, together, if applicable, with interest accrued to (but excluding) the relevant Optional Redemption Date.

If this Note is in definitive form, to exercise the right to require redemption of this Note the holder of this Note must deliver such Note on any Business Day (as defined in Condition 5 (*Interest*)) falling within the notice period at the specified office of any Paying Agent (in the case of Bearer Notes) or the Registrar (in the case of Registered Notes), accompanied by a duly signed and completed notice of exercise in the form (for the time being current) obtainable from any specified office of any Paying Agent or, as the case may be, the Registrar (a **“Put Notice”**) and in which the holder must specify a bank account (or, if payment is by cheque, an address) to which payment is to be made under this Condition and, in the case of Registered Notes, the nominal amount thereof to be redeemed and, if less than the full nominal amount of the Registered Notes so surrendered is to be redeemed, an address to which a new Registered Note in respect of the balance of such Registered Notes is to be sent subject to and in accordance with the provisions of Condition 2(b) (*Transfers of Registered Notes in definitive form*). If this Note is represented by a Global Note and held through Euroclear or Clearstream, Luxembourg, to exercise the right to require redemption of this Note the holder of this Note must, within the notice period, give notice to the Principal Paying Agent (in the case of Bearer Notes) or the Registrar (in the case of Registered Notes) of such exercise in accordance with the standard procedures of Euroclear and Clearstream, Luxembourg (which may include notice being given on his instruction by Euroclear or Clearstream, Luxembourg or any common depositary or common safekeeper, as the case may be, for them to the Principal Paying Agent (in the case of Bearer Notes) or the

Registrar (in the case of Registered Notes) by electronic means) in a form acceptable to Euroclear and Clearstream, Luxembourg from time to time and, if this Note is represented by (i) a Bearer Global Note which has not been issued in NGN form as specified in the applicable Final Terms, at the same time present or procure the presentation of the relevant Global Note to the Principal Paying Agent for notation accordingly or (ii) a Global Note which has been issued in NGN form or is held under the NSS as specified in the applicable Final Terms, instruct Euroclear and Clearstream, Luxembourg to make appropriate entries in their records.

Any Put Notice or other notice given in accordance with the standard procedures of Euroclear and Clearstream, Luxembourg given by a holder of any Note pursuant to this paragraph shall be irrevocable except where prior to the due date of redemption an Event of Default shall have occurred and the Trustee has declared the Notes to be due and payable pursuant to Condition 10 (*Events of Default*) in which event such holder, at its option, may elect by notice to the Issuer to withdraw the notice given pursuant to this paragraph.

(e) **Early Redemption Amounts**

For the purpose of paragraph (b) above and Condition 10 (*Events of Default*), each Note will be redeemed at its Early Redemption Amount calculated as follows:

- (i) in the case of a Note with a Final Redemption Amount equal to the Issue Price, at the Final Redemption Amount thereof;
- (ii) in the case of a Note (other than a Zero Coupon Note) with a Final Redemption Amount which is or may be less or greater than the Issue Price or which is payable in a Specified Currency other than that in which the Note is denominated, at the amount specified in the applicable Final Terms or, if no such amount or manner is so specified in the applicable Final Terms, at its nominal amount; or
- (iii) in the case of a Zero Coupon Note, at an amount (the “**Amortised Face Amount**”) calculated in accordance with the following formula:

$$\text{Early Redemption Amount} = \text{RP} \times (1 + \text{AY})^y$$

where:

“RP” means the Reference Price; and

“AY” means the Accrual Yield expressed as a decimal; and

“y” is the Day Count Fraction specified in the applicable Final Terms which will be either (i) 30/360 (in which case the numerator will be equal to the number of days (calculated on the basis of a 360-day year consisting of 12 months of 30 days each) from (and including) the Issue Date of the first Tranche of the Notes to (but excluding) the date fixed for redemption or (as the case may be) the date upon which such Note becomes due and repayable and the denominator will be 360) or (ii) Actual/360 (in which case the numerator will be equal to the actual

number of days from (and including) the Issue Date of the first Tranche of the Notes to (but excluding) the date fixed for redemption or (as the case may be) the date upon which such Note becomes due and repayable and the denominator will be 360) or (iii) Actual/365 (in which case the numerator will be equal to the actual number of days from (and including) the Issue Date of the first Tranche of the Notes to (but excluding) the date fixed for redemption or (as the case may be) the date upon which such Note becomes due and repayable and the denominator will be 365).

(f) **Purchases**

The Issuer, the Parent Guarantor or any other Subsidiary of the Parent Guarantor, any holding company of the Parent Guarantor or any subsidiary of any such holding company, may (notwithstanding Conditions 7(a), (b), (c) and (d) above) at any time purchase Notes (provided that, in the case of definitive Bearer Notes, all unmatured Coupons and Talons appertaining thereto are purchased therewith) in any manner or at any price.

(g) **Cancellation**

All Notes which are redeemed will forthwith be cancelled (together with all unmatured Coupons and Talons attached thereto or surrendered therewith at the time of redemption). All Notes so cancelled (together with all unmatured Coupons and Talons cancelled therewith) shall be forwarded to the Principal Paying Agent and cannot be reissued or resold. Notes purchased by the Issuer, the Parent Guarantor or any other Subsidiary of the Parent Guarantor, any holding company of the Parent Guarantor or any subsidiary of any such holding company may be held or resold, or surrendered for cancellation.

(h) **Late payment on Zero Coupon Notes**

If the amount payable in respect of any Zero Coupon Note upon redemption of such Zero Coupon Note pursuant to paragraph (a), (b), (c) or (d) above or upon its becoming due and repayable as provided in Condition 10 (*Events of Default*) is improperly withheld or refused, the amount due and repayable in respect of such Zero Coupon Note shall be the amount calculated as provided in paragraph (e)(iii) above as though the references therein to the date fixed for the redemption or the date upon which such Zero Coupon Note becomes due and payable were replaced by references to the date which is the earlier of:

- (i) the date on which all amounts due in respect of such Zero Coupon Note have been paid; and
- (ii) five days after the date on which the full amount of the moneys payable in respect of such Zero Coupon Notes has been received by the Principal Paying Agent or the Registrar and notice to that effect has been given to the Noteholders in accordance with Condition 14 (*Notices*).

8. Taxation

All payments of principal and interest in respect of the Notes and Coupons by the Issuer or the Parent Guarantor will be made without withholding or deduction for or on account of any present or future taxes or duties of whatever nature imposed or levied by or on behalf of any Tax Jurisdiction unless such withholding or deduction is required by law. In such event, the Issuer or, as the case may be, the Parent Guarantor will pay such additional amounts as shall be necessary in order that the net amounts received by the holders of the Notes or Coupons after such withholding or deduction shall equal the respective amounts of principal and interest which would otherwise have been receivable in respect of the Notes or Coupons, as the case may be, in the absence of such withholding or deduction; except that no such additional amounts shall be payable with respect to any Note or Coupon:

- (a) presented for payment by or by a third party on behalf of a holder who (i) could avoid such withholding or deduction if, after having been requested to make such a declaration or claim, such holder fails to do so by making or procuring that any third party makes a declaration of non-residence or other similar claim for exemption to any tax authority; or (ii) is liable for such taxes or duties in respect of such Note or Coupon by reason of his having some connection with a Tax Jurisdiction other than the mere holding of such Note or Coupon; or
- (b) presented (or in respect of which the Certificate representing it is presented) for payment more than 30 days after the Relevant Date (as defined below) except to the extent that the holder thereof would have been entitled to an additional amount on presenting the same for payment on such thirtieth day assuming that day to have been a Payment Day (as defined in Condition 6(f)) in the place of surrender; or
- (c) where such withholding or deduction is imposed on a payment to an individual and is required to be made pursuant to European Council Directive 2003/48/EC or any law implementing or complying with, or introduced in order to conform to, such Directive; or
- (d) presented for payment by or on behalf of a holder who is able to avoid such withholding or deduction by presenting the relevant Note or Coupon to another Paying Agent in a Member State of the European Union.

In these Terms and Conditions:

- (i) “**Tax Jurisdiction**” means the United Kingdom or any political subdivision or any authority thereof or therein having power to tax; and
- (ii) the “**Relevant Date**” means the date on which such payment first becomes due, except that, if the full amount of the moneys payable has not been duly received by the Principal Paying Agent, the Trustee or the Registrar, as the case may be, on or prior to such due date, it means the date on which, the full amount of such moneys having been so received, notice to that effect is duly given to the Noteholders in accordance with Condition 14 (*Notices*).

9. Prescription

The Notes (whether in bearer or registered form) and Coupons will become void unless claims in respect of principal and/or interest are made within a period of 10 years (in the case of principal) and five years (in the case of interest) after the Relevant Date (as defined in Condition 8 (*Taxation*)) therefor.

There shall not be included in any Coupon sheet issued on exchange of a Talon any Coupon the claim for payment in respect of which would be void pursuant to this Condition or Condition 6(b) or any Talon which would be void pursuant to Condition 6(b).

10. Events of Default

(a) *Events of Default*

The Trustee at its discretion may, and if so requested in writing by the holders of at least one quarter in nominal amount of the Notes then outstanding or if so directed by an Extraordinary Resolution of the Noteholders shall (subject in each case to being indemnified and/or secured to its satisfaction), give notice to the Issuer and the Parent Guarantor that the Notes are, and they shall accordingly forthwith become, immediately due and repayable at their principal amount, together with accrued interest as provided in the Trust Deed, in any of the following events (each, an “**Event of Default**”):

- (i) if default is made for a period of 14 days or more in the payment of any interest or for a period of 7 days or more in the payment of principal due in respect of the Notes or any of them; or
- (ii) if the Issuer or the Parent Guarantor fails to perform or observe any obligation, condition or provision binding upon it under the Notes or the Trust Deed (other than any obligation for the payment of any principal or interest in respect of the Notes) and (except in any case where the Trustee considers the failure to be incapable of remedy or cure when no continuation or notice as is hereinafter mentioned will be required) the failure continues for the period of 30 days (or such longer period as the Trustee may permit) following the service by the Trustee on the Issuer or the Parent Guarantor (as the case may be) of notice requiring the same to be remedied; or
- (iii) if (A) any Indebtedness for Borrowed Money of the Issuer, the Parent Guarantor or any Principal Subsidiary (as defined below), other than Non-recourse Indebtedness, is not paid when due, or if later and applicable, by the expiry of any applicable grace period; (B) any Indebtedness for Borrowed Money of the Issuer, the Parent Guarantor or any Principal Subsidiary, other than Non-recourse Indebtedness, is declared to be, or automatically becomes due and payable as a result of an event of default (howsoever defined) prior to its stated maturity; or (C) default is made by the Issuer, the Parent Guarantor or any Principal Subsidiary in making any payment due and called upon (or, if later and if applicable, by the expiry of any applicable grace period) under any guarantee and/or indemnity given by it in relation to any Indebtedness for Borrowed Money of any other person, provided that the aggregate of all such Indebtedness for

Borrowed Money, guaranties and indemnities in (A), (B), and (C) above is at least £20,000,000 (or its equivalent from time to time in other currencies); or

- (iv) if an order is made by any competent court or an effective resolution passed for the winding-up of, or an administration order is made in relation to, the Issuer, the Parent Guarantor or any Principal Subsidiary (as defined below), save (A) with the prior written consent of the Trustee or the prior sanction of an Extraordinary Resolution of the Noteholders, or (B) in the case of a Principal Subsidiary, for a voluntary solvent winding-up where surplus assets are available for distribution and are distributed to another member of the Group; or
- (v) if (a) the Parent Guarantor ceases to be an institution with a Part IV permission under the FSMA (including a permission to accept deposits); or (b) (except for a Permitted Disposal) any member of the Group Disposes of any undertaking, property or assets (whether by a single transaction or by a number of transactions, whether related or not, occurring within the period commencing on the date of publication of the annual audited consolidated balance sheet of the Group for each financial year of the Group and ending on the date of publication of the annual audited consolidated balance sheet of the Group for the next financial year of the Group) which constitutes more than 25% of the total assets of the Group as shown in the most recent publicly available annual audited consolidated balance sheet of the Group at the time of any such Disposal; or
- (vi) if the Issuer or the Parent Guarantor ceases, or threatens through an official action of its board of directors to cease, to carry on the whole or substantially the whole of its business, save for the purposes of, or in connection with, a reconstruction, reorganisation, amalgamation or other matter the terms of which have been approved in writing by the Trustee or by an Extraordinary Resolution of the Noteholders;
- (vii) if the Issuer, the Parent Guarantor or any Principal Subsidiary stops payment to its creditors generally, or is unable to pay its debts within the meaning of Section 123(1)(e) or Section 123(2) of the Insolvency Act 1986; or
- (viii) if an encumbrancer takes possession of, or an administrative or other receiver or an administrator is appointed over, the whole or any substantial part of the undertaking, property or assets (excluding any undertaking, property or assets over which a Security Interest has been given to secure any Non-recourse Indebtedness) of the Issuer, the Parent Guarantor or any Principal Subsidiary, or a distress or execution is levied or enforced upon or sued out against the whole or a substantial part of the undertaking, property or assets (excluding any undertaking, property or assets over which a Security Interest has been given to secure any Non-recourse Indebtedness) of the Issuer, the Parent Guarantor or any Principal Subsidiary, and, in the case of any of the foregoing events (other than the appointment of an administrator), is not discharged within 30 days; or
- (ix) if the Issuer or the Parent Guarantor initiates or consents to judicial proceedings relating to itself under any applicable liquidation, insolvency, composition, reorganisation or other similar laws (including the obtaining of a moratorium) or makes a conveyance or assignment for the benefit of, or enters into any

composition or other arrangement with, its creditors generally (or any class of its creditors) or any meeting is convened to consider a proposal for an arrangement or composition with its creditors generally (or any class of its creditors); or

- (x) if the Guarantee ceases to be, or is claimed by the Issuer or the Parent Guarantor not to be, in full force and effect; or
- (xi) if any event occurs which under the laws of the relevant jurisdiction has or may have, in the Trustee's opinion, an analogous effect to any of the events referred to in paragraphs (iv), (vii), (viii) or (ix) above;

PROVIDED, in the case of any such event other than those described in subparagraphs (i), (iv) (in relation to the Issuer or the Parent Guarantor only), (vii) (in relation to the Issuer or the Parent Guarantor only), (x) and (xi) (in the case of any event having an analogous effect to a winding up or dissolution of the Issuer or the Parent Guarantor) above, the Trustee shall have certified to the Issuer and the Parent Guarantor that such event is, in its opinion, materially prejudicial to the interests of the Noteholders.

(b) ***Enforcement***

- (i) The Trustee may at any time, at its discretion and without notice, take such proceedings against the Issuer and/or the Parent Guarantor as it may think fit to enforce the provisions of the Trust Deed, the Notes and the Coupons, but it shall not be bound to take any such proceedings or any other action in relation to the Trust Deed, the Notes or the Coupons unless (a) it shall have been so directed by an Extraordinary Resolution of the Noteholders or so requested in writing by the holders of at least one-quarter in nominal amount of the Notes then outstanding and (b) it shall have been indemnified and/or secured to its satisfaction.
- (ii) No Noteholder or Couponholder shall be entitled to institute proceedings directly against the Issuer or the Parent Guarantor or prove in the winding-up of the Issuer or the Parent Guarantor unless the Trustee, having become bound to do so, fails to do so within a reasonable period and such failure is continuing, in which event any such holder may, on giving an indemnity and/or security satisfactory to the Trustee, in the name of the Trustee (but not otherwise) himself institute such proceedings and/or prove in the winding-up of the Issuer and/or the Parent Guarantor to the same extent and in the same jurisdiction (but not further or otherwise) that the Trustee would have been entitled to do so in respect of the Notes, the Trust Deed and/or the Guarantees.

(d) ***Interpretation***

For the purposes of these Conditions:

“**Disposes**” means, in relation to any undertaking, property or assets, a sale, transfer, lease or other disposal thereof and “**Disposal**” shall be construed accordingly; and

“Permitted Disposal” means a Disposal:

- (i) of cash in consideration of an acquisition of any undertaking, property or assets to be used in the business of the Group; or
- (ii) made in the ordinary course of business; or
- (iii) to another member of the Group; or
- (iv) for fair market value on arm's length terms where the proceeds are applied within 180 days of receipt in the business of the Group for reinvestment, repayment of liabilities of the Group which have been incurred on arm's length terms, or working capital purposes.

11. Replacement of Notes, Coupons and Talons

Should any Note, Coupon or Talon be lost, stolen, mutilated, defaced or destroyed, it may be replaced at the specified office of the Principal Paying Agent (in the case of Bearer Notes or Coupons) or the Registrar (in the case of Registered Notes) upon payment by the claimant of such costs and expenses as may be incurred in connection therewith and on such terms as to evidence and indemnity as the Issuer may reasonably require. Mutilated or defaced Notes, Coupons or Talons must be surrendered before replacements will be issued.

12. Agents

The names of the initial Agents and their initial specified offices are set out below. If any additional Paying Agents are appointed in connection with any Series, the names of such Paying Agents will be specified in Part B of the applicable Final Terms.

The Issuer is entitled, with the prior written approval of the Trustee, to vary or terminate the appointment of any Agent and/or appoint additional or other Agents and/or approve any change in the specified office through which any Agent acts, provided that:

- (a) there will at all times be a Principal Paying Agent, a Paying Agent, a Transfer Agent and a Registrar;
- (b) so long as the Notes are listed on any stock exchange or admitted to trading by any other relevant authority, there will at all times be a Paying Agent (in the case of Bearer Notes) and a Transfer Agent (in the case of Registered Notes) with a specified office in such place as may be required by the rules and regulations of the relevant stock exchange (or any other relevant authority);
- (c) there will at all times be a Paying Agent in a Member State of the European Union that will not be obliged to withhold or deduct tax pursuant to European Council Directive 2003/48/EC or any law implementing or complying with, or introduced in order to conform to, such Directive.

In addition, the Issuer shall forthwith appoint a Paying Agent having a specified office in New York City in the circumstances described in Condition 6(e). Notice of any variation,

termination, appointment or change in Paying Agents will be given to the Noteholders promptly by the Issuer in accordance with Condition 14 (*Notices*).

In acting under the Agency Agreement, the Agents act solely as agents of the Issuer and the Parent Guarantor and, in certain circumstances specified therein, of the Trustee and do not assume any obligation to, or relationship of agency or trust with, any Noteholders or Couponholders. The Agency Agreement contains provisions permitting any entity into which any Agent is merged or converted or with which it is consolidated or to which it transfers all or substantially all of its assets to become the successor agent.

13. Exchange of Talons

On and after the Interest Payment Date on which the final Coupon comprised in any Coupon sheet matures, the Talon (if any) forming part of such Coupon sheet may be surrendered at the specified office of the Principal Paying Agent or any other Paying Agent in exchange for a further Coupon sheet including (if such further Coupon sheet does not include Coupons to (and including) the final date for the payment of interest due in respect of the Note to which it appertains) a further Talon, subject to the provisions of Condition 9 (*Prescription*).

14. Notices

All notices regarding the Bearer Notes will be valid if published in a leading English language daily newspaper published in London or such other English language daily newspaper with general circulation in Europe as the Trustee may approve. It is expected that publication will normally be made in the Financial Times. The Issuer shall also ensure that notices are duly published in a manner which complies with the rules and regulations of any stock exchange or relevant authority on which the Notes are for the time being listed or by which they have been admitted to trading. Any such notice will be deemed to have been given on the date of the first publication or, where required to be published in more than one newspaper, on the date of the first publication in all required newspapers. If publication as provided above is not practicable, notice will be given in such other manner, and shall be deemed to have been given on such date, as the Trustee may approve. Couponholders will be deemed for all purposes to have notice of the contents of any notice given to the Noteholders in accordance with this Condition.

All notices regarding the Registered Notes will be deemed to be validly given if sent by first class mail or (if posted to an address overseas) by airmail to the holders (or the first named of joint holders) at their respective addresses recorded in the Register and will be deemed to have been given on the fourth day after mailing and, in addition, for so long as any Registered Notes are listed by or on a competent authority or stock exchange and the rules of that competent authority or stock exchange so require, such notice will be published in a daily newspaper of general circulation in the places or places required by that competent authority or stock exchange.

Until such time as any definitive Notes are issued, there may, so long as any Global Notes representing the Notes are held in their entirety on behalf of Euroclear and/or Clearstream, Luxembourg, be substituted for such publication in such newspaper(s) the delivery of the relevant notice to Euroclear and/or Clearstream, Luxembourg for

communication by them to the holders of the Notes and, in addition, for so long as any Notes are listed on a stock exchange or are admitted to trading by another relevant authority and the rules of that stock exchange (or any other relevant authority) so require, such notice will be published in a daily newspaper of general circulation in the place or places required by those rules. Any such notice shall be deemed to have been given to the holders of the Notes on such day as is specified in the applicable Final Terms after the day on which the said notice was given to Euroclear and Clearstream, Luxembourg.

Notices to be given by any Noteholder shall be in writing and given by lodging the same, together with the relative Note or Notes, with the Principal Paying Agent (in the case of Bearer Notes) or the Registrar (in the case of Registered Notes). Whilst any of the Notes are represented by a Global Note, such notice may be given by any holder of a Note to the Principal Paying Agent or the Registrar through Euroclear and/or Clearstream, Luxembourg, as the case may be, in such manner as the Principal Paying Agent, the Registrar and Euroclear and/or Clearstream, Luxembourg, as the case may be, may approve for this purpose.

15. Meetings of Noteholders, Modification and Waiver

The Trust Deed contains provisions for convening meetings of the Noteholders to consider any matter affecting their interests, including the sanctioning by Extraordinary Resolution of a modification of the Notes, the Coupons or any of the provisions of the Trust Deed. Such a meeting may be convened by the Issuer, the Parent Guarantor or the Trustee and shall be convened by the Issuer if required in writing by Noteholders holding not less than ten per cent. in nominal amount of the Notes for the time being remaining outstanding. The quorum at any such meeting for passing an Extraordinary Resolution is one or more persons holding or representing more than 50 per cent. of the nominal amount of the Notes for the time being outstanding, or at any adjourned meeting one or more persons being or representing Noteholders whatever the nominal amount of the Notes so held or represented, except that at any meeting the business of which includes the modification of certain provisions of the Notes or the Coupons (including but not limited to modifying the date of maturity of the Notes or any date for payment of principal or interest thereon, reducing or cancelling the amount of principal or the rate of interest payable in respect of the Notes or altering the currency of payment of the Notes or the Coupons), the quorum shall be one or more persons holding or representing not less than two-thirds in nominal amount of the Notes for the time being outstanding, or at any adjourned such meeting, one or more persons holding or representing not less than one-third in nominal amount of the Notes for the time being outstanding. An Extraordinary Resolution passed at any meeting of the Noteholders shall be binding on all the Noteholders, whether or not they are present at the meeting, and on all Couponholders.

The Trust Deed provides for a resolution, with or without notice, in writing signed by or on behalf of the holder or holders of not less than 90 per cent. of the principal amount of the Notes for the time being outstanding to be as effective and binding as if it were an Extraordinary Resolution duly passed at a meeting of the Noteholders.

The Trustee may agree, without the consent of the Noteholders or Couponholders, to any modification, or to the waiver or authorisation, of any breach or proposed breach of,

any of the provisions of the Notes or the Trust Deed, or determine, without any such consent as aforesaid, that any Event of Default or potential Event of Default shall not be treated as such, where, in any such case, it is not, in the opinion of the Trustee, materially prejudicial to the interests of the Noteholders so to do, or may agree, without any such consent as aforesaid, to any modification which is of a formal, minor or technical nature or to correct a manifest error or an error which is, in the opinion of the Trustee, proven. Any such modification shall be binding on the Noteholders and the Couponholders and any such modification shall, unless the Trustee agrees otherwise, be notified to the Noteholders in accordance with Condition 14 (*Notices*) as soon as practicable thereafter.

In connection with the exercise by it of any of its trusts, powers, authorities and discretions (including, without limitation, any modification, waiver, authorisation or determination), the Trustee shall have regard to the general interests of the Noteholders as a class (but shall not have regard to any interests arising from circumstances particular to individual Noteholders or Couponholders whatever their number) and, in particular but without limitation, shall not have regard to the consequences of any such exercise for individual Noteholders or Couponholders (whatever their number) resulting from their being for any purpose domiciled or resident in, or otherwise connected with, or subject to the jurisdiction of, any particular territory or any political sub-division thereof and the Trustee shall not be entitled to require, nor shall any Noteholder or Couponholder be entitled to claim, from the Issuer, the Parent Guarantor, the Trustee or any other person any indemnification or payment in respect of any tax consequences of any such exercise upon individual Noteholders or Couponholders except to the extent already provided for in Condition 8 (*Taxation*) and/or any undertaking or covenant given in addition to, or in substitution for, Condition 8 (*Taxation*) pursuant to the Trust Deed.

The Trustee may, without the consent of the Noteholders, agree with the Issuer, to the substitution in place of the Issuer (or of any previous substitute under this Condition) as the principal debtor under the Notes the Coupons and the Trust Deed of the Parent Guarantor or any other Subsidiary of the Parent Guarantor, subject to (a) (except in the case of the substitution of the Parent Guarantor) the Notes being unconditionally and irrevocably guaranteed by the Parent Guarantor on the same basis as for the substituted Issuer, (b) the Trustee being satisfied that the interests of the Noteholders will not be materially prejudiced by the substitution and (c) certain other conditions set out in the Trust Deed being complied with.

16. Indemnification of the Trustee and Trustee contracting with the Issuer and/or the Parent Guarantor and the Trustee's retirement and removal

The Trust Deed contains provisions for the indemnification of the Trustee and for its relief from responsibility, including provisions relieving it from taking action unless indemnified to its satisfaction.

The Trust Deed also contains provisions pursuant to which the Trustee is entitled, inter alia, (a) to enter into business transactions with the Issuer, the Parent Guarantor and/or any of their respective Subsidiaries and to act as trustee for the holders of any other securities issued or guaranteed by, or relating to, the Issuer, the Parent Guarantor and/or any of their respective Subsidiaries, (b) to exercise and enforce its rights, comply with its obligations and perform its duties under or in relation to any such transactions

or, as the case may be, any such trusteeship without regard to the interests of, or consequences for, the Noteholders or Couponholders and (c) to retain and not be liable to account for any profit made or any other amount or benefit received thereby or in connection therewith.

The Trust Deed contains provisions allowing the Trustee to retire at any time on giving not less than 60 days' prior written notice to the Issuer and the Parent Guarantor without giving any reason and without being responsible for any Expenses (as defined in the Trust Deed) incurred by such retirement. The Noteholders may by Extraordinary Resolution remove any trustee or trustees for the time being of the Notes. The Trust Deed provides that the retirement or removal of any such Trustee shall not become effective until a successor trustee (being a trust corporation) is appointed. The Trust Deed provides that, in the event of the Trustee giving notice of retirement or being removed by Extraordinary Resolution under the Trust Deed, the Issuer and the Parent Guarantor shall use their best endeavours to procure that a new trustee is appointed as soon as reasonably practicable. If no appointment has become effective within 60 days of such notice or Extraordinary Resolution, the Trust Deed provides that the Trustee shall be entitled to appoint a trust corporation. No appointment of a trustee shall take effect unless previously approved by an Extraordinary Resolution. Notice of any such change shall be given to the Noteholders in accordance with Condition 14 (*Notices*) as soon as practicable thereafter.

17. Further Issues

The Issuer is at liberty from time to time without the consent of the Noteholders or the Couponholders to create and issue further notes or bonds (whether in bearer or registered form) either (a) ranking *pari passu* in all respects (or in all respects save for the first payment of interest thereon) and so that the same shall be consolidated and form a single series with the outstanding notes or bonds of any series (including the Notes) constituted by the Trust Deed or any supplemental deed or (b) upon such terms as to ranking, interest, conversion, redemption and otherwise as the Issuer may determine at the time of the issue.

18. Contracts (Rights of Third Parties) Act 1999

No rights are conferred on any person under the Contracts (Rights of Third Parties) Act 1999 to enforce any term of this Note, but this does not affect any right or remedy of any person which exists or is available apart from that Act.

19. Governing Law

The Trust Deed, the Agency Agreement, the Notes and the Coupons and any non-contractual obligations arising out of or in connection with them are governed by, and shall be construed in accordance with, English law.

USE OF PROCEEDS

The net proceeds from each issue of Notes will be on lent by the Issuer to the Parent Guarantor and applied by the Group for its general corporate purposes, which include making a profit. If, in respect of an issue of Notes which are derivative securities for the purpose of Article 15 of the Prospective Directive Regulation, there is a particular identified use of proceeds, this will be stated in the applicable Final Terms.

CLOSE BROTHERS FINANCE PLC

Close Brothers Finance plc is a finance vehicle and a subsidiary of the Group. It was incorporated under the Companies Act 1985 on 14 November, 2001 in England and Wales as a company with limited liability (registered number 4322721). The Issuer is a subsidiary of Close Brothers Limited. The authorised and issued share capital of the Issuer comprises 50,000 ordinary shares of £1 each of which 49,999 are held by Close Brothers Limited and one is held by Close Brothers Group plc.

The registered office of the Issuer is 10 Crown Place, London EC2A 4FT and its telephone number is +44 (0) 20 7655 3100.

Directors

The Directors of the Issuer and their respective occupations are:

<i>Director</i>	<i>Business Occupation within Close Brothers Finance plc</i>	<i>External Directorships</i>
S R Hodges	Chief Executive Officer	None
M P Hook	Director and Treasurer	None

The business address of each of the Directors of the Issuer is that of the registered office set out above and at the back of this Prospectus.

There are no potential conflicts of interest between the duties to the Issuer of the Directors and their private interests and/or other duties.

The Company Secretary of the Issuer is E A Lee .

The Issuer is a finance vehicle to be used as Issuer of the Notes. Its principal objects are set out, in full, in paragraph 4 of its Memorandum of Association, and include participating in financial arrangements and transactions and acting as Issuer of the Notes. A copy of the Issuer's Memorandum of Association will be available for inspection as described under "**General Information**" below.

CLOSE BROTHERS LIMITED

Close Brothers Limited was incorporated on 9 February 1924 under the Companies Acts 1908 to 1917 in England and Wales as a company with limited liability (registered number 195626). CBL is a bank and is authorised to accept deposits under the FSMA. CBL is authorised by the Prudential Regulatory Authority and is regulated by the Financial Conduct Authority and the Prudential Regulatory Authority and is the parent company of a group providing a range of banking services. CBL is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Close Brothers Group plc.

The registered office of the Parent Guarantor is 10 Crown Place, London, EC2A 4FT and its telephone number is +44 (0) 20 7655 3100.

Directors

The Directors of the Parent Guarantor and their respective occupations are:

<i>Director</i>	<i>Business Occupation within Close Brothers Limited</i>	<i>External Directorships</i>
P Prebensen	Chairman	None
S R Hodges	Chief Executive Officer	None
R C Golden	Director	None
J A G Howell	Director	Sage Group plc
S P Bishop	Director	None
M P Hook	Director	None
M J McNamara	Director	None
F D Pennal	Director	None
M B Morgan	Director	None

The business address of each of the Directors of the Parent Guarantor is that of the registered office set out above and at the back of this Prospectus.

There are no potential conflicts of interest between the duties to the Parent Guarantor of the Directors and their private interests and/or other duties.

The Company Secretary of the Parent Guarantor is J Hudspith.

Business Operations

The Group is comprised of a number of specialist businesses focused on secured lending to small and medium sized enterprises (“**SMEs**”), professionals and consumers across a diverse range of asset classes, mainly in the UK but also in Ireland, the Channel Islands and Germany. This also includes active treasury and deposit-taking operations in London.

The main source of income for the Group is net interest and fees on its loan book. This is supplemented by income from Treasury.

The Group’s strategy is to provide a range of specialist banking services, adding value for its clients as a result of its particular expertise. The Group is dedicated to developing continuity in relationships with clients through excellent service, objective advice and uncompromising professionalism.

The Group is organised into four business divisions, which together employ over 1,500 people:

(a) *Retail*

The Retail business unit includes the premium finance and motor finance businesses, as well as the Group’s lending operations in the Channel Islands. The Retail business unit had a net loan book of £1,707.8 million as at 31 July 2012.

The premium finance business finances the insurance payments of UK companies and individuals via a network of over 2,000 insurance brokers. This allows the insured to manage their cash flow through the payment of insurance premiums in instalments, typically over a 10-month period. As at 31 July 2012, the premium finance business had a loan book of £621.0 million and relationships with over 280,000 SMEs and 1.8 million individuals.

The motor finance business provides asset finance for the acquisition of cars, motorbikes and light commercial vehicles. The business operates through 13 branches spread across the UK, which service a network of 8,800 motor dealers. As at 31 July 2012, the motor finance business had a loan book of £1,086.8 million.

(b) *Commercial*

The Commercial business unit incorporates both the asset finance and invoice finance operations, which had a combined loan book of £1,635.9 million as at 31 July 2012. These businesses operate through two different channels, selling direct through specialist sales teams and also via intermediary brokers. The Commercial business unit had relationships with over 23,000 SMEs as at 31 July 2012.

The asset finance business provides commercial asset financing across various asset classes, including financing of commercial vehicles, machine tools, contractors’ plant, printing equipment, aircraft and medical equipment. The asset finance business had a loan book of £1,327.2 million as at 31 July 2012.

The invoice finance business provides debt factoring and invoice discounting to the SME sector in the UK and Germany. The invoice finance business had a loan book of £308.7 million as at 31 July 2012.

(c) *Property*

The Property business unit specialises in short-term residential development finance across the UK. As at 31 July 2012 the loan book was £782.2 million and the business had relationships with over 800 property developers.

(d) *Treasury*

The Treasury business unit provides funding for the Group's lending activities while maintaining an appropriate level of liquidity.

The Group remains soundly funded with access to total funding of £5.9 billion as at 31 July 2012, funding the loan book of £4.1 billion. Over the last four years, the group has diversified its sources of funding and currently utilises:

- shareholder funds;
- wholesale facilities;
- term retail deposits; and
- short dated customer deposits.

The Group has diversified its sources of funding by raising longer term retail deposits and utilising repurchase and securitisation agreements. This has enabled the Group to meet existing funding requirements and to be well positioned for growth.

The Group has a robust liquidity framework with policies in place to ensure it meets short and long term cash flow needs as well as satisfying any external regulatory requirements. The Group has maintained a sound level of liquidity which is appropriate in relation to the Group's cash flow needs and the current market environment.

At 31 July 2012, the Group had £1,060 million of Treasury assets, of which £937.2 million were classified as liquid assets.

In addition, the Treasury business unit provides deposit-taking in the SME and retail markets.

TAXATION

UK Taxation

The following applies only to persons who are the beneficial recipients of payments under the Notes and is a summary of the Issuer's understanding of current law and HM Revenue & Customs ("HMRC") practice in the United Kingdom. It relates only to the United Kingdom withholding tax treatment of payments of principal and interest in respect of Notes and is not intended to be exhaustive. It does not deal with any other United Kingdom taxation implications of acquiring, holding or disposing of Notes and it may not apply to certain classes of persons such as dealers and persons connected with the Issuer, to whom special rules may apply. The United Kingdom tax treatment of prospective Noteholders depends on their individual circumstances and may be subject to change in the future, including retrospective change. Prospective Noteholders who may be subject to tax in a jurisdiction other than the United Kingdom or who may be unsure as to their tax position should seek their own professional advice.

1. *Payment of Interest on the Notes*

Payment of interest on the Notes by the Issuer may be made without deduction or withholding for or on account of United Kingdom income tax provided that the Notes continue to be listed on a "recognised stock exchange" within the meaning of section 1005 of the Income Tax Act 2007. The London Stock Exchange is currently a recognised stock exchange for these purposes. Securities will be treated as listed on the London Stock Exchange's Regulated Market if they are included in the Official List (within the meaning of and in accordance with the provisions of Part 6 of the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000) and admitted to trading on the London Stock Exchange's Regulated Market. Provided, therefore, that the Notes remain so listed, interest on the Notes will be payable without withholding or deduction for or on account of United Kingdom tax.

Interest on the Notes may also be paid without withholding or deduction for or on account of United Kingdom tax where interest on the Notes is paid by a company (such as the Issuer) and, at the time the payment is made, the company reasonably believes (and any person by or through whom interest on the Notes is paid reasonably believes) that the beneficial owner of such interest is within the charge to United Kingdom corporation tax as regards the payment of such interest; provided that HMRC has not given a direction (in circumstances where it has reasonable grounds to believe that the above exemption is not available in respect of such payment of interest at the time the payment is made) that the interest should be paid under deduction of tax.

Interest on the Notes may also be paid without withholding or deduction for or on account of United Kingdom tax where the maturity of the Notes is less than 365 days (provided that such Notes do not form part of an arrangement of borrowing intended to be, or capable of remaining, outstanding for more than 364 days). HMRC issued a consultation document on 27 March 2012 entitled "Possible changes to income tax rules on interest", in which the United Kingdom Government has invited views on repealing this exemption from the obligation to withhold or deduct for or on account of United Kingdom income tax.

In other cases, an amount must generally be withheld from payments of interest on the Notes on account of United Kingdom income tax at the basic rate (currently 20 per cent.). This is

subject to any other reliefs or exemptions that may apply. Where an applicable double tax treaty provides for a lower rate of withholding tax (or for no tax to be withheld) in relation to a Noteholder, HMRC can issue a notice to the Issuer to pay interest to the Noteholder without deduction of tax (or for interest to be paid with tax deducted at the rate provided for in the relevant double tax treaty).

2. *Withholding tax on payments by the Parent Guarantor under the Guarantees*

Noteholders should be aware that the withholding tax treatment of payments under the Guarantees is not free from uncertainty and any Noteholder who is in any doubt as to the tax treatment of payments made under the Guarantees is advised to obtain professional advice.

Subject to the availability of any relief or exemption, payments under the Guarantees may be subject to United Kingdom withholding tax at the basic rate (currently 20 per cent). Investors should note that in the event that any payment made by the Parent Guarantor in respect of the Guarantees is made subject to deduction or withholding for or on account of any taxes, duties, assessments or governmental charges of any nature, the Parent Guarantor will, save in certain limited circumstance provided in Condition 8 (*Taxation*), be required to pay additional amounts to cover the amounts so withheld or deducted.

3. *Provision of Information*

Noteholders may wish to note that, in certain circumstances, HMRC has power to obtain information (including the name and address of the beneficial owner of the interest) from any person in the United Kingdom who either pays or credits interest to, or receives interest for the benefit of, a Noteholder. HMRC also has power, in certain circumstances, to obtain information from any person in the United Kingdom who pays amounts payable on the redemption of Notes which are deeply discounted securities as defined in Chapter 8 of Part 4 of the Income Tax (Trading and Other Income) Act 2005 to, or receives such amounts for the benefit of, another person, although in relation to amounts repayable on the redemption of Notes which are deeply discounted securities, published practice indicates that HMRC will not exercise the power to require this information where such amounts are paid on or before 5 April, 2013. Such information may include the name and address of the beneficial owner of the amount payable on redemption. Any information obtained may, in certain circumstances, be exchanged by HMRC with the tax authorities of the jurisdiction in which the Noteholder is resident for tax purposes.

4. *EU Savings Directive*

Under EC Council Directive 2003/48/EC (the “**Directive**”) on the taxation of savings income, Member States are required to provide to the tax authorities of another Member State details of payments of interest (or similar income) paid by a person within its jurisdiction to an individual resident or to certain other entities established in that other Member State. However, for a transitional period which commenced on 1 July 2005, Luxembourg and Austria are instead required (unless during that period they elect otherwise) to operate a withholding system in relation to such payments (the ending of such transitional period being dependent upon the conclusion of certain other agreements relating to information exchange with certain other countries) subject to a procedure whereby, on meeting certain conditions, the beneficial owner of the interest or similar income may request that no tax be withheld. A number of non-EU countries and territories have adopted similar measures. In April 2013, the Luxembourg

Government announced its intention to abolish the withholding system with effect from 1 January 2015, in favour of automatic information exchange under the Directive.

The European Commission has proposed certain amendments to the Directive, which may, if implemented, amend or broaden the scope of the requirements described above.

SUBSCRIPTION AND SALE

The Dealers have, in a Programme Agreement (such Programme Agreement as modified and/or supplemented and/or restated from time to time, the "**Programme Agreement**") dated 26 July 2013, agreed with the Issuer and the Parent Guarantor a basis upon which they or any of them may from time to time agree to purchase Notes. Any such agreement will extend to those matters stated under "Form of the Notes" and "Terms and Conditions of the Notes". The Notes may be sold by the Issuer through the Dealers, acting as agents of the Issuer. In the Programme Agreement, the Issuer (failing which, the Parent Guarantor) has agreed to reimburse the Dealers for certain of their expenses in connection with the issue of Notes under the Programme and to indemnify the Dealers against certain liabilities incurred by them in connection therewith.

Selling Restrictions

United States

Neither the Notes nor the Guarantees have been, nor will they be, registered under the Securities Act or any state securities laws, and may not be offered or sold within the United States or to, or for the account or benefit of, U.S. persons unless the Notes are registered under the Securities Act or an exemption from the registration requirements of the Securities Act is available.

The Notes are subject to U.S. tax law requirements and may not be offered, sold or delivered within the United States or its possessions or to a United States person, except in certain transactions permitted by U.S. Treasury regulations. Terms used in this paragraph have the meanings given to them by the U.S. Internal Revenue Code of 1986 and Treasury regulations promulgated thereunder. The applicable Final Terms will identify whether TEFRA C rules or TEFRA D rules apply or whether TEFRA is not applicable.

Each Dealer has represented and agreed, and each further Dealer appointed under the Programme will be required to represent and agree, that it will not offer, sell or deliver Notes (a) as part of their distribution at any time or (b) otherwise until 40 days after the completion of the distribution, as determined and certified by the relevant Dealer or, in the case of an issue of Notes on a syndicated basis, the relevant lead manager, of all Notes of the Tranche of which such Notes are a part, within the United States or to, or for the account or benefit of, U.S. persons. Each Dealer has further agreed, and each further Dealer appointed under the Programme will be required to agree, that it will send to each dealer to which it sells any Notes during the distribution compliance period a confirmation or other notice setting forth the restrictions on offers and sales of the Notes within the United States or to, or for the account or benefit of, U.S. persons. Terms used in this paragraph have the meanings given to them by Regulation S under the Securities Act.

Until 40 days after the commencement of the offering of any Series of Notes, an offer or sale of such Notes within the United States by any dealer (whether or not participating in the offering) may violate the registration requirements of the Securities Act if such offer or sale is made otherwise than in accordance with an available exemption from registration under the Securities Act.

Public Offer Selling Restriction under the Prospectus Directive

In relation to each Member State of the European Economic Area which has implemented the Prospectus Directive (each, a “**Relevant Member State**”), each Dealer has represented and agreed, and each further Dealer appointed under the Programme will be required to represent and agree, that with effect from and including the date on which the Prospectus Directive is implemented in that Relevant Member State (the “**Relevant Implementation Date**”) it has not made and will not make an offer of Notes which are the subject of the offering contemplated by this Prospectus to the public in that Relevant Member State, except that it may, with effect from and including the Relevant Implementation Date, make an offer of Notes to the public in that Relevant Member State:

- (a) at any time to any legal entity which is a qualified investor as defined in the Prospectus Directive;
- (b) at any time to fewer than 100 or, if the Relevant Member State has implemented the relevant provision of the 2010 PD Amending Directive, 150, natural or legal persons (other than qualified investors as defined in the Prospectus Directive), subject to obtaining the prior consent of the relevant Dealer or Dealers nominated by the Issuer for any such offer; or
- (c) at any time in any other circumstances falling within Article 3(2) of the Prospectus Directive,

provided that no such offer of Notes referred to in (a) to (c) above shall require the Issuer, the Parent Guarantor or any Dealer to publish a prospectus pursuant to Article 3 of the Prospectus Directive, or supplement a prospectus pursuant to Article 16 of the Prospectus Directive.

For the purposes of this provision,

the expression an “offer of Notes to the public” in relation to any Notes in any Relevant Member State means the communication in any form and by any means of sufficient information on the terms of the offer and the Notes to be offered so as to enable an investor to decide to purchase or subscribe the Notes, as the same may be varied in that Member State by any measure implementing the Prospectus Directive in that Member State;

the expression **Prospectus Directive** means Directive 2003/71/EC (and amendments thereto, including the 2010 PD Amending Directive, to the extent implemented in the Relevant Member State), and includes any relevant implementing measure in the Relevant Member State; and

the expression **2010 PD Amending Directive** means Directive 2010/73/EC.

United Kingdom

Each Dealer has represented and agreed, and each further Dealer appointed under the Programme will be required to represent and agree, that:

- (a) in relation to any Notes which have a maturity of less than one year, (i) it is a person whose ordinary activities involve it in acquiring, holding, managing or disposing of

investments (as principal or agent) for the purposes of its business and (ii) it has not offered or sold and will not offer or sell any Notes other than to persons whose ordinary activities involve them in acquiring, holding, managing or disposing of investments (as principal or as agent) for the purposes of their businesses or who it is reasonable to expect will acquire, hold, manage or dispose of investments (as principal or agent) for the purposes of their businesses where the issue of the Notes would otherwise constitute a contravention of section 19 of the FSMA by the Issuer;

- (b) it has only communicated or caused to be communicated and will only communicate or cause to be communicated an invitation or inducement to engage in investment activity (within the meaning of section 21 of the FSMA) received by it in connection with the issue or sale of any Notes in circumstances in which section 21(1) of the FSMA does not or, in the case of the Parent Guarantor, would not, if it was not an authorised person, apply to the Issuer or the Parent Guarantor; and
- (c) it has complied and will comply with all applicable provisions of the FSMA with respect to anything done by it in relation to any Notes in, from or otherwise involving the United Kingdom.

Japan

The Notes have not been and will not be registered under the Financial Instruments and Exchange Act of Japan (Act No. 25 of 1948, as amended; the “**FIEA**”) and each Dealer has represented and agreed, and each further Dealer appointed under the Programme will be required to represent and agree, that it will not offer or sell any Notes, directly or indirectly, in Japan or to, or for the benefit of, any resident of Japan (as defined under Item 5, Paragraph 1, Article 6 of the Foreign Exchange and Foreign Trade Act (Act No. 228 of 1949, as amended)), or to others for re-offering or resale, directly or indirectly, in Japan, or to or for the benefit of, a resident of Japan, except pursuant to an exemption from the registration requirements of, and otherwise in compliance with, the FIEA and any other applicable laws, regulations and ministerial guidelines of Japan.

The Netherlands

Each Dealer has represented and agreed that Zero Coupon Notes (as defined below) in definitive form may only be transferred and accepted, directly or indirectly, within, from or into The Netherlands through the mediation of either the Issuer or a member of Euronext Amsterdam by NYSE Euronext with due observance of the Dutch Savings Certificates Act (*Wet inzake Spaarbewijzen*) of 21 May 1985 (as amended) and its implementing regulations.

No such mediation is required in respect of (a) the transfer and acceptance of rights representing an interest in a Zero Coupon Note in global form, or (b) in respect of the initial issue of Zero Coupon Notes in definitive form to the first holders thereof, or (c) the transfer and acceptance of Zero Coupon Notes in definitive form between individuals not acting in the conduct of a business or profession, or (d) the issue and trading of such Zero Coupon Notes within, from or into The Netherlands if all Zero Coupon Notes (either in definitive form or as rights representing an interest in the Zero Coupon Note in global form) of any particular Series are issued outside The Netherlands and are not distributed within The Netherlands in the course of their initial distribution or immediately thereafter.

In the event that the Dutch Savings Certificates Act applies, certain identification requirements in relation to the issue and transfer of, and payments on, Zero Coupon Notes have to be complied with and, in addition thereto, if such Zero Coupon Notes in definitive form do not qualify as commercial paper traded between professional borrowers and lenders within the meaning of the agreement of 2 February 1987, attached to the Royal Decree of 11 March 1987, (*Staatsblad* 129) (as amended), each transfer and acceptance should be recorded in a transaction note, including the name and address of each party to the transaction, the nature of the transaction and the details and serial numbers of such notes. For purposes of this paragraph “Zero Coupon Notes” means notes that are in bearer form and that constitute a claim for a fixed sum against the Issuer and on which interest does not become due during their tenor or on which no interest is due whatsoever.

Italy

The offering of the Notes has not been registered pursuant to Italian securities legislation and, accordingly, each Dealer has represented and agreed and each further dealer appointed under the Programme will be required to represent and agree that no Notes may be offered, sold or delivered nor may copies of the Prospectus or of any other document relating to the Notes be distributed in the Republic of Italy, except:

- (a) to qualified investors (*investitori qualificati*), as defined in Article 100 of Legislative Decree No. 58 of 24 February, 1998, as amended (the “**Financial Services Act**”) and the relevant implementing CONSOB regulations, as amended from time to time, and in Article 2 of Directive No. 2003/71/EC of 4 November, 2003; or
- (b) in other circumstances which are exempted from the rules on public offerings pursuant to Article 100 of the Financial Services Act and Article 33, first paragraph, of CONSOB Regulation No. 11971 of 14 May, 1999, as amended from time to time (“**Regulation No. 11971**”).

Any offer, sale or delivery of the Notes or distribution of copies of the Prospectus or any other document relating to the Notes in the Republic of Italy under (a) or (b) above must be:

- (i) made by an investment firm, bank or financial intermediary permitted to conduct such activities in the Republic of Italy in accordance with the Financial Services Act, CONSOB Regulation No. 16190 of 29 October, 2007 (as amended from time to time) and Legislative Decree No. 385 of 1 September, 1993, as amended (the “**Banking Act (Italy)**”); and
- (ii) in compliance with Article 129 of the Banking Act (Italy), as amended, and the implementing guidelines of the Bank of Italy, as amended from time to time, pursuant to which the Bank of Italy may request information on the issue or the offer of securities in the Republic of Italy; and
- (iii) in compliance with any other applicable laws and regulations or requirement imposed by CONSOB or other Italian authority.

Singapore

This Prospectus has not been registered as a prospectus with the Monetary Authority of Singapore under the Securities and Futures Act, Chapter 289 of Singapore (the “**Securities and Futures Act**”). Accordingly, each Dealer has represented and agreed and each further Dealer appointed under the Programme will be required to represent and agree that the Notes may not be offered or sold or made the subject of an invitation for subscription or purchase nor may this Prospectus or any other document or material in connection with the offer or sale or invitation for subscription or purchase of any Notes be circulated or distributed, whether directly or indirectly, to any person in Singapore other than (a) to an institutional investor pursuant to section 274 of the Securities and Futures Act, (b) to a relevant person, or any person pursuant to section 275(1A) of the Securities and Futures Act, and in accordance with the conditions specified in section 275 of the Securities and Futures Act, or (c) pursuant to, and in accordance with the conditions of, any other applicable provision of the Securities and Futures Act.

Each of the following relevant persons specified in section 275 of the Securities and Futures Act which has subscribed or purchased Notes, namely a person who is:

- (a) a corporation (which is not an accredited investor) the sole business of which is to hold investments and the entire share capital of which is owned by one or more individuals, each of whom is an accredited investor; or
- (b) a trust (where the trustee is not an accredited investor) whose sole purpose is to hold investments and each beneficiary is an accredited investor,

should note that shares, debentures and units of shares and debentures of that corporation or the beneficiaries' rights and interest in that trust shall not be transferable for 6 months after that corporation or that trust has acquired the notes under section 275 of the Securities and Futures Act except:

- (i) to an institutional investor under section 274 of the Securities and Futures Act or to a relevant person defined in section 275(2) of the Securities and Futures Act or, (in the case of a corporation) where the transfer arises from an offer referred to in section 276(3)(i)(B) of the Securities and Futures Act or, (in the case of a trust) where the transfer arises from an offer referred to in Section 276(4)(i)(B) of the Securities and Futures Act;
- (ii) where no consideration is given for the transfer;
- (iii) by operation of law; or
- (iv) pursuant to section 276(7) of the Securities and Futures Act.

Hong Kong

Each Dealer has represented and agreed and each further Dealer appointed under this Programme will be required to represent and agree that:

- (a) it has not offered or sold and will not offer or sell in Hong Kong, by means of any document, any Notes other than (i) to persons whose ordinary business is to buy or sell

shares or debentures (whether as principal or agent); or (ii) to “professional investors” as defined in the Securities and Futures Ordinance (Cap. 571) of Hong Kong and any rules made under that Ordinance; or (iii) in other circumstances which do not result in the document being a “prospectus” as defined in the Companies Ordinance (Cap. 32) of Hong Kong or which do not constitute an offer to the public within the meaning of that Ordinance; and

- (b) it has not issued or had in its possession for the purposes of issue, and will not issue or have in its possession for the purposes of issue, whether in Hong Kong or elsewhere, any advertisement, invitation or document relating to the Notes, which is directed at, or the contents of which are likely to be accessed or read by, the public of Hong Kong (except if permitted to do so under the securities laws of Hong Kong) other than with respect to Notes which are or are intended to be disposed of only to persons outside Hong Kong or only to “professional investors” as defined in the Securities and Futures Ordinance and any rules made under that Ordinance.

General

Each Dealer has represented and agreed and each further Dealer appointed under the Programme will be required to represent and agree that it will (to the best of its knowledge and belief) comply with all applicable securities laws and regulations in force in any jurisdiction in which it purchases, offers, sells or delivers Notes or possesses or distributes the Prospectus and will obtain any consent, approval or permission required by it for the purchase, offer, sale or delivery by it of Notes under the laws and regulations in force in any jurisdiction to which it is subject or in which it makes such purchases, offers, sales or deliveries and none of the Issuer, the Parent Guarantor, the Trustee and any other Dealer shall have any responsibility therefore.

None of the Issuer, the Parent Guarantor, the Trustee and any of the Dealers has represented that Notes may at any time lawfully be sold in compliance with any applicable registration or other requirements in any jurisdiction, or pursuant to any exemption available thereunder, or assumes any responsibility for facilitating any such sale.

GENERAL INFORMATION

Authorisation

The establishment of the Programme and the issue of Notes have been duly authorised by resolutions of the Board of Directors of the Issuer dated 15 November, 2004, 12 November, 2008, 16 January, 2009, 23 March, 2011, 3 May, 2012 and 25 July 2013. The giving of the Guarantee has been duly authorised by resolutions of the Board of Directors of the Parent Guarantor dated 15 November, 2004, 16 January, 2009, 29 April, 2010, 23 March, 2011, 3 May, 2012 and 25 July, 2013.

Listing of Notes

It is expected that each Tranche of Notes which is to be admitted to the Official List and to trading on the London Stock Exchange's Regulated Market will be admitted separately as and when issued, subject only to the issue of a Global Note or Notes initially representing the Notes of such Tranche. Application has been made to the UK Listing Authority for Notes issued under the Programme to be admitted to the Official List and to the London Stock Exchange for such Notes to be admitted to trading on the London Stock Exchange's Regulated Market. The listing of the Programme in respect of Notes is expected to be granted on or around 31 July 2013.

Documents Available

For a period of 12 months following the date of this Prospectus, copies of the following documents will, when published, be available from the registered office of the Issuer and from the specified offices of the Paying Agents for the time being in London and Luxembourg:

- (a) the Memorandum and Articles of Association of the Issuer and the Memorandum and Articles of Association of the Parent Guarantor;
- (b) the audited non-consolidated annual financial statements of the Issuer in respect of the financial years ended 31 July, 2011 and 31 July, 2012 and the audited consolidated annual financial statements of the Parent Guarantor in respect of the financial years ended 31 July, 2011 and 31 July, 2012 in each case together with the audit reports prepared in connection therewith. The Issuer currently prepares audited non-consolidated financial statements on an annual basis. The Parent Guarantor currently prepares audited consolidated and non-consolidated financial statements on an annual basis;
- (c) the most recently published audited annual financial statements of the Issuer and the Parent Guarantor and the most recently published unaudited interim financial statements (if any) of the Issuer and the Parent Guarantor, in each case together with any audit or review papers prepared in connection therewith;
- (d) the Programme Agreement, the Trust Deed, the Agency Agreement, the Issuer - ICSDs Agreement and the forms of the Global Notes, the Notes in definitive form, the Coupons and the Talons;
- (e) a copy of this Prospectus;

- (f) any future offering circulars, prospectuses, information memoranda and supplements including Final Terms to this Prospectus and any other documents incorporated herein or therein by reference; and
- (g) in the case of each issue of Notes admitted to trading on the London Stock Exchange's Regulated Market subscribed pursuant to a subscription agreement, the subscription agreement (or equivalent document).

Copies of this Prospectus and any documents incorporated by reference in this Prospectus will also be available for viewing on the website of the Regulatory News Service operated by the London Stock Exchange at the following address: <http://www.londonstockexchange.com/en-gb/pricesnews/marketnews/>.

Clearing Systems

The Notes have been accepted for clearance through Euroclear and Clearstream, Luxembourg, which are the entities in charge of keeping the records. The appropriate Common Code and ISIN for each Tranche of Notes allocated by Euroclear and Clearstream, Luxembourg will be specified in the applicable Final Terms. If the Notes are to clear through an additional or alternative clearing system the appropriate information will be specified in the applicable Final Terms.

The address of Euroclear is Euroclear Bank SA/NV, 1 Boulevard du Roi Albert II, B-1210 Brussels and the address of Clearstream, Luxembourg is Clearstream Banking, 42 Avenue JF Kennedy, L-1855 Luxembourg.

Conditions for determining price

The price and amount of Notes to be issued under the Programme will be determined by the Issuer and the relevant Dealer at the time of issue in accordance with prevailing market conditions.

Significant or Material Change

There has been no significant change in the financial or trading position of the Issuer, the Parent Guarantor or the Group since 31 July, 2012 and there has been no material adverse change in the financial position or prospects of the Issuer, the Parent Guarantor or the Group as a whole since 31 July, 2012.

Litigation

There are no governmental, legal or arbitration proceedings (including any such proceedings which are pending or threatened of which the Issuer or the Parent Guarantor are aware), which may have, or had during the 12 months prior to the date hereof, a significant effect on the financial position or profitability of the Issuer, the Parent Guarantor or the Group.

Auditors

The auditors of the Issuer and the Parent Guarantor are Deloitte LLP, Chartered Accountants with the Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales and Registered Auditors, who

have audited the Issuer's and the Parent Guarantor's accounts, without qualification, in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards in England for the financial years ended on 31 July, 2011 and 31 July, 2012, respectively.

The auditors of the Issuer have no material interest in the Issuer or in the Parent Guarantor.

THE ISSUER

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THE PARENT GUARANTOR

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London EC2A 4FT

TRUSTEE

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Canary Wharf
London E14 5LB

PRINCIPAL PAYING AGENT

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Canada Square
Canary Wharf
London E14 5LB

REGISTRAR, PAYING AGENT AND TRANSFER AGENT

Citigroup Global Markets Deutschland AG
Reuterweg 16
D-60323 Frankfurt am Main

LEGAL ADVISERS

*To the Issuer and the Parent Guarantor as to
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*To the Dealers and the Trustee as to English
law*

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AUDITORS

To the Issuer and the Parent Guarantor

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