

DIAGEO

DIAGEO plc

(Incorporated with limited liability in England and Wales with registered number 23307)

as Issuer and Guarantor

DIAGEO FINANCE plc

(Incorporated with limited liability in England and Wales with registered number 213393)

as Issuer

DIAGEO CAPITAL B.V.

*(Incorporated with limited liability in the Netherlands with registered number 34196822
and having its corporate seat in Amsterdam)*

as Issuer

Programme for the Issuance of Debt Instruments

This Base Prospectus has been approved by the Financial Services Authority (the "FSA"), in its capacity as competent authority under the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 ("FSMA") (the "U.K. Listing Authority"), the U.K. Listing Authority being the United Kingdom's competent authority for the purposes of Directive 2003/71/EC (the "Prospectus Directive") and relevant implementing measures in the United Kingdom, as a base prospectus issued in compliance with Article 5.4 of the Prospectus Directive and relevant implementing measures in the United Kingdom for the purpose of giving information with regard to debt instruments (the "Instruments") issued under the programme (the "Programme") described in this Prospectus during the period of twelve months after the date hereof. Application has been made to the U.K. Listing Authority for Instruments issued under the Programme to be admitted to the Official List of the U.K. Listing Authority (the "Official List"). Application has also been made to the London Stock Exchange plc (the "London Stock Exchange") for Instruments issued under the Programme during the period of the twelve months from on or about the date of this document to be admitted to trading on the London Stock Exchange's Regulated Market (the "Market"). The Market is a regulated market for the purposes of European Council Directive 2004/39/EC (the "Markets in Financial Instruments Directive"). The Issuers have requested that the U.K. Listing Authority provides a certificate of approval and a copy of this document to the relevant competent authority in the European Economic Area with a certificate of approval so that application may be made for Instruments issued under the Programme to be admitted to trading on other regulated markets in the European Economic Area. References in this Prospectus to Instruments being "listed" (and all related references) shall mean that such Instruments have been admitted to trading on the Market and have been admitted to the Official List. The Programme also permits Instruments to be issued on an unlisted basis or to be admitted to listing, trading and/or quotation by such other or further listing authorities, stock exchanges and/or quotation system as may be agreed with the Issuer.

The Instruments have not been and will not be registered under the United States Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act") or the securities laws of any other United States jurisdiction and may not be offered or sold in the United States or to, or for the account or benefit of, U.S. persons unless the Instruments are registered under the Securities Act or an exemption from the registration requirements of the Securities Act is available. Registered Instruments are subject to certain restrictions on transfer (see "Subscription and Sale").

In the case of any Instruments which are to be admitted to trading on a regulated market within the European Economic Area or offered to the public in a Member State of the European Economic Area in circumstances which require the publication of a prospectus under the Prospectus Directive, the minimum denomination shall be €50,000 (or its equivalent in any other currency as at the date of issue of the Instruments).

The Instruments may be held in a manner which will allow Eurosystem eligibility. This simply means that the Instruments may upon issue be deposited with Clearstream Banking, société anonyme, or Euroclear Bank S.A./N.V. as one of the international central securities depositories as common safekeeper and does not necessarily mean that the Instruments will be recognised as eligible collateral for Eurosystem monetary policy and intra-day credit operations by the Eurosystem either upon issue or at any or all times during their life. Such recognition will depend upon satisfaction of the Eurosystem eligibility criteria.

See "Risk Factors" for a discussion of certain factors to be considered in connection with an investment in the Instruments.

Arranger for the Programme

MORGAN STANLEY

Dealers

BARCLAYS CAPITAL

CITI

DEUTSCHE BANK

HSBC

MORGAN STANLEY

SANTANDER GLOBAL BANKING & MARKETS

THE ROYAL BANK OF SCOTLAND

BofA MERRILL LYNCH

CREDIT SUISSE

GOLDMAN SACHS INTERNATIONAL

J.P. MORGAN CAZENOVE

NOMURA

STANDARD CHARTERED BANK

UBS INVESTMENT BANK

The date of this Prospectus is 30 September 2010

Each of Diageo plc (“**Diageo**”), Diageo Finance plc and Diageo Capital B.V. (each an “**Issuer**” and together the “**Issuers**”) and Diageo as guarantor (the “**Guarantor**”) (together with the Issuers, the “**Obligors**” and each an “**Obligor**”) accepts responsibility for the information contained in this Prospectus. To the best of the knowledge of each Obligor (who have taken all reasonable care to ensure that such is the case), the information contained in this Prospectus is in accordance with the facts and does not omit anything likely to affect the import of such information.

Any reference in this Prospectus to “**Base Prospectus**” means this Prospectus excluding all information incorporated by reference at (5), (6) and (7) on page 4 and excluding from the information incorporated by reference at (3) the exhibits set out therein referred to as being incorporated by reference on page 4. The Issuers and the Guarantor have confirmed that the information incorporated by reference at (5), (6) and (7) on page 4 and the exhibits set out as being incorporated by reference in the information incorporated by reference at (3) on page 4, has not been and does not need to be included in the Base Prospectus to satisfy the requirements of the Prospectus Directive or FSMA.

Each of the Obligors has confirmed to the dealers (the “**Dealers**”) named under “*Subscription and Sale*” below that, having regard to the matters set out in section 80(4) of FSMA (which shall be deemed to be included in this paragraph as if set out herein), this Prospectus contains all such information as investors and their professional advisers could reasonably require, and reasonably expect to find here, for the purpose of making an informed assessment of: (a) the assets and liabilities, financial position, profits and losses and prospects of each Obligor; and (b) the rights attaching to the relevant Instruments, that this Prospectus is true and accurate in all material respects and is not misleading in any material respect, that the opinions and intentions expressed herein are honestly held and based on reasonable assumptions and that there are no other facts in relation thereto the omission of which would, in the context of the Programme or the issue of the relevant Instruments, make any statement in this Prospectus or the opinions or intentions expressed herein misleading in any material respect, and all reasonable enquiries have been made to verify the foregoing.

Copies of each Final Terms (in the case of Instruments admitted to the Official List or Instruments listed otherwise than on the Official List) will be available from the registered office of the relevant Obligor and from the offices of the Issue and Paying Agent (as defined herein) for the time being in London and set out at the end of this Prospectus. Copies of each Final Terms (where the Instruments to which such Final Terms relate are not admitted to trading on a regulated market within the European Economic Area in circumstances where a prospectus is required to be published under the Prospectus Directive) will be available for inspection at the offices of the relevant Issuer and the Issue and Paying Agent for the time being in London by the holder of such an Instrument upon production of evidence satisfactory to the Issuer or the Issue and Paying Agent (as the case may be) as to the identity of such holder.

This Prospectus should be read and construed with any amendment or supplement hereto and with any other documents incorporated herein by reference (see “*Documents Incorporated by Reference*” below). Further, in relation to any Series (as defined herein) of Instruments, this Prospectus should be read and construed together with the relevant Final Terms(s) (as defined herein).

No person has been authorised by the Obligors to give any information or to make any representation not contained in or not consistent with this Prospectus and the relevant Final Terms or any other document entered into in relation to the Programme or any information supplied by the Obligors or such other information as is in the public domain and, if given or made, such information or representation should not be relied upon as having been authorised by the Obligors or any Dealer.

NO REPRESENTATION OR WARRANTY IS MADE OR IMPLIED BY ANY OF THE DEALERS OR ANY OF THEIR RESPECTIVE AFFILIATES AND NONE OF THE DEALERS OR THEIR RESPECTIVE AFFILIATES MAKES ANY REPRESENTATION OR WARRANTY OR ACCEPTS ANY RESPONSIBILITY AS TO THE ACCURACY OR COMPLETENESS OF THE INFORMATION CONTAINED IN THIS PROSPECTUS. NEITHER THE DELIVERY OF THIS PROSPECTUS OR ANY FINAL TERMS NOR THE OFFERING, SALE OR DELIVERY OF ANY INSTRUMENT SHALL, IN ANY CIRCUMSTANCES, CREATE ANY IMPLICATION THAT THE INFORMATION CONTAINED IN

THIS PROSPECTUS IS TRUE SUBSEQUENT TO THE DATE HEREOF OR THE DATE UPON WHICH THIS PROSPECTUS HAS BEEN MOST RECENTLY AMENDED OR SUPPLEMENTED OR THAT THERE HAS BEEN NO ADVERSE CHANGE IN THE FINANCIAL SITUATION OF ANY OBLIGORS SINCE THE DATE HEREOF OR, IF LATER, THE DATE UPON WHICH THIS PROSPECTUS HAS BEEN MOST RECENTLY AMENDED OR SUPPLEMENTED OR THAT ANY OTHER INFORMATION SUPPLIED IN CONNECTION WITH THE PROGRAMME IS CORRECT AT ANY TIME SUBSEQUENT TO THE DATE ON WHICH IT IS SUPPLIED OR, IF DIFFERENT, THE DATE INDICATED IN THE DOCUMENT CONTAINING THE SAME.

The distribution of this Prospectus and any Final Terms and the offering, sale and delivery of the Instruments in certain jurisdictions may be restricted by law. Persons into whose possession this Prospectus or any Final Terms comes are required by the Obligors and the Dealers to inform themselves about and to observe any such restrictions. For a description of certain restrictions on offers, sales and deliveries of Instruments and on the distribution of this Prospectus or any Final Terms and other offering material relating to the Instruments see "*Subscription and Sale*" below. In particular, Instruments have not been and will not be registered under the United States Securities Act of 1933 (as amended) and may include Instruments in bearer form which are subject to U.S. tax law requirements. Subject to certain exceptions, Instruments may not be offered, sold or delivered within the United States or to U.S. persons.

Neither this Prospectus nor any Final Terms constitutes an offer or an invitation to subscribe for or purchase any Instruments and should not be considered as a recommendation by any of the Obligors or the Dealers that any recipient of this Prospectus or any Final Terms should subscribe for or purchase any Instruments. Each recipient of this Prospectus or any Final Terms shall be taken to have made its own investigation and appraisal of the condition (financial or otherwise) of each Obligor. Neither this Prospectus nor any Final Terms may be used for the purpose of an offer or solicitation by anyone in any jurisdiction in which such offer or solicitation is not authorised or to any person to whom it is unlawful to make such offer or solicitation.

STABILISATION

IN CONNECTION WITH THE ISSUE OF ANY TRANCHE OF INSTRUMENTS, THE DEALER OR DEALERS (IF ANY) NAMED AS THE STABILISING MANAGER(S) IN THE APPLICABLE FINAL TERMS (OR PERSONS ACTING ON BEHALF OF ANY STABILISING MANAGER(S)) MAY OVER-ALLOT INSTRUMENTS OR EFFECT TRANSACTIONS WITH A VIEW TO SUPPORTING THE MARKET PRICE OF THE INSTRUMENTS OF THE SERIES OF WHICH SUCH TRANCHE OF INSTRUMENTS FORMS PART AT A LEVEL HIGHER THAN THAT WHICH MIGHT OTHERWISE PREVAIL. HOWEVER, THERE IS NO ASSURANCE THAT THE STABILISING MANAGER(S) (OR PERSONS ACTING ON BEHALF OF A STABILISING MANAGER) WILL UNDERTAKE STABILISATION ACTION. ANY STABILISATION ACTION MAY BEGIN ON OR AFTER THE DATE ON WHICH ADEQUATE PUBLIC DISCLOSURE OF THE TERMS OF THE OFFER OF THE RELEVANT TRANCHE OF INSTRUMENTS IS MADE AND, IF BEGUN, MAY BE ENDED AT ANY TIME, BUT IT MUST END NO LATER THAN THE EARLIER OF 30 DAYS AFTER THE ISSUE DATE OF THE RELEVANT TRANCHE OF INSTRUMENTS AND 60 DAYS AFTER THE DATE OF THE ALLOTMENT OF THE RELEVANT TRANCHE OF INSTRUMENTS. ANY STABILISATION ACTION OR OVER-ALLOTMENT MUST BE CONDUCTED BY THE RELEVANT STABILISING MANAGER(S) (OR PERSONS(S) ACTING ON BEHALF OF ANY STABILISING MANAGER(S)) IN ACCORDANCE WITH ALL APPLICABLE LAWS AND RULES.

DOCUMENTS INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE

The following documents shall be deemed to be incorporated in, and to form part of, this Prospectus and the Base Prospectus set out in this Prospectus:

1. the audited annual financial statements (on a consolidated basis and including the auditor's report thereon and notes thereto) of Diageo in respect of the financial years ended 30 June 2010 (as set out at pages 105 to 167 of the Annual Report of Diageo for the year ended 30 June 2010) and 30 June 2009 (as set out at pages 97 to 155 of the Annual Report of Diageo for the year ended 30 June 2009);
2. the audited annual financial statements (on an entity basis and including the auditor's report thereon and notes thereto) of Diageo Finance plc in respect of the financial years ended 30 June 2009 and 30 June 2008 and Diageo Capital B.V. in respect of the financial years ended 30 June 2009 and 30 June 2008;
3. the Annual Report on Form 20-F of Diageo in respect of the year ended 30 June 2010, excluding the exhibits set out therein referred to as being incorporated by reference; and
4. the terms and conditions of the Instruments as set out at pages 21 to 48 of the prospectus dated 29 September 2006, pages 19 to 42 of the prospectus dated 27 September 2007 and pages 20 to 47 of the prospectus dated 22 September 2008 and prepared by the Issuers and the Guarantor in connection with the Programme,

save that any statement contained in this Prospectus or in any of the documents incorporated by reference in, and forming part of, this Prospectus shall be deemed to be modified or superseded for the purpose of this Prospectus to the extent that a statement contained in any document subsequently incorporated by reference modifies or supersedes such statement provided that such modifying or superseding statement is made by way of supplement to the Prospectus pursuant to Article 16 of the Prospectus Directive. Copies of documents deemed to be incorporated by reference in this Prospectus may be obtained: (i) by a request in writing to the relevant Issuer at its registered office as set out at the end of this Prospectus and marked for the attention of Company Secretariat; or (ii) from the offices of the Issue and Paying Agent (as defined herein) for the time being in London.

In addition, the following documents published or issued from time to time after the date hereof shall be deemed to be incorporated in, and form part of, this Prospectus provided that such documents shall not form part of the Base Prospectus approved by the FSA for the purpose of the Prospectus Directive:

5. the most recently published Annual Report and Accounts containing audited consolidated accounts and non-consolidated annual financial statements and, if published later, the most recently published Interim Financial Results containing interim consolidated and non-consolidated financial statements (if any) of Diageo and Diageo's most recently published Annual Report on Form 20-F, excluding the exhibits set out therein referred to as being incorporated by reference, and any Reports on Form 6-K filed with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission from time to time;
6. the most recently audited annual financial statements (on an entity basis and including the auditor's report thereon and notes thereto) of Diageo Finance plc and Diageo Capital B.V.; and
7. all supplements or amendments to this Prospectus prepared by any Issuer from time to time,

save that any statement contained herein or in a document which is deemed to be incorporated by reference herein shall be deemed to be modified or superseded for the purpose of this Prospectus to the extent that a subsequent statement which is deemed to be incorporated by reference herein modifies or supersedes such earlier statement (whether expressly, by implication or otherwise).

FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This document may contain forward-looking statements. Words such as ‘expects’, ‘anticipates’, ‘intends’, ‘believes’ or the negative of these terms and other similar expressions of future performance or results and their negatives are intended to identify such forward-looking statements. These forward looking statements are based upon current expectations and assumptions regarding anticipated developments and other factors affecting the Obligors. They are not historical facts, nor are they guarantees of future performance. Because these forward-looking statements involve risks and uncertainties, there are important factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from those expressed or implied by these forward-looking statements, including, among others, competitive pricing and activities, economic slowdown, industry consolidation, access to credit markets, recruitment levels, reputational risks, commodity prices, continued availability of raw materials, prioritisation of projects, consumption levels, costs, the ability to maintain and manage key customer relationships and supply chain sources, currency values, interest rates, the ability to integrate acquisitions and complete planned restructuring activities, physical risks, environmental risks, the ability to manage regulatory, tax and legal matters and resolve pending matters within current estimates, legislative, fiscal and regulatory developments, political, economic and social conditions in the geographic markets where the Obligors operate and new or changed priorities of the board of directors of each of the Obligors.

SUPPLEMENTAL PROSPECTUS

Each Obligor will in the event of any significant new factor, material mistake or inaccuracy relating to information included in the Prospectus, prepare a further supplement to this Prospectus or publish a new Prospectus for use in connection with any subsequent issue of Instruments in compliance with section 87G of FSMA.

PRESENTATION OF FINANCIAL AND OTHER INFORMATION

All references in this document to “U.S.\$”, “\$” and “U.S. dollars” are to United States dollars, those to “Sterling” and “£” are to pounds sterling and those to “euro”, “Euro”, “€” and “EUR” are to the single currency introduced at the start of the third stage of European Economic and Monetary Union pursuant to the Treaty establishing the European Communities, as amended.

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OVERVIEW OF THE PROGRAMME

The following is a brief overview only and should be read in conjunction with the rest of this Prospectus, including “*Risk Factors*”, for a discussion of certain factors to be considered in connection with an investment in the Instruments and, in relation to any Instruments, in conjunction with the relevant Final Terms and, to the extent applicable, the “*Terms and Conditions of the Instruments*” set out herein.

Words and expressions defined in “*Terms and Conditions of the Instruments*” below or elsewhere in this Prospectus have the same meanings in this overview.

Issuers: Diageo, Diageo Finance plc and Diageo Capital B.V.. In the event of any other subsidiary being appointed as an issuer, a new prospectus will be prepared on behalf of that subsidiary amending and restating the Base Prospectus.

Guarantor: Diageo (in the case of an issue of Instruments by Diageo Finance plc and Diageo Capital B.V.).

Description of Issuers and Guarantor: Diageo was incorporated as Arthur Guinness Son & Company Limited on 21 October 1886. The group was formed by the merger of Grand Metropolitan Public Limited Company and Guinness PLC in December 1997. Diageo is incorporated as a public limited company in England and Wales with registered number 23307. It is the holding company of the Diageo group (as defined below).

Diageo Finance plc is a wholly owned subsidiary of Diageo and was incorporated as a private limited company in England and Wales in 1926 and re-registered as a public limited company in 1981. Diageo Finance plc acts as a financing vehicle for the Diageo group’s operating companies.

Diageo Capital B.V. is an indirect wholly owned subsidiary of Diageo with its corporate seat in Amsterdam, the Netherlands. It was incorporated as a private company with limited liability in the Netherlands in 2003. Diageo Capital B.V. acts as a financing vehicle for the Diageo group’s operating companies.

Detailed descriptions of the Issuers and the Guarantor are set out below in “*Diageo plc*”, “*Diageo Finance plc*” and “*Diageo Capital B.V.*”.

Arranger: Morgan Stanley & Co. International plc.

Dealers: Banco Santander, S.A., Barclays Bank PLC, Citigroup Global Markets Limited, Credit Suisse Securities (Europe) Limited, Deutsche Bank AG, London Branch, Goldman Sachs International, HSBC Bank plc, J.P. Morgan Securities Ltd., Merrill Lynch International, Morgan Stanley & Co. International plc, Nomura International plc, The Royal Bank of Scotland plc, Standard Chartered Bank, UBS Limited and any other dealer appointed from time to time by the Issuers either generally in respect of the Programme or in relation to a particular Tranche (as defined below) of Instruments. Each issue of Instruments denominated in a currency in respect of which particular laws, guidelines, regulations, restrictions or reporting requirements apply will only be issued in circumstances which comply with such laws, guidelines, regulations, restrictions or reporting requirements from time to time (see under “*Subscription and Sale*”).

Issue and Paying Agent: Citibank, N.A., London Branch.

Registrar: Citibank, N.A., London Branch.

Programme Amount: There is no limit on the amount of Instruments that may be issued under the Programme.

Issuance in Series: Instruments will be issued in series (each, a “**Series**”). Each Series may comprise one or more tranches (“**Tranches**” and each, a “**Tranche**”) with the same maturity date. The Instruments of each Series will all be subject to identical terms, except that the issue date, the issue price and the amount of the first payment of interest may be different in respect of different Tranches. The Instruments of each

Tranche will all be subject to identical terms in all respects save that a Tranche may comprise Instruments of different denominations and Instruments in bearer form or registered form. Further Instruments may be issued as part of any existing Series.

Form of Instruments: Instruments may be issued in bearer form or in registered form. Instruments issued in bearer form may be issued in New Global Note (“NGN”) form. In respect of each Tranche of Instruments issued in bearer form, the Issuer will deliver a temporary global Instrument (a “**Temporary Global Instrument**”) or (if so specified in the relevant Final Terms in respect of Instruments to which U.S. Treasury Regulation §1.163-5(c)(2)(i)(C) (the “**TEFRA C Rules**”) applies (as so specified in such Final Terms)) a permanent global Instrument (a “**Permanent Global Instrument**”). Each such global Instrument will either (i) if the global Instruments are not intended to be issued in NGN form (as so specified in the relevant Final Terms) be deposited on or before the relevant issue date therefor with a common depository for Euroclear Bank S.A./N.V., as operator of the Euroclear System (“**Euroclear**”) and/or Clearstream Banking, société anonyme (“**Clearstream, Luxembourg**”) and/or any other relevant clearing system or (ii) if the global Instruments are intended to be issued in NGN form (as so specified in the relevant Final Terms) be deposited on or before the relevant issue date therefor with a common safekeeper (the “**Common Safekeeper**”) for Euroclear and Clearstream, Luxembourg. Each Temporary Global Instrument will be exchangeable for a Permanent Global Instrument or if so specified in the relevant Final Terms, for Instruments in definitive bearer form (“**Definitive Instruments**”) and/or (if so specified in the relevant Final Terms) registered form in accordance with its terms (“**Registered Instruments**”). Each Permanent Global Instrument will be exchangeable for Definitive Instruments and/or (if so specified in the relevant Final Terms) Registered Instruments in accordance with its terms. (See further under “*Provisions Relating to the Instruments whilst in Global Form*” below). Definitive Instruments will, if interest bearing, either have interest coupons (“**Coupons**”) attached and, if appropriate, a talon (“**Talon**”) for further Coupons and will, if the principal thereof is repayable by instalments, have payment receipts (“**Receipts**”) attached. Each Instrument issued in registered form shall represent the entire holding of Registered Instruments by the same holder. A Registered Instrument may be registered in the name of a nominee for one or more clearing systems and such an Instrument is referred to herein as a “**Global Registered Instrument**”. Instruments in registered form may not be exchanged for Instruments in bearer form.

Currencies: Instruments may be denominated in any currency or currencies, subject to compliance with all applicable legal and/or regulatory and/or central bank requirements.

Instruments may, subject to compliance as aforesaid, be issued as multi currency Instruments.

Payments in respect of Instruments may, subject to compliance as aforesaid, be made in, and/or linked to, any currency or currencies other than the currency in which such Instruments are denominated.

Status of Instruments: Instruments will be issued on an unsubordinated basis.

Guarantee: Under the terms of the Guarantee (as defined below), the Guarantor irrevocably and unconditionally guarantees the due and punctual payment of all amounts due by Diageo Finance plc or Diageo Capital B.V..

Status of Guarantee: The obligations of the Guarantor under the Guarantee constitute direct, unsubordinated and (subject to the provisions of Condition 5 in “*Terms and Conditions of the Instruments*”) unsecured obligations of the Guarantor and claims under the Guarantee will rank at least *pari passu* with all other unsecured and unsubordinated obligations of the Guarantor, present and future, save only for such obligations as may be preferred by mandatory provisions of applicable law.

Issue Price: Instruments may be issued at any price and either on a fully or partly paid basis, as specified in the relevant Final Terms.

Maturities: Any maturity subject, in relation to specific currencies, to compliance with all applicable legal and/or regulatory and/or central bank requirements.

Redemption: Instruments may be redeemable at par or at such other redemption amount (detailed in a formula, linked to an index, physical commodity or otherwise) as may be specified in the relevant Final Terms.

Unless permitted by then current laws and regulations, Instruments (including Instruments denominated in Sterling) in respect of which the issue proceeds are to be accepted by the relevant Issuer in the United Kingdom or whose issue otherwise constitutes a contravention of section 19 of FSMA and which have a maturity of less than one year must have a minimum redemption value of £100,000 (or its equivalent in other currencies) or be issued in other circumstances which do not constitute a contravention of section 19 of the FSMA by the relevant Issuer.

Early Redemption: Early redemption will be permitted for taxation reasons as mentioned in “*Terms and Conditions of the Instruments – Early Redemption or Substitution for Taxation Reasons*”, but will otherwise be permitted only to the extent specified in the relevant Final Terms.

Interest: Instruments may be interest bearing or non-interest bearing. Interest (if any) may accrue on the Instruments at a fixed or floating rate (respectively, “**Fixed Rate Instruments**” and “**Floating Rate Instruments**”) and may vary during the lifetime of the relevant Series of Instruments.

Denominations: Instruments will be issued in such denominations as may be specified in the relevant Final Terms (subject to compliance with all applicable legal and/or regulatory and/or central bank requirements), save that (i) in the case of any Instruments which are to be admitted to trading on a regulated market within the European Economic Area in circumstances which require the publication of a prospectus under the Prospectus Directive (2003/71/EC), the minimum denomination shall be €50,000 (or its equivalent in any other currency as at the date of issue of the Instruments); and (ii) unless otherwise permitted by then current laws and regulations, Instruments (including Instruments denominated in Sterling) in respect of which the issue proceeds are to be accepted by the relevant Issuer in the United Kingdom whose issue otherwise constitutes a contravention of section 19 FSMA and which have a maturity of less than one year must have a minimum denomination of £100,000 (or its equivalent in other currencies as at the date of issue of the Instruments).

Taxation: Payments in respect of Instruments and the Guarantee will be made without withholding or deduction for, or on account of, any present or future taxes, duties, assessments or governmental charges of whatever nature imposed or levied by or on behalf of the country of incorporation of the relevant Issuer or (if applicable) the Guarantor or, if different, the country of tax residence of the relevant Issuer or (if applicable) the Guarantor, or any political subdivision thereof or any authority or agency therein or thereof having power to tax, unless the withholding or deduction of such taxes, duties, assessments or governmental charges is required by law or by the administration or official interpretation thereof. In that event, the relevant Issuer or the Guarantor will (subject to certain exceptions set out in Condition 9 of the Terms and Conditions of the Instruments) pay such additional amounts as will result in the holders of Instruments or Coupons receiving such amounts as they would have received in respect of such Instruments or Coupons had no such withholding or deduction been required.

Governing Law: The Instruments and all non-contractual obligations arising out of or in connection with the Instruments will be governed by English law.

Listing: Each Series may be admitted to the Official List and admitted to trading on the Market and/or listed or traded on any other stock exchange as may be agreed between the relevant Issuer and the relevant Dealer and specified in the relevant Final Terms or may be not listed or traded on any stock exchange.

Terms and Conditions: A Final Terms will be prepared in respect of each Tranche of Instruments, a copy of which, in the case of Instruments to be listed on the Official List, will be delivered to the U.K. Listing Authority on or before the date of issue (the closing date) of such Instruments. The terms and conditions applicable to each Tranche will be those set out herein under “*Terms and Conditions of the Instruments*” as supplemented, modified or replaced by the relevant Final Terms.

Enforcement of Instruments in Global Form: In the case of Instruments in global form, individual investors’ rights will be governed, in respect of each Issuer, by a Deed of Covenant dated 18 September 2009,

a copy of which is available for inspection at the specified office of the relevant Issuer and the Issue and Paying Agent for the time being in London.

Negative Pledge: “*Terms and Conditions of the Instruments*” below includes a negative pledge by the Guarantor and each Restricted Subsidiary as set forth therein.

Events of Default: The events of default under the Instruments and as specified in “*Terms and Conditions of the Instruments*” below.

Clearing Systems: Euroclear, Clearstream, Luxembourg and/or any other clearing system as may be specified in the relevant Final Terms.

Ratings: The Programme has been rated A3 by Moody’s Investors Service Limited, A– by Standard & Poor’s Ratings Services, a division of the McGraw-Hill Companies Inc and A– by Fitch Ratings Ltd.

Selling Restrictions: For a description of certain restrictions on offers, sales and deliveries of Instruments and on the distribution of offering material in the United States of America, the United Kingdom, Japan, the European Economic Area and elsewhere see under “*Subscription and Sale*”.

RISK FACTORS

The Obligors believe that the following factors may affect their ability to fulfil their respective obligations under the Instruments issued under the Programme. Most of these factors are contingencies which may or may not occur and the Obligors are not in a position to express a view on the likelihood of any such contingency occurring. In addition, risk factors which are specific to the Instruments are also described below.

The Obligors believe that the factors described below represent the principal risks inherent in investing in the Instruments issued under the Programme, but the inability of the Obligors to pay interest, principal or other amounts on or in connection with any Instruments may occur for other reasons and the Obligors do not represent that the statements below regarding the risks of holding any Instruments are exhaustive. Prospective investors should also read the detailed information set out elsewhere in this Prospectus and reach their own views prior to making any investment decisions.

Words and expressions defined in “*Terms and Conditions of the Instruments*” below or elsewhere in this Prospectus have the same meanings in this section.

Prospective investors should consider, among other things, the following:

Business risk factors

Diageo believes the following to be the principal risks and uncertainties facing the group. If any of these risks occur, Diageo’s business, financial condition and results of operations could suffer and the trading price and liquidity of securities could decline.

In the ongoing uncertain economic environment, certain risks may gain more prominence either individually or when taken together. The following are examples of ways that any of the risks below may become exacerbated. Demand for beverage alcohol products, in particular luxury or super premium products, may decrease with a reduction in consumer spending levels. Costs of operations may increase if inflation were to become prevalent in the economic environment, or upon an increase in the costs of raw materials. These factors may also lead to intensified competition for market share, with consequential potential adverse effects on volumes and prices. The financial and economic situation may have a negative impact on third parties with whom Diageo does, or may do, business. Any of these factors may affect the group’s results of operations, financial condition and liquidity. Diageo has taken steps to manage its business through this challenging economic environment and position its business to benefit from economic recovery as and when it may occur in the various markets in which Diageo operates, but there can be no assurance that the steps taken will have the intended results.

If there is an extended period of constraint in the capital markets, with debt markets in particular experiencing a lack of liquidity, at a time when cash flows from Diageo’s business may be under pressure, this may have an impact on Diageo’s ability to maintain current long term strategies, with a consequent effect on the group’s growth rate. Such developments may adversely affect Diageo’s profitability or share price. Additionally, continued volatility in exchange rates used to translate foreign currencies into pounds sterling may have a significant impact on Diageo’s reported results. Decreases in the trustees’ valuations of Diageo’s pension plans may also increase pension funding requirements.

Diageo faces competition that may reduce its market share and margins

Diageo faces substantial competition from several international companies as well as local and regional companies in the countries in which it operates. Diageo competes with drinks companies across a wide range of consumer drinking occasions. Within a number of categories, consolidation or realignment is still possible. Consolidation is also taking place amongst Diageo’s customers in many countries. Increased competition and unanticipated actions by competitors or customers could lead to downward pressure on prices and/or a decline in Diageo’s market share in any of these categories, which would adversely affect Diageo’s results and hinder its growth potential.

Diageo may not be able to derive the expected benefits from its strategy to focus on premium drinks or its cost-saving and restructuring programmes designed to enhance earnings

Diageo's strategy is to focus on premium drinks to grow its business through organic sales and operating profit growth and the acquisition of premium drinks brands that add value for shareholders. There can be no assurance that Diageo's strategic focus on premium drinks will result in opportunities for growth and improved margins.

It is possible that the pursuit of this strategic focus on premium drinks could give rise to further business combinations, acquisitions, disposals, joint ventures and/or partnerships (including any associated financing, or the assumption of actual or potential liabilities, depending on the transaction contemplated). There can be no assurance that any transaction will be completed. The success of any transaction will depend in part on Diageo's ability to successfully integrate new businesses with Diageo's existing operations and realise the anticipated benefits, cost savings or synergies. There can be no guarantee that any such business combination, acquisition, disposal, joint venture or partnership would deliver the benefits, cost savings and synergies anticipated, if any.

Similarly, there can be no assurance that the cost-saving or restructuring programmes implemented by Diageo in order to improve efficiencies and deliver cost-savings will deliver the expected benefits.

Regulatory decisions and changes in the legal and regulatory environment could increase Diageo's costs and liabilities or limit its business activities

Diageo's operations are subject to extensive regulatory requirements which include those in respect of production, product liability, distribution, importation, marketing, promotion, sales, pricing, labelling, packaging, advertising, labour, pensions compliance and control systems and environmental issues. Changes in laws, regulations or governmental or regulatory policies and/or practices could cause Diageo to incur material additional costs or liabilities that could adversely affect its business. In particular, governmental bodies in countries where Diageo operates may impose new labelling, product or production requirements, limitations on the advertising and/or promotion activities used to market beverage alcohol, restrictions on retail outlets, other restrictions on marketing, promotion and distribution or other restrictions on the locations or occasions where beverage alcohol is sold which directly or indirectly limit the sales of Diageo products. Regulatory authorities under whose laws Diageo operates may also have enforcement power that can subject the group to actions such as product recall, seizure of products or other sanctions, which could have an adverse effect on its sales or damage its reputation. An increase in the stringency of the regulatory environment could cause Diageo to incur material additional costs or liabilities that could adversely affect its business.

In addition, beverage alcohol products are the subject of national excise and other duties in most countries around the world. An increase in excise or other duties could have a significant adverse effect on Diageo's sales revenue or margin, both through reducing overall consumption and by encouraging consumers to switch to lower taxed categories of beverage alcohol.

Diageo's reported after tax income is calculated based on extensive tax and accounting requirements in each of its relevant jurisdictions of operation. Changes in tax law (including tax rates), accounting policies and accounting standards could materially reduce Diageo's reported after tax income.

Diageo is subject to litigation directed at the beverage alcohol industry and other litigation

Companies in the beverage alcohol industry are, from time to time, exposed to class action or other litigation relating to alcohol advertising, product liability, alcohol abuse problems or health consequences from the misuse of alcohol. Diageo may be subject to litigation with tax, customs and other regulatory authorities, including with respect to the methodology for assessing importation value, transfer pricing and compliance matters, and Diageo is routinely subject to litigation in the ordinary course of its operations. Such litigation may result in damages, penalties or fines as well as reputational damage to Diageo or its brands, and as a result, Diageo's business could be materially adversely affected.

Contamination, counterfeiting or other circumstances could harm the integrity of customer support for Diageo's brands and adversely affect the sales of those brands

The success of Diageo's brands depends upon the positive image that consumers have of those brands, and contamination, whether arising accidentally, or through deliberate third party action, or other events that harm the integrity or consumer support for those brands, could adversely affect their sales. Diageo purchases most of the raw materials for the production and packing of its products from third party producers or on the open market. Diageo may be subject to liability if contaminants in those raw materials or defects in the distillation, fermentation or bottling process lead to low beverage quality or illness among, or injury to, Diageo's consumers. In addition, Diageo may voluntarily recall products in the event of contamination or damage. A significant product liability judgment or a widespread product recall may negatively impact on sales and profitability of the affected brand or all Diageo brands for a period of time depending on product availability, competitive reaction and consumer attitudes. Even if a product liability claim is unsuccessful or is not fully pursued, resulting negative publicity could adversely affect Diageo's reputation with existing and potential customers and its corporate and brand image.

In addition, to the extent that third parties sell products which are either counterfeit versions of Diageo brands or inferior brands that look like Diageo brands, consumers of Diageo brands could confuse Diageo products with them. This could cause them to refrain from purchasing Diageo brands in the future and in turn could impair brand equity and adversely affect Diageo's business.

Demand for Diageo's products may be adversely affected by many factors, including changes in consumer preferences and tastes and adverse impacts of a declining economy

Diageo's collection of brands includes some of the world's leading beverage alcohol brands as well as brands of local prominence. Maintaining Diageo's competitive position depends on its continued ability to offer products that have a strong appeal to consumers. Consumer preferences may shift due to a variety of factors, including changes in demographic and social trends, public health regulations, changes in travel, vacation or leisure activity patterns, weather effects and a downturn in economic conditions, which may reduce consumers' willingness to purchase premium branded products. In addition, concerns about health effects due to negative publicity regarding alcohol consumption, negative dietary effects, regulatory action or any litigation or customer complaints against companies in the industry may have an adverse effect on Diageo's profitability.

The competitive position of Diageo's brands could also be affected adversely by any failure to achieve consistent, reliable quality in the product or service levels to customers.

In addition, both the launch and ongoing success of new products is inherently uncertain especially as to their appeal to consumers. The failure to launch a new product successfully can give rise to inventory write-offs and other costs and can affect consumer perception of an existing brand. Growth in Diageo's business has been based on both the launch of new products and the growth of existing products. Product innovation remains a significant aspect of Diageo's plans for growth. There can be no assurance as to Diageo's continuing ability to develop and launch successful new products or variants of existing products or as to the profitable lifespan of newly or recently developed products. Any significant changes in consumer preferences and failure to anticipate and react to such changes could result in reduced demand for Diageo's products and erosion of its competitive and financial position. Continued economic pressures could lead to consumer selection of products at lower price points, whether Diageo's or those of its competitors, which may have an adverse effect on Diageo's profitability.

If the social acceptability of Diageo's products declines, Diageo's sales volume could decrease and the business could be materially adversely affected

In recent years, there has been increased social and political attention directed to the beverage alcohol industry. Diageo believes that this attention is the result of public concern over problems related to alcohol abuse, including drink driving, underage drinking and health consequences from the misuse of alcohol. If, as a result, the general social acceptability of beverage alcohol were to decline significantly, sales of Diageo's products could materially decrease.

Diageo's business may be adversely impacted by unfavourable economic conditions or political or other developments and risks in the countries in which it operates

Diageo may be adversely affected by political and economic developments or industrial action in any of the countries where Diageo has distribution networks, production facilities or marketing companies. Diageo's business is dependent on general economic conditions in the United States, Great Britain and other important markets. A significant deterioration in these conditions, including a reduction in consumer spending levels, customer destocking, the failure of customer, supplier or financial counterparties or a reduction in the availability of, or an increase in the cost of financing to, Diageo, could have a material adverse effect on Diageo's business and results of operations. Moreover, a substantial portion of Diageo's operations, representing approximately one third of Diageo's net sales for the year ended 30 June 2010, are carried out in developing markets, including Brazil, Venezuela, Mexico, Russia and developing markets in Africa and Asia.

Diageo's operations are also subject to a variety of other risks and uncertainties related to trading in numerous foreign countries, including political or economic upheaval and the imposition of any import, investment or currency restrictions, including tariffs and import quotas or any restrictions on the repatriation of earnings and capital. Political and/or social unrest, potential health issues (including pandemic issues) and terrorist threats and/or acts may also occur in various places around the world, which will have an impact on trade, tourism and travel. Many of these risks are heightened, or occur more frequently, in developing markets. These disruptions can affect Diageo's ability to import or export products and to repatriate funds, as well as affecting the levels of consumer demand (for example in duty free outlets at airports or in trade premises in affected regions) and therefore Diageo's levels of sales or profitability. Developing markets are also generally exposed to relatively higher risk of liquidity, inflation, devaluation, price volatility, currency convertibility and country default. Due to Diageo's specific exposures, any or all of the foregoing factors may affect Diageo disproportionately or in a different manner as compared to its competitors.

Part of Diageo's growth strategy includes expanding its business in certain countries where consumer spending in general, and spending on Diageo's products in particular, has not historically been as great but where there are prospects for growth. There is no guarantee that this strategy will be successful and some of the markets represent a higher risk in terms of their changing regulatory environments and higher degree of uncertainty over levels of consumer spending.

Diageo's operating results may be adversely affected by increased costs or shortages of labour

Diageo's operating results could be adversely affected by labour or skill shortages or increased labour costs due to increased competition for employees, higher employee turnover or increased employee benefit costs. Diageo's success is dependent on the capability of its employees. There is no guarantee that Diageo will continue to be able to recruit, retain and develop the capabilities that it requires to deliver its strategy, for example in relation to sales, marketing and innovation capability within markets or in its senior management. The loss of senior management or other key personnel or the inability to identify, attract and retain qualified personnel in the future could make it difficult to manage the business and could adversely affect operations and financial results.

An increase in the cost of raw materials or energy could affect Diageo's profitability

The components that Diageo uses for the production of its beverage products are largely commodities that are subject to price volatility caused by changes in global supply and demand, weather conditions, agricultural uncertainty and/or governmental controls. Commodity price changes may result in unexpected increases in the cost of raw materials, glass bottles and other packaging materials and Diageo's beverage products. Diageo may also be adversely affected by shortages of raw materials or packaging materials. In addition, energy cost increases result in higher transportation, freight and other operating costs. Diageo may not be able to increase its prices to offset these increased costs without suffering reduced volume, sales and operating profit. Diageo may experience significant increases in commodity costs and energy costs.

Diageo's operating results may be adversely affected by disruption to production facilities or business service centres

Diageo would be affected if there were a catastrophic failure of its major production facilities or business service centres. Diageo operates production facilities around the world. If there were a technical integrity failure, fire or explosion at one of Diageo's production facilities, it could result in damage to the facilities, plant or equipment, their surroundings or the environment, could lead to a loss in production capacity, or could result in regulatory action, legal liability or damage to Diageo's reputation. In addition, the maintenance and development of information systems may result in systems failures which may adversely affect business operations.

Diageo has a substantial inventory of aged product categories, principally Scotch whisky and Canadian whisky, which may mature over periods of up to 30 years or more. The maturing inventory is stored primarily in Scotland, and the loss through contamination, fire or other natural disaster of all or a portion of the stock of any one of those aged product categories could result in a significant reduction in supply of those products, and consequently, Diageo would not be able to meet consumer demand for those products as it arises. There can be no assurance that insurance proceeds would cover the replacement value of Diageo's maturing inventory or other assets, were such assets to be lost due to contamination, fire or natural disasters or destruction resulting from negligence or the acts of third parties. In addition, there is an inherent risk of forecasting error in determining the quantity of maturing stock to lay down in a given year for future consumption. This could lead to an inability to supply future demand or lead to a future surplus of inventory and consequent write down in value of maturing stocks.

Systems failures could lead to business disruption and systems change programmes may not deliver the benefits intended

Any failure of information systems could adversely impact Diageo's ability to operate. As with all large systems, Diageo's information systems could be penetrated by outside parties intent on extracting information, corrupting information or disrupting business processes. Such unauthorised access could disrupt Diageo's business and/or lead to loss of assets. The concentration of processes in business service centres also means that any disruption arising from system failure or physical plant issues could impact a large portion of Diageo's global business. Certain change programmes designed to improve the effectiveness and efficiency of end-to-end operating, administrative and financial systems and processes continue to be undertaken. This includes moving transaction processing from a number of markets to business service centres. There can be no certainty that these programmes will deliver the expected operational benefits. There may be disruption caused to production processes and possibly to administrative and financial systems as further changes to such processes are effected. They could also lead to adverse customer or consumer reaction.

Climate change or legal, regulatory or market measures to address climate change, may negatively affect Diageo's business or operations, and water scarcity or poor quality could negatively impact Diageo's production costs and capacity

There is a growing concern that carbon dioxide and other greenhouse gases in the atmosphere may have an adverse impact on global temperatures, weather patterns and the frequency and severity of extreme weather and natural disasters. In the event that such climate change has a negative effect on agricultural productivity, Diageo may be subject to decreased availability or less favourable pricing for certain raw materials that are necessary for Diageo's products, such as sugar, cereals, hops, agave and grapes. Water is the main ingredient in substantially all of Diageo's products. It is also a limited resource in many parts of the world, facing unprecedented challenges from climate change, overexploitation, increasing pollution, and poor management. As demand for water continues to increase around the world, and as water becomes scarcer and the quality of available water deteriorates, Diageo may be affected by increasing production costs or capacity constraints, which could adversely affect Diageo's results of operations and profitability.

Diageo's operations and financial results may be adversely affected by movements in the value of its pension funds, fluctuations in exchange rates and fluctuations in interest rates

Diageo has significant pension funds. These funds may be affected by, among other things, the performance of assets owned by these plans, the underlying actuarial assumptions used to calculate the surplus or deficit in the plans, in particular the discount rate and long term inflation rates used to calculate the liabilities of the pension funds, and any changes in applicable laws and regulations. If there are significant declines in financial markets and/or a deterioration in the value of fund assets or changes in discount rates or inflation rates, Diageo may need to make significant contributions to the pension funds in the future. Furthermore, if the market values of the assets held by Diageo's pension funds decline, or if the valuation of those assets by the pension trustees decline, pension expenses may increase and, as a result, could materially adversely affect Diageo's financial position. There is no assurance that interest rates or inflation rates will remain constant or that pension fund assets can earn the assumed rate of return annually, and Diageo's actual experience may be significantly more negative. Diageo may be adversely affected by fluctuations in exchange rates. The results of operations of Diageo are accounted for in pounds sterling. Approximately 36% of sales in the year ended 30 June, 2010 were in U.S. dollars, approximately 17% were in euros and approximately 12% were in pounds sterling. Movements in exchange rates used to translate foreign currencies into pounds sterling may have a significant impact on Diageo's reported results of operations from year to year.

Diageo may also be adversely impacted by fluctuations in interest rates, mainly through an increased interest expense. To delay partly any adverse impact from interest rate movements, the group's policy is to maintain fixed rate borrowings within a band of 40% to 60% of projected net borrowings, and the overall net borrowings portfolio is managed according to a duration measure.

Diageo's operations may be adversely affected by failure to maintain or renegotiate distribution, supply, manufacturing or licence agreements on favourable terms

Diageo's business has a number of distribution, supply, manufacturing or licence agreements for brands owned by it or by other companies. These agreements vary depending on the particular brand, but tend to be for a fixed number of years. There can be no assurance that Diageo will be able to renegotiate its rights on favourable terms when they expire or that agreements will not be terminated. Failure to renew these agreements on favourable terms could have an adverse impact on Diageo's sales and operating profit. In addition, Diageo's sales and operating profit may be adversely affected by any disputes with distributors of its products or with suppliers of raw materials.

Diageo may not be able to protect its intellectual property rights

Given the importance of brand recognition to its business, Diageo has invested considerable effort in protecting its intellectual property rights, including trademark registration and domain names. Diageo's patents cover some of its process technology, including some aspects of its bottle marking technology. Diageo also uses security measures and agreements to protect its confidential information and trade secrets. However, Diageo cannot be certain that the steps it has taken will be sufficient or that third parties will not infringe on or misappropriate its intellectual property rights in its brands or products. Moreover, some of the countries in which Diageo operates offer less intellectual property protection than Europe or North America. Given the attractiveness of Diageo's brands to consumers, it is not uncommon for counterfeit products to be manufactured. Diageo cannot be certain that the steps it takes to prevent, detect and eliminate counterfeit products will be effective in preventing material loss of profits or erosion of brand equity resulting from lower quality or even dangerous counterfeit products reaching the market. If Diageo is unable to protect its intellectual property rights against infringement or misappropriation, this could materially harm its future financial results and ability to develop its business.

It may be difficult to effect service of U.S. process and enforce U.S. legal process against the directors of Diageo

Diageo is a public limited company incorporated under the laws of England and Wales. The majority of Diageo's directors and officers, and some of the experts named in this document, reside outside of the United States, principally in the United Kingdom. A substantial portion of Diageo's assets, and the assets of such persons, are located outside of the United States. Therefore, it may not be possible to effect service of process within the United States upon Diageo or these persons in order to enforce judgments of U.S. courts against Diageo or these persons based on the civil liability provisions of the U.S. federal securities laws. There is doubt as to the enforceability in England and Wales, in original actions or in actions for enforcement of judgments of U.S. Courts, of civil liabilities solely based on the U.S. federal securities laws.

Dependencies

The ability of each of the Issuers and the Guarantor to meet its financial obligations is dependent upon the availability of cash flows from its subsidiaries and affiliated companies through dividends, intercompany advances and other payments. In addition, as part of a global organisation, the Obligors are dependent upon each other and other Diageo group companies for various services, rights and other functions.

Risks relating to Instruments

Instruments may not be a suitable investment for all investors

Each potential investor in any Instruments must determine the suitability of that investment in light of its own circumstances. In particular, each potential investor should:

- (A) have sufficient knowledge and experience to make a meaningful evaluation of the relevant Instruments, the merits and risks of investing in the relevant Instruments and the information contained or incorporated by reference in this Prospectus or any applicable supplement;
- (B) have access to, and knowledge of, appropriate analytical tools to evaluate, in the context of its particular financial situation, an investment in the relevant Instruments and the impact such investment will have on its overall investment portfolio;
- (C) have sufficient financial resources and liquidity to bear all of the risks of an investment in the relevant Instruments, including where principal or interest is payable in one or more currencies, or where the currency for principal or interest payments is different from the potential investor's currency;
- (D) understand thoroughly the terms of the relevant Instruments and be familiar with the behaviour of any relevant indices and financial markets; and
- (E) be able to evaluate (either alone or with the help of a financial adviser) possible scenarios for economic, interest rate and other factors that may affect its investment and its ability to bear the applicable risks.

Some Instruments are complex financial instruments and such instruments may be purchased as a way to reduce risk or enhance yield with an understood, measured, appropriate addition of risk to their overall portfolios. A potential investor should not invest in Instruments which are complex financial instruments unless it has the expertise (either alone or with the help of a financial adviser) to evaluate how the Instruments will perform under changing conditions, the resulting effects on the value of such Instruments and the impact this investment will have on the potential investor's overall investment portfolio.

Risks related to the structure of a particular issue of Instruments

A wide range of Instruments may be issued under the Programme. A number of these Instruments may have features which contain particular risks for potential investors. Set out below is a description of certain such features:

Indexed linked and Dual Currency Instruments

The Issuers may issue Instruments with principal or interest determined by reference to an index or formula, to changes in the price of securities or commodities, to movements in currency, exchange rates or other factors (each a “**Relevant Factor**”). In addition the Issuers may issue Instruments with principal or interest payable in one or more currencies which may be different from the currency in which the Instruments are denominated. Potential investors should be aware that:

- (A) the market price of such Instruments may be volatile;
- (B) they may receive no interest;
- (C) payment of principal or interest may occur at a different time or in a different currency than expected;
- (D) the amount of principal payable at redemption may be less than the nominal amount of such Instruments or even zero;
- (E) a Relevant Factor may be subject to significant fluctuations that may not correlate with changes in interest rates, currencies or other indices;
- (F) if a Relevant Factor is applied to the Instruments in conjunction with a multiplier greater than one or contains some other leverage factor, the effect of changes in the Relevant Factor on principal or interest payable likely will be magnified; and
- (G) the timing of changes in a Relevant Factor may affect the yield to investors, even if the average level is consistent with their expectations. In general, the earlier the change in the Relevant Factor, the greater the effect on yield.

The historical experience of a Relevant Factor should not be viewed as an indication of the future performance of such Relevant Factor during the term of any Instruments with principal or interest issued by reference to such Relevant Factor. Accordingly, each potential investor should consult its own financial and legal advisers about the risk entailed by an investment in any such Instruments and the suitability of such Instruments in the light of its particular circumstances.

Instruments subject to redemption by the Issuer

An optional redemption feature is likely to limit the market value of the Instruments. During any period when the Issuer may elect to redeem Instruments, the market value of those Instruments generally will not rise substantially above the price at which they can be redeemed. This also may be true prior to any redemption period.

An Issuer may be expected to redeem Instruments when their cost of borrowing is lower than the interest rate on the Instruments. At those times, an investor generally would not be able to reinvest the redemption proceeds at an effective interest rate as high as the interest rate on the Instruments being redeemed and may only be able to do so at a significantly lower rate. Potential investors should consider reinvestment risk in light of other investments available at that time.

Alternatively, Instruments may be issued with no maturity date and an Issuer is under no obligation to redeem such Instruments and the holders of such Instruments have no right to call for their redemption (save as permitted pursuant to the relevant Final Terms).

Partly-paid Instruments

An Issuer may issue Instruments where the issue price is payable in more than one instalment. Failure to pay any subsequent instalment could result in an investor losing all of its investment.

Variable rate Instruments with a multiplier or other leverage factor

Instruments with variable interest rates can be volatile investments. If they are structured to include multipliers other leverage factors, or caps or floors, or any combination of those features or other similar related features, their market values may be even more volatile than those for securities that do not include those features. The investor may receive substantially less or no interest at all on such variable rate Instruments.

Inverse Floating Rate Instruments

Inverse Floating Rate Instruments have an interest rate equal to a fixed rate minus a rate based upon a reference rate such as LIBOR. The market values of such Instruments typically are more volatile than market values of other conventional floating rate debt securities based on the same reference rate (and with otherwise comparable terms). Inverse Floating Rate Instruments are more volatile because an increase in the reference rate not only decreases the interest rate of the Instruments, but may also reflect an increase in prevailing interest rates, which further adversely affects the market value of these Instruments.

Fixed/Floating Rate Instruments

Fixed/Floating Rate Instruments may bear interest at a rate that an Issuer may elect to convert from a fixed rate to a floating rate, or from a floating rate to a fixed rate. An Issuer's ability to convert the interest rate will affect the secondary market and the market value of such Instruments since such Issuer may be expected to convert the rate when it is likely to produce a lower overall cost of borrowing. If an Issuer converts from a fixed rate to a floating rate, the spread on the Fixed/Floating Rate Instruments may be less favourable than then prevailing spreads on comparable Floating Rate Instruments tied to the same reference rate. In addition, the new floating rate at any time may be lower than the rates on other Instruments. If the Issuer converts from a floating rate to a fixed rate, the fixed rate may be lower than then prevailing rates on its Instruments.

Instruments issued at a substantial discount or premium

The market values of securities issued at a substantial discount or premium to their nominal amount tend to fluctuate more in relation to general changes in interest rates than do prices for conventional interest bearing securities. Generally, the longer the remaining term of the securities, the greater the price volatility as compared to conventional interest bearing securities with comparable maturities.

Risks related to Instruments generally

Set out below is a brief description of certain risks relating to the Instruments generally:

Modification, waivers and substitution

The Terms and Conditions of the Instruments contain provisions for calling meetings of Holders to consider matters affecting their interests generally. These provisions permit defined majorities to bind all Holders including Holders who did not attend and vote at the relevant meeting and Holders who voted in a manner contrary to the majority.

European Monetary Union

If the United Kingdom joins the European Monetary Union prior to the maturity of the Instruments, there is no assurance that this would not adversely affect investors in the Instruments. It is possible that prior to the maturity of the Instruments the United Kingdom may become a participating Member State and that the euro may become the lawful currency of the United Kingdom. In that event (i) all amounts payable in respect of any Instruments denominated in Sterling may become payable in euro; (ii) the law may allow or require such Instruments to be redenominated into euro and additional measures to be taken in respect of such Instruments; and (iii) there may no longer be available published or displayed rates for deposits in Sterling used to determine the rates of interest on such Instruments or changes in the way those rates are

calculated, quoted and published or displayed. The introduction of the euro could also be accompanied by a volatile interest rate environment, which could adversely affect investors in the Instruments.

Change of law

The relevant Terms and Conditions of the Instruments are based on English law in effect as at the date of issue of the relevant Instruments. No assurance can be given as to the impact of any possible judicial decision or change to English law or administrative practice after the date of issue of the relevant Instruments.

Instruments where denominations involve integral multiples: definitive Instruments

In relation to any Instruments which have denominations consisting of a minimum Specified Denomination plus one or more higher integral multiples of a smaller amount, it is possible that such Instruments may be traded in the clearing systems in amounts that are not integral multiples of the minimum Specified Denomination (or its equivalent). In such a case, should Definitive Instruments be required to be issued, holders of Instruments who hold Instruments in the relevant clearing system in amounts that are not integral multiples of a Specified Denomination shown in the Final Terms may need to purchase or sell, on or before the relevant date on which a Global Instrument is exchanged for a Definitive Instrument, a principal amount of Instruments such that their holding is an integral multiple of a Specified Denomination shown in the Final Terms.

If Definitive Instruments are issued, holders should be aware that Definitive Instruments which have a denomination that is not an integral multiple of the minimum Specified Denomination may be illiquid and difficult to trade.

Other parties

Each of the Issuers and the Guarantor may be a party to contracts with a number of other third parties that have agreed to perform services in relation to the Instruments. For example, a paying agent has agreed to provide payment and calculation services in connection with the Instruments.

Risks related to the market generally

Set out below is a brief description of certain market risks, including liquidity risk, exchange rate risk, interest rate risk and credit risk:

The secondary market generally

Instruments may have no established trading market when issued, and one may never develop. If a market does develop, it may not be liquid. Therefore, investors may not be able to sell their Instruments easily or at prices that will provide them with a yield comparable to similar investments that have a developed secondary market. This is particularly the case for Instruments that are especially sensitive to interest rate, currency or market risks, are designed for specific investment objectives or strategies or have been structured to meet the investment requirements of limited categories of investors. These types of Instruments generally would have a more limited secondary market and more price volatility than conventional debt securities. Illiquidity may have an adverse effect on the market value of Instruments.

Exchange rate risks and exchange controls

An Issuer will pay principal and interest on the Instruments, and the Guarantor will make any payments under the Guarantee, in the currency specified in the Final Terms (the “**Currency**”). This presents certain risks relating to currency conversions if an investor’s financial activities are denominated principally in a currency or currency unit (the “**Investor’s Currency**”) other than the Currency. These include the risk that exchange rates may significantly change (including changes due to devaluation of the Currency or revaluation of the Investor’s Currency) and the risk that authorities with jurisdiction over the Investor’s Currency may impose or modify exchange controls. An appreciation in the value of the Investor’s Currency relative to the Currency would decrease (i) the Investor’s Currency equivalent yield on the Instruments, (ii) the Investor’s Currency equivalent value of the principal payable on the Instruments and (iii) the Investor’s Currency equivalent market value of the Instruments.

Government and monetary authorities may impose (as some have done in the past) exchange controls that could adversely affect an applicable exchange rate. As a result, investors may receive less interest or principal than expected, or no interest or principal.

Interest rate risks

Investment in Fixed Rate Instruments involves the risk that subsequent changes in market interest rates may adversely affect the value of Fixed Rate Instruments.

Credit ratings may not reflect all risks

One or more independent credit rating agencies may assign credit ratings to an issue of Instruments. The ratings may not reflect the potential impact of all risks related to structure, market, additional factors discussed above, and other factors that may affect the value of the Instruments. A credit rating is not a recommendation to buy, sell or hold securities and may be suspended, reduced or withdrawn by the rating agency at any time. Each rating should be evaluated independently of any other rating.

Legal investment considerations may restrict certain investments

The investment activities of certain investors are subject to legal investment laws and regulations, or review or regulation by certain authorities. Each potential investor should consult its legal advisers to determine whether and to what extent: (i) Instruments are legal investments for it; (ii) Instruments can be used as collateral for various types of borrowing; and (iii) other restrictions apply to its purchase or pledge of any Instruments. Financial institutions should consult their legal advisers or the appropriate regulators to determine the appropriate treatment of Instruments under any applicable risk-based capital or similar rules.

TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF THE INSTRUMENTS

The following is the text of the Terms and Conditions of the Instruments which (subject to completion and amendment) will be applicable to each Tranche of Instruments provided, however, that the relevant Final Terms in relation to any Tranche of Instruments may specify other terms and conditions which shall, to the extent so specified or to the extent inconsistent with these terms and conditions, replace the following terms and conditions for the purposes of such Tranche of Instruments.

The Instruments will be issued pursuant to and in accordance with an issue and paying agency agreement (as amended, supplemented or replaced, the “**Issue and Paying Agency Agreement**”) dated 18 September 2009 and made between Diageo plc, Diageo Finance plc and Diageo Capital B.V. (with its corporate seat in Amsterdam) (the “**Issuers**” and each an “**Issuer**”), Diageo plc as guarantor (the “**Guarantor**”), Citibank, N.A., London Branch in its capacities as issue and paying agent (the “**Issue and Paying Agent**”, which expression shall include any successor to Citibank, N.A., London Branch in its capacity as such) and as registrar (the “**Registrar**”, which expression shall include any successor to Citibank, N.A., London Branch in its capacity as such), and the paying agents named therein (the “**Paying Agents**”, which expression shall include the Issue and Paying Agent and any substitute or additional paying agents appointed in accordance with the Issue and Paying Agency Agreement). For the purposes of making determinations or calculations of interest rates, interest amounts, redemption amounts or any other matters requiring determination or calculation in accordance with the Conditions of any Series of Instruments (as defined below), the relevant Issuer may appoint a calculation agent (the “**Calculation Agent**”) for the purposes of such Instruments, in accordance with the provisions of the Issue and Paying Agency Agreement, and such Calculation Agent shall be specified in the applicable Final Terms. The Instruments of each Issuer will have the benefit of a deed of covenant (as amended, supplemented or replaced, the “**Deed of Covenant**”) dated 18 September, 2009 and executed by each Issuer in relation to the Instruments. The Guarantor, for the benefit of the Holders from time to time of Instruments, has executed and delivered a deed of guarantee (as amended, supplemented or replaced, the “**Guarantee**”) dated 18 September 2009 under which it irrevocably and unconditionally guarantees the due and punctual payment of all amounts due by Diageo Finance plc or Diageo Capital B.V. or any other Issuer (other than the Guarantor) under the Instruments as and when the same shall become due and payable. Copies of the Issue and Paying Agency Agreement, the Deed of Covenant and the Guarantee are available for inspection during normal business hours at the specified office of the relevant Issuer or the Paying Agent for the time being in London. All persons from time to time entitled to the benefit of obligations under any Instruments shall be deemed to have notice of, and shall be bound by, all of the provisions of the Issue and Paying Agency Agreement, the Deed of Covenant and the Guarantee insofar as they relate to the relevant Instruments.

The Instruments are issued in series (each, a “**Series**”), and each Series may comprise one or more tranches (“**Tranches**” and each, a “**Tranche**”) of Instruments. Each Tranche will be the subject of a Final Terms (each, a “**Final Terms**”), a copy of which will be available for inspection during normal business hours at the specified office of the relevant Issuer and the Issue and Paying Agent for the time being in London. In the case of a Tranche of Instruments in relation to which application has not been made for listing on any stock exchange, copies of the Final Terms will only be available for inspection by a Holder of or, as the case may be, an Accountholder (as defined in the Deed of Covenant), in respect of such Instruments.

References in these Terms and Conditions to Instruments are to Instruments of the relevant Series and any references to Coupons (as defined in Condition 1.02) and Receipts (as defined in Condition 1.03) are to Coupons and Receipts relating to Instruments of the relevant Series.

References in these Terms and Conditions to the “**Issuer**” are to the Issuer of Instruments of the relevant Tranche or Series.

In respect of any Instruments, references herein to these Terms and Conditions are to these terms and conditions as supplemented or modified or (to the extent thereof) replaced by the Final Terms.

1. Form and Denomination

Form of Instruments

1.01 Instruments are issued in bearer form (“**Bearer Instruments**”) or in registered form (“**Registered Instruments**”), as specified in the Final Terms, and are serially numbered. Registered Instruments are not exchangeable for Bearer Instruments.

1.02 Interest bearing Bearer Instruments have attached thereto at the time of their initial delivery coupons (“**Coupons**”), presentation of which will be a prerequisite to the payment of interest save in certain circumstances specified herein. In addition, if so specified in the Final Terms, such Instruments have attached thereto at the time of their initial delivery a talon (“**Talon**”) for further coupons and the expression “**Coupons**” shall, where the context so requires, include Talons.

1.03 Bearer Instruments, the principal amount of which is repayable by instalments (“**Instalment Instruments**”), have attached thereto at the time of their initial delivery payment receipts (“**Receipts**”) in respect of the instalments of principal.

Denomination of Bearer Instruments

1.04 Bearer Instruments are in the denomination or denominations (each of which denomination is integrally divisible by each smaller denomination) specified in the Final Terms. Bearer Instruments of one denomination will not be exchangeable after the initial delivery for Bearer Instruments of any other denomination.

Denomination of Registered Instruments

1.05 Registered Instruments are in the minimum denomination specified in the Final Terms or integral multiples thereof.

Currency of Instruments

1.06 The Instruments are denominated in such currency or currencies as may be specified in the Final Terms. Any currency may be so specified, subject to compliance with all applicable legal and/or regulatory and/or central bank requirements.

Partly Paid Instruments

1.07 Instruments may be issued on a partly paid basis (“**Partly Paid Instruments**”) if so specified in the Final Terms. The subscription moneys therefor shall be paid in such number of instalments (“**Partly Paid Instalments**”) in such amounts, on such dates and in such manner as may be specified in the Final Terms. The first such instalment shall be due and payable on the date of issue of the Instruments. For the purposes of these Terms and Conditions, in respect of Partly Paid Instruments, “**Paid Up Amount**” means the aggregate amount of all Partly Paid Instalments in respect thereof as shall have fallen due and been paid up in full in accordance with the Terms and Conditions.

Not less than 14 days nor more than 30 days prior to the due date for payment of any Partly Paid Instalment (other than the first such instalment) the Issuer shall publish a notice in accordance with Condition 15 stating the due date for payment thereof and stating that failure to pay any such Partly Paid Instalment on or prior to such date will entitle the Issuer to forfeit the Instruments with effect from such date (“**Forfeiture Date**”) as may be specified in such notice (not being less than 14 days after the due date for payment of such Partly Paid Instalment), unless payment of the relevant Partly Paid Instalment together with any interest accrued thereon is paid prior to the Forfeiture Date. The Issuer shall procure that any Partly Paid Instalments paid in respect of any Instruments subsequent to the Forfeiture Date in respect thereof shall be returned promptly to the persons entitled thereto. The Issuer shall not be liable for any interest on any Partly Paid Instalment so returned.

Interest shall accrue on any Partly Paid Instalment which is not paid on or prior to the due date for payment thereof at the Interest Rate (in the case of non-interest bearing Instruments, at the rate applicable to overdue payments) and shall be calculated in the same manner and on the same basis as if it were interest accruing on the Instruments for the period from and including the due date for payment of the relevant Partly Paid Instalment up to but excluding the Forfeiture Date. For the purpose of the accrual of interest, any payment of any Partly Paid Instalment made after the due date for payment shall be treated as having been made on the day preceding the Forfeiture Date (whether or not a Business Day as defined in Condition 6.09).

Unless an Event of Default (or an event which with the giving of notice, the lapse of time or the making or giving of any determination or certification would constitute an Event of Default) shall have occurred and be continuing, on the Forfeiture Date the Issuer shall forfeit all of the Instruments in respect of which any Partly Paid Instalment shall not have been duly paid, whereupon the Issuer shall be entitled to retain all Partly Paid Instalments previously paid in respect of such Instruments and shall be discharged from any obligation to repay such amount or to pay interest thereon.

2. Title and Transfer

2.01 Title to Bearer Instruments, Receipts and Coupons passes by delivery. References herein to the “**Holder**s” of Bearer Instruments or of Receipts or Coupons are to the bearers of such Bearer Instruments or such Receipts or Coupons.

2.02 Title to Registered Instruments passes by registration in the register which the Issuer shall procure to be held by the Registrar. For the purposes of these Terms and Conditions, “**Registrar**” means, in relation to any Series comprising Registered Instruments, the Registrar or any alternative Registrar, as specified in the Final Terms. References herein to the “**Holder**s” of Registered Instruments are to the persons in whose names such Registered Instruments are so registered in the relevant register.

2.03 The Holder of any Bearer Instrument, Coupon or Registered Instrument will (except as otherwise required by applicable law or regulatory requirement) be treated as its absolute owner for all purposes (whether or not it is overdue and regardless of any notice of ownership, trust or any interest thereof or therein, any writing thereon, or any theft or loss thereof) and no person shall be liable for so treating such Holder.

Transfer of Registered Instruments and exchange of Bearer Instruments for Registered Instruments

2.04 A Registered Instrument may, upon the terms and subject to the conditions set forth in the Issue and Paying Agency Agreement, be transferred in whole or in part only (provided that such part is, or is an integral multiple of, the minimum denomination specified in the Final Terms) upon the surrender of the Registered Instrument to be transferred, together with the form of transfer endorsed on it duly completed and executed, at the specified office of the Registrar. A new Registered Instrument will be issued to the transferee and, in the case of a transfer of part only of a Registered Instrument, a new Registered Instrument in respect of the balance not transferred will be issued to the transferor.

2.05 If so specified in the Final Terms, a Bearer Instrument (provided that all unmatured Coupons appertaining to such Instrument are surrendered therewith) may be exchanged for the same aggregate principal amount of Registered Instruments upon the terms and subject to the conditions set forth in the Issue and Paying Agency Agreement. In order to exchange a Bearer Instrument for a Registered Instrument, the Holder thereof shall surrender such Bearer Instrument at the specified office outside the United States of the Issue and Paying Agent or of the Registrar together with a written request for the exchange. Each Bearer Instrument so surrendered must be accompanied by all unmatured Receipts and upon appertaining thereto other than the Coupon in respect of the next payment of interest falling due after the exchange date (as defined in Condition 2.06) where the exchange date would, but for the provisions of Condition 2.06, occur between the Record Date (as defined in Condition 10B.03) for such payment of interest and the date on which such payment of interest falls due.

2.06 Each new Registered Instrument to be issued upon the transfer of a Registered Instrument or the exchange of a Bearer Instrument for a Registered Instrument will, within three Relevant Banking Days

of the transfer date or, as the case may be, the exchange date, be available for collection by each relevant Holder at the specified office of the Registrar or, at the option of the Holder requesting such exchange or transfer, be mailed (by uninsured post at the risk of the Holder(s) entitled thereto) to such address(es) as may be specified by such Holder. For these purposes, a form of transfer or request for exchange received by the Registrar or the Issue and Paying Agent after the Record Date in respect of any payment due in respect of Registered Instruments shall be deemed not to be effectively received by the Registrar or the Issue and Paying Agent until the day following the due date for such payment. For the purposes of these Terms and Conditions:

- (i) “**Relevant Banking Day**” means a day on which commercial banks are open for business (including dealings in foreign exchange and foreign currency deposits) in the place where the specified office of the Registrar is located and, in the case only of an exchange of a Bearer Instrument for a Registered Instrument where such request for exchange is made to the Issue and Paying Agent, in the place where the specified office of the Issue and Paying Agent is located;
- (ii) the “**exchange date**” shall be the Relevant Banking Day following the day on which the relevant Bearer Instrument shall have been surrendered for exchange in accordance with Condition 2.05; and
- (iii) the “**transfer date**” shall be the Relevant Banking Day following the day on which the relevant Registered Instrument shall have been surrendered for transfer in accordance with Condition 2.04.

2.07 The issue of new Registered Instruments on transfer or on the exchange of Bearer Instruments for Registered Instruments will be effected without charge by or on behalf of the Issuer, the Issue and Paying Agent or the Registrar, but upon payment by the applicant of (or the giving by the applicant of such indemnity as the Issuer, the Issue and Paying Agent or the Registrar may require in respect of) any tax, duty or other governmental charges which may be imposed in relation thereto.

3. Status of the Instruments

The Instruments constitute direct, unsubordinated and (subject to the provisions of Condition 5) unsecured obligations of the Issuer and rank *pari passu* without any preference among themselves and at least *pari passu* with all other unsecured and unsubordinated obligations of the Issuer, present and future but (in the event of insolvency) only to the extent permitted by applicable laws relating to creditors’ rights and applicable laws of mandatory application.

4. Status of the Guarantee

The obligations of the Guarantor under the Guarantee constitute direct, unsubordinated and (subject to the provisions of Condition 5) unsecured obligations of the Guarantor and claims under the Guarantee will rank at least *pari passu* with all other unsecured and unsubordinated obligations of the Guarantor, present and future, save only for such obligations as may be preferred by mandatory provisions of applicable law.

5. Negative Pledge

5.01 So long as any Instrument remains outstanding (as defined in the Issue and Paying Agency Agreement), the Guarantor will not, and the Guarantor will procure that no Restricted Subsidiary will, create or permit to subsist any Encumbrance on the whole or any part of any Principal Property or upon any shares or stock of any Restricted Subsidiary to secure any present or future indebtedness for borrowed money without making, or causing such Restricted Subsidiary to make, effective provision whereby the Instruments (together with, if the Guarantor shall so determine, any other indebtedness of the Guarantor or such Restricted Subsidiary then existing or thereafter created which is not subordinate to the Instruments) shall be secured equally and rateably with (or, at the option of the Guarantor or such Restricted Subsidiary, prior to) such indebtedness for borrowed money, so long as such indebtedness for borrowed money will be so secured. However, such limitation will not apply to:

- (A) any Encumbrance subsisting on or prior to the date of the Issue and Paying Agency Agreement;
- (B) any Encumbrance arising by operation of law and not securing amounts more than 90 days overdue and otherwise being contested in good faith;
- (C) judgment Encumbrances not giving rise to an Event of Default;
- (D) any Encumbrance subsisting over a Principal Property, share or stock of any Restricted Subsidiary (which becomes a Restricted Subsidiary after the date of the Issue and Paying Agency Agreement) prior to the date of such Restricted Subsidiary becoming a Restricted Subsidiary, provided that such Encumbrance was not created in contemplation of such Restricted Subsidiary becoming a Restricted Subsidiary;
- (E) any Encumbrance over any Principal Property (or documents of title thereto), shares or stock of any Restricted Subsidiary acquired by the Guarantor or any Restricted Subsidiary as security for, or for indebtedness incurred, to finance all or part of the price of its acquisition, development, redevelopment, modification or improvement;
- (F) any Encumbrance over any Principal Property (or documents of title thereto), shares or stock of any Restricted Subsidiary which is acquired by the Guarantor or any Restricted Subsidiary subject to such Encumbrance;
- (G) any Encumbrance to secure indebtedness for borrowed money incurred in connection with a specifically identifiable project where the Encumbrance relates to a Principal Property involved in such project and acquired by the Guarantor or any Restricted Subsidiary after the date of the Issue and Paying Agency Agreement and the recourse of the creditors in respect of such indebtedness is limited to such project and Principal Property;
- (H) any Encumbrance arising solely by operation of law over any credit balance or cash held in any account with a financial institution;
- (I) rights of financial institutions to offset credit balances in connection with the operation of cash management programmes established for the benefit of the Guarantor and/or any Restricted Subsidiary;
- (J) any Encumbrance securing indebtedness of the Guarantor or any Restricted Subsidiary for borrowed money incurred in connection with the financing of accounts receivable;
- (K) any Encumbrance incurred or deposits made in the ordinary course of business, including, but not limited to:
 - (i) any mechanics', materialmen's, carriers', workmen's, vendor's or other like Encumbrances;
 - (ii) any Encumbrances securing amounts in connection with workers' compensation, unemployment insurance and other types of social security; and
 - (iii) any easements, rights-of-way, restrictions and other similar charges;
- (L) any Encumbrance upon specific items of inventory or other goods and proceeds of the Guarantor or any Restricted Subsidiary securing the Guarantor's or any such Restricted Subsidiary's obligations in respect of bankers' acceptances issued or created for the account of such person to facilitate the purchase, shipment or storage of such inventory or other goods;
- (M) any Encumbrance incurred or deposits made securing the performance of tenders, bids, leases, statutory obligations, surety and appeal bonds, government contracts, performance and return-of-money bonds and other obligations of like nature incurred in the ordinary course of business;
- (N) any Encumbrance on any Principal Property of the Guarantor or any Restricted Subsidiary in favour of the Federal Government of the United States or the government of any State thereof,

or the government of the United Kingdom, or the European Communities, or any instrumentality of any of them, securing the obligations of the Guarantor or any Restricted Subsidiary pursuant to any contract or payments owed to such entity pursuant to applicable laws, rules, regulations or statutes;

- (O) any Encumbrance securing taxes or assessments or other applicable governmental charges or levies;
- (P) any Encumbrance securing industrial revenue, development or similar bonds issued by or for the benefit of the Guarantor or any of its Restricted Subsidiaries, provided that such industrial revenue, development or similar bonds are non-recourse to the Guarantor or such Restricted Subsidiary;
- (Q) any extension, renewal or replacement (or successive extensions, renewals or replacements), as a whole or in part, of any Encumbrance referred to in paragraphs (A) to (P) (inclusive) for amounts not exceeding the principal amount of the borrowed money secured by the Encumbrance so extended, renewed or replaced, provided that such extension, renewal or replacement Encumbrance is limited to all or a part of the same Principal Property, shares or stock of the Restricted Subsidiary that secured the Encumbrance extended, renewed or replaced (plus improvements on such Principal Property); and
- (R) Encumbrances in favour of the Guarantor or any Subsidiary of the Guarantor.

5.02 Notwithstanding Condition 5.01, the Guarantor or any Restricted Subsidiary may create or permit to subsist Encumbrances over any Principal Property, shares or stock of any of the Restricted Subsidiaries so long as the aggregate amount of indebtedness for borrowed money secured by all such Encumbrances (excluding therefrom the amount of the indebtedness secured by Encumbrances set forth in paragraphs (A) to (R) (inclusive) above) does not exceed 15% of the consolidated shareholders' equity of the Guarantor.

5.03 So long as any Instruments remain outstanding, the Guarantor will not, and the Guarantor will procure that no Restricted Subsidiary will, enter into any arrangement with any bank, insurance company or other lender or investor (not including the Guarantor or any Subsidiary), or to which any such lender or investor is a party, providing for the leasing by the Guarantor or a Restricted Subsidiary for a period, including renewals, in excess of three years of any Principal Property which has been owned by the Guarantor or a Restricted Subsidiary for more than six months and which has been or is to be sold or transferred by the Guarantor or any Restricted Subsidiary to such lender or investor or to any person to whom funds have been or are to be advanced by such lender or investor on the security of such Principal Property (herein referred to as a "**sale and leaseback transaction**") unless either:

- (A) the Guarantor or such Restricted Subsidiary could create indebtedness secured by an Encumbrance (pursuant to the provisions governing limitations on the creation of Encumbrances set out above) on the Principal Property to be leased back in an amount equal to the indebtedness attributable to such sale and leaseback transaction without equally and rateably securing the Instruments; or
- (B) the Guarantor, within one year after the sale or transfer will have been made by the Guarantor or a Restricted Subsidiary, applies an amount equal to the greater of (i) the net proceeds of the sale of the Principal Property sold and leased back pursuant to such arrangement or (ii) the fair market value of the Principal Property so sold and leased back at the time of entering into such arrangement (as determined by any two Directors of the Guarantor) to the retirement of indebtedness for money borrowed, incurred or assumed by the Guarantor or any Restricted Subsidiary which by its terms matures at, or is extendible or renewable at the option of the obligor to, a date more than twelve months after the date of incurring, assuming or guaranteeing such indebtedness or to investment in any Principal Property.

5.04 For the purposes of this Condition 5, the following terms have the following meanings:

- “Encumbrance”** means any mortgage, pledge, security interest or lien;
- “Principal Property”** means any building, structure or other facility together with the land upon which it is erected and fixtures comprising a part thereof, located in the United States or the United Kingdom, owned or leased by the Guarantor or any Restricted Subsidiary, the gross book value (without deduction of any depreciation reserves) of which on the date as of which the determination is being made exceeds 2% of the consolidated shareholders’ equity of the Guarantor, other than (i) any such building, structure or other facility or portion thereof which, in the opinion of the Board of Directors of the Guarantor, is not of material importance to the total business conducted by the Guarantor and its Subsidiaries as an entirety or (ii) any portion of any such property which, in the opinion of the Board of Directors of the Guarantor, is not of material importance to the use or operation of such property;
- “Restricted Subsidiary”** means any Subsidiary (i) substantially all of the physical properties of which are located, or substantially all of the operations of which are conducted, within the United States or the United Kingdom and (ii) which owns a Principal Property. The term does not include any Subsidiary which is principally engaged in leasing or in financing instalment receivables or which is principally engaged in financing the operations of the Guarantor and its consolidated Subsidiaries; and
- “Subsidiary”** means a company in respect of which more than 50% of the outstanding voting stock or equity interest having by the terms thereof ordinary voting power to elect a majority of the Board of Directors of such company (irrespective of whether at the time stock of any other class or classes of such company shall have or might have voting power by reason of the happening of the contingency) is at the time directly or indirectly owned or controlled by the Guarantor or by one or more Subsidiaries, or by the Guarantor and one or more Subsidiaries.

6. Interest

Interest

6.01 Instruments may be interest bearing or non-interest bearing, as specified in the Final Terms. Words and expressions appearing in this Condition 6 and not otherwise defined herein or in the Final Terms shall have the meanings given to them in Condition 6.09.

Interest bearing Instruments

6.02 Instruments which are specified in the Final Terms as being interest bearing shall bear interest from their Interest Commencement Date at the Interest Rate payable in arrear on each Interest Payment Date.

Floating Rate Instruments

6.03 If the Final Terms specifies the Interest Rate applicable to the Instruments as being Floating Rate it shall also specify which page (the **“Relevant Screen Page”**) on the Reuters Screen or any other information vending service shall be applicable. If such a page is so specified, the Interest Rate applicable to the relevant Instruments for each Interest Accrual Period shall be determined by the Calculation Agent on the following basis:

- (i) the Calculation Agent will determine the offered rate for deposits (or, as the case may require, the arithmetic mean (rounded, if necessary, to the nearest ten thousandth of a percentage point, 0.00005 being rounded upwards) of the rates for deposits) in the relevant currency for a period of the duration of the relevant Interest Accrual Period on the Relevant Screen Page as of the Relevant Time on the relevant Interest Determination Date;

- (ii) if, on any Interest Determination Date, no such rate for deposits so appears (or, as the case may be, if fewer than two such rates for deposits so appear) or if the Relevant Screen Page is unavailable, the Calculation Agent will request appropriate quotations and will determine the arithmetic mean (rounded as aforesaid) of the rates at which deposits in the relevant currency are offered by four major banks in the London interbank market, in the case of LIBOR, or the Euro-zone interbank market, in the case of EURIBOR, selected by the Calculation Agent, at approximately the Relevant Time on the Interest Determination Date to prime banks in the London interbank market, in the case of LIBOR, or the Euro-zone interbank market, in the case of EURIBOR, for a period of the duration of the relevant Interest Accrual Period and in an amount that is representative for a single transaction in the relevant market at the relevant time;
- (iii) if, on any Interest Determination Date, only two or three rates are so quoted, the Calculation Agent will determine the arithmetic mean (rounded as aforesaid) of the rates so quoted; or
- (iv) if fewer than two rates are so quoted, the Calculation Agent will determine the arithmetic mean (rounded as aforesaid) of the rates quoted by four major banks in the Relevant Financial Centre (or, in the case of Instruments denominated in Euro, in such financial centre or centres in the Euro-zone as the Calculation Agent may select) selected by the Calculation Agent, at approximately 11.00 a.m. (Relevant Financial Centre time (or local time at such other financial centre or centres as aforesaid) on the first day of the relevant Interest Accrual Period for loans in the relevant currency to leading European banks for a period of the duration of the relevant Interest Accrual Period and in an amount that is representative for a single transaction in the relevant market at the relevant time, and the Interest Rate applicable to such Instruments during each Interest Accrual Period will be the sum of the relevant margin (the “**Relevant Margin**”) specified in the Final Terms and the rate (or, as the case may be, the arithmetic mean (rounded as aforesaid) of the rates) so determined provided, however, that, if the Calculation Agent is unable to determine a rate (or, as the case may be, an arithmetic mean of rates) in accordance with the above provisions in relation to any Interest Accrual Period, the Interest Rate applicable to such Instruments during such Interest Accrual Period will be the sum of the Relevant Margin and the rate (or, as the case may be, the arithmetic mean (rounded as aforesaid) of the rates) determined in relation to such Instruments in respect of the last preceding Interest Accrual Period.

ISDA Rate Instruments

6.04 If the Final Terms specifies the Interest Rate applicable to the Instruments as being ISDA Rate, each Instrument shall bear interest as from such date, and at such rate or in such amounts, and such interest will be payable on such dates, as would have applied (regardless of any Event of Default or termination event or tax event thereunder) if the Issuer had entered into an interest rate swap transaction with the Holder of such Instrument under the terms of an agreement to which the ISDA Definitions applied and under which:

- the Fixed Rate Payer, Fixed Amount Payer, Fixed Price Payer, Floating Rate Payer, Floating Amount Payer or, as the case may be, the Floating Price Payer is the Issuer (as specified in the Final Terms);
- the Effective Date is the Interest Commencement Date;
- the Termination Date is the Maturity Date;
- the Calculation Agent is the Calculation Agent as specified in the Final Terms;
- the Calculation Periods are the Interest Accrual Periods;
- the Period End Dates are the Interest Period End Dates;
- the Payment Dates are the Interest Payment Dates;
- the Reset Dates are the Interest Period End Dates;

- the ISDA Calculation Amount is the principal amount of such Instrument;
- the Day Count Fraction applicable to the calculation of any amount is that specified in the Final Terms or, if none is so specified, as may be determined in accordance with the ISDA Definitions;
- the Applicable Business Day Convention applicable to any date is that specified in the Final Terms or, if none is so specified, as may be determined in accordance with the ISDA Definitions; and
- the other terms are as specified in the Final Terms.

Maximum or Minimum Interest Rate

6.05 If any Maximum or Minimum Interest Rate is specified in the Final Terms, then the Interest Rate shall in no event be greater than the maximum or be less than the minimum so specified.

Accrual of Interest

6.06 Interest shall accrue on the Outstanding Principal Amount of each interest bearing Instrument during each Interest Accrual Period from and including the Interest Commencement Date. Interest will cease to accrue as from the due date for redemption therefor (or, in the case of an Instalment Instrument, in respect of each instalment of principal, on the due date for payment of the relevant Instalment Amount) unless upon due presentation or surrender thereof (if required), payment in full of the Redemption Amount (as defined in Condition 7.10) or the relevant Instalment Amount is improperly withheld or refused or default is otherwise made in the payment thereof in which case interest shall continue to accrue on the principal amount in respect of which payment has been improperly withheld or refused or default has been made (as well after as before any demand or judgment) at the Interest Rate then applicable or such other rate as may be specified for this purpose in the Final Terms until the date on which, upon due presentation or surrender of the relevant Instrument (if required), the relevant payment is made or, if earlier (except where presentation or surrender of the relevant Instrument is not required as a precondition of payment), the seventh day after the date on which, the Issue and Paying Agent, or as the case may be, the Registrar having received the funds required to make such payment, give notice to the Holders of the Instruments in accordance with Condition 15 that the Issue and Paying Agent or, as the case may be, the Registrar has received the required funds (except to the extent that there is failure in the subsequent payment thereof to the relevant Holder).

Interest Amount(s), Calculation Agent and Reference Banks

6.07 If a Calculation Agent is specified in the Final Terms, the Calculation Agent, as soon as practicable after the Relevant Time on each Interest Determination Date (or such other time on such date as the Calculation Agent may be required to calculate any Redemption Amount or Instalment Amount, obtain any quote or make any determination or calculation) will determine the Interest Rate and calculate the amount(s) of interest payable (the “**Interest Amount(s)**”) in respect of each denomination of the Instruments (in the case of Bearer Instruments) and the minimum denomination (in the case of Registered Instruments) for the relevant Interest Accrual Period, calculate the Redemption Amount or Instalment Amount, obtain such quote or make such determination or calculation, as the case may be, and cause the Interest Rate and the Interest Amounts for each Interest Period and the relevant Interest Payment Date or, as the case may be, the Redemption Amount or any Instalment Amount to be notified to the Issue and Paying Agent, the Registrar (in the case of Registered Instruments), the Issuer, the Holders in accordance with Condition 15 and, if the Instruments are listed on a stock exchange and such exchange so requires, such exchange as soon as possible after their determination or calculation but in no event later than the fourth London Banking Day thereafter or, if earlier in the case of notification to stock exchange, the time required by the relevant stock exchange. The Interest Amounts and the Interest Payment Date so notified may subsequently be amended (or appropriate alternative arrangements made by way of adjustment) without notice in the event of an extension or shortening of an Interest Accrual Period or the Interest Period. If the Calculation Amount is less than the minimum Specified Denomination the Calculation Agent shall not be obliged to publish each Interest

Amount but instead may publish only the Calculation Amount and the Interest Amount in respect of an Instrument having the minimum Specified Denomination. If the Instruments become due and payable under Condition 8, the Interest Rate and the accrued interest payable in respect of the Instruments shall nevertheless continue to be calculated as previously in accordance with this Condition. The determination of each Interest Rate, Interest Amount, Redemption Amount and Instalment Amount, the obtaining of each quote and the making of each determination or calculation by the Calculation Agent, shall (in the absence of manifest error) be final and binding upon the Issuer and the Holders and neither the Calculation Agent nor any Reference Bank shall have any liability to the Holders in respect of any determination, calculation, quote or rate made or provided by it. The Issuer will procure that there shall at all times be such Reference Banks as may be required for the purpose of determining the Interest Rate applicable to the Instruments and a Calculation Agent, if provision is made for one in the Terms and Conditions.

If the Calculation Agent is incapable or unwilling to act as such or if the Calculation Agent fails duly to establish the Interest Rate for any Interest Accrual Period or to calculate the Interest Amounts or any other requirements, the Issuer will appoint the London office of a leading bank engaged in the London interbank market to act as such in its place. The Calculation Agent may not resign its duties without a successor having been appointed as aforesaid.

Calculations and Adjustments

6.08 The amount of interest payable in respect of any Instrument for any period shall be calculated by multiplying the product of the Interest Rate and the Calculation Amount (less, in respect of any Instalment Instrument, the principal amount on which interest shall have ceased to accrue in accordance with Condition 6.06 or, in the case of the Partly Paid Instrument, the Paid Up Amount of such Instrument or otherwise as indicated in the Final Terms except that the Paid Up Amount shall be deemed to be nil for Instruments which have been forfeited by the Issuer on or after the Forfeiture Date as provided for in Condition 1.07) by the Day Count Fraction, rounding the resulting figure to the nearest sub-unit of the Specified Currency (half a sub-unit being rounded upwards) and multiplying such rounded figure by a fraction equal to the Specified Denomination of such Instrument divided by the Calculation Amount. For this purpose a “sub-unit” means, in the case of any currency other than euro, the lowest amount of such currency that is available as legal tender in the country of such currency, and in the case of euro means one cent, save that if the Final Terms specifies a specific amount in respect of such period, the amount of interest payable in respect of such Instrument for such period will be equal to such specified amount. Where any Interest Period comprises two or more Interest Accrual Periods, the amount of interest payable in respect of such Interest Period will be the sum of the amounts of interest payable in respect of each of those Interest Accrual Periods. For the purposes of any calculations referred to in these Terms and Conditions (unless otherwise specified in the Final Terms), (a) all percentages resulting from such calculations will be rounded, if necessary, to the nearest one hundred thousandth of a percentage point (with 0.000005% being rounded up to 0.00001%), (b) all United States Dollar amounts used in or resulting from such calculations will be rounded to the nearest cent (with one half cent being rounded up), (c) all Japanese Yen amounts used in or resulting from such calculations will be rounded downwards to the next lower whole Japanese Yen amount and (d) all amounts denominated in any other currency used in or resulting from such calculations will be rounded to the nearest two decimal places in such currency, with 0.005 being rounded upwards.

Definitions

6.09 “**Applicable Business Day Convention**” means the “Business Day Convention” which may be specified in the Final Terms as applicable to any date in respect of the Instruments. Where the Final Terms specifies “No Adjustment” in relation to any date, such date shall not be adjusted in accordance with any Business Day Convention. Where the Final Terms fails either to specify an applicable Business Day Convention or “No Adjustment” for the purposes of an Interest Payment Date or an Interest Period End Date, then in the case of Instruments which bear interest at a fixed rate, “No Adjustment” shall be deemed to have been so specified and in the case of Instruments which bear interest at a floating rate, the Modified Following Business Day Convention shall be deemed to have been so specified. Different Business Day Conventions may apply, or be specified in relation to, the Interest Payment Dates, Interest Period End Dates and any other date or dates in respect of any Instruments.

“Banking Day” means, in respect of any city, any day on which commercial banks are open for business (including dealings in foreign exchange and foreign currency deposits) in that city.

“Business Day” means a day (other than a Saturday or Sunday) on which commercial banks and foreign exchange markets are open for business and settle payments in the Relevant Financial Centre in respect of the relevant Instruments or, in relation to Instruments payable in Euro, which is a TARGET Settlement Day.

“Business Day Convention” means a convention for adjusting any date if it would otherwise fall on a day that is not a Business Day and the following Business Day Conventions, where specified in the Final Terms in relation to any date applicable to any Instruments, shall have the following meanings:

- (i) **“Following Business Day Convention”** means that such date shall be postponed to the first following day that is a Business Day;
- (ii) **“Modified Following Business Day Convention”** or **“Modified Business Day Convention”** means that such date shall be postponed to the first following day that is a Business Day unless that day falls in the next calendar month in which case that date will be the first preceding day that is a Business Day;
- (iii) **“Preceding Business Day Convention”** means that such date shall be brought forward to the first preceding day that is a Business Day; and
- (iv) **“FRN Convention”** or **“Eurodollar Convention”** means that each such date shall be the date which numerically corresponds to the preceding such date in the calendar month which is the number of months specified in the Final Terms after the calendar month in which the preceding such date occurred *provided that*:
 - (a) if there is no such numerically corresponding day in the calendar month in which any such date should occur, then such date will be the last day which is a Business Day in that calendar month;
 - (b) if any such date would otherwise fall on a day which is not a Business Day, then such date will be the first following day which is a Business Day unless that day falls in the next calendar month, in which case it will be the first preceding day which is a Business Day; and
 - (c) if the preceding such date occurred on the last day in a calendar month which was a Business Day, then all subsequent such dates will be the last day which is a Business Day in the calendar month which is the specified number of months after the calendar month in which the preceding such date occurred.

“Calculation Amount” has the meaning given to it in the relevant Final Terms.

“Day Count Fraction” means, in respect of the calculation of an amount for any period of time (the **“Calculation Period”**), such day count fraction as may be specified in these Conditions or the relevant Final Terms and:

- (i) if **“Actual/Actual (ICMA)”** is so specified, means:
 - (a) where the Calculation Period is equal to or shorter than the Regular Period during which it falls, the actual number of days in the Calculation Period divided by the product of (1) the actual number of days in such Regular Period and (2) the number of Regular Periods in any year; and
 - (b) where the Calculation Period is longer than one Regular Period, the sum of:
 - (A) the actual number of days in such Calculation Period falling in the Regular Period in which it begins divided by the product of (1) the actual number of days in such Regular Period and (2) the number of Regular Periods in any year; and

- (B) the actual number of days in such Calculation Period falling in the next Regular Period divided by the product of (a) the actual number of days in such Regular Period and (2) the number of Regular Periods in any year;
- (ii) if “**Actual/Actual (ISDA)**” is so specified, means the actual number of days in the Calculation Period divided by 365 (or, if any portion of the Calculation Period falls in a leap year, the sum of (A) the actual number of days in that portion of the Calculation Period falling in a leap year divided by 366 and (B) the actual number of days in that portion of the Calculation Period falling in a non-leap year divided by 365);
- (iii) if “**Actual/365 (Fixed)**” is so specified, means the actual number of days in the Calculation Period divided by 365;
- (iv) if “**Actual/360**” is so specified, means the actual number of days in the Calculation Period divided by 360;
- (v) if “**30/360**” is so specified, the number of days in the Calculation Period divided by 360, calculated on a formula basis as follows

$$\text{Day Count Fraction} = \frac{[360 \times (Y_2 - Y_1)] + [30 \times (M_2 - M_1)] + (D_2 - D_1)}{360}$$

where:

“**Y₁**” is the year, expressed as a number, in which the first day of the Calculation Period falls;

“**Y₂**” is the year, expressed as a number, in which the day immediately following the last day included in the Calculation Period falls;

“**M₁**” is the calendar month, expressed as a number, in which the first day of the Calculation Period falls;

“**M₂**” is the calendar month, expressed as number, in which the day immediately following the last day included in the Calculation Period falls;

“**D₁**” is the first calendar day, expressed as a number, of the Calculation Period, unless such number would be 31, in which case D₁ will be 30; and

“**D₂**” is the calendar day, expressed as a number, immediately following the last day included in the Calculation Period, unless such number would be 31 and D₁ is greater than 29, in which case D₂ will be 30”;

- (vi) if “**30E/360**” or “**Eurobond Basis**” is so specified, the number of days in the Calculation Period divided by 360, calculated on a formula basis as follows:

$$\text{Day Count Fraction} = \frac{[360 \times (Y_2 - Y_1)] + [30 \times (M_2 - M_1)] + (D_2 - D_1)}{360}$$

where:

“**Y₁**” is the year, expressed as a number, in which the first day of the Calculation Period falls;

“**Y₂**” is the year, expressed as a number, in which the day immediately following the last day included in the Calculation Period falls;

“**M₁**” is the calendar month, expressed as a number, in which the first day of the Calculation Period falls;

“**M₂**” is the calendar month, expressed as a number, in which the day immediately following the last day included in the Calculation Period falls;

“**D₁**” is the first calendar day, expressed as a number, of the Calculation Period, unless such number would be 31, in which case **D₁** will be 30; and

“**D₂**” is the calendar day, expressed as a number, immediately following the last day included in the Calculation Period, unless such number would be 31, in which case **D₂** will be 30; and

- (vii) if “**30E/360 (ISDA)**” is so specified, the number of days in the Calculation Period divided by 360, calculated on a formula basis as follows:

$$\text{Day Count Fraction} = \frac{[360 \times (Y_2 - Y_1)] + [30 \times (M_2 - M_1)] + (D_2 - D_1)}{360}$$

where:

“**Y₁**” is the year, expressed as a number, in which the first day of the Calculation Period falls;

“**Y₂**” is the year, expressed as a number, in which the day immediately following the last day included in the Calculation Period falls;

“**M₁**” is the calendar month, expressed as a number, in which the first day of the Calculation Period falls;

“**M₂**” is the calendar month, expressed as a number, in which the day immediately following the last day included in the Calculation Period falls;

“**D₁**” is the first calendar day, expressed as a number, of the Calculation Period, unless (i) that day is the last day of February or (ii) such number would be 31, in which case **D₁** will be 30; and

“**D₂**” is the calendar day, expressed as a number, immediately following the last day included in the Calculation Period, unless (i) that day is the last day of February but not the Maturity Date or (ii) such number would be 31, in which case **D₂** will be 30,

provided, however, that in each such case the number of days in the Calculation Period is calculated from and including the first day of the Calculation Period to but excluding the last day of the Calculation Period;

“**Euro-zone**” means the region comprising the Member States of the European Union which adopt or have adopted the Euro as their lawful currency in accordance with the Treaty establishing the European Community, as amended.

“**Interest Accrual Period**” means, in respect of an Interest Period, each successive period beginning on and including an Interest Period End Date and ending on but excluding the next succeeding Interest Period End Date during that Interest Period provided always that the first Interest Accrual Period shall commence on and include the Interest Commencement Date and the final Interest Accrual Period shall end on but exclude the date of final maturity.

“**Interest Commencement Date**” means the date of issue of the Instruments (as specified in the Final Terms) or such other date as may be specified as such in the Final Terms.

“**Interest Determination Date**” means, in respect of any Interest Accrual Period, the date falling such number (if any) of Banking Days in such city(ies) as may be specified in the Final Terms prior to the first day of such Interest Accrual Period, or if none is specified:

- (i) in the case of Instruments denominated in Pounds Sterling, the first day of such Interest Accrual Period; or
- (ii) in the case of Instruments denominated in Euro, the date falling two TARGET Settlement Days prior to the first day of such Interest Accrual Period; or

- (iii) in any other case, the date falling two London Banking Days prior to the first day of such Interest Accrual Period.

“Interest Payment Date” means the date or dates specified as such in, or determined in accordance with the provisions of, the Final Terms and, if an Applicable Business Day Convention is specified in the Final Terms, as the same may be adjusted in accordance with the Applicable Business Day Convention or if the Applicable Business Day Convention is the FRN Convention and an interval of a number of calendar months is specified in the Final Terms as being the Interest Period, each of such dates as may occur in accordance with the FRN Convention at such specified period of calendar months following the date of issue of the Instruments (in the case of the first Interest Payment Date) or the previous Interest Payment Date (in any other case).

“Interest Period” means each successive period beginning on and including an Interest Payment Date and ending on but excluding the next succeeding Interest Payment Date provided always that the first Interest Period shall commence on and include the Interest Commencement Date and the final Interest Period shall end on but exclude the date of final maturity.

“Interest Period End Date” means the date or dates specified as such in, or determined in accordance with the provisions of, the Final Terms and, if an Applicable Business Day Convention is specified in the Final Terms, as the same may be adjusted in accordance with the Applicable Business Day Convention or, if the Applicable Business Day Convention is the FRN Convention and an interval of a number of calendar months is specified in the Final Terms as the Interest Accrual Period, such dates as may occur in accordance with the FRN Convention at such specified period of calendar months following the Interest Commencement Date (in the case of the first Interest Period End Date) or the previous Interest Period End Date (in any other case) or, if none of the foregoing is specified in the Final Terms, means the date or each of the dates which correspond with the Interest Payment Date(s) in respect of the Instruments.

“Interest Rate” means the rate or rates (expressed as a percentage per annum) or amount or amounts (expressed as a price per unit of relevant currency) of interest payable in respect of the Instruments specified in, or calculated or determined in accordance with the provisions of, the Final Terms.

“ISDA Definitions” means the 2006 ISDA Definitions (as amended and updated as at the date of issue of the first Tranche of Instruments of the relevant Series (as specified in the relevant Final Terms) as published by the International Swaps and Derivatives Association Inc.).

“Outstanding Principal Amount” means, in respect of an Instrument in the denomination specified in the Final Terms, its principal amount less, in respect of any Instalment Instrument, any principal amount on which interest shall have ceased to accrue in accordance with Condition 6.06 or, in the case of a Partly Paid Instrument, the Paid Up Amount of such Instrument or otherwise as indicated in the Final Terms except that the Paid Up Amount shall be deemed to be nil for Instruments which have been forfeited by the Issuer on or after the Forfeiture Date as provided for in Condition 1.07.

“Reference Banks” means such banks as may be specified in the Final Terms as the Reference Banks or, if none specified, **“Reference Banks”** has the meaning given in the ISDA Definitions, *mutatis mutandis*.

“Regular Period” means:

- (i) in the case of Instruments where interest is scheduled to be paid only by means of regular payments, each period from and including the Interest Commencement Date to but excluding the first Interest Payment Date and each successive period from and including one Interest Payment Date to but excluding the next Interest Payment Date;
- (ii) in the case of Instruments where, apart from the first Interest Period, interest is scheduled to be paid only by means of regular payments, each period from and including a Regular Date falling in any year to but excluding the next Regular Date, where **“Regular Date”** means the day and month (but not the year) on which any Interest Payment Date falls; and
- (iii) in the case of Instruments where, apart from one Interest Period other than the first Interest Period, interest is scheduled to be paid only by means of regular payments, each period from

and including a Regular Date falling in any year to but excluding the next Regular Date, where “**Regular Date**” means the day and month (but not the year) on which any Interest Payment Date falls other than the Interest Payment Date falling at the end of the irregular Interest Period.

“**Relevant Financial Centre**” means such financial centre or centres as may be specified in relation to the relevant currency for the purposes of the definition of “Business Day” in the ISDA Definitions, as modified or supplemented in the Final Terms.

“**Relevant Time**” means the time as of which any rate is to be determined as specified in the Final Terms or, if none is specified, at which it is customary to determine such rate.

“**Reuters Screen**” means, when used in connection with a designated page and any designated information, the display page so designated on the Reuters Monitor Money Rates Service (or such other page as may replace that page on that service for the purpose of displaying such information).

“**TARGET2**” means the Trans European Automated Real-Time Gross Settlement Express Transfer payment system which utilises a single shared platform and which was launched on 19 November 2007;

“**TARGET Settlement Day**” means any day on which TARGET2 is open for the settlement of payments in euro.

Final Interest Bearing Instruments

6.10 If any Redemption Amount (as defined in Condition 7.10) or Instalment Amount in respect of any Instrument which is non-interest bearing is not paid when due, interest shall accrue on the overdue amount at a rate per annum (expressed as a percentage per annum) equal to the Amortisation Yield defined in, or determined in accordance with the provisions of, the Final Terms or at such other rate as may be specified for this purpose in the Final Terms until the date on which, upon due presentation or surrender of the relevant Instrument (if required), the relevant payment is made or, if earlier (except where presentation or surrender of the relevant Instrument is not required as a precondition of payment), the seventh day after the date on which, the Issue and Paying Agent or, as the case may be, the Registrar having received the funds required to make such payment, notice is given to the Holders of the Instruments in accordance with Condition 15 that the Issue and Paying Agent or, as the case may be, the Registrar has received the required funds (except to the extent that there is failure in the subsequent payment thereof to the relevant Holder). The amount of any such interest shall be calculated in accordance with the provisions of Condition 6.08 as if the Interest Rate was the Amortisation Yield, the Outstanding Principal Amount was the overdue sum and the Day Count Fraction was as specified for this purpose in the Final Terms or, if not so specified, 30E/360 (as defined in Condition 6.09).

7. Redemption and Purchase

Redemption at Maturity

7.01 Unless previously redeemed, or purchased and cancelled or unless such Instrument is stated in the Final Terms as having no fixed maturity date, each Instrument shall be redeemed at its maturity redemption amount (the “**Maturity Redemption Amount**”) (which shall be its Outstanding Principal Amount or such other redemption amount as may be specified in or determined in accordance with the Final Terms) or, in the case of Instalment Instruments, in the number of instalments and in such amounts (“**Instalment Amounts**”) as may be specified in, or determined in accordance with the provisions of, the Final Terms on the date or dates (or, in the case of Instruments which bear interest at a floating rate of interest, on the date or dates upon which interest is payable) specified in the Final Terms.

Early Redemption or Substitution for Taxation Reasons

7.02 If, in relation to any Series of Instruments as a result of any change in the laws, regulations or rulings of the country of incorporation of the Issuer or (if applicable) the Guarantor or, if different, the country of tax residence of the Issuer or (if applicable) the Guarantor, or of any political subdivision thereof or any authority or agency therein or thereof having power to tax, or in the official interpretation or

administration of any such laws, regulations or rulings which become effective on or after the date of issue of such Instruments or earlier other date specified in the Final Terms, the Issuer or, if any payment were then due under the Guarantee, the Guarantor, would be required to pay additional amounts as provided in Condition 9, the Issuer or, as the case may be, the Guarantor may, at its option and having given no less than thirty nor more than 60 days' notice (ending, in the case of Instruments which bear interest at a floating rate, on a day upon which interest is payable) to the Holder of the Instruments in accordance with Condition 15 (which notice shall be irrevocable):

- (A) redeem all (but not some only) of the outstanding Instruments comprising the relevant Series at their early tax redemption amount (the “**Early Redemption Amount (Tax)**”) (which shall be their Outstanding Principal Amount or, in the case of Instruments which are non-interest bearing, their Amortised Face Amount (as defined in Condition 7.11) or such other redemption amount as may be specified in, or determined in accordance with the provisions of, the Final Terms), together with accrued interest (if any) thereon provided, however, that no such notice of redemption may be given earlier than 90 days (or, in the case of Instruments which bear interest at a floating rate a number of days which is equal to the aggregate of the number of days falling within the then current interest period applicable to the Instruments plus 60 days) prior to the earliest date on which the Issuer or, as the case may be, the Guarantor would be obliged to pay such additional amounts were a payment in respect of the Instruments or the Guarantee then due; or
- (B) substitute, without the consent of any Holders of Instruments provided that no payment in respect of any such Series is overdue, an Affiliate of the Guarantor to assume liability for the due and punctual payment of all payments on all Instruments then outstanding in the relevant Series and the performance of all the Issuer's other obligations under all the Instruments then outstanding in the relevant Series, the Issue and Paying Agency Agreement and the Deed of Covenant.

Upon any substitution pursuant to Condition 7.02(B), the assuming company shall succeed to the rights and obligations of the Issuer (or any previous assuming company) under the Instruments, the Issue and Paying Agency Agreement and the Deed of Covenant and the Issuer (or any previous assuming company) shall be released from its liability on the Instruments, the Issue and Paying Agency Agreement and the Deed of Covenant. Such assumptions shall be permitted only if the assuming company and the Guarantor enter into a deed poll (the “**Deed Poll**”) whereby (i) the assuming company assumes the obligations of the Issuer (or any previous assuming company) under the Instruments, the Issue and Paying Agency Agreement and the Deed of Covenant, (ii) the assuming company and the Guarantor agree to indemnify each Holder and, if appropriate, each Accountholder (as defined in the Deed of Covenant) against (A) any tax, duty, fee or governmental charge which is imposed on such Holder with respect to such Instrument or, as the case may be, the Deed of Covenant and which would not have been so imposed had such assumption not been made, (B) any tax, duty, fee or governmental charge imposed on or relating to the act of assumption and (C) any costs or expenses of the act of assumption, (iii) the Guarantor shall unconditionally guarantee (irrespective of the validity, regularity or enforceability against the assuming company of any Instrument, the Deed of Covenant, the Issue and Paying Agency Agreement or of any action to enforce the same), all payments in respect of the Instruments, the Issue and Paying Agency Agreement, the Deed of Covenant and the Deed Poll (upon the terms of the original guarantee in respect of the original Issuer's obligations) and (iv) the assuming company and the Guarantor shall warrant that all necessary governmental approvals and consents for the assumption by the assuming company of its obligations and the giving and implementation of the guarantee have been obtained and are in full force and the obligations of the assuming company under the Instruments, the Deed of Covenant, the Issue and Paying Agency Agreement and the Deed Poll and of the Guarantor under its guarantee to guarantee payments in respect of the Instruments, the Deed of Covenant, the Issue and Paying Agency Agreement and the Deed Poll are legal, valid, binding and enforceable provided that no substitution shall take place pursuant to Condition 7.02(B) unless the assuming company, the Issuer (or any previous assuming company) and the Guarantor shall have obtained legal opinions containing no untoward qualifications from independent legal advisers in the country of incorporation of the assuming company, the country of incorporation of the Issuer and in England to the effect that the obligations of the assuming

company and of the Guarantor are legal, valid and binding and that all consents and approvals as aforesaid have been obtained.

As used herein “**Affiliate**” means any entity controlled, directly or indirectly, by the Guarantor, any entity that controls the Issuer, directly or indirectly, or any entity under common control with the Issuer. For this purpose “control” of the Issuer or any entity means ownership of a majority of the voting power of the Issuer or such entity.

Not less than 30 nor more than 90 days prior to the effective date of the assumption by the assuming company, the Issuer shall procure the notification to the Holders, in accordance with Condition 15, of the assumption and stating that copies, or pending execution thereof final drafts, of the Deed Poll and other relevant documents and of the legal opinions are available for inspection by Holders at the specified offices of the Issue and Paying Agent and the Registrar. The originals of the Deed Poll and other documents will be delivered to the Issue and Paying Agent to hold until there are no claims outstanding in respect of the Instruments, the Deed of Covenant, the Issue and Paying Agency Agreement or the Deed Poll. The assuming company and the Guarantor shall in the Deed Poll acknowledge the right of every Holder of any Instrument or, as the case may be, every Accountholder to inspect such documents at the offices of the Issue and Paying Agent.

Upon the assumption becoming effective, references in these Conditions to the country of incorporation of the Issuer and, if different, the country of tax residence of the Issuer, shall be read and construed as including references to the country of incorporation and, if different, the country of tax residence of the assuming company instead of or in addition to (as the case may be) references to the country of incorporation of the Issuer and, if different, the country of tax residence of the Issuer.

The Issuer or, as the case may be, the Guarantor may not exercise the options referred to in this Condition 7.02 in respect of any Instrument which is the subject of the prior exercise by the Holder thereof of its option to require the redemption of such Instrument under Condition 7.06.

Optional Early Redemption (Call)

7.03 If this Condition 7.03 is specified in the Final Terms as being applicable, then the Issuer may, having given the appropriate notice and subject to such conditions as may be specified in the Final Terms, redeem all (but not, unless and to the extent that the Final Terms specifies otherwise, some only) of the Instruments of the relevant Series at their call early redemption amount (the “**Early Redemption Amount (Call)**”) (which shall be their Outstanding Principal Amount or, in the case of Instruments which are non-interest bearing, their Amortised Face Amount (as defined in Condition 7.11) or such other redemption amount as may be specified in, or determined in accordance with the Provisions of the Final Terms), together with accrued interest (if any) thereon on the date specified in such notice.

The Issuer may not exercise such option in respect of any Instrument which is the subject of the prior exercise by the Holder thereof of its option to require the redemption of such Instrument under Condition 7.06.

7.04 The appropriate notice referred to in Condition 7.03 is a notice given by the Issuer to the Issue and Paying Agent, the Registrar (in the case of Registered Instruments) and the Holders of the Instruments of the relevant Series in accordance with Condition 15, which notice shall be irrevocable and shall specify:

- the Series of Instruments subject to redemption;
- whether such Series is to be redeemed in whole or in part only and, if in part only, the aggregate principal amount of and (except in the case of a Temporary Global Instrument or Permanent Global Instrument) the serial numbers of the Instruments of the relevant Series which are to be redeemed;
- the due date for such redemption, which shall be not less than 30 days or such lesser period as may be specified in the Final Terms nor more than 60 days after the date on which such notice is given and which shall be such date or the next of such dates (“**Call Option Date(s)**”) or a

day falling within such period (“**Call Option Period**”), as may be specified in the Final Terms and which is, in the case of Instruments which bear interest at a floating rate, a date upon which interest is payable; and

- the Early Redemption Amount (Call) at which such Instruments are to be redeemed.

Partial Redemption

7.05 If the Instruments of a Series are to be redeemed in part only on any date in accordance with Condition 7.03:

- in the case of Bearer Instruments, the Instruments to be redeemed shall be drawn by lot in such European city as the Issue and Paying Agent may specify or identified in such other manner or in such other place as the Issue and Paying Agent may approve and deem appropriate and fair; and
- in the case of Registered Instruments, the Instruments shall be redeemed (so far as may be practicable) pro rata to their principal amounts, provided always that the amount redeemed in respect of each Instrument shall be equal to the minimum denomination thereof or an integral multiple thereof,

subject always to compliance with all applicable laws and the requirements of any stock exchange on which the relevant Instruments may be listed.

In the case of the redemption of part only of a Registered Instrument, a new Registered Instrument in respect of the unredeemed balance shall be issued in accordance with Conditions 2.04 to 2.09 which shall apply as in the case of a transfer of Registered Instruments as if such new Registered Instrument were in respect of the untransferred balance.

Optional Early Redemption (Put)

7.06 If this Condition 7.06 is specified in the Final Terms as being applicable, then the Issuer shall, upon the exercise of the relevant option by the Holder of any Instrument of the relevant Series, redeem such Instrument on the date or the next of the dates specified in the relevant Put Notice (as defined below) at its put early redemption amount (the “**Early Redemption Amount (Put)**”) (which shall be its Outstanding Principal Amount or, if such Instrument is non-interest bearing, its Amortised Face Amount (as defined in Condition 7.11) or such other redemption amount as may be specified in, or determined in accordance with the provisions of, the Final Terms), together with accrued interest (if any) thereon. In order to exercise such option, the Holder must, not less than 45 days before the date on which such redemption is required to be made as specified in the Put Notice (which date shall be such date or the next of the dates (“**Put Date(s)**”) or a day falling within such period (“**Put Period**”) as may be specified in the Final Terms), deposit the relevant Instrument (together, in the case of an interest bearing Instrument in bearer form, with all unmatured Coupons appertaining thereto other than any Coupon maturing on or before the date of redemption (failing which the provisions of Condition 10A.06 apply) during normal business hours at the specified office of, in the case of a Bearer Instrument, any Paying Agent or, in the case of a Registered Instrument, the Registrar together with a duly completed early redemption price (“**Put Notice**”) in the form which is available from the specified office of any of the Paying Agents or, as the case may be, the Registrar specifying, in the case of a Registered Instrument, the aggregate principal amount in respect of which such option is exercised (which must be the minimum denomination specified in the Final Terms or an integral multiple thereof). No Instrument so deposited and option exercised may be withdrawn (except as provided in the Issue and Paying Agency Agreement).

In the case of the redemption of part only of a Registered Instrument, a new Registered Instrument in respect of the unredeemed balance shall be issued in accordance with Conditions 2.04 to 2.07 which shall apply as in the case of a transfer of Registered Instruments as if such new Registered Instrument were in respect of the untransferred balance.

The Holder of an Instrument may not exercise such option in respect of any Instrument which is the subject of an exercise by the Issuer of its option to redeem such Instrument under either Condition 7.02 or 7.03.

Purchase of Instruments

7.07 The Issuer or any of its subsidiaries may at any time purchase Instruments in the open market or otherwise and at any price.

Cancellation of Redeemed and Purchased Instruments

7.08 All unmatured Instruments and Coupons and unexchanged Talons redeemed or purchased in accordance with this Condition 7 may be held, cancelled, reissued or resold.

Other Provisions applicable to Redemption Amount and Instalment Amounts

7.09 The provisions of Condition 6.07 and Condition 6.08 shall apply to any determination or calculation of the Redemption Amount or any Instalment Amount required by the Final Terms to be made by the Calculation Agent.

7.10 References herein to “**Redemption Amount**” shall mean, as appropriate, the Maturity Redemption Amount, the final Instalment Amount, Early Redemption Amount (Tax), Early Redemption Amount (Call), Early Redemption Amount (Put) and Early Termination Amount or such other amount in the nature of a redemption amount as may be specified in, or determined in accordance with the provisions of the Final Terms.

7.11 In the case of any Instrument which is non-interest bearing, the “**Amortised Face Amount**” shall be an amount equal to the sum of:

- (i) the Issue Price specified in the Final Terms; and
- (ii) the product of the Amortisation Yield (as specified in the Final Terms) (compounded annually) being applied to the Issue Price from (and including) the Issue Date specified in the Final Terms to (but excluding) the date fixed for redemption or (as the case may be) the date upon which such Instrument becomes due and repayable.

Where such calculation is to be made for a period which is not a whole number of years, the calculation in respect of the period of less than a full year shall be made on the basis of the Day Count Fraction (as defined in Condition 6.09) specified in the Final Terms for the purposes of this Condition 7.11.

7.12 In the case of any Instrument which is non-interest bearing, if any Redemption Amount (other than the Maturity Redemption Amount) is improperly withheld or refused or default is otherwise made in the payment thereof, the Amortised Face Amount shall be calculated as provided in Condition 7.11 but as if references in sub-paragraph (ii) to the date fixed for redemption or the date upon which such Instrument becomes due and repayable were replaced by references to the earlier of:

- (i) the date on which, upon due presentation or surrender of the relevant Instrument (if required), the relevant payment is made; and
- (ii) (except where presentation or surrender of the relevant Instrument is not required as a precondition of payment), the seventh day after the date on which, the Issue and Paying Agent or, as the case may be, the Registrar having received the funds required to make such payment, notice is given to the Holders of the Instruments in accordance with Condition 15 of that circumstance (except to the extent that there is a failure in the subsequent payment thereof to the relevant Holder).

8. Events of Default

8.01 The following events constitute Events of Default in relation to the Instruments of any Series:

- (A) failure to pay any interest or additional amounts in respect of interest on any such Instruments when due, and such failure continues for 30 days;
- (B) failure to pay principal or additional amounts with respect to payment of principal of any such Instruments when due (and, in the case of technical or administrative difficulties only, such failure continues for five days);
- (C) failure to perform any other covenant of the Issuer or the Guarantor under such Instruments, the Issue and Paying Agency Agreement and the Deed of Covenant, and such failure continues for 90 calendar days after written notice to the Issue and Paying Agent by the holders of at least 10% in aggregate principal amount of the outstanding Instruments of such Series specifying such default or breach and requiring it to be remedied;
- (D) the entry by a court having jurisdiction in the premises of (i) a decree or order for relief in respect of the Issuer or the Guarantor in an involuntary case or proceeding under any applicable bankruptcy, insolvency, examination, reorganisation or other similar law, or (ii) a decree or order adjudging the Issuer or the Guarantor bankrupt or insolvent, or approving as properly filed a petition seeking reorganisation, examination, arrangement, adjustment or composition of or in respect of the Issuer or the Guarantor under any applicable law of the jurisdiction of incorporation of the Issuer or, in the case of the Guarantor, England and Wales, or appointing a custodian, receiver, liquidator, examiner, assignee, trustee, sequestrator or other similar official of the Issuer or the Guarantor or of any substantial part of its property, or ordering the winding up or liquidation of its affairs, and the continuance of any such decree or order for relief or any such other decree or order unstated and in effect for a period of 90 consecutive days;
- (E) the commencement by the Issuer or the Guarantor of a voluntary case or proceeding under any applicable bankruptcy, insolvency, examination, reorganisation or other similar law of the jurisdiction of incorporation of the Issuer or, in the case of the Guarantor, England and Wales or of any other case or proceeding to be adjudicated bankrupt or insolvent, or the consent by it to the entry of a decree or order for relief in respect of the Issuer or the Guarantor in an involuntary case or proceeding under any applicable bankruptcy, insolvency, examination, reorganisation or other similar law of the jurisdiction of incorporation of the Issuer or, in the case of the Guarantor, England and Wales, or to the commencement of any bankruptcy or insolvency case or proceeding against it, or the filing by it of a petition or answer or consent seeking reorganisation, examination or relief under any applicable law of the jurisdiction of incorporation of the Issuer or, in the case of the Guarantor, England and Wales, or the consent by it to the filing of such petition or to the appointment of or taking possession by a custodian, receiver, liquidator, examiner, assignee, trustee, sequestrator or other similar official of the Issuer or of the Guarantor or of any substantial part of its property, or the making by it of an assignment for the benefit of creditors, or the admission by it in writing of its inability to pay its debts generally as they become due, or the taking of corporate action by the Issuer or the Guarantor in furtherance of any such action; or
- (F) the Guarantee is not, or is claimed by the Guarantor not to be, in full force and effect.

8.02 If an Event of Default with respect to any Series of Instruments shall occur and be continuing, the Holders of at least 25% in aggregate principal amount of the outstanding Instruments of the relevant Series may give notice to the Issuer (which notice shall be accompanied by the certificate referred to in Condition 8.03 below) that the Instruments of the relevant Series and (if the Instruments are interest bearing) all interest then accrued on such Instruments are to be forthwith due and payable, whereupon each such Instrument shall become immediately due and payable at its early termination amount (the “**Early Termination Amount**”) (which shall be its Outstanding Principal Amount or, if such Instrument is non-

interest bearing, its Amortised Face Amount (as defined in Condition 7.11) (or at such other amount as will be specified in the relevant Final Terms) together with all interest (if any) accrued thereon without presentment, demand, protest or other notice of any kind and of which the Issuer will expressly waive, anything contained in such Instruments to the contrary notwithstanding, unless prior to the time when the Issuer receives such notice all Events of Default in respect of all such Instruments shall have been cured.

8.03 In order to give the notice referred to in Condition 8.02 above, a Holder shall, in the case of Bearer Instruments, deposit such Instruments with the Issue and Paying Agent and obtain a certificate from the Issue and Paying Agent in the form of the Eleventh Schedule to the Issue and Paying Agency Agreement or, in the case of Registered Instruments, obtain a certificate from the Registrar in the form of the Eleventh Schedule to the Issue and Paying Agency Agreement. In either case, no transfer of the Instruments specified in such certificate shall be permitted for a period of 15 days from the date of such certificate.

9. Taxation

9.01 All amounts payable (whether in respect of principal, interest or otherwise) in respect of the Instruments and the Guarantee will be made free and clear of and without withholding or deduction for or on account of any present or future taxes, duties, assessments or governmental charges of whatever nature imposed or levied by or on behalf of the country of incorporation of the Issuer or the Guarantor and, if different, the country of tax residence of the Issuer or the Guarantor (the “**Taxing Jurisdiction**”), or any political subdivision thereof or any authority or agency therein or thereof having power to tax, unless the withholding or deduction of such taxes, duties, assessments or governmental charges is required by law or by the administration or official interpretation thereof. In that event, the Issuer or, as the case may be, the Guarantor will pay such additional amounts as may be necessary in order that the net amounts receivable by the Holder after such withholding or deduction shall equal the respective amounts which would have been receivable by such Holder in the absence of such withholding or deduction; except that no such additional amounts shall be payable in relation to any payment in respect of any Instrument or Coupon presented for payment:

- (i) by or on behalf of a Holder who is liable to such taxes, duties, assessments or governmental charges in respect of such Instrument or Coupon by reason of his having some connection with the Taxing Jurisdiction other than the mere holding of such Instrument or Coupon;
- (ii) where such withholding or deduction is imposed on a payment to an individual and is required to be made pursuant to European Council Directive 2003/48/EC or any other Directive implementing the conclusions of the ECOFIN Council meeting of 26-27 November, 2000 on the taxation of savings income or any law implementing or complying with, or introduced in order to conform to any such Directive(s);
- (iii) by or on behalf of a Holder who would have been able to avoid such withholding or deduction by presenting the relevant Instrument or Coupon or Receipt to another Paying Agent in a Member State of the European Union;
- (iv) in relation only to any Bearer Instrument or Coupon, more than 30 days after the Relevant Date, except to the extent that the relevant Holder would have been entitled to such additional amounts on presenting the same for payment on or before the expiry of such period of 30 days; or
- (v) by or on behalf of a Holder who would not be liable to such taxes, duties, assessments or governmental charges in respect of such Instrument or Coupon if such Holder had made a declaration of non-residence or similar claim for exemption to any relevant tax authority.

9.02 For the purposes of these Terms and Conditions, the “**Relevant Date**” means, in respect of any payment, the date on which such payment first becomes due and payable, but if the full amount of the moneys payable has not been received by the Issue and Paying Agent or, as the case may be, the Registrar on or prior to such due date, it means in relation to such unreceived part the first date on which the full amount of such moneys having been so received and being available for payment to Holders, notice to that

effect shall have been duly given to the Holders of the Instruments of the relevant Series in accordance with Condition 15.

9.03 If the Issuer or, as the case may be, the Guarantor becomes subject generally at any time to any taxing jurisdiction other than or in addition to the Taxing Jurisdiction, references in Condition 9.01 to the Taxing Jurisdiction shall be read and construed as references to the Taxing Jurisdiction and/or to such other jurisdiction(s).

9.04 Any reference in these Terms and Conditions to “**principal**” and/or “**interest**” in respect of the Instruments shall be deemed also to refer to any additional amounts which may be payable under this Condition 9. Unless the context otherwise requires, any reference in these Terms and Conditions to “principal” shall include any premium payable in respect of an Instrument, any Instalment Amount or Redemption Amount and any other amounts in the nature of principal payable pursuant to these Terms and Conditions and “interest” shall include all amounts payable pursuant to Condition 6 and any other amounts in the nature of interest payable pursuant to these Terms and Conditions.

9.05 The Final Terms may set forth certain additional tax consequences to Holders of Instruments of a particular Series.

10. Payments

10A Payment – Bearer Instruments

10A.01 This Condition 10A is applicable in relation to Instruments in bearer form. If the Final Terms specifies that a Bearer Instrument may be exchanged for a Registered Instrument, Condition 10B below will be applicable to any payments after such exchange.

10A.02 Payment of amounts (including accrued interest) due in respect of the redemption of Bearer Instruments will be made against presentation and (save in the case of partial payment or payment of an Instalment Amount (other than the final Instalment Amount)) surrender of the relevant Bearer Instruments at the specified office of any of the Paying Agents.

Payment of Instalment Amounts (other than the final Instalment Amount) in respect of an Instalment Instrument which is a Definitive Instrument with Receipts will be made against presentation of the Instrument together with (where applicable) the relevant Receipt and surrender of such Receipt.

The Receipts are not and shall not in any circumstances be deemed to be documents of title and if separated from the Instrument to which they relate will not represent any obligation of the Issuer. Accordingly, the presentation of an Instrument without the relative Receipt or the presentation of a Receipt without the Instrument to which it appertains shall not entitle the Holder to any payment in respect of the relevant Instalment Amount.

10A.03 Payment of amounts due in respect of interest on Bearer Instruments will be made:

- (i) in the case of Instruments without Coupons attached thereto at the time of their initial delivery, against presentation of the relevant Instruments at the specified office of any of the Paying Agents outside (unless Condition 10A.04 applies) the United States; and
- (ii) in the case of Instruments delivered with Coupons attached thereto at the time of their initial delivery,

against surrender of the relevant Coupons or, in the case of interest due otherwise than on a scheduled date for the payment of interest, against presentation of the relevant Instruments, in either case at the specified office of any of the Paying Agents outside (unless Condition 10A.04 applies) the United States.

10A.04 Conditions 10A.02 and 10A.03 notwithstanding, payments of amounts due in respect of interest on the Instruments and exchanges of Talons for Coupon sheets in accordance with Condition 10A.07 will not be made at the specified office of any Paying Agent in the United States (as defined in the United

States Internal Revenue Code of 1986 and Regulations thereunder) unless (a) payment in full of amounts due in respect of interest on such Instruments when due or, as the case may be, the exchange of Talons at all the specified offices of the Paying Agents outside the United States is illegal or effectively precluded by exchange controls or other similar restrictions and (b) such payment or exchange is permitted by applicable United States law. If paragraphs (a) and (b) of the previous sentence apply, the Issuer shall forthwith appoint a further Paying Agent with a specified office in New York City.

10A.05 If the due date for payment of any amount due in respect of any Instrument is not a Relevant Financial Centre Day and a Local Banking Day (each as defined in Condition 10C.03), then the Holder thereof will not be entitled to payment thereof until the next day which is such a day (or as otherwise specified in the Final Terms) and from such day and thereafter will be entitled to receive payment by cheque on any Local Banking Day, and will be entitled to payment by transfer to a designated account on any day which is a Local Banking Day, a Relevant Financial Centre Day and a day on which commercial banks and foreign exchange markets settle payments in the relevant currency in the place where the relevant designated account is located and no further payment on account of interest or otherwise shall be due in respect of such delay or adjustment unless there is a subsequent failure to pay in accordance with these Terms and Conditions (in which event interest shall continue to accrue as provided in Condition 6.06 or, if appropriate, Condition 6.10).

10A.06 Each Instrument initially delivered with Coupons, Talons or Receipts attached thereto should be presented and, save in the case of partial payment of the Redemption Amount, surrendered for final redemption together with all unmatured Receipts, Coupons and Talons relating thereto, failing which:

- (i) if the Final Terms specifies that this paragraph (i) of Condition 10A.06 is applicable (and, in the absence of specification, this paragraph (i) shall apply to Instruments which bear interest at a fixed rate or rates or in fixed amounts) and subject as hereinafter provided, the amount of any missing unmatured Coupons (or, in the case of a payment not being made in full, that portion of the amount of such missing Coupon which the Redemption Amount paid bears to the total Redemption Amount due) (excluding, for this purpose, but without prejudice to paragraph (iii) below, Talons) will be deducted from the amount otherwise payable on such final redemption, the amount so deducted being payable against surrender of the relevant Coupon at the specified office of any of the Paying Agents at any time within five years of the Relevant Date applicable to payment of such Redemption Amount;
- (ii) if the Final Terms specifies that this paragraph (ii) of Condition 10A.06 is applicable (and, in the absence of specification, this paragraph (ii) shall apply to Instruments which bear interest at a floating rate or rates or at a margin above or below a floating rate or, otherwise, in variable amounts) all unmatured Coupons (excluding, for this purpose, but without prejudice to paragraph (iii) below, Talons) relating to such Instruments (whether or not surrendered therewith) shall become void and no payment shall be made thereafter in respect of them;
- (iii) in the case of Instruments initially delivered with Talons attached thereto, all unmatured Talons (whether or not surrendered therewith) shall become void and no exchange for Coupons shall be made thereafter in respect of them; and
- (iv) in the case of Instruments initially delivered with Receipts attached thereto, all Receipts relating to such Instruments in respect of a payment of an Instalment Amount which (but for such redemption) would have fallen due on a date after such due date for redemption (whether or not surrendered therewith) shall become void and no payment shall be made thereafter in respect of them.

The provisions of paragraph (i) of this Condition 10A.06 notwithstanding, if any Instruments should be issued with a maturity date and an Interest Rate or Rates such that, on the presentation for payment of any such Instrument without any unmatured Coupons attached thereto or surrendered therewith, the amount required by paragraph (i) to be deducted would be greater than the Redemption Amount otherwise due for payment, then, upon the due date for redemption of any such Instrument, such unmatured Coupons (whether or not attached) shall become void (and no payment shall be made in respect thereof) as shall be required so

that, upon application of the provisions of paragraph (i) in respect of such Coupons as have not so become void, the amount required by paragraph (i) to be deducted would not be greater than the Redemption Amount otherwise due for payment. Where the application of the foregoing sentence requires some but not all of the unmatured Coupons relating to an Instrument to become void, the relevant Paying Agent shall determine which unmatured Coupons are to become void, and shall select for such purpose Coupons maturing on later dates in preference to Coupons maturing on earlier dates.

10A.07 In relation to Instruments initially delivered with Talons attached thereto, on or after the due date for the payment of interest on which the final Coupon comprised in any Coupon sheet matures, the Talon comprised in the Coupon sheet may be surrendered at the specified office of any Paying Agent outside (unless Condition 10A.04 applies) the United States in exchange for a further Coupon sheet (including any appropriate further Talon), subject to the provisions of Condition 11 below. Each Talon shall, for the purpose of these Conditions be deemed to mature on the Interest Payment Date on which the final Coupon comprised in the relative Coupon sheet matures.

10B Payments – Registered Instruments

10B.01 This Condition 10B is applicable in relation to Instruments in registered form.

10B.02 Payment of the Redemption Amount (together with accrued interest) due in respect of Registered Instruments will be made against presentation and, save in the case of partial payment of the Redemption Amount, surrender of the relevant Registered Instruments at the specified office of the Registrar. If the due date for payment of the Redemption Amount of any Registered Instrument is not a Relevant Financial Centre Day (as defined in Condition 10C.03), then the Holder thereof will not be entitled to payment thereof until the next day which is such a day, and from such day and thereafter will be entitled to receive payment by cheque on any Local Banking Day, and will be entitled to payment by transfer to a designated account on any day which is a Local Banking Day, a Relevant Financial Centre Day and a day on which commercial banks and foreign exchange markets settle payments in the relevant currency in the place where the relevant designated account is located and no further payment on account of interest or otherwise shall be due in respect of such postponed payment unless there is a subsequent failure to pay in accordance with these Terms and Conditions in which event interest shall continue to accrue as provided in Condition 6.06 or, as appropriate, Condition 6.10.

10B.03 Payment of amounts (whether principal, interest or otherwise) due (other than the Redemption Amount) in respect of Registered Instruments will be paid to the Holder thereof (or, in the case of joint Holders, the first named) as appearing in the register kept by the Registrar as at opening of business (local time in the place of the specified office of the Registrar) on the fifteenth Relevant Banking Day (as defined in Condition 2.06) before the due date for such payment (the “**Record Date**”).

10B.04 Notwithstanding the provisions of Condition 10C.02, payment of amounts (whether principal, interest or otherwise) due (other than the Redemption Amount) in respect of Registered Instruments will be made in the currency in which such amount is due by cheque and posted at the Holder’s risk to the address (as recorded in the register held by the Registrar) of the Holder thereof (or, in the case of joint Holders, the first named) on the Relevant Banking Day (as defined in Condition 2.06) not later than the relevant due date for payment unless prior to the relevant Record Date the Holder thereof (or, in the case of joint Holders, the first named) has applied to the Registrar and the Registrar has acknowledged such application for payment to be made to a designated account denominated in the relevant currency in each case payment shall be made on the relevant due date for payment by transfer to such account. In the case of payment by transfer to an account, if the due date for any such payment is not a Relevant Financial Centre Day, then the Holder thereof will not be entitled to payment thereof until the first day thereafter which is a Relevant Financial Centre Day and a day on which commercial banks and foreign exchange markets settle payments in the relevant currency in the place where the relevant designated account is located and no further payment on account of interest or otherwise shall be due in respect of such postponed payment unless there is a subsequent failure to pay in accordance with these each Terms and Conditions in which event interest shall continue to accrue as provided in Condition 6.06 or, as appropriate, Condition 6.10.

10C Payments – General Provisions

10C.01 Save as otherwise specified in these Terms and Conditions, this Condition 10C is applicable in relation to Instruments whether in bearer or in registered form.

10C.02 Payments of amounts due (whether principal, interest or otherwise) in respect of Instruments will be made in the currency in which such amount is due (a) by cheque or (b) at the option of the payee, by transfer to an account denominated in the relevant currency specified by the payee. Payments will, without prejudice to the provisions of Condition 9, be subject in all cases to any applicable fiscal or other laws and regulations.

10C.03 For the purposes of these Terms and Conditions:

- (i) “**Relevant Financial Centre Day**” means, in the case of any currency other than Euro, a day on which commercial banks and foreign exchange markets settle payments in the Relevant Financial Centre and in any other Relevant Financial Centre specified in the Final Terms or in the case of payment in Euro, a day which is a TARGET Settlement Day; and
- (ii) “**Local Banking Day**” means a day (other than a Saturday or Sunday) on which commercial banks are open for business (including dealings in foreign exchange and foreign currency deposits) in the place of presentation of the relevant Instrument or, as the case may be, Coupon.

10C.04 No commissions or expenses shall be charged to the Holders of Instruments or Coupons in respect of such payments.

11. Prescription

11.01 Claims against the Issuer or the Guarantor for payment of principal and interest in respect of Instruments will be prescribed and become void unless made, in the case of principal, within ten years or, in the case of interest, five years after the Relevant Date (as defined in Condition 9.02) for payment thereof.

11.02 In relation to Definitive Instruments initially delivered with Talons attached thereto, there shall not be included in any Coupon sheet issued upon exchange of a Talon any Coupon which would be void upon issue pursuant to Condition 10A.06 or the due date for the payment of which would fall after the due date for the redemption of the relevant Instrument or which would be void pursuant to this Condition 11 or any Talon the maturity date of which would fall after the due date for redemption of the relevant Instrument.

12. The Paying Agents, the Registrar and the Calculation Agent

12.01 The initial Paying Agents and Registrar and their respective initial specified offices are specified below. The Calculation Agent in respect of any Instruments shall be specified in the Final Terms. The Issuer and the Guarantor reserve the right at any time to vary or terminate the appointment of any Paying Agent (including the Issue and Paying Agent), the Registrar or the Calculation Agent and to appoint additional or other Paying Agents or another Registrar or Calculation Agent provided that they will at all times maintain (i) an Issue and Paying Agent, (ii) in the case of Registered Instruments, a Registrar, (iii) so long as the Instruments are listed on the Official List of the UK Listing Authority and the rules of the UK Listing Authority so require, a Paying Agent (which may be the Issue and Paying Agent) and a Registrar each with a specified office in the United Kingdom (iv) in the circumstances described in Condition 10A.04, a Paying Agent with a specified office in New York City, (v) so far as reasonably possible, a Paying Agent in an EU Member State that will not be obliged to withhold or deduct tax pursuant to European Council Directive 2003/48/EC or any other Directive implementing the conclusions of the ECOFIN council meeting of 26-27 November, 2000 or any law implementing or complying with, or introduced in order to conform to, any such Directive(s) and (vi) a Calculation Agent where required by the Terms and Conditions applicable to any Instruments (in the case of (i), (ii) and (vi) with a specified office located in such place (if any) as may be required by the Terms and Conditions). The Paying Agents, the Registrar and the Calculation Agent reserve the right at any time to change their respective specified offices to some other specified office in the same city. Notice of all changes in the identities or specified offices of any Paying Agent, the Registrar or the Calculation Agent will be given promptly by the Issuer to the Holders in accordance with Condition 15.

12.02 The Paying Agents, the Registrar and the Calculation Agent act solely as agents of the Issuer and the Guarantor and, save as provided in the Issue and Paying Agency Agreement or any other agreement entered into with respect to its appointment, do not assume any obligations towards or relationship of agency or trust for any Holder of any Instrument, Receipt or Coupon and each of them shall only be responsible for the performance of the duties and obligations expressly imposed upon it in the Issue and Paying Agency Agreement or other agreement entered into with respect to its appointment or incidental thereto.

13. Replacement of Instruments

If any Instrument, Receipt or Coupon is lost, stolen, mutilated, defaced or destroyed, it may be replaced at the specified office of the Issue and Paying Agent or such Paying Agent or Paying Agents as may be specified for such purpose in the Final Terms (in the case of Bearer Instruments and Coupons) or of the Registrar (in the case of Registered Instruments) (“**Replacement Agent**”), subject to all applicable laws and the requirements of any stock exchange or listing authority on which the Instruments are traded or listed, upon payment by the claimant of all expenses incurred in connection with such replacement and upon such terms as to evidence, security, indemnity and otherwise as the Issuer, the Guarantor and the Replacement Agent may require. Mutilated or defaced Instruments, Receipts and Coupons must be surrendered before replacements will be delivered therefor.

14. Meetings of Holders and Modification

The Issue and Paying Agency Agreement contains provisions (which shall have effect as if incorporated herein) for convening meetings of the Holders of Instruments of any Series to consider any matter affecting their interests, including (without limitation) the modification by Extraordinary Resolution (as defined in the Issue and Paying Agency Agreement) of these Terms and Conditions and the Deed of Covenant insofar as the same may apply to such Instruments. An Extraordinary Resolution passed by a written resolution or at any meeting of the Holders of Instruments of any Series will be binding on all Holders of the Instruments of such Series, whether or not they are present at the meeting, and on all Holders of Coupons relating to Instruments of such Series, except that any modification, *inter alia*, varying the date of maturity of Instruments of any Series or any date for payment of interest thereon, or reducing or cancelling the principal amount or the redemption amount, as the case may be, or the interest payment in respect of such Instruments or Coupons or altering the currency or payment of Instruments of any Series or the Coupons thereto to be effected by the Extraordinary Resolution passed at a meeting of the Holders of such Instruments, will only be binding if passed at a meeting of Holders of such Instruments (or at any adjournment thereof) at which a special quorum provided for in the Issue and Paying Agency Agreement is present.

The Issue and Paying Agency Agreement may be amended by further agreement among the parties thereto without the consent of the Holders of any Instruments or Coupons.

The Issuer may, with the consent of the Issue and Paying Agent, but without the consent of the Holders of the Instruments of any Series or Coupons, amend these Terms and Conditions and the Deed of Covenant insofar as they may apply to such Instruments and modify the Instruments if such amendment or modification is not materially prejudicial to the interests of the Holders of such Instruments or Coupons or which is of a formal, minor or technical nature or to any modification which is necessary to correct a manifest error. Subject as aforesaid, no other modification may be made to these Terms and Conditions or the Deed of Covenant except with the sanction of an Extraordinary Resolution.

15. Notices

To Holders of Bearer Instruments

15.01 Notices to Holders of Bearer Instruments will, save where another means of effective communication has been specified herein or in the Final Terms, be deemed to be validly given if published in a leading daily newspaper having general circulation in London (which is expected to be the *Financial Times*) and/or, if such publication is not practicable if published in a leading English language daily newspaper having general circulation in Europe (or, if permitted by the relevant stock exchange, in the case

of a Temporary Global Instrument or Permanent Global Instrument, if delivered to Euroclear and Clearstream, Luxembourg and/or any other relevant clearing system for communication by them to the persons shown in their respective records as having interests therein). The Issuer shall also ensure that notices are duly published in compliance with the requirements of each stock exchange on which the Instruments are listed. Any notice so given will be deemed to have been validly given on the date of first such publication (or, if required to be published in more than one newspaper, on the first date on which publication shall have been made in all the required newspapers). Holders of Coupons will be deemed for all purposes to have notice of the contents of any notice given to Holders of Bearer Instruments in accordance with this Condition.

To Holders of Registered Instruments

15.02 Notices to Holders of Registered Instruments will be deemed to be validly given if sent by first class mail (or equivalent) or (if posted to an overseas address) by air mail to them (or, in the case of joint Holders, to the first named in the register kept by the Registrar) at their respective addresses as recorded in the register kept by the Registrar, and will be deemed to have been validly given on the second Business Day after the date of such mailing or, if posted from another country, on the fifth such Business Day.

16. Further Issues

The Issuer may from time to time, without the consent of the Holders of any Instruments or Coupons but with the consent of the Guarantor, if applicable, create and issue further instruments, bonds or debentures having the same terms and conditions as such Instruments in all respects (or in all respects except for the first payment of interest, if any, on them and/or the denomination thereof) and having the benefit of the Guarantee so as to form a single series with the Instruments of any particular Series.

17. Waiver and Remedies

No failure to exercise, and no delay in exercising, on the part of the Holder of any Instrument, any right hereunder shall operate as a waiver thereof nor shall any single or partial exercise thereof preclude any other or future exercise thereof or the exercise of any other right. Rights hereunder shall be in addition to all other rights provided by law. No notice or demand given in any case shall constitute a waiver of rights to take other action in the same, similar or other instances without such notice or demand.

18. Law and Jurisdiction

18.01 The Instruments, the Issue and Paying Agency Agreement, the Deed of Covenant and the Guarantee and all non-contractual obligations arising out of or in connection therewith are governed by English law.

18.02 The courts of England shall have jurisdiction to hear and determine any suit, action or proceedings, and to settle any disputes, which may arise out of or in connection with the Instruments (including any non-contractual obligation arising out of or in connection with any of them) (respectively, “**Proceedings**” and “**Disputes**”) and, for such purposes, the Issuer and the Guarantor irrevocably submit to the jurisdiction of such courts.

18.03 The Issuer irrevocably waives and the Guarantor has waived any objection which it might now or hereafter have to the courts of England being nominated as the forum to hear and determine any Proceedings and to settle any Disputes and the Issuer agrees, and the Guarantor has agreed, not to claim that any such court is not a convenient or appropriate forum.

18.04 The Issuer (if incorporated outside England and Wales) agrees that the process by which any Proceedings in England are begun may be served on it by being delivered to the Guarantor at Lakeside Drive, Park Royal, London, NW10 7HQ or its registered office for the time being or any address of the Issuer in Great Britain on which process may be served on it in accordance with section 1139 of the Companies Act 2006 (as modified or re-enacted from time to time). If the appointment of the person mentioned in this Condition 18.04 ceases to be effective, such Issuer shall forthwith appoint a further person in England to

accept service of process on its behalf in England and notify the name and address of such person to the Issue and Paying Agent and, failing such appointment within 15 days, any Holder of an Instrument shall be entitled to appoint such a person by written notice addressed to such Issuer and delivered to such Issuer or to the specified office of the Issue and Paying Agent. Nothing contained herein shall affect the right of any Holder of an Instrument to serve process in any other manner permitted by law.

18.05 The submission to the jurisdiction of the courts of England shall not (and shall not be construed so as to) limit the right of the Issuer, the Guarantor or the Holders of the Instruments or any of them to take Proceedings in any other court of competent jurisdiction nor shall the taking of Proceedings in any one or more jurisdictions preclude the taking of Proceedings in any other jurisdiction (whether concurrently or not) if and to the extent permitted by applicable law.

19. Third Parties

No person shall have any right to enforce any term or condition of any Instrument under the Contracts (Rights of Third Parties) Act 1999.

PROVISIONS RELATING TO THE INSTRUMENTS WHILST IN GLOBAL FORM

(A) Relationship of Accountholders with Clearing Systems

Each of the persons shown in the records of Euroclear, Clearstream, Luxembourg or any other clearing system as the holder of an Instrument represented by a “**Global Instrument**” (which expression includes a Temporary Global Instrument and a Permanent Global Instrument and any Global Instrument issued in NGN form) must look solely to Euroclear, Clearstream, Luxembourg or such other clearing system (as the case may be) for such person’s share of each payment made by the relevant Issuer (the “**Issuer**”) or the Guarantor to the bearer of such Global Instrument (or the registered holder of the Global Registered Instrument, as the case may be), and in relation to all other rights arising under the Global Instruments, subject to and in accordance with the respective rules and procedures of Euroclear, Clearstream, Luxembourg or such clearing system (as the case may be). Such persons shall have no claim directly against the Issuer or the Guarantor in respect of payments due on the Instruments for so long as the Instruments are represented by such Global Instrument or Global Registered Instrument and such obligations of the Issuer and the Guarantor will be discharged by payment to the bearer of such Global Instrument (or the registered holder of the Global Registered Instrument, as the case may be), in respect of each amount so paid. References in these provisions relating to the Instruments in global form to “**holder**” or “**accountholder**” are to those persons shown in the records of the relevant clearing system as a holder of an Instrument.

(B) Form and Exchange – Bearer Global Instruments

- (1) *TEFRA D or TEFRA C*: The Final Terms shall specify whether U.S. Treasury Regulation §1.163-5(c)(2)(i)(D) (the “**TEFRA D Rules**”) or U.S. Treasury Regulation §1.163-5(c)(2)(i)(C) (the “**TEFRA C Rules**”) shall apply. Each Tranche of Bearer Instruments is represented upon issue by a temporary global Instrument (a “**Temporary Global Instrument**”), unless the Final Terms specifies otherwise and the TEFRA D Rules apply.

Where the Final Terms applicable to a Tranche of Bearer Instruments specifies that the TEFRA C Rules apply, such Tranche is (unless otherwise specified in the Final Terms) represented upon issue by a Permanent Global Instrument.

Interests in a Temporary Global Instrument may be exchanged for:

- (i) (if the Temporary Global Instrument is not in NGN form) interests in a permanent global Instrument (a “**Permanent Global Instrument**”) or (if the Temporary Global Instrument is in NGN form) interests in a Permanent Global Instrument, as recorded in the records of Euroclear and Clearstream, Luxembourg; or
- (ii) if so specified in the Final Terms, definitive Instruments in bearer form (“**Definitive Instruments**”),

and/or (if so specified in the Final Terms) Registered Instruments.

Exchanges of interests in a Temporary Global Instrument for Definitive Instruments or, as the case may be, interests in a Permanent Global Instrument will be made only on or after the Exchange Date (as specified in the Final Terms) and (unless the Final Terms specifies that the TEFRA C Rules are applicable to the Instruments) provided certification as to the beneficial ownership thereof as required by U.S. Treasury regulations (in substantially the form set out in the Temporary Global Instrument or in such other form as is customarily issued in such circumstances by the relevant clearing system) has been received. An exchange for Registered Instruments will be made at any time or from such date as may be specified in the Final Terms, in each case without any requirement for certification.

- (2) *Limitation on entitlement under a Temporary Global Instrument after exchange date*: Holders of interests in any Temporary Global Instrument shall not (unless, upon due presentation of such Temporary Global Instrument for exchange (in whole but not in part only) for a Permanent

Global Instrument or for delivery of Definitive Instruments and/or Registered Instruments, such exchange or delivery is improperly withheld or refused and such withholding or refusal is continuing at the relevant payment date) be entitled to receive any payment in respect of the Instruments represented by such Temporary Global Instrument which falls due on or after the exchange date or be entitled to exercise any option on a date after the exchange date.

- (3) *Certification of non-U.S. beneficial ownership*: Unless the Final Terms specifies that the TEFRA C Rules are applicable to the Instruments and subject to paragraph (2) above, if any date on which a payment of interest is due on the Instruments of a Tranche occurs whilst any of the Instruments of that Tranche are represented by a Temporary Global Instrument, the related interest payment will be made on the Temporary Global Instrument only to the extent that certification as to the beneficial ownership thereof as required by U.S. Treasury regulations (in substantially the form set out in the Temporary Global Instrument or in such other form as is customarily issued in such circumstances by the relevant clearing system) has been received by Euroclear Bank S.A/N.V. as operator of the Euroclear System (“**Euroclear**”) or Clearstream Banking, société anonyme (“**Clearstream., Luxembourg**”) or any other relevant clearing system which may be specified in the Final Terms. Payments of amounts due in respect of a Permanent Global Instrument or (subject to paragraph (2) above) a Temporary Global Instrument (if the Final Terms specifies that the TEFRA C Rules are applicable to the Instruments) will be made through Euroclear or Clearstream, Luxembourg or any other relevant clearing system without any requirement for certification.
- (4) *Exchange for Definitive Instruments*: Interests in a Permanent Global Instrument will be exchanged (subject to the period allowed for delivery as set out in (i) below), in whole but not in part only and at the request of the Holder of such Global Instrument, for Definitive Instruments and/or (if so specified in the Final Terms) Registered Instruments (a) if Euroclear or Clearstream, Luxembourg or any other relevant clearing system is closed for business for a continuous period of 14 days (other than by reason of legal holidays) or announces an intention permanently to cease business or (b) any of the circumstances described in Condition 8 occurs. Whenever a Permanent Global Instrument is to be exchanged for Definitive Instruments and/or Registered Instruments, the Issuer shall procure the prompt delivery of such Definitive Instruments and/or Registered Instruments, duly authenticated and where and to the extent applicable, with Receipts, Coupons and Talons attached (each as defined in Condition 1.02 and Condition 1.03), in an aggregate principal amount equal to the principal amount of such Permanent Global Instrument to the Holder of the Permanent Global Instrument against its surrender at the specified office of the Issue and Paying Agent within 30 days of the Holder requesting such exchange. Furthermore, if:
- (i) Definitive Instruments have not been delivered in accordance with the foregoing by 5.00 p.m. (London time) on the thirtieth day after the Holder has requested exchange, or
 - (ii) the Permanent Global Instrument (or any part thereof) has become due and payable in accordance with the Conditions or the date for final redemption of the Permanent Global Instrument has occurred and, in either case, payment in full of the amount of the Redemption Amount (as defined in Condition 7.10) together with all accrued interest thereon has not been made to the Holder in accordance with the Conditions on the due date for payment,

then such Permanent Global Instrument (including the obligation to deliver Definitive and/or Registered Instruments) will become void at 5.00 p.m. (London time) on such thirtieth day (in the case of (i) above) or at 5.00 p.m. (London time) on such due date (in the case of (ii) above) and the Holder of the Permanent Global Instrument will have no further rights thereunder (but without prejudice to the rights which such Holder or others may have under the Deed of Covenant). Under the Deed of Covenant, persons shown in the records of Euroclear and/or Clearstream, Luxembourg (or any other relevant clearing system) as being entitled to interests in the Instruments will acquire directly against the Issuer all those rights to which they would

have been entitled if, immediately before the Permanent Global Instrument became void, they had been the Holders of Definitive Instruments in an aggregate principal amount equal to the principal amount of Instruments they were shown as holding in the records of Euroclear and/or Clearstream, Luxembourg or any other relevant clearing system (as the case may be).

(C) Form and Exchange – Global Registered Instruments

- (1) *Global Registered Instrument*: Registered Instruments held in Euroclear and/or Clearstream, Luxembourg (or any other clearing system) will be represented by a Global Registered Instrument which will be registered in the name of a nominee for, and deposited with, a common depository for Euroclear and Clearstream, Luxembourg (or such other relevant clearing system).
- (2) *Exchange*: The Global Registered Instrument will become exchangeable in whole, but not in part, for individual Registered Instruments if (a) Euroclear or Clearstream, Luxembourg is closed for business for a continuous period of 14 days (other than by reason of legal holidays) or announces an intention permanently to cease business, (b) any of the circumstances described in Condition 8 occurs, or (C) at any time at the request of the registered Holder if so specified in the Final Terms.

Whenever the Global Registered Instrument is to be exchanged for Registered Instruments, such Registered Instruments will be issued in an aggregate principal amount equal to the principal amount of the Global Registered Instrument within five business days of the delivery, by or on behalf of the registered Holder of the Global Registered Instrument, Euroclear and/or Clearstream, Luxembourg, to the Registrar of such information as is required to complete and deliver such Registered Instruments (including, without limitation, the names and addresses of the persons in whose names the Registered Instruments are to be registered and the principal amount of each such person's holding) against the surrender of the Global Registered Instrument at the Specified Office of the Registrar. Such exchange will be effected in accordance with the provisions of the Issue and Paying Agency Agreement and the regulations concerning the transfer and registration of Instruments scheduled thereto and, in particular, shall be effected without charge to any Holder, but against such indemnity as the Registrar may require in respect of any tax or other duty of whatsoever nature which may be levied or imposed in connection with such exchange.

If (a) Registered Instruments have not been issued and delivered by 5.00 p.m. (London time) on the thirtieth day after the date on which the same are due to be issued and delivered in accordance with the terms of the Global Registered Instrument or (b) any of the Instruments evidenced by the Global Registered Instrument has become due and payable in accordance with the Conditions or the date for final redemption of the Instruments has occurred and, in either case, payment in full of the amount of principal falling due with all accrued interest thereon has not been made to the Holder of the Global Registered Instrument on the due date for payment in accordance with the terms of the Global Registered Instrument, then the Global Registered Instrument (including the obligation to deliver Registered Instruments) will become void at 5.00 p.m. (London time) on such thirtieth day (in the case of (a) above) or at 5.00 p.m. (London time) on such due date (in the case of (b) above) and the Holder will have no further rights thereunder (but without prejudice to the rights which the Holder or others may have under the Deed of Covenant). Under the Deed of Covenant, persons shown in the records of Euroclear and/or Clearstream, Luxembourg (or any other relevant clearing system) as being entitled to interests in the Instruments will acquire directly against the Issuer and the Guarantor all those rights to which they would have been entitled if, immediately before the Global Registered Instrument became void, they had been the registered Holders of Instruments in an aggregate principal amount equal to the principal amount of Instruments they were shown as holding in the records of Euroclear, Clearstream, Luxembourg or any other relevant clearing system (as the case may be).

(D) Amendment to Conditions

The Temporary Global Instruments, Permanent Global Instruments and Global Registered Instruments contain provisions that apply to the Instruments that they represent, some of which modify the effect of the Terms and Conditions of the Instruments set out in this Prospectus. The following is a summary of certain of those provisions:

- (1) *Meetings*: The holder of a Permanent Global Instrument or of the Instruments represented by a Global Registered Instrument shall (unless such Permanent Global Instrument or Global Registered Instrument represents only one Instrument) be treated as being two persons for the purposes of any quorum requirements of a meeting of holders and, at any such meeting, the holder of a Permanent Global Instrument shall be treated as having one vote in respect of each unit of currency in which the Instruments that he holds are denominated. (All holders of Registered Instruments are entitled to one vote in respect of each Instrument comprising such holder's holding, whether or not represented by a Global Registered Instrument.)
- (2) *Cancellation*: Cancellation of any Instrument represented by a Permanent Global Instrument that is required by the Conditions to be cancelled (other than upon its redemption) will be effected by reduction in the principal amount of the relevant Permanent Global Instrument.
- (3) *Purchase*: Instruments represented by a Permanent Global Instrument may be purchased by the Issuer or any of its subsidiaries at any time in the open market or otherwise and at any price.
- (4) *Issuer's Options*: Any option of the Issuer provided for in the Conditions of the Instruments while such Instruments are represented by a Permanent Global Instrument or a Global Registered Instrument shall be exercised by the Issuer giving notice to the holders within the time limits set out in and containing the information required by the Conditions, except that the notice shall not be required to contain the serial numbers of Instruments drawn in the case of a partial exercise of an option and accordingly no drawing of Instruments shall be required. In the event that any option of the Issuer is exercised in respect of some but not all of the Instruments of any Series, the rights of accountholders with a clearing system in respect of the Instruments will be governed by the standard procedures of Euroclear and Clearstream, Luxembourg (to be reflected in the records of Euroclear and Clearstream, Luxembourg as either a pool factor or a reduction in nominal amount, at their discretion) or any other clearing system (as the case may be).
- (5) *Holder's Options*: Any option of the holders provided for in the Conditions of any Instruments while such Instruments are represented by a Permanent Global Instrument or a Global Registered Instrument may be exercised by the Holder of such Permanent Global Instrument or Global Registered Instrument, giving notice to the Issue and Paying Agent within the time limits relating to the deposit of Instruments with a Paying Agent or the Registrar, in the case of a Global Registered Instrument substantially in the form of the notice available from any Paying Agent (or the Registrar, in the case of a Global Registered Instrument), except that the notice shall not be required to contain the serial numbers of the Instruments in respect of which the option has been exercised, and stating the principal amount of Instruments in respect of which the option is exercised and at the same time presenting for notation the Permanent Global Instrument (in the case of a Permanent Global Instrument which is not in NGN form) or the Global Registered Instrument to the Issue and Paying Agent, or to a Paying Agent acting on behalf of the Issue and Paying Agent (or the Registrar, in the case of Global Registered Instrument).
- (6) *Notices*: So long as any Instruments are represented by a Temporary Global Instrument, Permanent Global Instrument or Global Registered Instrument and such Temporary Global Instrument, Permanent Global Instrument or Global Registered Instrument is held on behalf of a clearing system, notices to the holders of Instruments of that Series may be given by delivery of the relevant notice to the clearing system for communication by it to entitled accountholders in substitution for publication as required by the Conditions or by delivery of the relevant notice to the Holder of the Permanent Global Instrument or Global Registered Instrument.

(E) Partly Paid Instruments

While any Partly Paid Instalments due from the holder of Partly Paid Instruments are overdue, no interest in a Permanent Global Instrument or Global Registered Instrument representing such Instruments may be exchanged for an interest in a Permanent Global Instrument or for Definitive Instruments or a Registered Instrument (as the case may be). If any holder fails to pay any instalment due on any Partly Paid Instruments within the time specified, the Issuer may forfeit such Instruments and shall have no further obligation to such holder in respect of them.

USE OF PROCEEDS

The net proceeds of the issue of each Tranche of Instruments will be used for the general corporate purposes of Diageo and its consolidated subsidiaries (the “**Diageo group**”) unless otherwise specified in the applicable Final Terms.

DIAGEO PLC

Overview

Diageo was incorporated as Arthur Guinness Son & Company Limited on 21 October 1886. The group was formed by the merger of Grand Metropolitan Public Limited Company and Guinness PLC in December 1997. Diageo is incorporated as a public limited company in England and Wales with registered number 23307. It is the holding company of the Diageo group. The registered office of Diageo is Lakeside Drive, Park Royal, London NW10 7HQ and its telephone number is +44 (0) 208 978 6000.

Diageo is a major participant in the global beverage alcohol industry. It brings together world class brands and a management team that seeks to maximise shareholder value over the long term. The management team expects to continue the strategy of investing behind Diageo's global brands, launching innovative new products, and seeking to expand selectively either through partnerships or acquisition that add long term value for shareholders.

Diageo produces and distributes a leading collection of branded premium spirits, beer and wine. These brands include Johnnie Walker, Smirnoff, Baileys, Captain Morgan, J&B, Tanqueray and Guinness. In addition it also has the distribution rights for the Jose Cuervo tequila brands in North America and many other markets.

Diageo is one of a small number of premium drinks companies that operate globally across spirits, beer and wine. Diageo is the leading premium spirits business in the world by volume, by net sales and by operating profit.

As at 8 September, 2010, Diageo had an allotted and fully paid share capital of 2,754 million ordinary shares of 28101/108 pence each with an aggregate nominal value of £797 million (including treasury shares and shares owned by the employee share trusts).

Organisational Structure of the Diageo Group

The companies listed below include those which principally affect the profits and assets of the Diageo group. The operating companies listed below may carry on the business described in the countries listed in conjunction with their subsidiaries and other Diageo group companies.

	Country of incorporation	Country of operation	Percentage of equity owned	Business description
Premium drinks				
Diageo Ireland	Ireland	Worldwide	100%	Production, marketing and distribution of premium drinks
Diageo Great Britain Limited	England	Worldwide	100%	Marketing and distribution of premium drinks
Diageo Scotland Limited	Scotland	Worldwide	100%	Production, marketing and distribution of premium drinks
Diageo Brands B.V.	Netherlands	Worldwide	100%	Marketing and distribution of premium drinks
Diageo North America, Inc	United States	Worldwide	100%	Production, importing and distribution of premium drinks

	Country of incorporation	Country of operation	Percentage of equity owned	Business description
Corporate				
Diageo Capital plc (a)	Scotland	United Kingdom	100%	Financing company for the Diageo group
Diageo Finance plc (a)	England	United Kingdom	100%	Financing company for the Diageo group
Diageo Capital B.V.	Netherlands	Netherlands	100%	Financing company for the Diageo group
Diageo Finance B.V.	Netherlands	Netherlands	100%	Financing company for the Diageo group
Diageo Investment Corporation	United States	United States	100%	Financing company for the US Diageo group

Associate

Moët Hennessy, SNC(b) France France 34% Production and distribution of premium drinks

(a) Directly owned by Diageo.

(b) French partnership.

All percentages, unless otherwise stated, relate to holdings of ordinary share capital and are equivalent to the percentages of voting rights held by the Diageo group.

Material contracts

Agreement for the acquisition of the Seagram spirits and wine businesses

On 19 December, 2000, Diageo and Pernod Ricard SA (“**Pernod Ricard**”) entered into a stock and asset purchase agreement (the “**SAPA**”) with Vivendi Universal S.A, whereby Pernod Ricard and Diageo agreed to acquire stock and assets of the worldwide spirits, wines, wine and malt coolers, other malt beverages, fortified wines, non-alcoholic mixers and other alcoholic and non-alcoholic beverages business of The Seagram Company Ltd. The acquisition was completed on 21 December, 2001.

The acquisition consideration, under the SAPA, was \$8.15 billion (£5.62 billion) in cash, subject to a number of adjustments. Diageo’s share of the purchase price, after adjustment, was £3.7 billion. The terms of the bidding and acquisition arrangements between Pernod Ricard and Diageo for the Seagram acquisition were governed by the Framework Implementation Agreement, a formal agreement entered into on 4 December, 2000 which was subsequently amended and restated (the “**FIA**”). The FIA set out (amongst other things) principles governing the split of the Seagram spirits and wine businesses, the integration process for the business and the interim management of the non-core businesses. The FIA was terminated by the execution of a further agreement on 21 December, 2002 which was subsequently amended and supplemented (the “**SOFIA**”) although this termination is without prejudice to any prior breaches of the FIA. Under the SOFIA, all material assets that were jointly acquired by Pernod Ricard and Diageo from Vivendi Universal are allocated between Diageo and Pernod Ricard. A number of the provisions of the FIA have been carried forward into the SOFIA in modified form. These include provisions relating to the parties’ responsibility for liabilities incurred by or in connection with the various businesses acquired under the SAPA including for the sharing of certain liabilities between the parties. Where liability is to be shared between Diageo and Pernod Ricard, this is generally on the basis of the same 60.9/39.1 ratio adopted for the FIA (subject to, amongst other things, *de minimis* limitations that limit the ability of one party to recover from the other in certain cases and to detailed conduct of claim provisions). The SOFIA also provides for the settlement of various historic and ongoing claims between the parties under the FIA and for the settlement of various costs and expenses (including future costs and expenses). In addition, the SOFIA provides the basis for the

management of the remaining jointly owned businesses including for their future restructuring and/or liquidation.

Agreement for the acquisition of Rosenblum Cellars

On 29 February, 2008, Diageo acquired Rosenblum Cellars in North America for a total cost of £53 million (including acquisition costs).

Venture in DHN Drinks

On 1 May 2008, Diageo formed a new venture with Heineken and Namibia Breweries Limited (“NBL”) for their combined beer, cider and ready to drink businesses in South Africa, called DHN Drinks (Pty) Limited (“**DHN Drinks**”). Diageo and Heineken each own 42.25% of DHN Drinks and NBL owns 15.5%. The original cost of this acquisition was £43 million, with an additional cost of £29 million recognised in the year ended 30 June 2010 (2009 – £3 million). Each party shares in the profits of DHN Drinks in proportion to their shareholding. Brandhouse continues to market and distribute the parties’ products in South Africa.

Agreement for Sedibeng Brewery

On 1 May 2008, Diageo and Heineken also entered into a second venture in South Africa called Sedibeng Brewery (Pty) Limited whereby a brewery and bottling plant was constructed in Gauteng province, South Africa, which produces Amstel and certain other key brands. Heineken owns 75% and Diageo owns 25% of Sedibeng Brewery (Pty) Limited. The original cost of this acquisition was £8 million, with an additional cost of £19 million in the year ended 30 June 2009.

Agreement to form a new 50:50 company with the Nolet family for Ketel One Vodka

On 9 June 2008, Diageo completed the acquisition of Ketel One Worldwide BV (“**KOW**”), a 50:50 company based in the Netherlands, with the Nolet Group, owners of the Ketel One brand. The company owns the exclusive and perpetual global rights to market, sell and distribute Ketel One vodka products, including Ketel One vodka and Ketel One Citroen vodka and any line extensions of Ketel One vodka and Ketel One Citroen vodka. Diageo paid a total of £471 million (including acquisition costs) for a 50% equity stake in the company and is entitled to certain governance rights under a global agreement pursuant to which KOW is operated. Diageo consolidates the company with a minority interest. The Nolet Group has an option to sell their stake in the company to Diageo for \$900 million (£600 million) plus interest from 9 June 2011 to 9 June 2013. If the Nolet Group exercises this option but Diageo chooses not to buy their stake, Diageo will pay \$100 million (£67 million) and the Nolet Group may then pursue a sale of their stake to a third party, subject to rights of first offer and last refusal on Diageo’s part.

Agreement to acquire remaining equity in Smirnov

On 17 December 2008 Diageo purchased the remaining 25% stake in the company that owns the Smirnov brand in Russia for £35 million. This company unites the Smirnoff/Smirnov brands in Russia under common ownership and is the exclusive distributor of Smirnov and Diageo’s spirits brands in Russia. Diageo currently operates in Russia through this wholly owned subsidiary.

Agreement to acquire equity in Stirrings

On 16 June 2009, Diageo acquired the remaining 80% of equity in Stirrings LLC for £6 million and provided £7 million as deferred consideration payable in 2014. Diageo initially acquired a 20% equity stake for £5 million in the year ended 30 June 2007.

Agreement to acquire further equity in Quanxing

On 1 March 2010, Diageo entered into an equity transfer agreement to acquire an additional 4% equity stake in Sichuan Chengdu Quanxing Group Company Ltd. (“**Quanxing**”) from Chengdu Yingsheng

Investment Holding Co., Ltd. for £14 million. The acquisition of the 4% equity stake, which is subject to a number of regulatory approvals, would bring Diageo's shareholding in Quanxing to 53%. Quanxing is a holding company controlling a 39.7% stake in Sichuan ShuiJingFang Co., Ltd. ("**ShuiJingFang**"), a super premium Chinese white spirits company listed on the Shanghai Stock Exchange. Diageo acquired a 43% equity stake in Quanxing for £37 million on 27 January 2007 and a further 6% on 30 July 2008 raising its investment to 49%. If the acquisition of the 4% equity stake is approved, Diageo would become the indirect controlling shareholder of ShuiJingFang and, in accordance with Chinese takeover regulations, would be required to make a mandatory tender offer to all the other shareholders of ShuiJingFang. Were all other ShuiJingFang shareholders to accept the tender offer, the amount payable would be approximately £615 million. As required by Chinese law, 20% of the maximum consideration payable under the tender offer (£123 million), was deposited with China's securities depository and clearing agency, Shanghai branch.

Agreement to acquire further equity in London Group

On 29 June 2010, Diageo acquired a further 28.75% stake in London Group, owner of the Nuvo brand, for a consideration of £29 million (\$45 million). This increased Diageo's equity stake in London Group to 71.25%. Diageo has an obligation to purchase the remaining stake of 28.75% at a pre-agreed profit multiple, reflecting fair value in 2013.

Major shareholders and significant changes in ownership

The Disclosure and Transparency Rules published by the U.K. Listing Authority provide that a person or corporate entity that acquires an interest of 3% or more in Diageo's ordinary shares is required to notify Diageo of that interest. Any subsequent increase or decrease of 1% or more must also be notified. Similarly, a notification is required once the interest falls below 3%. At 8 September, 2010, the following substantial interests (3% or more) in Diageo's ordinary share capital (voting securities) had been notified to Diageo: BlackRock Investment Management (UK) Limited (indirect holding) – 147,296,928 ordinary shares (being 5.89% of the issued ordinary share capital (excluding treasury shares) of Diageo at 3 December 2009); Capital Research and Management Company (indirect holding) – 124,653,096 ordinary shares (being 4.99% of the issued ordinary share capital (excluding treasury shares) of Diageo at 28 April 2009) and Legal & General Group plc (direct holding) – 99,894,002 ordinary shares (being 3.99% of the issued ordinary share capital (excluding treasury shares) of Diageo at 20 October, 2009). Diageo has not been notified of any other substantial interests in its securities. Diageo's substantial shareholders do not have different voting rights. Diageo, so far as is known by Diageo, is not directly or indirectly owned or controlled by another corporation or by any government.

Diageo knows of no arrangements, the operation of which may at a subsequent date result in a change of control of Diageo.

As at the close of business on 8 September 2010, 542,985,927 ordinary shares, including those held through American Depositary Shares ("**ADSs**"), were held by approximately 2,691 holders (including American Depositary Receipt ("**ADR**") holders) with registered addresses in the United States, representing approximately 22% of the outstanding ordinary shares (excluding treasury shares). At such date, 135,565,292 ADSs were held by 2,001 registered ADR holders. Since certain of such ordinary shares and ADSs are held by nominees or former GrandMet PLC or Guinness Group PLC ADR holders who have not re-registered their ADSs, the number of holders may not be representative of the number of beneficial owners in the United States or the ordinary shares held by them.

Legal proceedings

The inherent uncertainty of litigation, including the uncertainty of estimating whether any settlement which may be entered into in the future will be on favourable terms, makes it difficult to quantify the outcome of the litigation disclosed on this and the next page of this Prospectus with certainty.

Colombian litigation

An action was filed on 8 October 2004 in the United States District Court for the Eastern District of New York by the Republic of Colombia and a number of its local government entities against Diageo and other spirits companies. The complaint alleges several causes of action. Included among the causes of action is a claim that the defendants allegedly violated the Federal RICO Act by facilitating money laundering in Colombia through their supposed involvement in the contraband trade to the detriment of government owned spirits production and distribution businesses. Diageo is unable to quantify meaningfully the possible loss or range of loss to which the lawsuit may give rise. Diageo intends to defend itself vigorously against this lawsuit.

Turkish customs litigation

In common with other beverage alcohol importers, litigation is ongoing against Diageo's Turkish subsidiary ("**Diageo Turkey**") in the Turkish Civil Courts in connection with the methodology used by the Turkish customs authorities in assessing the importation value of and ad valorem import duty payable on the beverage alcohol products sold in the domestic channel in Turkey between 2001 and April 2009. The matter involves multiple cases against Diageo Turkey at various stages of litigation, including a group of cases under correction appeal following an adverse finding at the Turkish Supreme Court, and a group of cases decided on corrections appeal against Diageo Turkey that are now under further appeal. Diageo Turkey is unable to quantify meaningfully the possible loss or range of loss to which these cases may give rise. If all of these cases were finally to be decided against Diageo Turkey, the aggregate theoretical loss could exceed £100 million. Diageo Turkey has been using available opportunities to indicate to the Turkish authorities that, if suitable enabling legislation were in place, Diageo Turkey would be amenable to agreeing a settlement at a level that is proportionate to the scale of Diageo Turkey's business, which earns operating profit of less than £10 million a year. In this context, Diageo believes that any eventual liability is unlikely to be material to the Diageo group as a whole. Diageo recognises that, in absence of a settlement, the ongoing situation creates potential uncertainty regarding Diageo Turkey's continuing operations in Turkey. Diageo Turkey intends to defend its position vigorously.

SEC investigation

As previously reported, Diageo Korea and several of its current and former employees have been subject to investigations by Korean authorities regarding various regulatory and control matters. Convictions for improper payments to a Korean customs official have been handed down against two former Diageo Korea employees, and a former and two current Diageo Korea employees have been convicted on various counts of tax evasion. Diageo had previously voluntarily reported the allegations relating to the convictions for improper payments to the US Department of Justice and the US Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC). The SEC has commenced an investigation into these and other matters, and Diageo is in the process of responding to the regulators' enquiries regarding activities in Korea, Thailand, India and elsewhere. Diageo's own internal investigation in Korea, Thailand, India and elsewhere remains ongoing. The US Foreign Corrupt Practices Act ("**FCPA**") and related statutes and regulations provide for potential monetary penalties, criminal sanctions and may result in some cases in debarment from doing business with governmental entities in connection with FCPA violations. Diageo is unable to quantify meaningfully the possible loss or range of loss to which these matters may give rise.

Korean customs litigation

Litigation is ongoing at the Korean National Tax Tribunal in connection with the application of the methodology used in transfer pricing on spirits imports since 2004. On 24 December 2009, Diageo Korea received a final customs audit assessment notice from the Korean customs authorities, covering the period from 1 February 2004 to 30 June 2007, for Korean won 194 billion or approximately £105 million (including £13 million of value added tax). In order to preserve its right to appeal, Diageo Korea is required to pay the full amount of the assessment. Diageo Korea paid £4 million to the Korean customs authorities in the year ending 30 June 2009, £57 million in the year ended 30 June 2010, and expects to pay an additional £44 million in the year ending 30 June 2011 in respect of the period prior to 30 June 2007. On 22 January 2010,

Diageo Korea appealed this customs audit assessment to the Korean National Tax Tribunal. No assessments have been received for any period subsequent to 30 June 2007. Diageo Korea is unable to quantify meaningfully the possible loss or range of loss to which these claims may give rise. Diageo Korea intends to defend its position vigorously.

Other

The Diageo group has extensive international operations and is a defendant in a number of legal proceedings incidental to these operations. There are a number of legal claims or potential claims against the Diageo group, the outcome of which cannot at present be foreseen.

Save as disclosed above, neither Diageo, nor any member of the Diageo group, is or has been engaged in, nor (so far as Diageo is aware) is there pending or threatened by or against it, any legal or arbitration proceedings which may have a significant effect on the financial position of the Diageo group.

Directors

The officers of Diageo and their respective business occupations are set out below. The business address of each of the officers is at Lakeside Drive, Park Royal, London NW10 7HQ.

<u>Name</u>	<u>Business occupation</u>
Dr Franz B Humer	Chairman, non-executive director
Paul S Walsh	Chief executive, executive director
Nicholas C Rose ¹	Chief financial officer, executive director
Lord Hollick of Notting Hill	Senior non-executive director
Peggy B Bruzelius	Non-executive director
Laurence M Danon	Non-executive director
Lord Davies of Abersoch	Non-executive director
Betsy D Holden	Non-executive director
Philip G Scott	Non-executive director
H Todd Stitzer	Non-executive director
Paul A Walker	Non-executive director
Paul D Tunnacliffe	Company secretary

The principal activities of the following directors performed by them outside the Diageo group are directorships and memberships of the companies or institutions as set out below:

<u>Name</u>	<u>Company/Institution</u>
Dr Franz B Humer	F.Hoffmann-La Roche Limited INSEAD
Paul S Walsh	Unilever PLC FedEx Corporation Scotch Whisky Association
Nicholas C Rose ¹	100 Group of Finance Directors BAE Systems plc
Lord Hollick of Notting Hill	GP Bullhound Institute of Public Policy Research ProSiebenSat. 1 Media AG BMG Music Rights GmbH Honeywell International Inc
Peggy Bruzelius	Lancelot Asset Management Akzo Nobel NV AB Electrolux

1. Nicholas C Rose is due to retire as chief financial officer of Diageo and to be succeeded by Deirdre Mahlan on 1 October 2010. He is due to retire as a director of Diageo at the AGM on 14 October 2010.

Laurence M Danon	Syngenta AB Husqvarna AB Stockholm School of Economics Axfood AB Groupe BPCE Edmond de Rothschild Corporate Finance Rhodia S.A. TF1
Lord Davies of Abersoch	Corsair Capital
Betsy D Holden	Western Union Company McKinsey & Company MediaBank LLC Tribune Company Duke University, Trinity College Kellogg School of Management
Philip G Scott	The Royal Bank of Scotland Group plc
H Todd Stitzer	Business in the Community Hamlin Capital Management LLC
Paul Ashton Walker	The Sage Group plc Experian plc

At 8 September 2010 the aggregate interests of directors in the ordinary shares of Diageo including their share options and conditional rights to acquire shares, was less than 1% of the total issued share capital of Diageo. The board have agreed an approach and adopted guidelines for dealing with conflicts of interest and agreed to add responsibility for authorising conflicts of interest to the schedule of matters reserved for the board. The board confirmed that they were aware of no situations that may or did give rise to conflicts with the interests of Diageo other than those that may arise from directors' other appointments, namely Laurence M Danon as a member of the Executive Board of Edmond de Rothschild Corporate Finance ("**Rothschild**") (in respect of which appointment a conflict may arise if Rothschild were to advise on transactions relating to the business sectors in which Diageo operates) and Paul S Walsh as Chairman of The Scotch Whisky Association (in respect of which appointment a conflict may arise as the Scotch Whisky Association may have interests in respect of the manufacture and distribution of whisky which do not necessarily align with Diageo's).

DIAGEO FINANCE PLC

Introduction

Diageo Finance plc, a wholly owned subsidiary of Diageo, was incorporated as a private limited company in England and Wales on 23 April, 1926 under the Company Acts 1908 to 1917 (registered number 213393) under the name The Mayfair Hotel Company Limited. Diageo Finance plc changed its name to Grand Metropolitan (Finance) Limited on 26 January, 1973. On 2 November, 1981 Diageo Finance plc re-registered as a public limited company under the name of Grand Metropolitan (Finance) Public Limited Company. On 10 December, 1981 Diageo Finance plc changed its name to Grand Metropolitan Finance Public Limited Company and on 16 December, 1997 changed its name to Diageo Finance plc. The registered office of Diageo Finance plc is at Lakeside Drive, Park Royal, London NW10 7HQ with telephone number **+44 (0) 208 978 6000**.

The issued share capital of Diageo Finance plc comprises 73,200,000,000 ordinary shares of 5 pence each, all of which are held by Diageo. Diageo Finance plc does not know of any arrangements which may at a subsequent date result in a change of control of Diageo Finance plc.

Diageo Finance plc acts as a financing vehicle for the Diageo group's operating companies and has no independent operations apart from the management of the Diageo group's foreign exchange exposure.

Directors

The officers of Diageo Finance plc and their respective business occupations are set out below. The business address of each officer is Lakeside Drive, Park Royal, London NW10 7HQ.

<u>Name</u>	<u>Business occupation</u>
Charles D Coase	Director
Paul D Tunnacliffe	Director
Deirdre A Mahlan	Director
David Heginbottom ²	Director
Sally C Moore	Director
John J Nicholls	Company Secretary
Monika Pais	Director
Andrew M Smith	Director
Gyorgy Geiszl ³	Director

None of the directors hold directorships of companies or institutions outside the Diageo group. There are no existing or potential conflicts of interest between any duties of the directors of Diageo Finance plc and/or their private interests and other duties. At 8 September 2010 the directors had no interests in the share capital of Diageo Finance plc. At 8 September 2010 the aggregate interests of directors in the ordinary shares of Diageo including their share options and conditional rights to acquire shares, was less than 1% of the total issued share capital of Diageo.

2. David Heginbottom was appointed to the board of Diageo Finance plc on 9 September 2010.
3. Gyorgy Geiszl was appointed to the board of Diageo Finance plc on 9 September 2010.

DIAGEO CAPITAL B.V.

Introduction

Diageo Capital B.V., a wholly owned indirect subsidiary of Diageo with its corporate seat in Amsterdam, the Netherlands, was incorporated as a private company with limited liability in the Netherlands on 14 October, 2003, under the Dutch Civil Law Code, Book 2, Title 5, Section 1 (registered number 34196822). The registered office of Diageo Capital B.V. is Molenwerf 10-12, 1014 BG Amsterdam, the Netherlands with telephone number +31 207745000.

The issued share capital of Diageo Capital B.V. comprises 180 ordinary shares of €100 each, all of which are held by Diageo Brands B.V. (the shares were formerly held by Guinness United Distillers & Vinters Amsterdam B.V. which merged with Diageo Brands B.V. on 28 January, 2004). Diageo Capital B.V. does not know of any arrangements which may at a subsequent date result in a change of control of Diageo Capital B.V..

Diageo Capital B.V. acts as a financing vehicle for the Diageo group's operating companies and has no dependent operations.

Directors

The directors of Diageo Capital B.V. and their respective business occupations are set out below. The business addresses of Margaretha Catharina Theodora Maria Gerichhausen, Darryl Malcolm Francis Leese and Johannes Jacobus Maria van Lierop are all Molenwerf 10-12, 1014 BG Amsterdam, the Netherlands and the business address of Jose Alberto Ibeas Franco is Lakeside Drive, Park Royal, London, NW10 7HQ.

<u>Name</u>	<u>Business occupation</u>
Margaretha Catharina Theodora Maria Gerichhausen	Director
Darryl Malcolm Francis Leese	Director
Johannes Jacobus Maria van Lierop ⁴	Director
Jose Alberto Ibeas Franco	Director

None of the directors hold directorships of companies or institutions outside the Diageo group. There are no existing or potential conflicts of interest between any duties of the directors of Diageo Capital B.V. and/or their private interests and other duties. At 8 September, 2010 the directors had no interests in the share capital of Diageo Capital B.V. At 8 September, 2010 the aggregate interests of directors in the ordinary shares of Diageo including their share options and conditional rights to acquire shares was less than 1% of the total issued share capital of Diageo.

⁴ Johannes Jacobus Maria van Lierop is due to resign as a director of Diageo Capital B.V. and to be replaced by Carolyn Darcy Isaacs on 1 October 2010.

TAXATION

UNITED KINGDOM TAXATION

The following is a general summary, based on the Issuers' understanding of current United Kingdom tax law and Her Majesty's Revenue and Customs practice as at the date hereof (both of which may be subject to change, sometimes with retrospective effect), of certain withholding taxation treatments at the date hereof in relation to payments of interest in respect of the Instruments. The comments are not exhaustive and do not deal with other United Kingdom tax aspects of acquiring, holding or disposing of Instruments. The comments relate only to the position of persons who are absolute beneficial owners of the Instruments and do not deal with the position of certain classes of Holders of Instruments (such as dealers) to whom special rules may apply. Further, the comments do not deal with Holders of Instruments who are individuals treated as non-domiciled and resident or ordinarily resident in the United Kingdom for United Kingdom tax purposes. Prospective Holders of Instruments should be aware that the particular terms of issue of any series of Instruments as specified in the relevant Final Terms may affect the tax treatment of that and other series of Instruments. The following is a general guide and should be treated with appropriate caution. It is not intended as tax advice and it does not purport to describe all the tax considerations that may be relevant to a prospective purchaser. Holders of Instruments who are in any doubt as to their tax position should consult their independent professional advisers.

Holders who may be liable to taxation in jurisdictions other than the United Kingdom or are treated as non-domiciled and resident or ordinarily resident in the United Kingdom for United Kingdom tax purposes in respect of their acquisition, holding or disposal of the Instruments are particularly advised to consult their professional advisers as to whether they are so liable (and if so under the laws of which jurisdictions), since the following comments relate only to certain United Kingdom taxation aspects of payments in respect of the Instruments. In particular, Holders should be aware that they may be liable to taxation under the laws of other jurisdictions in relation to payments in respect of the Instruments even if such payments may be made without withholding or deduction for or on account of taxation under the laws of the United Kingdom.

A. UK withholding tax on UK-source interest

Payments of interest on the Instruments may be made without withholding or deduction for or on account of United Kingdom income tax provided that the Instruments are and continue to be "quoted Eurobonds" within the meaning of section 987 of the Income Tax Act 2007 ("ITA"). Instruments will continue to be quoted Eurobonds while they are and remain listed on a "recognised stock exchange" within the meaning of section 1005 ITA. In the case of Instruments to be traded on the London Stock Exchange, which is a recognised stock exchange, the Instruments will be treated as "listed" on a recognised stock exchange if the Instruments are included in the Official List of the U.K. Listing Authority and are admitted to trading on the London Stock Exchange. Instruments to be traded on a recognised stock exchange outside the United Kingdom will be treated as "listed" on a recognised stock exchange if (and only if) they are admitted to trading on that exchange and they are officially listed, in accordance with provisions corresponding to those generally applicable in European Economic Area states, in a country outside the United Kingdom where there is a recognised stock exchange.

Payments of interest on the Instruments may also be made without withholding or deduction for or on account of United Kingdom income tax if the maturity of the relevant Instrument is less than 1 year from the date of issue and the Instrument is not issued under, or becomes subject to, arrangements the effect of which is to render such Instrument part of a borrowing with a total term of 1 year or more. In addition, payments of interest on Instruments issued by Diageo Capital B.V. will not be subject to United Kingdom withholding tax if the interest does not have a United Kingdom source.

In other cases, an amount on account of income tax may have to be withheld at the basic rate (currently 20%) from payments of interest on the Instruments, subject to any relief available under any applicable double taxation convention or to any other exemption which may apply.

B. Payments by Guarantor

If the Guarantor makes any payments in respect of interest on the Instruments (or in respect of other amounts due under the Instruments other than the repayment of amounts subscribed for the Instruments) such payments may be subject to United Kingdom withholding tax at the basic rate (currently 20%) subject to such relief as may be available under the provisions of any applicable double taxation treaty or to any other exemption which may apply. Such payments by the Guarantor may not be eligible for the exemptions from United Kingdom withholding tax described in A above.

C. Payments under Deed of Covenant

Any payments made by an Issuer under the Deed of Covenant may not qualify for the exemptions from United Kingdom withholding tax described in A. above.

D. Other rules relating to United Kingdom withholding tax

1. Instruments may be issued at an issue price of less than 100% of their principal amount. Any discount element on any such Instruments will not generally be subject to any United Kingdom withholding tax pursuant to the provisions mentioned in A. above but may be subject to reporting requirements as outlined in E below.
2. Where Instruments are to be, or may fall to be, redeemed at a premium as opposed to being issued at a discount, then any such element of premium may constitute a payment of interest. Payments of interest are subject to United Kingdom withholding tax as outlined above and the reporting requirements outlined in E below.
3. Where interest has been paid and has been subject to a deduction of United Kingdom income tax, Holders who are not resident in the United Kingdom may be able to recover all or part of the tax deducted if there is an appropriate provision in any applicable double taxation treaty.
4. The references to “**interest**” in this summary mean “interest” as understood in United Kingdom tax law. The statements in this summary do not take any account of any different definitions of “interest” or “principal” which may prevail under any other law or which may be created by the Terms and Conditions of the Instruments or any related documentation (e.g. see Condition 6 of the Instruments).
5. The above description of the United Kingdom withholding tax position assumes that there will be no substitution of an Issuer and does not consider the tax consequences of any such substitution.

E. Provision of information

Holders should note that where any interest on Instruments is paid to them (or to any person acting on their behalf) by the Issuers or any person in the United Kingdom acting on behalf of the Issuers (a “**paying agent**”), or is received by any person in the United Kingdom acting on behalf of the relevant Holder (other than solely by clearing or arranging the clearing of a cheque) (a “**collecting agent**”), the Issuer (in the case of Instruments issued by Diageo or Diageo Finance plc), the paying agent or the collecting agent (as the case may be) may, in certain cases, be required to supply to Her Majesty’s Revenue & Customs details of the payment and certain details relating to the Holder (including the Holder’s name and address). These provisions will apply whether or not the interest has been paid subject to withholding or deduction for or on account of United Kingdom income tax and whether or not the Holder is resident or ordinarily resident in the United Kingdom for United Kingdom taxation purposes provided that the Holder is resident in one of the “Fully Reportable Countries” as designated by Her Majesty’s Revenue & Customs for the relevant tax year. Where the Holder is not resident in the United Kingdom, the details provided to Her Majesty’s Revenue & Customs may, in certain cases, be passed by Her Majesty’s Revenue & Customs to the tax authorities of certain other jurisdictions. For the above purposes only, “**interest**” should be taken, for practical purposes, as including payments made by the Guarantor in respect of interest on Instruments. The provisions referred

to above may also apply, in certain circumstances, in relation to payments made on redemption of any Instruments which are deeply discounted securities for the purposes of the Income Tax (Trading and other Income) Act 2005, although Her Majesty's Revenue & Customs' published guidance indicates that Her Majesty's Revenue & Customs will not exercise its power to require this information where such amounts are paid on or before 5 April, 2011.

Information may also be required to be reported in accordance with regulations made pursuant to the EC Savings Directive (see below).

TAXATION IN THE NETHERLANDS

The following is intended as general information only and it does not purport to present any comprehensive or complete picture of all aspects of Dutch tax laws which could be of relevance to a holder of Instruments (a "**Holder**"). For Dutch tax purposes, a Holder may include an individual or entity who does not have the legal title of the Instruments, but to whom nevertheless the Instruments are attributed based either on such individual or entity owning a beneficial interest in the Instruments or based on specific statutory provisions, including statutory provisions pursuant to which Instruments are attributed to an individual who is, or who has directly or indirectly inherited from a person who was, the settlor, grantor or similar originator of a trust, foundation or similar entity that holds the Instruments. Prospective Holders should therefore consult their tax adviser regarding the tax consequences of any purchase, ownership or disposal of Instruments.

The summary is based on the Dutch tax law as applied and interpreted by Dutch tax courts and as published and in effect on the date hereof, without prejudice to any amendments introduced at a later date and implemented with or without retroactive effect.

The Issuers have been advised that under Dutch tax law the following treatment will apply to the Instruments.

For the purpose of this paragraph, "**Dutch Taxes**" shall mean taxes of whatsoever nature imposed, levied, withheld or assessed by the Netherlands or any political subdivision or taxing authority thereof or therein.

A. Withholding tax

All payments made under an Instrument will not be subject to any withholding tax or any deduction for, or on account of, any Dutch Taxes.

B. Individual and corporate income tax

This section does not purport to describe the possible Dutch tax considerations or consequences that may be relevant to a Holder who is an individual and for whom the income or capital gains derived from the Instruments are attributable to employment activities, the income from which is taxable in the Netherlands.

A Holder will not be subject to any Dutch Taxes on any payment made to the Holder under the Instruments or on any capital gain made by the Holder from the disposal, or deemed disposal, or redemption of, the Instruments, except if:

- (i) the Holder is, or is deemed to be resident in the Netherlands for Dutch (corporate) income tax purposes; or
- (ii) the Holder derives profits from an enterprise, whether as entrepreneur (*ondernemer*) or pursuant to a co-entitlement to the net worth of such enterprise, other than as an entrepreneur or a shareholder, which enterprise is, in whole or in part, carried on through a permanent establishment (*vaste inrichting*) or a permanent representative (*vaste vertegenwoordiger*) in the Netherlands, to which the Instrument is attributable; or

- (iii) the Holder is not an individual and is entitled to a share in the profits of an enterprise or a co-entitlement to the net worth of an enterprise, which is effectively managed in the Netherlands other than by way of the holding of securities and to which enterprise the Instruments are attributable.
- (iv) the Holder is an individual and
 - (a) has opted to be treated as a resident of the Netherlands for Dutch income tax purposes; or
 - (b) derives benefits from miscellaneous activities (*overige werkzaamheden*) carried out in the Netherlands in respect of the Instruments, including, without limitation, activities which are beyond the scope of active portfolio investment activities; or
 - (c) is entitled, other than by way of the holding of securities, to a share in the profits of an enterprise effectively managed in the Netherlands to which the Instruments are attributable.

C. Gift tax or inheritance tax

No Dutch gift tax or inheritance tax is due in respect of any gift of Instruments by, or inheritance of Instruments on the death of, a Holder, except if:

- (i) at the time of the gift or death of the Holder the Holder is resident, or is deemed to be resident, in the Netherlands; or
- (ii) the Holder passes away within 180 days after the date of the gift of the Instruments and is not, or is not deemed to be, at the time of the gift, but is, or deemed to be, at the time of his death, resident in the Netherlands; or
- (iii) the gift of the Instruments is made under a condition precedent and the Holder is resident, or is deemed to be resident, in the Netherlands at the time the condition is fulfilled.

D. Other taxes

No Dutch capital tax, turnover tax, or other tax or duty (including stamp duty), is due by the Issuers, the Guarantor or the Holder by reason only of the issue, acquisition or transfer of the Instruments.

E. Residency

Subject to the exceptions above, a Holder will not become resident, or deemed resident, in the Netherlands for tax purposes, or become subject to Dutch Taxes, by reason only of an Obligor's performance, or the Holder's acquisition (by way of issue or transfer to it), holding and/or disposal of the Instruments.

EC SAVINGS DIRECTIVE

Under the EC Council Directive of 3 June, 2003 on the taxation of savings income in the form of interest payments (2003/48/EC) (the "**EC Savings Directive**") each Member State is required to provide to the tax authorities of another Member State details of payments of interest or other similar income paid by a person within its jurisdiction to, or collected by such a person for, an individual resident or certain limited types of entity established in that other Member State; however, certain Member States may instead apply a withholding system for a transitional period in relation to such payments (unless during such period they elect otherwise), deducting tax at rates rising over time to 35%. The transitional period is to terminate at the end of the first full fiscal year following agreement by certain non-EU countries to the exchange of information relating to interest or other similar payments. A number of non-EU countries, and certain dependent or associated territories of certain Member States, have agreed to adopt similar measures (in certain circumstances on a reciprocal basis) to those implemented by the EC Savings Directive. On 24 April 2009, the European Parliament approved an amended version of certain changes proposed by the European

Commission to these provisions which would, if implemented, cause them to apply in a wider range of circumstances. Investors who may be affected by any of these arrangements are advised to consult their own professional advisers.

SUBSCRIPTION AND SALE

Instruments may be issued from time to time by an Issuer to any one or more of Banco Santander, S.A., Barclays Bank PLC, Citigroup Global Markets Limited, Credit Suisse Securities (Europe) Limited, Deutsche Bank AG, London Branch, Goldman Sachs International, HSBC Bank plc, J.P. Morgan Securities Ltd., Merrill Lynch International, Morgan Stanley & Co. International plc, Nomura International plc, The Royal Bank of Scotland plc, Standard Chartered Bank and UBS Limited (the “**Dealers**”). The arrangements under which Instruments may from time to time be agreed to be issued by the Issuers to, and subscribed by, Dealers are set out in a dealership agreement to be dated 30 September 2010 (as further amended, supplemented or replaced from time to time, the “**Dealership Agreement**”) and to be made between the Issuers, the Guarantor and the Dealers. Any such agreement will, *inter alia*, make provision for the form and terms and conditions of the relevant Instruments, the price at which such Instruments will be subscribed by the Dealers and the commissions or other agreed deductibles (if any) payable or allowable by the relevant Issuer in respect of such subscription. The Dealership Agreement makes provision for the resignation or termination of appointment or renewal of existing Dealers and for the appointment of additional or other Dealers either generally in respect of the Programme or in relation to a particular Tranche of Instruments. The Issuers may issue Instruments from time to time to persons or institutions who are not Dealers.

United States of America

Each Dealer understands that the Instruments have not been and will not be registered under the Securities Act (as defined below) and may not be offered or sold within the United States or to, or for the account or benefit of, U.S. persons except in accordance with Regulation S under the Securities Act or pursuant to an exemption from the registration requirements of the Securities Act.

Each Dealer has represented and agreed that it has offered and sold Instruments and will offer and sell Instruments (i) as part of their distribution at any time and (ii) otherwise until 40 days after the completion of the distribution of the Tranche of which such Instruments are a part, as determined and certified to the Issue and Paying Agent or the relevant Issuer by the relevant Dealer (or in the case of a sale of a Tranche to or through more than one Dealer, by each of such Dealers as to the Instruments of such Tranche purchased by or through it, in which case the Issue and Paying Agent or the relevant Issuer shall notify each such Dealer when all such Dealers have so certified), only in accordance with Rule 903 of Regulation S under the Securities Act. Accordingly, neither the Dealers, their affiliates (if any) nor any persons acting on their behalf have engaged or will engage in any directed selling efforts with respect to Instruments, and the Dealers, their affiliates (if any) and any person acting on their behalf have complied and will comply with the offering restrictions requirements of Regulation S. Each Dealer has agreed that, at or prior to confirmation of sale of Instruments, it will have sent to each distributor, dealer or person receiving a selling concession, fee or other remuneration that purchases Instruments from it or through it during the distribution compliance period a confirmation or notice to substantially the following effect:

“The Instruments covered hereby have not been and will not be registered under the United States Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the “**Securities Act**”) and may not be offered or sold within the United States or to or for the account or benefit of U.S. persons (i) as part of their distribution at any time or (ii) otherwise until 40 days after the completion of the distribution of the Tranche of Instruments of which such Instruments are a part, as determined and certified by [*Name of Dealer or Dealers, as the case may be*], except in either case in accordance with Regulation S under the Securities Act. Terms used above have the meaning given to them by Regulation S.”

Terms used in the above paragraph have the meanings given to them by Regulation S.

Each Dealer (or, in the case of a sale of a Tranche to or through more than one Dealer, each of such Dealers as to Instruments of such Tranche purchased by or through it, in which case the Issue and Paying Agent or the relevant Issuer shall notify each such Dealer when all such Dealers have certified as provided in this paragraph) who has purchased Instruments of any Tranche in accordance with this Prospectus shall determine and certify to the Issue and Paying Agent or the relevant Issuer the completion of the distribution

of such Tranche as aforesaid. In order to facilitate compliance by each Dealer with the foregoing, the relevant Issuer undertakes that, prior to such certification with respect to such Tranche, it will notify each Dealer in writing of each acceptance by such Issuer of an offer to purchase and of any issuance of, Instruments or other debt obligations of such Issuer which are denominated in the same currency or composite currency and which have substantially the same interest rate and maturity date as the Instruments of such Tranche.

Instruments will be issued in accordance with the provisions of United States Treasury Regulation § 1.163-5(c)(2)(i)(D) (the “D Rules”), unless the relevant Final Terms specify that Instruments will be issued in accordance with the provisions of United States Treasury Regulation § 1.163-5(c)(2)(i)(C) (the “C Rules”).

In addition, in respect of Instruments issued in accordance with the D Rules each Dealer has represented and agreed that:

- (A) except to the extent permitted under the D Rules, (i) it has not offered or sold, and during the restricted period will not offer or sell, Instruments in bearer form to a person who is within the United States or its possessions or to a United States person, and (ii) such Dealer has not delivered and will not deliver within the United States or its possessions definitive Instruments in bearer form that are sold during the restricted period;
- (B) it has and throughout the restricted period will have in effect procedures reasonably designed to ensure that its employees or agents who are directly engaged in selling Instruments in bearer form are aware that such Instruments may not be offered or sold during the restricted period to a person who is within the United States or its possessions or to a United States person, except as permitted by the D Rules;
- (C) if such Dealer is a United States person, it represents that it is acquiring the Instruments in bearer form for purposes of resale in connection with their original issuance and, if such Dealer retains Instruments in bearer form for its own account, it will only do so in accordance with the requirements of U.S. Treas. Reg. § 1.163-5(c)(2)(i)(D)(6); and
- (D) with respect to each affiliate (if any) that acquires from such Dealer Instruments in bearer form for the purposes of offering or selling such Instruments during the restricted period, such Dealer either (i) hereby represents and agrees on behalf of such affiliate (if any) to the effect set forth in sub-paragraphs (A), (B) and (C) of this paragraph or (ii) agrees that it will obtain from such affiliate (if any) for the benefit of the Issuer the representations and agreements contained in sub-paragraphs (A), (B) and (C) of this paragraph.

Terms used in the above paragraph have the meanings given to them by the United States Internal Revenue Code and Regulations thereunder, including the D Rules.

In addition, where the C Rules are specified in the relevant Final Terms as being applicable in relation to any Tranche of Instruments, Instruments in bearer form must be issued and delivered outside the United States and its possessions in connection with their original issuance. Each Dealer has represented and agreed that it has not offered, sold or delivered, and will not offer, sell or deliver, directly or indirectly, Instruments in bearer form within the United States or its possessions in connection with the original issuance. Further, each Dealer has represented and agreed in connection with the original issuance of Instruments in bearer form, that it has not communicated, and will not communicate, directly or indirectly, with a prospective purchaser if such purchaser is within the United States or its possessions and will not otherwise involve its U.S. office in the offer or sale of Instruments in bearer form. Terms used in this paragraph have the meanings given to them by the U.S. Internal Revenue Code and regulations thereunder, including the C Rules.

Each issuance of index, commodity or currency linked Instruments shall be subject to additional U.S. selling restrictions as the relevant Dealer or Dealers shall agree as a term of the issuance and purchase of such Instruments. Each Dealer has agreed that it shall offer, sell and deliver such Instruments only in compliance with such additional U.S. selling restrictions.

Each Dealer has agreed that it has not entered and will not enter into any contractual arrangements with respect to the distribution or delivery of Instruments into the United States except with its affiliates (if any) or with the prior written consent of the relevant Issuer.

Public offer selling restrictions under the Prospectus Directive

In relation to each Member State of the European Economic Area which has implemented the Prospectus Directive (each, a “**Relevant Member State**”), each Dealer has represented and agreed, and each further Dealer appointed under the Programme will be required to represent and agree, that with effect from and including the date on which the Prospectus Directive is implemented in that Relevant Member State (the “**Relevant Implementation Date**”) it has not made and will not make an offer of Instruments which are the subject of the offering contemplated by the Prospectus as completed by the Final Terms in relation thereto to the public in that Relevant Member State except that it may, with effect from and including the Relevant Implementation Date, make an offer of such Instruments to the public in that Relevant Member State:

- (a) if the Final Terms in relation to the Instruments specify that an offer of those Instruments may be made other than pursuant to Article 3(2) of the Prospectus Directive in that Relevant Member State (a “**Non-exempt Offer**”), following the date of publication of a prospectus in relation to such Instruments which has been approved by the competent authority in that Relevant Member State or, where appropriate, approved in another Relevant Member State and notified to the competent authority in that Relevant Member State, provided that any such prospectus has subsequently been completed by the Final Terms contemplating such Non-exempt Offer, in accordance with the Prospectus Directive, in the period beginning and ending on the dates specified in such prospectus or Final Terms, as applicable;
- (b) at any time to legal entities which are authorised or regulated to operate in the financial markets or, if not so authorised or regulated, whose corporate purpose is solely to invest in securities;
- (c) at any time to any legal entity which has two or more of (1) an average of at least 250 employees during the last financial year; (2) a total balance sheet of more than €43,000,000; and (3) an annual net turnover of more than €50,000,000, as shown in its last annual or consolidated accounts;
- (d) at any time to fewer than 100 natural or legal persons (other than qualified investors as defined in the Prospectus Directive) subject to obtaining the prior consent of the relevant Dealer or Dealers nominated by the Issuer for any such offer; or
- (e) at any time in any other circumstances falling within Article 3(2) of the Prospectus Directive,

provided that no such offer of Instruments referred to in (b) to (e) above shall require the Issuer or any Dealer to publish a prospectus pursuant to Article 3 of the Prospectus Directive or supplement a prospectus pursuant to Article 16 of the Prospectus Directive.

For the purposes of this provision, the expression an “**offer of Instruments to the public**” in relation to any Instruments in any Relevant Member State means the communication in any form and by any means of sufficient information on the terms of the offer and the Instruments to be offered so as to enable an investor to decide to purchase or subscribe for the Instruments, as the same may be varied in that Member State by any measure implementing the Prospectus Directive in that Member State and the expression “**Prospectus Directive**” means Directive 2003/71/EC and includes any relevant implementing measure in each Relevant Member State.

This Prospectus has been prepared on the basis that, except to the extent sub-paragraph (ii) below may apply, any offer of Instruments in any Relevant Member State will be made pursuant to an exemption under the Prospectus Directive, as implemented in that Relevant Member State, from the requirement to publish a prospectus for offers of Instruments. Accordingly any person making or intending to make an offer in that Relevant Member State of Instruments which are the subject of an offering contemplated in this Prospectus as completed by Final Terms in relation to the offer of the Instruments may only do so (i) in circumstances in which no obligation arises for the Issuer or any Dealer to publish a prospectus pursuant to Article 3 of the

Prospectus Directive or supplement a prospectus pursuant to Article 16 of the Prospectus Directive, in each case, in relation to such offer, or (ii) if a prospectus for such offer has been approved by the competent authority in that Relevant Member State or, where appropriate, approved in another Relevant Member State and notified to the competent authority in that Relevant Member State and (in either case) published, all in accordance with the Prospectus Directive, provided that any such prospectus has subsequently been completed by Final Terms which specify that offers may be made other than pursuant to Article 3(2) of the Prospectus Directive in that Relevant Member State and such offer is made in the period beginning and ending on the dates specified for such purpose in such prospectus or Final Terms, as applicable. Except to the extent sub-paragraph (ii) above may apply, neither the Issuer nor any Dealer have authorised, nor do they authorise, the making of any offer of Instruments in circumstances in which an obligation arises for the Issuer or any Dealer to publish or supplement a prospectus for such offer.

Selling restrictions addressing additional United Kingdom securities laws

Each Dealer has represented and agreed, and each further Dealer appointed under the Programme will be required to represent and agree, that:

- (a) in relation to any Instruments which have a maturity of less than one year, (i) it is a person whose ordinary activities involve it in acquiring, holding, managing or disposing of investments (as principal or agent) for the purposes of its business and (ii) it has not offered or sold and will not offer or sell any Instruments other than to persons whose ordinary activities involve them in acquiring, holding, managing or disposing of investments (as principal or as agent) for the purposes of their businesses or who it is reasonable to expect will acquire, hold, manage or dispose of investments (as principal or agent) for the purposes of their businesses where the issue of the Instruments would otherwise constitute a contravention of section 19 FSMA by the Issuer;
- (b) it has only communicated or caused to be communicated and will only communicate or cause to be communicated an invitation or inducement to engage in investment activity (within the meaning of section 21 FSMA) received by it in connection with the issue or sale of any Instruments in circumstances in which section 21(1) FSMA does not apply to the Issuer or the Guarantor; and
- (c) it has complied and will comply with all applicable provisions FSMA with respect to anything done by it in relation to any Instruments in, from or otherwise involving the United Kingdom.

Selling restrictions addressing other Member States' securities laws

The Netherlands

Each Dealer has represented and agreed, and each further Dealer appointed under the Programme will be required to represent and agree, that it has complied and will comply with the requirement under the Dutch Savings Certificates Act (Wet inzake spaarbewijzen) that bearer zero coupon Instruments and other Instruments which qualify as savings certificates as defined in the Dutch Savings Certificates Act may only be transferred and accepted through the intermediary of either the relevant Issuer of those Instruments or a Member of Euronext Amsterdam N.V. and with due observance of the Dutch Savings Certificates Act (including registration requirements). However, no such intermediary services are required in respect of (i) the initial issue of such Instruments to the first holders thereof, (ii) any transfer and acceptance by individuals who do not act in the conduct of a profession or trade, and (iii) any transfer or acceptance of such Instruments, if they are physically issued outside the Netherlands and are not distributed in the Netherlands in the course of primary trading or immediately thereafter.

France

Each of the Dealers has represented and agreed, and each further Dealer appointed under the Programme will be required to represent and agree, that it has not offered or sold and will not offer or sell, directly or indirectly, any Instruments to the public in France, and it has not distributed or caused to be

distributed and will not distribute or cause to be distributed to the public in France, the Prospectus, the relevant Final Terms or any other offering material relating to the Instruments and that such offers, sales and distributions have been and shall only be made in France to (i) providers of investment services relating to portfolio management for the account of third parties (personnes fournissant le service d'investissement de gestion de portefeuille pour compte de tiers) and/or (ii) qualified investors (investisseurs qualifiés) other than individuals investing for their own account, all as defined in, and in accordance with, Articles L.411-1, L.411-2 and D.411-1 to D.411-3 of the French Code monétaire et financier and other applicable regulations.

Japan

The Instruments issued under the Programme have not been and will not be registered under the Financial Instruments and Exchange Act of Japan (Law No. 25 of 1948, as amended, (the “**FIEA**”) and each Dealer agrees and each further Dealer appointed under the Programme will be required to agree that it will not offer or sell any Instruments, directly or indirectly, in Japan or to, or for the benefit of, any resident of Japan (as defined under Item 5, Paragraph 1, Article 6 of the Foreign Exchange and Foreign Trade Act (Law No. 228 of 1949, as amended)), or to others for re-offering or resale, directly or indirectly, in Japan or to, or for the benefit of, a resident of Japan except pursuant to an exemption from the registration requirements of, and otherwise in compliance with, the FIEA and any other applicable laws, regulations and ministerial guidelines of Japan.

General

Other than with respect to the listing of the Instruments on such stock exchange as may be specified in the Final Terms, no action has been or will be taken in any country or jurisdiction by any Obligor or the Dealers that would permit a public offering of the Instruments, or possession or distribution of any offering material in relation thereto, in any country or jurisdiction where action for that purpose is required. Persons into whose hands this Prospectus or any Final Terms comes are required by the Obligors and the Dealers to comply with all applicable laws and regulations in each country or jurisdiction in or from which they purchase, offer, sell or deliver the Instruments or have in their possession or distribute such offering material, in all cases at their own expense.

The Dealership Agreement provides that the Dealers shall not be bound by any of the restrictions relating to any specific jurisdiction (set out above) to the extent that such restrictions shall, as a result of change(s) or change(s) in official interpretation, after the date thereof, in applicable laws and regulations, no longer be applicable but without prejudice to the obligations of the Dealers described in this paragraph headed “*General*”.

Selling restrictions may be supplemented or modified with the agreement of the relevant Issuer. Any such supplement or modification will be set out in the relevant Final Terms (in the case of a supplement or modification relevant only to a particular Tranche of Instruments) or (in any other case) in a supplement to this Prospectus.

FORM OF FINAL TERMS

Set out below is the Form of Final Terms which will be completed for each Tranche of Instruments issued under the Programme:

Final Terms dated [●]

DIAGEO plc

(Incorporated with limited liability in England and Wales with registered number 23307) as Issuer and Guarantor

DIAGEO FINANCE plc

(Incorporated with limited liability in England and Wales with registered number 213393) as Issuer

DIAGEO CAPITAL B.V.

(Incorporated with limited liability in the Netherlands with registered number 34196822 and having its corporate seat in Amsterdam)

as Issuer

Programme for the Issuance of Debt Instruments

Series No: [●]

[Guaranteed by DIAGEO plc⁵]

under the **Programme for Issuance of Debt Instruments**

5. The Instruments issued under the Programme by Diageo Capital B.V. must be guaranteed by Diageo plc.

PART A – CONTRACTUAL TERMS

Terms used herein shall be deemed to be defined as such for the purposes of the Conditions set forth in the Prospectus dated [original date] [and the supplemental Prospectus dated [●] which [together] constitute[s] a base prospectus for the purposes of the Prospectus Directive (Directive 2003/71/EC) (the Prospectus Directive). This document constitutes the Final Terms of the Instruments described herein for the purposes of Article 5.4 of the Prospectus Directive and must be read in conjunction with such Prospectus [as so supplemented]. Full information on the Issuer [and the Guarantor] and the offer of the instruments is only available on the basis of the combination of these Final Terms and the Prospectus [as so supplemented]. The Prospectus [and the supplemental Prospectus] [is] [are] available for viewing [at [website]] [and] during normal business hours at [address] [and copies may be obtained from [address]].

The following alternative language applies if the first tranche of an issue which is being increased was issued under a Prospectus with an earlier date.

Terms used herein shall be deemed to be defined as such for the purposes of the Conditions (the Conditions) set forth in the Prospectus dated [original date] [and the supplemental Prospectus dated [●]. This document constitutes the Final Terms of the Instruments described herein for the purposes of Article 5.4 of the Prospectus Directive (Directive 2003/71/EC) (the Prospectus Directive) and must be read in conjunction with the Prospectus dated [current date] [and the supplemental Prospectus dated [●], which [together] constitute[s] a base prospectus for the purposes of the Prospectus Directive, save in respect of the Conditions which are extracted from the Prospectus dated [original date] [and the supplemental Prospectus dated) and are attached hereto. Full information on the Issuer[, the Guarantor(s)] and the offer of the Instruments is only available on the basis of the combination of these Final Terms and the Prospectus dated [original date] and [current date] [and the supplemental Prospectuses dated [●] and [●]. The Prospectuses [and the supplemental Prospectuses] are available for viewing [at [website] [and] during normal business hours at [address] [and copies may be obtained from [address]].

[Include whichever of the following apply or specify as “Not Applicable” (N/A). Note that the numbering should remain as set out below, even if “Not Applicable” is indicated for individual paragraphs or sub-paragraphs. Italics denote guidance for completing the Final Terms.]

[When completing final terms or adding any other final terms or information consideration should be given as to whether such terms or information constitute “significant new factors” and consequently trigger the need for a supplement to the Prospectus under Article 16 of the Prospectus Directive.]

1. [(i)] Issuer: [●]
[[(ii) Guarantor: [●]
2. [(i)] Series Number: [●]
[(ii) Tranche Number: [●]
(If fungible with an existing Series, details of that Series, including the date on which the Instruments become fungible).]
3. Specified Currency or Currencies: [●]
4. Aggregate Nominal Amount of Instruments: [●]
[(i)] Series: [●]
[(ii) Tranche: [●]
5. Issue Price: [●] per cent. of the Aggregate Nominal Amount [plus accrued Interest from [insert date] (if applicable)]
6. (i) Specified Denominations: [●]

[Instruments [(including Instruments denominated in Sterling)] in respect of which the issue proceeds are to be accepted by the Issuer in the United Kingdom or whose issue otherwise constitutes a contravention of section 19 FSMA and which have a maturity of less than one year must have a minimum redemption value of £100,000 (or its equivalent in other currencies).]

[Instruments must have a minimum denomination of €50,000 and integral multiples of [£1,000] in excess thereof up to and including [£99,000]]. No notes in definitive form will be issued with a denomination above [€ 99,000]].

- (ii) Calculation Amount:
7. (i) Issue Date:
- (ii) Interest Commencement Date: *[Specify/Issue Date/Not Applicable]*
8. Maturity Date: *Specify date or (for Floating Rate Instruments) Interest Payment Date falling in or nearest to the relevant month and year]*
9. Interest Basis: per cent. Fixed Rate]
[[specify reference rate] +/- per cent. Floating Rate]
[Zero Coupon]
[Index Linked Interest]
[Other (specify)]
(further particulars specified below)
10. Redemption Payment Basis: [Redemption at par]
[Index Linked Redemption]
[Dual Currency]
[Partly Paid]
[Instalment]
[Other (specify)]
11. Change of Interest or Redemption/Payment Basis?: *[Specify details of any provision for convertibility of Instruments into another interest or redemption/ payment basis]*
12. Put/Call Options: [Investor Put]
[Issuer Call]
[(further particulars specified below)]
13. [(i)] Status of the Instruments: [Senior]
[(ii)] Status of the Guarantee: [Senior]
[(iii)] [Date [Board] approval for issuance of Instruments [and Guarantee] obtained: and respectively]
(N.B. Only relevant where Board (or similar) authorisation is required for the particular tranche of Instruments or related Guarantee)]
14. Method of distribution: [Syndicated/Non-syndicated]

PROVISIONS RELATING TO INTEREST (IF ANY) PAYABLE

15. **Fixed Rate Instrument Provisions** [Applicable/Not Applicable] *(If not applicable, delete the remaining sub-paragraphs of this paragraph)*
- (i) Rate[(s)] of Interest: [●] per cent. per annum [payable [annually/semi-annually/ quarterly/monthly/other (specify)] *in arrear*]
 - (ii) Interest Payment Date(s): [●] in each year [adjusted in accordance with [*specify Business Day Convention and any applicable Business Centre(s) for the definition of "Business Day"*]/*not adjusted*]
 - (iii) Fixed Coupon Amount[(s)]: [●] per Calculation Amount
 - (iv) Broken Amount(s): [●] per Calculation Amount payable on the Interest Payment Date falling [in/on] [●]
 - (v) Day Count Fraction: [30/360/Actual/Actual (ICMA/ISDA/other)]
 - (vi) [Determination Dates: [●] in each year (*insert regular interest payment dates, ignoring issue date or maturity date in the case of a long or short first or last coupon. N.B. only relevant where Day Count Fraction is Actual/Actual (ICMA))*]
 - (vii) Other terms relating to the method of calculating interest for Fixed Rate Instruments: [Not Applicable/give details]
16. **Floating Rate Instrument Provisions** [Applicable/Not Applicable] *(If not applicable, delete the remaining sub-paragraphs of this paragraph)*
- (i) Interest Period(s): [●]
 - (ii) Specified Interest Payment Dates: [●]
 - (iii) First Interest Payment Date: [●]
 - (iv) Business Day Convention: [Floating Rate Convention/Following Business Day Convention/Modified Following Business Day Convention/Preceding Business Day Convention/ other [give details]]
 - (v) Business Centre(s): [●]
 - (vi) Manner in which the Rate(s) of Interest is/are to be determined: [Screen Rate Determination/ISDA Determination/ other (give details)]
 - (vii) Party responsible for calculating the Rate(s) of Interest and/or Interest Amount(s) (if not the [Agent]): [●]
 - (viii) Screen Rate Determination:
 - Reference Rate: [●]
 - Interest Determination Date(s): [●]

- Relevant Screen Page:
 - (ix) ISDA Determination:
 - Floating Rate Option:
 - Designated Maturity:
 - Reset Date:
 - (x) Margin(s): [+/-] per cent per annum
 - (xi) Minimum Rate of Interest: per cent. per annum
 - (xii) Maximum Rate of Interest: per cent. per annum
 - (xiii) Day Count Fraction:
 - (xiv) Fall back provisions, rounding provisions, denominator and any other terms relating to the method of calculating interest on Floating Rate Instruments, if different from those set out in the Conditions:
17. **Zero Coupon Instrument Provisions** [Applicable/Not Applicable] *(If not applicable, delete the remaining sub-paragraphs of this paragraph)*
- (i) [Amortisation/Accrual] Yield: per cent. per annum
 - (ii) Reference Price:
 - (iii) Any other formula/basis of determining amount payable:
18. **Index Linked Interest Instrument/other variable linked interest Instrument Provisions** [Applicable/Not Applicable] *(If not applicable, delete the remaining sub-paragraphs of this paragraph)*
- (i) Index/Formula/other variable: [give or annex details]
 - (ii) Party responsible for calculating the Rate(s) of Interest and/or Interest Amount(s) (if not the [Agent]):
 - (iii) Provisions for determining Coupon where calculated by reference to Index and/or Formula and/or other variable:
 - (iv) Determination Date(s):
 - (v) Provisions for determining Coupon where calculation by reference to Index and/or Formula and/or other variable is impossible or impracticable or otherwise disrupted:
 - (vi) Interest or calculation period(s):
 - (vii) Specified Interest Payment Dates:

- (viii) Business Day Convention: [Floating Rate Convention following Business Day Convention Modified Following Business Day Convention Preceding Business Day Convention/ other (*give details*)]
- (ix) Business Centre(s): [●]
- (x) Minimum Rate/Amount of Interest: [●] per cent. per annum
- (xi) Maximum Rate/Amount of Interest: [●] per cent. per annum
- (xii) Day Count Fraction: [●]
19. **Dual Currency Instrument Provisions** [Applicable/Not Applicable] (*If not applicable, delete the remaining sub-paragraphs of this paragraph*)
- (i) Rate of Exchange method of calculating Rate of Exchange: [give details]
- (ii) Party, if any, responsible for calculating the principal and/or interest due (if not the [Agent]): [●]
- (iii) Provisions applicable where calculation by reference to Rate of Exchange impossible or impracticable: [●]
- (iv) Person at whose option Specified Currency(ies) is/are payable: [●]

PROVISIONS RELATING TO REDEMPTION

20. **Call Option** [Applicable/Not Applicable] (*If not applicable, delete the remaining sub-paragraphs of this paragraph*)
- (i) Optional Redemption Date(s): [●]
- (ii) Optional Redemption Amount(s) of each Instrument and method, if any, of calculation of such amount(s): [●] per Calculation Amount
- (iii) If redeemable in part:
- (a) Minimum Redemption Amount: [●] per Calculation Amount
- (b) Maximum Redemption Amount: [●] per Calculation Amount
- (iv) Notice period: [●]
21. **Put Option** [Applicable/Not Applicable] (*If not applicable, delete the remaining sub-paragraphs of this paragraph*)
- (i) Optional Redemption Date(s): [●]
- (ii) Optional Redemption Amount(s) of each Instrument and Method, if any, of calculation of such amount(s): [●] per Calculation Amount
- (iii) Notice period: [●]

22. **Final Redemption Amount of each Instrument** [●] per Calculation Amount

In cases where the Final Redemption Amount is Index Linked or other variable linked:

- (i) Index/Formula/variable: [give or annex details]
- (ii) Party responsible for calculating the Final Redemption Amount (if not the [Agent]): [●]
- (iii) Provisions for determining Final Redemption Amount where calculated by reference to Index and/or Formula and/or other variable: [●]
- (iv) Determination Date(s): [●]
- (v) Provisions for determining Final Redemption Amount where calculation by reference to Index and/or Formula and/or other variable is impossible or impracticable or otherwise disrupted: [●]
- (vi) Payment Date: [●]
- (vii) Minimum Final Redemption Amount: [●] per Calculation Amount
- (viii) Maximum Final Redemption Amount: [●] per Calculation Amount

23. **Early Redemption Amount**

Early Redemption Amount(s) per Calculation Amount payable on redemption for taxation reasons or on event of default or other early redemption and/or the method of calculating the same (if required or if different from that set out in the Conditions): [●]

GENERAL PROVISIONS APPLICABLE TO THE INSTRUMENTS

24. **Form of Instruments**

Bearer Instruments:

[Temporary Global Instrument exchangeable for a Permanent Global Instrument which is exchangeable for Definitive Instruments in the limited circumstances specified in the Permanent Global Instrument] [Temporary Global Instrument exchangeable for Definitive Instruments on [●] days' notice]* [Permanent Global Instrument exchangeable for Definitive Instruments in the limited circumstances specified in the Permanent Global Instrument]

25. New Global Note: [Yes]/[No]
26. Financial Centre(s) or other special provisions relating to payment dates: [Not Applicable/give details.] *Note that this item relates to the date and place of payment, and not interest period end dates, to which items 15(ii), 16(v) and 18(ix) relates]*
27. Talons for future Coupons or Receipts to be attached to Definitive Instruments (and dates on which such Talons mature): [Yes/No. If yes, give details]
28. Details relating to Partly Paid Instruments: amount of each payment comprising the Issue Price and date on which each payment is to be made and consequences (if any) of failure to pay, including any right of the Issuer to forfeit the Instruments and interest due on late payment: [Not Applicable/give details]
29. Details relating to Instalment Instruments: amount of each instalment, date on which each payment is to be made: [Not Applicable/give details]
30. Redenomination, renominatisation and reconventioning provisions: [Not Applicable/The provisions [in Condition] apply]
31. Consolidation provisions: [Not Applicable/The provisions [in Condition] apply]
32. Other final terms: [Not Applicable/give details] *(When adding any other final terms consideration should be given as to whether such terms constitute a “significant new factor” and consequently trigger the need for a supplement to the Prospectus under Article 16 of the Prospectus Directive)*

DISTRIBUTION

33. (i) If syndicated, names of Managers: [Not Applicable/give names]
(ii) Stabilising Manager(s) (if any): [Not Applicable/give names]
34. If non-syndicated, name of Dealer: [Not Applicable/give names]
35. U.S. Selling Restrictions: [Reg.S Compliance Category; TEFRA C/TEFRA D/TEFRA not applicable]
36. Additional selling restrictions: [Not Applicable/give details]

**N.B. The exchange upon notice at any time options should not be expressed to be applicable if the Specified Denomination of the Instruments in paragraph 6 (above) includes language substantially to the following effect “€50,000 and integral multiples of [€ 1,000] in excess thereof up to and including [€ 99,000]”.*

PURPOSE OF FINAL TERMS

These Final Terms comprise the final terms required for issue and admission to trading on the [*specify relevant regulated market*] of the Instruments described herein pursuant to the Programme for the Issuance of Debt Instruments of Diageo plc, Diageo Finance plc and Diageo Capital B.V.

RESPONSIBILITY

The Issuer [and the Guarantor] accept[s] responsibility for the information contained in these Final Terms. [(*Relevant third party information*) has been extracted from (*specify source*). [Each of the] [The] Issuer [and the Guarantor] confirms that such information has been accurately reproduced and that, so far as it is aware, and is able to ascertain from information published by (*specify source*), no facts have been omitted which would render the reproduced information inaccurate or misleading.]

Signed on behalf of [name of the Issuer]:

Signed on behalf of [name of the Guarantor]:

By:
Duly authorised

By:
Duly authorised

PART B – OTHER INFORMATION

1. LISTING

- (i) Admission to trading: [Application has been made by the Issuer (or on its behalf) for the Instruments to be admitted to trading on [specify relevant regulated market] with effect from [●].) (Application is expected to be made by the Issuer (or on its behalf) for the Instruments to be admitted to trading on [specify relevant regulated market] with effect from [●].) [Not Applicable.]
- (Where documenting a fungible issue need indicate that original Instruments are already admitted to trading.)*
- (ii) Estimate of total expenses related to admission to trading: [●]

2. RATINGS

- Ratings: The Instruments to be issued have been rated:
[S&P: [●]]
[Moody's: [●]]
[[Fitch: [●]]
[[Other]: [●]]
- (The above disclosure should reflect the rating allocated to Instruments of the type being issued under the Programme generally or, where the issue has been specifically rated, that rating.)*

3. [INTERESTS OF NATURAL AND LEGAL PERSONS INVOLVED IN THE ISSUE/OFFER]

[Need to include a description of any interest, including conflicting ones, that is material to the issue/offer, detailing the persons involved and the nature of the interest. May be satisfied by the inclusion of the following statement:

“Save as discussed in [“Subscription and Sale”], so far as the Issuer is aware, no person involved in the offer of the Instruments has an interest material to the offer.”]

[(When adding any other description, consideration should be given as to whether such matters described constitute “significant new factors “and consequently trigger the need for a supplement to the Prospectus under Article 16 of the Prospectus Directive.)]

4. REASONS FOR THE OFFER, ESTIMATED NET PROCEEDS AND TOTAL EXPENSES

- [(i) Reasons for the offer: [●]
(See [“Use of Proceeds”] wording in Prospectus – if reasons for offer different from making profit and/or hedging certain risks will need to include those reasons here.)
- [(ii) Estimated net proceeds: [●]
(If proceeds are intended for more than one use will need to split out and present in order of priority. If proceeds insufficient to fund all proposed uses state amount and sources of other funding.)

[(iii) Estimated total expenses:
(If the Instruments are derivative securities for which Annex XII of the Prospectus Directive Regulation applies it is only necessary to include disclosure of net proceeds and total expenses at (ii) and (iii) above where disclosure is included at (i) above.)]

5. **[Fixed Rate Instruments only – YIELD**

Indication of yield:
[The yield is calculated at the Issue Date on the basis of the Issue Price. It is not an indication of future yield.]

6. **[Index Linked or other variable linked Instruments only – PERFORMANCE OF THE INDEX/FORMULA/OTHER VARIABLE AND OTHER INFORMATION CONCERNING THE UNDERLYING**

Need to include details of where past and future performance and volatility of the index/formula/other variable can be obtained. Where the underlying is an index need to include the name of the index and a description if composed by the Issuer and if the index is not composed by the Issuer need to include details of where the information about the index can be obtained. Where the underlying is not an index need to include equivalent information. Include other information concerning the underlying required by Paragraph 4.2 of Annex XII of the Prospectus Directive Regulation.

[(When completing this paragraph, consideration should be given as to whether such matters described constitute “significant new factors” and consequently trigger the need for a supplement to the Prospectus under Article 16 of the Prospectus Directive.)]

The Issuer [intends to provide post-issuance information [specify what information will be reported and where it can be obtained]] [does not intend to provide post-issuance information].

7. **Dual Currency Instruments only – PERFORMANCE OF RATE[S] OF EXCHANGE**

Need to include details of where past and future performance and volatility of the relevant rate[s] can be obtained.

[(When completing this paragraph, consideration should be given as to whether such matters described constitute “significant new factors” and consequently trigger the need for a supplement to this Prospectus under Article 16 of the Prospectus Directive.)]

8. **OPERATIONAL INFORMATION**

ISIN Code:

Common Code:

Any clearing system(s) other than Euroclear Bank S.A./N.V. and Clearstream Banking, société anonyme and the relevant identification number(s): [Not Applicable/give name(s) and number(s)]

Delivery: Delivery [against/free of] payment

Names and addresses of initial Paying Agent(s):

Names and addresses of additional
Paying Agent(s) (if any):

[●]

Intended to be held in a manner which
would allow Eurosystem eligibility:

[Yes][No]

[Note that the designation “yes” simply means that the Instruments are intended upon issue to be deposited with one of the ICSDs as common safekeeper and does not necessarily mean that the Instruments will be recognized as eligible collateral for Eurosystem monetary policy and intra-day credit operations by the Eurosystem either upon issue or at any or all times during their life. Such recognition will depend upon the ECB being satisfied that Eurosystem eligibility criteria have been met.] *[include this text if “yes” selected in which case the Instruments must be issued in NGN form.]*

GENERAL INFORMATION

1. The trading of the Instruments on the Market will be expressed as a percentage of their principal amount (exclusive of accrued interest). Any Tranche of Instruments intended to be admitted to listing on the Official List of the U.K. Listing Authority and admitted to trading on the Market will be so admitted to listing and trading upon submission to the U.K. Listing Authority and the London Stock Exchange of the relevant Final Terms and any other information required by the U.K. Listing Authority and the London Stock Exchange, subject to the issue of the relevant Instruments. Prior to official listing dealings will be permitted by the London Stock Exchange in accordance with its rules. Transactions will normally be effected for delivery on the third working day in London after the day of the transaction.

However, Instruments may be issued pursuant to the Programme which will not be admitted to listing, trading and/or quotation by the U.K. Listing Authority or the Market or any other listing authority, stock exchange and/or quotation system or which will be admitted to listing, trading and/or quotation by such listing authority, stock exchange and/or quotation system as the Issuers, the Guarantor and the relevant Dealer(s) may agree.

2. The Issuers and the Guarantor have obtained or will obtain from time to time all necessary consents, approvals and authorisations in connection with the issue and performance of the Instruments. The update of the Programme was authorised by a resolution of the Board of Directors of Diageo passed on 25 August 2010, by resolutions of a duly authorised Committee of the Board of Directors of Diageo passed on 21 September 2010, by a resolution of the Board of Directors of Diageo Finance plc passed on 21 September 2010 and by a resolution of the Board of Directors of Diageo Capital B.V. passed on 21 September 2010.
3. The Instruments have been accepted for clearance through Euroclear and Clearstream, Luxembourg. The appropriate common code and the International Securities Identification Number in relation to the Instruments of each Series will be specified in the Final Terms relating thereto. The relevant Final Terms shall specify any other clearing system as shall have accepted the relevant Instruments for clearance together with any further appropriate information.
4. Bearer Instruments and any Coupon appertaining thereto will bear a legend substantially to the following effect: "Any United States person who holds this obligation will be subject to limitations under the United States income tax laws, including the limitations provided in Sections 165(j) and 1287(a) of the Internal Revenue Code". The sections referred to in such legend provide that a United States person who holds a Bearer Instrument or Coupon generally will not be allowed to deduct any loss realised on the sale, exchange or redemption of such Bearer Instrument or Coupon and any gain (which might otherwise be characterised as capital gain) recognised on such sale, exchange or redemption will be treated as ordinary income.
5. The listing of the Programme on the Official List of the U.K. Listing Authority and the admission for trading on the Market are both expected to take effect on or around 5 October 2010.
6. Save as disclosed on pages 60 – 61 of this Prospectus in respect of the litigation proceedings described in the sections entitled "Colombian litigation", "Turkish customs litigation", "SEC investigation" and "Korean Customs Litigation", Diageo Finance plc, Diageo Capital B.V. and Diageo and its subsidiaries are not, nor have been involved in any legal or arbitration proceedings (including any proceedings which are pending or threatened of which Diageo Finance plc, Diageo Capital B.V. or Diageo, as the case may be, are aware) which may have, or have had in the 12 months preceding the date of this document, a significant effect on the financial position of Diageo Finance plc, Diageo Capital B.V. or Diageo and its subsidiaries. The inherent uncertainty of litigation, including the uncertainty of estimating whether any settlement which may be entered into in the future will be on favourable terms, makes it difficult to quantify the outcome of the litigation disclosed on pages 60 – 61 of this Prospectus with certainty.

7. There has been no significant change in the financial or trading position of Diageo and its respective subsidiaries since 30 June 2010, the date of the last published annual accounts of Diageo and, there has been no material adverse change in the financial position or prospects of Diageo and its respective subsidiaries since 30 June 2010, the date of the last published annual accounts of Diageo.

There has been no significant change in the financial or trading position of Diageo Finance plc since 30 June 2009, the date of the last published annual accounts of Diageo Finance plc, and no material adverse change in the financial position or prospects of Diageo Finance plc since 30 June 2009, the date of the last published annual accounts of Diageo Finance plc.

There has been no significant change in the financial or trading position of Diageo Capital B.V. since 30 June 2009, the date of the last published annual accounts of Diageo Capital B.V. and no material adverse change in the financial position or prospects of Diageo Capital B.V. since 30 June 2009, the date of the last published annual accounts of Diageo Capital B.V..

8. Diageo and Diageo Finance plc have accounting year ends of 30 June. KPMG Audit Plc have been appointed as sole auditors of Diageo and Diageo Finance plc. The address of KPMG Audit Plc is 8 Salisbury Square, London, EC4Y 8BB.

The consolidated financial statements of Diageo in respect of the years ended 30 June 2010 and 30 June 2009 were audited, without qualification by KPMG Audit Plc, Chartered Accountants and Registered Auditors. The financial statements of Diageo Finance plc in respect of the years ended 30 June 2009 and 30 June 2008 were audited, without qualification by KPMG Audit Plc, Chartered Accountants and Registered Auditors.

Diageo Capital B.V. has an accounting year end of 30 June. On 7 November 2003 KPMG Accountants N.V. were appointed as auditors of Diageo Capital B.V. The business address of KPMG Accountants N.V. is Burg. Rijnderslaan 10-20, 1185 MC Amstelveen, the Netherlands. The financial statements of Diageo Capital B.V. in respect of the years ended 30 June 2009 and 30 June 2008 were audited, without qualification by KPMG Accountants N.V..

No other information referred to in this Prospectus has been audited either by KPMG Audit Plc or KPMG Accountants N.V..

9. The information sourced from Impact Databank as found on page 56 of this Prospectus in the fourth paragraph of the section entitled "Overview" has been accurately reproduced and as far as the Issuers and the Guarantor are aware and are able to ascertain from information published by Impact Databank, no facts have been omitted which would render the reproduced information inaccurate or misleading.

10. For so long as the Programme remains in effect or any Instruments shall be outstanding, copies of the following documents may be inspected during normal business hours at the specified offices of the Issue and Paying Agent for the time being in London and from the registered offices of the Issuers and the Guarantor, namely:

- (a) the constitutional documents of each of the Obligors;
- (b) this Prospectus together with any supplements and/or amendments;
- (c) the Issue and Paying Agency Agreement;
- (d) the Deed of Covenant;
- (e) the Guarantee;
- (f) the Dealership Agreement;

- (g) the audited annual financial statements (on a consolidated basis and including the auditor's report thereon and notes thereto) of Diageo in respect of the financial years ended 30 June 2010 and 30 June 2009;
 - (h) the audited annual financial statements (on an entity basis and including the auditor's report thereon and notes thereto) of Diageo Finance plc in respect of the financial years ended, 30 June 2009 and 30 June 2008 and Diageo Capital B.V. in respect of the financial years ended 30 June 2009 and 30 June 2008;
 - (i) the Annual Report and Accounts on Form 20-F of Diageo in respect of the year ended 30 June 2010 excluding the exhibits set out therein referred to as being incorporated by reference; and
 - (j) any Final Terms relating to Instruments which are listed on any stock exchange. (In the case of any Instruments which are not listed on any stock exchange, copies of the relevant Final Terms will only be available for inspection by a Holder of or, as the case may be, a Beneficiary (as defined in the Deed of Covenant) in respect of, such Instruments).
11. The price and amount of Instruments to be issued under the Programme will be determined by the Issuer and each relevant Dealer at the time of issue in accordance with prevailing market conditions.

REGISTERED OFFICES OF THE ISSUERS AND GUARANTOR

Diageo plc
Lakeside Drive
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London NW10 7HQ

Diageo Capital B.V.
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The Netherlands

Diageo Finance plc
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Park Royal
London NW10 7HQ

DEALERS

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Ciudad Grupo Santander
Edificio Encinar
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Barclays Bank PLC
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Canary Wharf
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Citigroup Global Markets Limited
Citigroup Centre
Canada Square
Canary Wharf
London E14 5LB

Credit Suisse Securities (Europe) Limited
One Cabot Square
London E14 4QJ

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Winchester House
1 Great Winchester Street
London EC2N 2DB

Goldman Sachs International
Peterborough Court
133 Fleet Street
London EC4A 2BB

HSBC Bank plc
8 Canada Square
London E14 5HQ

J.P. Morgan Securities Ltd.
125 London Wall
London EC2Y 5AJ

Merrill Lynch International
2 King Edward Street
London EC1A 1HQ

Morgan Stanley & Co. International plc
25 Cabot Square
Canary Wharf
London E14 4QA

Nomura International plc
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1 St Martin's-le-Grand
London EC1A 4NP

Standard Chartered Bank
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London EC2V 5DD

The Royal Bank of Scotland plc
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London EC2M 2PP

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