

EZZSTEEL REPORTS CONSOLIDATED Q1 2017 RESULTS

Cairo, 18 July 2017 – ezzsteel (EGX: ESRS; London Stock Exchange: AEZD), the largest independent producer of steel in the MENA region and market leader in Egypt, today announced its consolidated results for the period ending 31 March 2017. The audited results have been prepared in accordance with Egyptian Accounting Standards.

| Ke | Key highlights | | | | | | | | | |
|----|---|----------------|----------------|--------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| EG | P Mn | 04 0040 | 04 0047 | N-N 0((1)) | | | | | | |
| | | <u>Q1 2016</u> | <u>Q1 2017</u> | <u>YoY % (+/-)</u> | | | | | | |
| | Net sales | 4,967 | 8,113 | +63 | | | | | | |
| | Gross profit | 487 | 542 | +11 | | | | | | |
| | EBITDA* | 498 | 616 | +24 | | | | | | |
| | Net profit before tax and minority interest | (346) | (347) | | | | | | | |
| | Net profit after tax and minority interest | (137) | (521) | | | | | | | |
| | Earnings per share** | (0.25) | (0.98) | | | | | | | |
| | Net debt to equity | 2.47x | 2.04x | | | | | | | |

*EBITDA = sales – cost of goods sold – selling & marketing expense – G&A expense + depreciation and amortisation

**EPS = Net profit after tax & Minority Interest / No. of shares at the end of the period

Comment

Commenting on the results, Mr Paul Chekaiban, Chairman and Managing Director of ezzsteel, said:

"During the first quarter of 2017, ezzsteel suffered from a very low rate of utilization of its production capacities due to an acute shortage in working capital facilities deriving from the significant devaluation of the Egyptian currency. As a consequence, the tonnage of steel produced and sold fell short of absorbing all relevant costs which led to an overall negative bottom line."

"In the coming quarters, we expect to gradually cover our working capital gap which will substantially increase our total output and solidly consolidate our path towards a sustained recovery."

| For further information: | | |
|--------------------------|------------------|------------------|
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About ezzsteel

ezzsteel (formerly: Al Ezz Steel Rebars) is the largest independent steel producer in the Middle East and North Africa, and the Egyptian market leader, with a total actual capacity of 5.8 million tonnes of finished steel.

In 2016, the Company produced 3.3 million tonnes of long products (typically used in construction) and 944,000 tonnes of flat products (typically used in consumer / industrial goods). ezzsteel deploys the latest in modern steel-making technology and is committed to further increasing vertical integration across its plants, boosting operational flexibility.

Operational Review

All of the below financial breakdowns are based on ezzsteel's consolidated financials, which include the financial performance of ESR/ERM, EZDK and EFS.

Sales & Production

Consolidated net sales for Q1 2017 were EGP 8.1 billion, representing an increase of 63 per cent year on year. The increase in sales was largely due to a 346 per cent increase in flat sales revenues in the first quarter, compared to the same period in 2016. This development was driven by stronger international demand and better export conditions following the effective free float of the Egyptian currency. Additionally, long and flat sales prices grew both in the domestic and export market in the first quarter of 2017. Flat export prices gained the most momentum, reaching EGP 8,000 per ton, up 168 per cent from EGP 3,000 per ton in Q1 2017

| Sales after elimination | | | | |
|-------------------------|---------|-------|-------|--------------|
| EGPMn | ESR/ERM | EZDK | EFS | Consolidated |
| Long | 1,723 | 3,427 | 109 | 5,259 |
| Flat | - | 1,712 | 1,040 | 2,752 |
| Others | - | 80 | 22 | 102 |
| Total | 1,723 | 5,219 | 1,171 | 8,113 |

Long steel products accounted for EGP 5.3 billion, or 65 per cent of sales in Q1 2017, while flat steel products represented 34 per cent of sales at EGP 2.7 billion. Long product exports accounted for 8 per cent of total long sales, up from less than 1 per cent in Q1 2016. Flat product exports accounted for 64 per cent of total flat sales.

| Sales Value | | | | |
|-------------|----------|----------|--------|----------|
| EGPMn | Domestic | per cent | Export | per cent |
| Long | 4,843 | 92% | 416 | 8% |
| Flat | 1,002 | 36% | 1,750 | 64% |

Long sales volumes were 673 thousand tonnes during Q1 2017, 34 per cent lower than the 1 million tonnes sold during the same period last year.

Flat sales volumes rose by 89 per cent to reach 321 thousand tonnes in Q1 2017, with production having stabilised due to the better export conditions following the effective free float of the Egyptian currency and increased domestic and international demand.

The group's consolidated sales volumes totalled 995 thousand tonnes in Q1 2017, a decrease of 16 per cent from the 1.19 million tonnes sold in Q1 2016.

The contributions of ESR/ERM, EZDK and EFS to the consolidated net sales for the period ending 31 March 2017 were 21 per cent, 65 per cent, and 14 per cent respectively.

Long steel production volumes totalled 777 thousand tonnes during Q1 2017, down 8 per cent compared to Q1 2016. Flat steel production volumes increased by 107 per cent to 325 thousand tonnes for the period, compared to 157 thousand tonnes in the previous year.

Cost of Goods Sold

Consolidated Cost of Goods Sold for Q1 2017 represented 93 per cent of sales, reflecting a decrease in gross profit margin from 10 per cent in Q1 2016 to 7 per cent in Q1 2017.

While EZDK managed to improve its COGS/Sales margin by more than 3 per cent to 88 per cent, EFS's Cost of Goods Sold for the first quarter 2017 was at 121 per cent – a similar level as seen in 2015. This reflects the weaker capacity utilisation at the facility.

| | St | tandalone figure | s | Consolidated |
|------------|---------|------------------|-------|--------------|
| EGPMn | ESR/ERM | EZDK | EFS | ezzsteel |
| Sales | 2,707 | 5,276 | 1,174 | 8,113 |
| COGS | 2,580 | 4,657 | 1,415 | 7,572 |
| COGS/Sales | 95% | 88% | 121% | 93% |

Gross profit

Gross profit of EGP 542 million was recorded for Q1 2017, an increase of 11 per cent from the EGP 487 million recorded in Q1 2016.

EBITDA

EBITDA for Q1 2017 amounted to EGP 616 million, representing an increase of 24 per cent from EGP 498 million in Q1 2016.

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In Q1 2017, ezzsteel had tax liabilities of EGP 146 million.

Net result after tax and minority interests

Net result after tax and minority interests recorded a loss of EGP 521 million for Q1 2017.

Liquidity and capital resources

At the end of the period, ezzsteel had cash on hand of EGP 4.64 billion and net debt of EGP 19.7 billion. The company has a gearing of Net Debt / Equity of 2.04 times.

Outlook

"In the coming quarters, we expect to gradually cover our working capital gap which will substantially increase our total output and solidly consolidate our path towards a sustained recovery."

Divisional Overview

| EZDK Sales (EGP): | Q1 2016 | Q1 2017 | |
|-------------------------|---------|---------|------------|
| Value: | 2,731 | 5,276 | Mn |
| Volume: | | | |
| Long: | 495,309 | 446,244 | Tonnes |
| Flat: | 169,936 | 197,523 | Tonnes |
| Exports as % of Sales: | | | |
| Long: | 1 | 12 | |
| Flat: | 28 | 54 | |
| EBITDA: | 252 | 620 | Mn |
| Production: | : | | : |
| Long Products: | 416,549 | 516,739 | Tonnes |
| Flat Products: | 155,933 | 178,136 | |
| Billets: | 408,598 | 549,948 | |
| | | | |
| ESR/ERM Sales (EGP): | | | - - |
| Value: | 1,464 | 2,707 | |
| Volume: | 344,354 | 225,578 | Tonnes |
| Exports as % of Sales: | - : | - | |
| EBITDA: | 180 | 106 | Mn |
| Production: | | | |
| Long Products: | 284,070 | 245,277 | · |
| Billets: | 71,430 | 185,530 | Tonnes |
| EFS Sales (EGP): | | | |
| Value: | 780 | 1,174 | Mn |
| Volume: | | | |
| Long: | 181,576 | 14,010 | Tonnes |
| Flat: | - | 124,180 | Tonnes |
| Exports as % of Sales: | | | |
| Long: | - | - | |
| Flat: | - | 89 | |
| EBITDA: | 63 | (146) | Mn |
| Production: | | | |
| Long Products: | 142,367 | 14,844 | Tonnes |
| Flat Products: | 1,298 | 147,354 | |
| Billets: | 128,136 | | Tonnes |

Disclaimer:

This press release is issued by ezzsteel (formerly: AI Ezz Steel Rebars S.A.E.) the "Company". in connection with the disclosure of the Company's financial results for the 3 month period ending 31 March 2017. This press release includes forward-looking statements. These forward looking statements include all matters that are not historical facts. In particular, the statements regarding the Company's strategy, the expected strength of demand for long and flat products in Egypt and in regional and international markets, and other future events or prospects are forward looking statements. Recipients of this document should not place undue reliance on forward looking statements because they involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors that are in many cases beyond the control of the Company. By their nature, forward looking statements involve risks and uncertainties because they relate to events and depend on circumstances that may or may not occur in the future. Forward-looking statements are not guarantees of future performance and the Company's actual results of operations, financial condition and liquidity, and the development of the industry in which the Company operates may differ materially from those expressed in or implied by the forward-looking statements contained in this document. The cautionary statements set forth above should be considered in connection with any subsequent written or oral forward-looking statements that the Company, or persons acting on its behalf, may issue. Various factors could cause actual results to differ materially from those expressed or implied by the forward-looking statements in this document including worldwide economic trends, global and regional trends in the steel industry, the economic and political climate of Egypt and the Middle East and changes in the business strategy of the Company and various other factors. These forward-looking statements reflect the Company's judgment at the date of this document and are not intended to give any assurances as to future results. The Company undertakes no obligation to update these forward-looking statements, and it will not publicly release any revisions it may make to these forward-looking statements that may result from events or circumstances arising after the date of this document. None of ezzsteel, any of its directors, officers or employees or any other person can give any assurance regarding the future accuracy of the information set forth herein or as to the actual occurrence of any predicted developments. Furthermore, none of such parties shall assume, and each of them expressly disclaims, any obligation (except as required by law or the rules of the ESE, the LSE or the FCA) to update any forward-looking statements or to conform these forward-looking statements to ezzsteel's actual results.

Translation from Arabic

Ezz Steel Company (An Egyptian Joint Stock Company)

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Consolidated Interim Financial Statements <u>For Three Months Ended March 31, 2017</u> <u>And Limited Review Report</u>

Translation from Arabic

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Consolidated Interim Financial Statements For the Three Months Ended March 31, 2017 And Limited Review Report

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Hazem Hassan

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Limited Review Report on Consolidated Interim Financial Statements <u>To The Board of Directors of Ezz Steel Company</u>

Introduction

We have performed a limited review on the accompanying consolidated statement of financial position of Ezz Steel Company "an Egyptian joint stock company" as of March 31, 2017 and the related consolidated statements of income, comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows for the three months then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory notes. Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these interim financial statements in accordance with Egyptian Accounting Standards. Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on these interim financial statements based on our limited review.

Scope of Limited Review

We conducted our limited review in accordance with Egyptian Standard on Review Engagements no. 2410, "Limited Review of Interim Financial Statements Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity." A limited review of interim financial statements consists of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters in the Company, and applying analytical and other limited review procedures. A limited review is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with Egyptian Standards on Auditing and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion on these consolidated interim financial statements.

Conclusion

Based on our limited review, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the accompanying consolidated interim financial statements do not present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of the Company as of March 31, 2017 and of its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the three months then ended in accordance with Egyptian Accounting Standards.



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Emphasis of matters

Without qualifying our conclusion, we draw attention to the followings:

1- As explained in note no. (36-1) of the notes to the consolidated interim financial statements, Al-Ezz Rolling Mills Company and Al-Ezz Flat Steel Company (subsidiaries of Al Ezz Steel Company) obtained two licenses from the Industrial Development Authority to produce sponge iron and billet included within the group of the licenses the Authority has given to the qualified companies in Egypt for free. However, Al-Ezz Rolling Mills Company started the establishment of a factory for the production of sponge iron, while Al-Ezz Flat Steel Company did not start any projects to make use of the license.

The said subject was referred to the criminal court to claim the payment of fees related to these licenses in addition to any penalties that may be imposed by the court. On September 15, 2011, the court issued a ruling whose pronouncement included imposing penalties on the former chairman of Ezz Steel Company and the former chairman of the Industrial Development Authority jointly with an amount of L.E 660 Million, and the withdrawal of the two licenses granted to each of Al-Ezz Rolling Mills Company and Al-Ezz Flat Steel Company. The company's management has taken procedures to revoke the ruling with all its consequences resulting there from.

During the court session held on December 20, 2012, the court of cassation issued its ruling to the effect of cassating the appealed against ruling and referring the lawsuit to another circuit for consideration, which means revoking the previous ruling. A court session was set on April 6, 2013 to consider the lawsuit before the court to which it was referred to, and the court session was delayed to December 5, 2013 then the said case was adjourned to overturn the judgment issued by the lower court due to the fact that the administration of justice in this regard. The legal Advisor of the group was of the opinion that the cancelation of the abovementioned judgment means carrying out retrial proceedings.

Accordingly, the court case was deliberated in several sessions before the retrial court circuit and a pleading session was set to be considered on September 6, 2017 to finalize the required procedures for settlement. Currently, it is difficult in the meantime to determine the final outcome that may arise from such lawsuit until a final ruling is issued by the legal bodies in this regard.

2- As explained in note no. (34-3-1) of the notes to the consolidated interim financial statements, the tax claims due from Al Ezz El Dekheila for Steel – Alexandria Company (subsidiary company) – amounted to LE 219 million according to the forms received from the Tax Authority on February 17, 2011 concerning the tax imposed on the flat steel project which has previously enjoyed a tax exemption for the years 2000 – 2004.

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Translation from Arabic

The subsidiary's management opinion is that the tax inspection was previously made for the company pertaining to these years, and an agreement was reached in the Internal Committee, while the disputed point pertaining to the cancellation of the development duty on the exempted movable tax base was referred to the Appeal Committee which issued a resolution on June 12, 2010 to the effect of cancelling the development duty imposed on the exempted movable tax base, while the other tax bases shall remain exempted for the disputed years. The due tax was paid in full as per the resolution of the Internal Committee; accordingly the dispute amicably came to an end and became final and decisive.

The subsidiary's management and its legal advisor are of the opinion that the company's tax position is stable as the resolution of the Appeal Committee supported the company and the company's position became indisputable from the legal point of view. Subsequently, the Tax Authority cannot dispute with the company about these years once again. The company filed a lawsuit of discharge from any indebtedness before the court under No. 405 of the year 2011.

Al Ezz El Dekheila for Steel - Alexandria (EZDK) Company reached an agreement with the Tax Authority to cancel the administrative attachment imposed on the company as a result of the above mentioned dispute during September and October 2011 against paying LE 50 million, and settle the remaining tax claims amounting to LE 169.3 million on 24 installments. The first installment amounting to LE 8.3 million fell due in November 2011, while the remaining due amount shall be paid on 23 monthly installments at LE 7 million each, in addition to the delay interest on the amount paid on installments. The paid amounts are LE 254.2 million, including delay interest amounting to LE 35 million.

The subsidiary is of the opinion that this procedure shall not change the legal & tax position of the company as it reserves its right to reimburse what has been paid immediately upon the issuance of a court ruling pertaining to lawsuit No.405 of 2011. A ruling was issued on March 25, 2012 to the effect of lack of jurisdiction and the lawsuit is referred to the Alexandria Court of first instance No.963 of 2012 total tax, At the court session held on November 24, 2012 Alexandria First Instance Court issued its ruling to the effect of delegating an expert in the lawsuit, in the session held on March 26, 2016 court ruled lack of jurisdiction and transfer the dispute to Alexandria implementation court, the company appealed on this rule no. 144 for year 72 J, although the ministry of finance appealed as well appeal no. 142 for the year 72 J, both appeals were joined for one ruling on August 3, 2016 session, the court canceled the appeal and returned the case to first degree court with different committee to adjudicate once more and the Alexandria Primary Court ruled in the session held on May 31, 2017 with lack of jurisdiction and referred the case to the Administrative Court and court hasn't set a date for the case yet.

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As explained in note no. (29-1) and note no. (37-2) of the notes to the consolidated interim financial statements, there is a dispute raised between Al Ezz El Dekheila for Steel - Alexandria (EZDK) company and the Sales Tax Authority about the amount of the additional tax on materials stevedoring category amounting to LE 127.5 million till June 28, 2012. On October 3, 2012, the company paid the principal tax amounting to LE 104 million along with its right to maintain a reservation on the settlement until the Sales Tax Authority ceases all the actions taken against Alexandria Port Authority which in its turn shall cease all the actions taken against the subsidiary including the lift of attachment on the subsidiary's balances at the various banks.

The Sales Tax Authority is of the opinion that there is a necessity to be committed to the settlement of the additional tax in order to cease all the procedures that were previously mentioned. However, the company's management paid an amount of LE 127.5 million of the additional tax claimed by virtue of post-dated checks starting from December 31, 2012 for one year, along with its right to maintain a reservation on the settlement, Accordingly, Alexandria Port Authority notified the banks to lift the administrative attachment imposed on the Company's balances at the banks in favor of the Port Authority.

Based on the opinion of its tax advisor, the subsidiary company's management is of the opinion that Alexandria Port Authority is not entitled to claim the Company to pay sales tax in return for usufruct of the equipment of mining ores dock related to the handling of ores in El – Dekheila Port, the occupation of the yards allocated for this purpose and carrying out the works of operation and maintenance necessary for such equipment due to the fact that they are not subjected to sales tax. Furthermore, the payment of such amount or amounts by the company to Alexandria Port Authority, either at the present time or in the future, as a tax in return for the same service, does not mean its approval of subjecting the service to taxation along with the continuity of legal proceedings taken by the company to confirm the fact that such service is not subject to sales tax.

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KPMG Hazem Hassan Public Accountants & Consultants

KPMG Hazem Hassan Public Accountants and Consultants

Cairo, July 17, 2017

Ézz Steel Company <u>(An Egyptian Joint Stock Company)</u>

Consolidated Statement of Financial Position as at:

| Non Current Assets | Note <u>No.</u> | 31/3/2017 <u>LE(000)</u> | 31/12/2016 <u>LE(000)</u> |
|---|--------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Fixed assets (net) | | | |
| Projects under construction | (10-1) | 27 829 950 | 28 144 636 |
| Investments in associates | (11) | 703 482 | 609 178 |
| Available-for-sale investments | (12-1) | 115 | 115 |
| Deferred tax assets | (12-2) | 109 880 | 109 880 |
| Long term lending to others | (30-1) | 2 579 423 | 2 719 242 |
| Other assets | (13) | 36 741 | 37 419 |
| Goodwill | (14) | 30 315 | 30 315 |
| Total non current assets | (38-9) | 315 214 | 315 214 |
| Current Assets | - | 31 605 120 | 31 965 999 |
| Inventory | | | |
| • | (15) | 7 204 394 | 6 131 422 |
| Trade and notes receivable (net) | (16) | 317 117 | 287 324 |
| Debtors and other debit balances (net) | (17) | 2 881 935 | 2 595 637 |
| Suppliers - advance payments (net) | | 398 992 | 168 831 |
| Investments in treasury bills | (38-8) | 37 601 | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | (19) | | 11 974 |
| Total current assets | (19) - | 4 636 175 | 5 104 712 |
| Total Assets | - | <u> </u> | 14 299 900 |
| | - | <u> </u> | <u>46 265 899</u> |
| Shareholders' Equity | | | |
| Issued and paid - up capital | (20-2) | 2 716 325 | 2716225 |
| Reserves | (21) | 182 090 | 2 716 325 |
| Modification surplus of fixed assets | (10-2) | 2 253 489 | 182 090 2 297 341 |
| Retained losses | | (2 444 587) | (1 967 635) |
| Treasury stocks | (22) | (71 921) | (71 921) |
| Foreign entites translation reserve | | 4 009 795 | 4 061 344 |
| Total holding company shareholders' equity | _ | 6 645 191 | 7 217 544 |
| Non-controlling interest | | 2 988 206 | 2 979 278 |
| Total Shareholders' equity | | 9 633 397 | 10 196 822 |
| <u>Liabilities</u> | | | |
| Non Current Liabilities | | | |
| Long-term loans | (27) | 9 373 420 | 0.004.074 |
| Long-term liabilities | (29) | 828 402 | 9 234 971 |
| Deferred tax liabilities | (30-1) | 3 693 734 | 831 238 |
| Total non current liabilities | | 13 895 556 | <u>3 700 847</u> 13 767 056 |
| | _ | 10 000 000 | 13 /07 030 |
| Current Liabilities | | | |
| Banks - overdraft | | 1 074 | <i>20</i> 0 - 0 |
| Loan installments and credit facilities due within one year | (27) | 1 874 | 60 070 |
| rade and notes payable | (23) | 14 955 212 4 955 528 | 14 916 461 |
| Trade receivables - advance payments | (23) | 1 996 764 | 4 467 327 |
| Creditors and other credit balances | (24) | 1 998 784 | 1 243 424 |
| Income tax | ~= • / | 10 637 | 1 390 308 3 267 |
| Liability of the supplementary pension scheme | (25) | 4 974 | 3 267 4 673 |
| Provisions | (26) | 221 988 | 4 673 216 491 |
| Total current liabilities | <u> </u> | 23 552 381 | 22 302 021 |
| Total liabilities | | 37 447 937 | 36 069 077 |
| Total shareholders equity and liabilities | | 47 081 334 | 46 265 899 |
| | | | |

The accompanying notes from No. (1) to No. (38) form an integral part of these consolidated interim financial statements.

Chairman & Managing Director Sadpaur Philipe Chekaiban P.P. 1 Labo شركة Ezz Steel Co. S.A.E ()

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<u>Consolidated Statement of Income</u> For The Three Months Ended 31 March:

| | Note <u>No.</u> | 2017 <u>LE(000)</u> | 2016 <u>LE(000)</u> |
|--|--------------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| Sales (net) | (38-18) | 8 113 269 | 4 966 683 |
| Less : | | | · |
| Cost of sales | (3) | (7 571 718) | (4 479 523) |
| Gross profit | | 541 551 | 487 160 |
| Add (Less): | | | |
| Other operating revenues | (4) | 16 201 | 15 927 |
| Selling and marketing expenses | (5) | (71486) | (32 131) |
| Administrative and general expenses | (6) | (208 884) | (151 903) |
| Other operating expenses | (7) | (28 364) | (9 151) |
| Operating profit | | 249 018 | 309 902 |
| Add (Less): | | | |
| Finance income | (8) | 111 265 | 74 418 |
| Finance cost | (8) | (802 886) | (363 609) |
| Foreign currency exchange differences gains / (losses) | (8) | 95 526 | (366 633) |
| Net finance costs | | (596 095) | (655 824) |
| Net loss for the period before income tax | | (347 077) | (345 922) |
| (Less) Add: | | | |
| Income tax | | (10 637) | (* 5 123) |
| Deferred tax | (30-2) | (135 181) | 115 723 |
| Net loss for the period | | (492 895) | (235 322) |
| Attributable to: | | | |
| Owners of the company | | (520 804) | (136 896) |
| Non-controlling interest | | 27 909 | (98 426) |
| Net loss for the period | . <u> </u> | (492 895) | (235 322) |
| Basic loss per share for the period (LE/share) | (9) | (0.98) | (0.26) |

The accompanying notes from No. (1) to No. (38) form an integral part of these consolidated interim financial statements.

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<u>Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income</u> <u>For The Three Months Ended 31 March:</u>

| | Note <u>No.</u> | 2017 <u>LE(000)</u> | 2016 <u>LE(000)</u> |
|---|--------------------|------------------------|--|
| Net loss for the period | | (492 895) | (235 322) |
| Add/(less): Realized portion of modification surplus of fixed assets (transferred to retained earnings during the period) | (10-2) | (62 113) | |
| Translation differences of foreign entities | | (70 530) | 481 012 |
| Total comprehensive income | <u> </u> | (625 538) | 245 690 |
| Attributable to: | | | ······································ |
| Owners of the company | | (616 205) | 217 774 |
| Non-controlling interest | | (9 333) | 27 916 |
| Net comorehensive income for the period after income tax | | (625 538) | 245 690 |

The accompanying notes from No. (1) to No. (38) form an integral part of these consolidated interim financial statements.

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For The Three Months Ended March 31, 2017 Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity

Total

| | | | Modification | | Foreign entites | | holding company | Non- | Total |
|--|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|------------------|
| | | | surplus of | Retaíned | translation | Treasury | Shareholders | controlling | shareholders' |
| | Capital | Reserves | fixed assets | losses | reserve | stocks | Equity | interest | equity |
| | <u>LE (000)</u> | (000) <u>TT</u> | <u>ILE (000)</u> |
| Balance as of 1/1/2016 | 2716325 | 182 090 | i | (58 018) | 529 438 | (11 921) | 3 297 914 | 1 483 758 | 4 781 672 |
| <u>Comprehensive income</u> | • • | | | | | . , | | | |
| Net loss for the period | | | ŀ | (136 896) | 1 | Ļ | 136 896) | (08 476) | 1 935 3991 |
| Foreign entites translation differences | | I | ŀ | ŀ | 354 670 | ļ | 354 670 | 126 342 | (776 667) |
| Totał comprehensive income | | 1 | ŀ | (136896) | 354 670 | I, | 217 774 | 27 916 | 245 690 |
| Transactions with company's shareholders | I | 1 | ł | [| l | ļ | ļ | , 1 | |
| Balance as of 31/3/2016 | 2 716 325 | 182 090 | | (194914) | 884 108 | (11 921) | 3 515 688 | 1511 674 | 5 027 362 |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| Balance as of 1/1/2017 | 2 716 325 | 182 090 | 2 297 341 | (1967635) | 4 061 344 | (126 17) | 7 217 544 | 2 979 278 | 10 196 822 |
| <u>Comprehensive income items</u> | | | | | | | | | |
| Net loss for the period | I | I | ŀ | (520 804) | ļ | l | (520 804) | 27 909 | (492 895) |
| Realized portion of modification surplus of fixed assets (transferred to retained earnings during the period) | | | (43 852) | ! | 1 | Ļ | (43 852) | (18 261) | (62 113) |
| Foreign entites translation differences | 1 | 1 | ŀ | I | (51 549) | l <u>.</u> | (51 549) | (18981) | (10 530) |
| Total comprehensive income | 1 | 1 | (43 852) | (520 804) | (51 549) | | (616 205) | (66.6) | (625 538) |
| Realized portion of modification surplus of fixed assets (transferred to retained earnings during the period) |] | 1 | ŀ | 43 852 | 1 | | 43 852 | 18 261 | 62 113 |
| Transactions with company's shareholders | 1 | 1 | · J. | 1 | | | | ŀ | |
| Balance as of 31/3/2017 | 2 716 325 | 182 090 | 2 253 489 | (2 444 587) | 4 009 795 | (11921) | 6 645 191 | 2 988 206 | 9 633 397 |
| | | | | | | | | | |

The accompanying notes from No. (1) to No. (38) form an integral part of these consolidated interim financial statements.

Ezz Steel Company (An Egyptian Joint Stock Company)

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Consolidated Statement of Cash flows For The Three Months Ended 31 March:

| | n | Note <u>No.</u> | 2017 <u>LE(000)</u> | 2016 <u>LE(000)</u> |
|-------|---|--------------------|------------------------------------|--|
| | | - 10- | <u></u> | |
| | Net loss for the period before income tax | | (347 077) | (345 922) |
| | <u>Autosiments to reconcile net loss to net cash</u> | | | 、, |
| 711 | provided by operating activities | | | |
| | Depreciation | (10-1) | 354 787 | 194 960 |
| 11 | | . , | (629) | (551) |
| | Capital lease expense charged to income statement Provisions formed during the period | (28) | 9 910 | |
| | Provisions no longer required | (7) | 6 000 | 4 000 |
| 14 | Capital losses (gains) | (4) | (129) | _ |
| | Interest & finance expenses | (7) | 103 | (4948) |
| Es | Present value difference of long term lending | (8) | 802 886 | 363 609 |
| | Differences resulting from the change in liability of the supplementary pension scheme | | (634) | (568) |
| . Mit | Foreign currency exchange differences | (25) | 1 726 | 3 190 |
| £ A | | - | <u>(95 569)</u> 731 374 | 397 977 |
| | Changes in working capital | | /31/3/4 | 611 747 |
| ER | Inventory | | | |
| | Trade receivables, debtors and other debit balances | | (1073258) | 1 497 000 |
| EII. | Trade payables, creditors and other credit balances | | (179 689) | 106 553 |
| | Liability of the supplementary pension scheme | | 1 060 055 | (1045173) |
| B) (8 | Net cash provided by operating activities | - | <u>815</u> 539 297 | 1 026 |
| | Used provisions | (26) | (374) | 1 171 153 |
| | Income tax paid | (20) | (476) | |
| | Interest paid | | (721 101) | (310 761) |
| | Net cash flows (used in) provided by operating activities | _ | (182 654) | 860 392 |
| | | _ | | ······································ |
| | Cash flows from investing activities | | | |
| | Payments for purchase of fixed assets and projects under construction | | (324 889) | (234 728) |
| 30 | Payments for purchase of financial investment (treasury bills) | | (35723) | (24 996) |
| | Proceeds from reclaim of financial investment (treasury bills) | | 10 725 | 24 950 |
| LSE | Proceeds from sale of fixed assets | | 8 | 4 948 |
| | Payments for sales tax authotity - installment of capital goods Payments for lending employees | | . , | (950) |
| 181 | Proceeds from lending employees | | (7447) | (7104) |
| | Net cash used in investing activities | _ | 7 436 | 6 312 |
| e. | | | (349 890) | (231 568) |
| lk - | Cash flows from financing activities | | | |
| - | Net proceeds from credit facilities | | 37 249 | (497 940) |
| | Payments for long term liabilities proceeds from blocked time-deposits and surrent economic still and it | | (10) | (6) |
| | proceeds from blocked time-deposits and current accounts aginst the medium term finance agreement | | 164 566 | 96 310 |
| (Q.: | Payments for loans | | (407 000) | |
| | Proceeds from loans | | (407 333) | (276 951) |
| | Capital lease payments | | 488 844 (6627) | 55 683 |
| | Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities | | 276 689 | (622 904) |
| 1 | | | _/0 007 | 022 904) |
| | Change in cash and cash equivalents during the period | | (255 855) | 5 920 |
| | Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period | (19) | 2 598 427 | 1 647 865 |
| | Translation differences of financial statement of foreign entities Cash and cash equivalents at the anding of the main l | | 2 081 | 4 649 |
| | Cash and cash equivalents at the ending of the period | (19) | 2 344 653 | 1 658 434 |
| | The accompanying notes from No. (1) to No. (28) form on interval | | | |
| | The accompanying notes from No. (1) to No. (38) form an integral part of these consolidated | d interim fi | nancial statements | • |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |

Ezz Steel Company (An Egyptian Joint Stock Company)

Notes To The Consolidated Interim Financial Statements For The Three Months Ended March 31, 2017

1. <u>BACKGROUND</u>

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- Al Ezz Steel Rebars Company "an Egyptian Joint Stock Company" was established under the provisions of Law No. 159 of 1981, and was registered in the Commercial Register in Menofia Governorate under No. 472 on April 2, 1994. The preliminary establishment contract and the Company's statute were published in the Companies' Gazette issue No. 231 of April 1994. The Company is located in Sadat City.
- The Extra-ordinary General Assembly in its meeting dated October 3, 2009 approved to change the Company's name to "Ezz Steel", this amendment was registered in the Commercial Registry on November 1, 2009.
- The Company is located in 35 Lebnon street- El Mohandseen Cairo Arab Republic of Egypt.
- Chairman is Mr. / Paul Philipe Chekaiban.
- The company is a subsidiary company- of Al Ezz Group Holding Company for Industry & Investment "Ezz Industries Group" which contributed in the Company's capital by 65.36%.
- The nominal shares of the company are being traded in the Egyptian stock exchange and London stock exchange.

Subsidiaries

Al Ezz Rolling Mills Company (ERM) – previously named Al Ezz Steel Mills Company (ESM) – an Egyptian joint Stock Company - was established in 1986 under law no. 43 of 1974, which was replaced by law no. 8 of 1997.

AI Ezz El Dekheila for Steel - Alexandria (EZDK) - an Egyptian Joint Stock Company was established in 1982 as a joint Investment Company under law no. 43 of 1974 which was replaced by law no. 8 of 1997.

Al Ezz El Dekheila for Steel - Alexandria (EZDK) has the following subsidiaries:

Al Ezz Flat Steel Company (EFS) - an Egyptian Joint Stock Company - was established in 1998 under the provisions of the Investment Guarantees and Incentives law No. 8 of 1997.

Iron for Industrial, Trading and Constructing Steel Company (Contra Steel) – was established according to the decree of the specialized committee in the Ministry of Economy and Foreign Trade (corporate fine) under the provisions of law No. 159 of 1981.

Misr for Pipes & Casting Industry Company – was established in August 29, 1992 under the provisions of law No. 159 of 1981.

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The Purpose of the Company & Its Subsidiaries

The Company and its subsidiaries purpose is manufacturing, trading and distribution of iron and steel products of all kinds and associated products and services.

The following is an analysis of investments in the subsidiary Companies of Ezz Steel Company which are included in the consolidated interim financial statements:

| | <u>31/3/2017</u> Percentage <u>Share</u> % | <u>31/12/2016</u> Percentage <u>Share</u> % |
|---|---|--|
| Al Ezz Rolling Mills Company (ERM) | 98.91 Direct | 98.91 Direct |
| Al Ezz El Dekheila For Steel - Alexandria (EZDK) | 54.59 Direct | 54.59 Direct |
| Al Ezz Flat Steel (EFS) | 71.07 | 71.07 |
| | (Direct & Indirect) | (Direct & Indirect) |
| | Through Al Ezz El | Through Al Ezz El |
| | Dekheila | Dekheila |
| Iron for Industrial, Trading and Constructing Steel | 49.13 | 49.13 |
| Company (Contra Steel) | (Indirect) Through | (Indirect) Through |
| | Al Ezz El Dekheila | Al Ezz El Dekheila |
| Misr for Pipes & Casting Industry Company | 47.49 | 47.49 |
| | (Indirect) Through | (Indirect) Through |
| | Al Ezz El Dekheila | Al Ezz El Dekheila |

Issuance of consolidated interim financial statements

- These consolidated interim financial statements were approved by the company's BOD for issuance on July 17, 2017.

2. Basis For The Preparation of The consolidated interim financial statements

2.1 Statement of compliance

These consolidated interim financial statement has been prepared in accordance with Egyptian Accounting Standard and in light of Egyptian laws and regulations.

2.2 Basis of measurement

These consolidated interim financial statements are prepared on the historical cost convention, except for assets and liabilities which are measured at fair value.

During 2016, the Group's management adopted the special accounting treatment stated in annex (A) of the modified Egyptian Accounting Standard no. (13) as amended in 2015 "The Effects of Changes in Foreign Exchange Rates", the cost and accumulated depreciation of some fixed assets categories are modified using modification factors which are stated in the above-mentioned annex, as described in details in note no. (38-2).

2.3 Functional and presentation currency

These consolidated interim financial statements are presented in thousands of Egyptian pound.

2.4 Use of estimates and judgments

The preparation of the consolidated interim financial statements in conformity with Egyptian Accounting Standards requires the management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of policies and reported amounts of assets and liabilities, income and expenses and the actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and various other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the current circumstances, the results of which form the basis of making the judgments about the carrying values of assets and liabilities. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on a going basis. Any differences to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimate is revised if these differences affects the period of the revision and future periods then these differences are recognized in the period of the revision and future periods.

And the following represents the most significant items in which assumption and professional judgment has been made:

- Impairment loss on assets.
- Recognition of deferred tax assets.
- Contingencies and Provisions.
- Operational useful life of fixed assets.

2.5 Fair value measurement

The fair value of financial instruments is determined based on the market value of financial instruments or similar financial instruments at the date of the separate interim financial statements without deducting any estimated future costs of sale. Financial assets values are determined at current prices for the purchase of those assets, while determining the value of financial liabilities at the current prices, which would settle those commitments.

In the absence of an active market to determine the fair value of financial instruments, the fair value is estimated using various valuation techniques, taking into account recent transactions prices, guided by the current fair value of other substantially similar instruments - discounted cash flow method - or any other methods to produce reliable results.

When using the discounted cash flow method as a method of evaluation, future cash flows are estimated based on the best estimate of the management. Discount rate used is determined in the light of the prevailing market price at the date of the consolidated interim financial statements for financial instruments similar in nature and terms.

2.6 Basis of consolidation

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- The consolidated interim financial statements include assets, liabilities and result of operations of Ezz Steel Company (Holding Company) and all subsidiary companies which are controlled by the Holding Company, the Company controls an entity when it is exposed to, or has right to, variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has ability to affect those returns through its power over the investee.
- All inter-Company balances, transactions and unrealized profits were eliminated.
- Non-controlling interest in the net equity and in net earnings of subsidiary companies are included in a separate item "non-controlling interest" in the consolidated interim financial statements, and is calculated to be equivalent to their share in the carrying amount of the subsidiaries net assets at the date of the consolidated interim financial statements. Non-controlling share in profits and losses of the subsidiary companies are included in a separate line item in the consolidated statement of income.
- The provided profit and losses from acquisition or selling shares from non-controlling interest without changing of the Mother Company's control, its directly recorded in shareholders' equity.

3. COST OF SALES

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| | | For the three months | ended 31 March: |
|--|------------|----------------------|-----------------|
| | Note | 2017 | 2016 |
| | <u>No.</u> | <u>LE (000)</u> | <u>LE (000)</u> |
| Raw Materials | | 5 504 069 | 2 576 157 |
| Salaries & Wages | | 332 861 | 261 880 |
| Fixed assets depreciation | (10-1) | 345 297 | 188 726 |
| Supplementary pension scheme cost | | 1 139 | 2 112 |
| Manufacturing overhead expenses | | 2 152 296 | 473 648 |
| Manufacturing cost | | 8 335 662 | 3 502 523 |
| Change in inventory – finished product and work in process | • | (763 944) | 977 000 |
| | | 7 571 718 | 4 479 523 |

4. OTHER OPERATING REVENUES

| | Note | For the three months | ended 31 March: |
|------------------------------|------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| | <u>No.</u> | 2017 <u>LE (000)</u> | 2016 <u>LE (000)</u> |
| Provision no longer required | (26) | 129 | - |
| Capital gain | | - | 4 948 |
| Other revenues | | 16 072 | 10 979 |
| | | 16 201 | 15 927 |

5. <u>SELLING & MARKETING EXPENSES</u>

| |] | For the three month | <u>is ended 31 March:</u> |
|-----------------------------------|--------------------|-------------------------|---------------------------|
| | Note <u>No.</u> | 2017 <u>LE (000)</u> | 2016 <u>LE (000)</u> |
| Salaries & Wages | | 18 694 | 15 150 |
| Advertising | | 6 278 | 1 607 |
| Fixed assets depreciation | (10-1) | 2 130 | 1 339 |
| Supplementary pension scheme cost | | 95 | 176 |
| Other expenses | | 44 289 | 13 859 |
| × | | 71 486 | 32 131 |

6. ADMINISTRATIVE & GENERAL EXPENSES

| | ļ | For the three month | s ended 31 March: |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------|-------------------------|------------------------------------|
| | Note <u>No.</u> | 2017 <u>LE (000)</u> | 2016 <u>LE (000)</u> |
| Salaries & Wages | | 128 334 | 105 159 |
| Spare parts and maintenance expenses | | 10 575 | 2 071 |
| Fixed assets depreciation | (10-1) | 7 360 | 4 895 |
| Supplementary pension scheme cost | | 492 | 902 |
| Other expenses | | 62 123 | 38 876 |
| - | - | 208 884 | 151 903 |

OTHER OPERATING EXPENSES

| | Note | For the three months | ee months ended 31 March: | |
|-------------------------------------|------|-------------------------|---------------------------|--|
| | No. | 2017 <u>LE (000)</u> | 2016 <u>LE (000)</u> | |
| Capital losses | | 103 | ~ | |
| Donations | | 5 261 | 4 655 | |
| Formed provisions during the period | (26) | 6 000 | 4 000 | |
| Others expenses | | 17 000 | 496 | |
| | | 28 364 | 9 151 | |

8. FINANCE INCOME AND COST

| | For the three months | s ended 31 March: |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------|-------------------|
| | 2017 LE (0 <u>00</u>) | 2016 LE (000) |
| | | <u>DE (000)</u> |
| Finance income | | |
| Finance and interest income | 111 265 | 74 418 |
| Total finance income | 111 265 | 74 418 |
| Finance Cost | | |
| Interest & finance expenses | (802 886) | (363 609) |
| Total finance cost | (802 886) | (363 609) |
| Foreign exchange gains (losses) | 95 526 | (366 633) |
| Net finance costs | (596 095) | (655 824) |

9. BASIC LOSS PER SHARE FOR THE PERIOD

| | For the three months | <u>s ended 31 March:</u> |
|---|----------------------|--------------------------|
| | <u>2017</u> | <u>2016</u> |
| Owners of the company share Net loss for the period (LE 000) | (520 804) | (136 896) |
| Average number of outstanding shares during the period (share) | 533 802 313 | 533 802 313 |
| Basic loss per share for the period (LE / share) | (0.98) | (0.26) |

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Translation from Arabic

Ezz Steel Company Notes to the consolidated interim financial statements For the The Three Months Ended March 31, 2017 (Continued)

10. <u>FIXED ASSETS (NET)</u> 10.1 The following is the movement of fixed assets during the period and comparative period:

| | Land | Buildings | Machinery & equipment | Vehicles | Furmiture & office | Tools & appliances | Leasehold improvments | Total |
|--|--|-----------------------|--------------------------|--------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------|
| | <u>LE (000)</u> | <u>LE (000)</u> | <u>LE (000)</u> | <u>LE (000)</u> | TE (000) | <u>LE (000)</u> | <u>LE (000)</u> | <u>LE (000)</u> |
| Cost: | | | | | | | | |
| As of January 1, 2016 | 673 757 | 4 392 112 | 16 672 643 | 200 616 | 148 583 | 77 789 | 3 902 | 22 169 402 |
| Additions during the period | I | 39 753 | 47 864 | 6 174 | 3 213 | 5 208 | | 102 212 |
| Disposals during the period | | (801) | (65 969) | (421) | (232) | (11011) | | (68 434) |
| Translation differences of foreign emities | 13 596 | 361 718 | 818 018 | 308 | 3 156 | 5 796 | ļ | 1 202 592 |
| As of March 31, 2016 | 687 353 | 4 792 782 | 17 472 556 | 206 677 | 154 720 | 87 782 | 3 902 | 23 405 772 |
| As of January 1, 2017 | 812 247 | 10.525.350 | 36 146 128 | 200 662 | 758 385 | 161 473 | 3 001 | 47 F 20C 07 |
| Additions during the period | 1 | 59 | 87 663 | 2 031 | 9 486 | 40 000 V | 700C C | 141 /07 04 |
| Disposals during the period | 1 | 1 | (166) | | | | | 100 601 |
| Translation differences of foreign entities | (1592) | (42 352) | (93 644) | (36) | (210) | (6/5) | | (138 509) |
| As of March 31, 2017 | 810 655 | 10 483 057 | 36 139 981 | 301 657 | 267 661 | 200 896 | 3 902 | 48 207 809 |
| Accumulated depreciation: | | | | | | | | |
| As of January 1, 2016 | ł | 1 497 408 | 9 199 926 | 121 389 | 84 124 | 21 767 | 3 902 | 10 958 516 |
| Depreciation for the period | I | 27 307 | 154 133 | 8 085 | 3 512 | 1 923 | | 194 960 |
| Accumulated depreciation of disposals during the period | | (108) | (62 840) | (421) | (232) | (1101) | | (65 305) |
| Translation differences of foreign entities |] | 67 918 | 271 101 | 302 | 2 064 | 3 658 | ! | 345 043 |
| As of March 31, 2016 | ļ | 1 591 832 | 9 562 320 | 129 355 | 89 468 | 56 337 | 3 902 | 11 433 214 |
| As of January 1, 2017 | | 2 362 096 | 17 239 658 | 212 087 | 139 204 | 105 564 | 3 902 | 20.062.511 |
| Depreciation for the period | ļ | 59 028 | 258 681 | 12 347 | 6 73 1 | 18 000 | 1 | 354 787 |
| Accumulated depreciation of disposals during the period | 1 | 1 | (55) | 1 | ł | I | [| (53) |
| Translation differences of foreign entities | | (7713) | (086-0£) | (36) | (240) | (415) | | (39384) |
| As of March 31, 2017 | | 2 413 411 | 17 467 304 | 224 398 | 145 695 | 123 149 | 3 902 | 20 377 859 |
| Carrying amount: | | | | | | | | |
| As of March 31, 2016 | 687 353 | 3 200 950 | 7 910 236 | 77 322 | 65 252 | 31 445 | | 11 972 558 |
| As of December 31, 2016 | 812 247 | 8 163 254 | 18 906 470 | 87 575 | 119 181 | 55 909 | | 28 144 636 |
| As or March 31, 401/ Fixed assets fully depreciated and still in use as of March 31, 2017 | 810 655 | 8 069 646 128 344 | 18 672 677 428 351 | 77 259 95 358 | 121 966 44 343 | 77 747 17 469 | 3 903 | 27 829 950 717 768 |
| | insed hv Fizz flat staal from Gulf of Suez Davelonment Commun with | ulf of Suez Developme | ant Compony with a v | T tanada aalaa lat | | 0 | | |

The land item includes a piece of land with a total area of 928 k m2 purchased by Ezz flat steel from Gulf of Suez Development Company with a total value about LE 28 Million including the Suez governorate fees amounting to LE 5 million (equivalent to USD 956 K) for the purpose of establishing an industrial project, however, according to the contract this land can not be registered under the company's name until all installments are paid, the final payment was made on 15/10/2010 and currently the procedures to register the land under the company's name until all installments are paid, the final payment was made on 1

---- AI Ezz El Dekheila For Steel - Alexandria - subsidiary - company is still completing the registration procedures for some of the land purchased from different parties.

--- AI Ezz Rolling Mills company has not registered the new factory land in Al Ain El Sokhna under the company's name till now which amounted to LE 29.64 million.

Depreciation for the Period charged to statement of income as follows: I

Selling and marketing expenses General & administrative expenses

Cost of sales

| hs Ended 31 March: | 2016 | Y DODAY |
|--------------------|------|----------|
| hree Mont | 2017 | T ECONON |

| 2016 | <u>LE(000)</u> | 188 736 | 1 329 | 4 895 | 194 960 |
|------|----------------|---------|-------|-------|---------|
| 2017 | <u>LE(000)</u> | 345 297 | 2 130 | 7 360 | 354 787 |
| Note | ŝ | 6 | (2) | (9) | |

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10.2 The following is the movement of modification surplus of fixed assets that resulting from adopting the special accounting treatment stated in annex (A) of the modified Egyptian Accounting Standard no. (13) as amended in 2015 "The Effects of Changes in Foreign Exchange Rates",:

| | | - | <u>LE000</u> |
|-----|--|-----------------|-----------------|
| Mo | Modification surplus of fixed assets as at November 3, 2016 (the date of floating exchange rate) | | 4 013 795 |
| Inc | ome tax | | (903 104) |
| Ma | odification surplus of fixed assets after income tax | | 3 110 691 |
| Rea | alized portion of modification surplus of fixed assets during 2016 | | (40 809) |
| Mo | odification surplus of fixed assets at December 31, 2016 | | 3 069 882 |
| Rea | alized portion of modification surplus of fixed assets during the three rch 31, 2017 | months ended | (62 113) |
| | ance as at March 31, 2017 | | 3 007 769 |
| | ributable to: | | |
| | mers of the company | | 2 253 489 |
| Noi | n-controlling interest | | 754 280 |
| | | | 3 007 769 |
| 11. | PROJECTS UNDER CONSTRUCTION | | |
| | | 31/3/2017 | 31/12/2016 |
| | | <u>LE (000)</u> | <u>LE (000)</u> |
| | Constructions expansion | 40 013 | 31 517 |
| | Machinery under installation | 587 856 | 532 768 |
| | Design and construction of administrative building | 3 980 | 3 980 |
| | Advance payments for purchase of machinery | 71 288 | 40 568 |
| | Advance payments for building | 345 | 345 |
| | | 703 482 | 609 178 |
| 10 | | | |

12. INVESTMENTS

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| | Participation | Investm | ients cost |
|---|---------------|-----------|------------|
| | Percentage | 31/3/2017 | 31/12/2016 |
| | % | LE (000) | LE (000) |
| 12-1 Investments in associates | | | |
| Egyptian German Co. for Flat Steel Marketing (Franco) (L.L.C) | 40 | 90 | 90 |
| Al Ezz El Dekheila for Steel – Egypt (EZDK) (LLC) | 50 | 25 | 25 |
| Contribution in EZDK Steel UK LTD – note no. (37-1) | 50 | | - |
| | | 115 | 115 |
| | | Investm | ents cost |
| 12-2 Available-for-sale investments | Note | 31/3/2017 | 31/12/2016 |
| | No. | LE (000) | LE (000) |
| Egyptian Company for Cleaning and Security Services | | 80 | 80 |
| Arab Company for Special Steel (SAE) | | 17 726 | 17 726 |
| Al Ezz Group Holding Company For Industry & Investment* | | 109 800 | 109 800 |
| | | 127 606 | 127 606 |
| Less: | | 127 000 | 127 000 |
| Impairment loss on Arab Company for Special Steel | (18) | 17 726 | 17_726 |
| | | 109 880 | 109 880 |

* This item is represented in the participation of Ezz Rolling Mills Company- a subsidiary company- in Al Ezz Group Holding Company For Industry & Investment "Ezz Industries" by 6 100 000 shares that constitutes a participation percentage of 3.813%.

13. LONG TERM LENDING TO OTHERS

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Long term lending is represented in the following:

| | Note <u>No.</u> | 31/3/2017 <u>LE (000)</u> | 31/12/2016 <u>LE (000)</u> |
|--|--------------------|------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| The loans granted to the Company's employees- paid over monthly installments for 2 years (interest free) | | 13 093 | 11 881 |
| Employees' housing loan - paid over monthly installments for 10 years (interest free) | (13-1) | 19 382 | 20 569 |
| Employees' Umrah loan - paid over monthly installments for 2 years (interest free) | (13-2) | 259 | 552 |
| Employees' Hajj and Jerusalem visit loan - paid over monthly (installments for 6 years (interest free) | (13-3) | 3 527 | 3 876 |
| Employees' housing loan for those who were negatively affected by gate No.(8) project - paid on installments over a period up to 7 years (interest free) | (13-4) | 480 | 541 |
| | | 36 741 | 37 419 |
| 13.1 Present value of the employees' housing loan installments: | - | | <u></u> |
| | Note | 31/3/2017 | 31/12/2016 |
| | <u>No.</u> | <u>LE (000)</u> | <u>LE (000)</u> |
| Total employees' housing loan | | 37 444 | 39 234 |
| Less: | | | |
| Short term lending (included in debtors & other debit balances) | (17) | 5 382 | 5 382 |
| Nominal value of the long term- employees' housing loan | - | 32 062 | 33 852 |
| Less: | | | |
| Differences resulting from the change in the fair value of the employees' housing long term loans | | 12 680 | 13 283 |
| The present value of the employees' housing long term loan installments | - | 19 382 | 20 569 |

The employees' housing loan of Al Ezz El Dekheila for Steel - Alexandria represents the value of the free interest loan to help the young employees in the company to have their own residential unit with an amount of LE 36 Million, according to Board of Directors' decree during the years 2012/2013. The Board of Directors agreed in its meeting held on March 13, 2013 to increase the interest free loan for the employees housing with an amount of LE 7 Million thus, the amount of the loan became LE 37 Million. On May 11, 2015, the loan increased to an amount of LE 48 Million under the approval of Chief Executive Officer of the Company. This loan was granted according to specific regulations to achieve the goal and guarantee the Company's right to recover the loan during 10 years as it is deemed as revolving loan that grants the beneficiary from this project 30% of the value of the apartment which is equivalent to LE 30 K to be paid on installments over 10 years without any burdens or interest on the employees according to the regulations laid down by the Human Resources Department.

The number of beneficiaries from this loan till March 31, 2017 is 1 938 beneficiary with a total value of LE 39.2 Million and the collectible due installments during the year amounted to LE 5.3 Million which is recorded under the item of debtors & other debit balance – short term lending (note no. 17).

The balance of this loan (which represents the long term portion) was recorded at its present value after deducting the differences arising from the change in the fair value as of the consolidated interim financial statements date according to a discount rate which is determined by the Company at an annual rate of 13% during the period of the interest free loan that is charged to the consolidated statement of income.

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13.2 The employees advance payments Umrah loans of Al Ezz El Dekheila for Steel – Alexandria company are represented in the value of the loans granted by the company to the employees and their families every 3 years with an amount of LE 9 K per employee or LE 18 K per employee with one or more members of his family, in addition to the financial support provided by the Company with an amount of LE 1 000 per employee, LE 1 500 per employee with one member of his family or LE 2 000 per employee with two members of his family according to the Human Resources Manager's decision on December 19, 2012 and its amended on October 24, 2013 provided that the said loan shall be paid over 24 months.

On June 17, 2015, the Company approved increasing Umrah supporting with 25% to be the support which the company presented to the one employee is LE 1 250 and the employee with one of his family is LE 1 875 or LE 2500 in case of two persons from the family. Thus, the installments due for collection within one year amounted to LE 1.7 Million were recorded under the item of debtors & other debit balances- short term lending (note no.17).

- 13.3 The employees advance payments Hajj and Jerusalem visit loans of Al Ezz El Dekheila for Steel Alexandria company are represented in the value of the loans granted by the Company to the employees once in their career with an amount of LE 30 K which the Company provide financial support to the employee with an amount of LE 4 K and premium the remaining amount for 6 years according to the Human Resources Manager's decision on March 28, 2013. And on June 17, 2015, the Company approved to increase Hajj support by 25% to become LE 5 000. And on May 4, 2016, it was approved for Hajj loan to become LE 36 K instead of LE 30 K and for Hajj support to increase from LE 5000 to LE 6000. The installments due for collection in one year amounted to LE 1 Million were recorded under the item of debtors & other debit balances- short term lending (note no.17).
- 13.4 Present value of the installments of the employees' housing loan granted to those who were negatively affected by gate no. (8) Project:

| | Note <u>No.</u> | 31/3/2017 <u>LE (000)</u> | 31/12/2016 LE (000) |
|---|--------------------|------------------------------|------------------------|
| Total employees' housing loan | | 1 063 | 1 208 |
| Less: Short term lending (included in debtors & other debit balances) | (17) | 406 | 459 |
| Nominal value of the long term- employees' housing loan for those who were negatively affected by gate No.(8) project | | 657 | 749 |
| Less: Differences resulting from the change in the fair value of the employees' housing long term loans for those who were negatively affected by gate No. (8) project | | 177 | 208 |
| The present value of the employees' housing long term loan for those who were negatively affected by gate No.(8) project installments | | 480 | 541 |

The employees' housing loan for those who were negatively affected by gate no. (8) project of Al Ezz El Dekheila for Steel - Alexandria represents the value of the free interest loan to help the employees and the negatively affected by gate no. (8) Project from apartments no. (6) till no. (15) related to Al Ezz El Dekheila for Steel – Alexandria company, according to Head of Human Resources Department decree on September 18, 2013.

This loan was granted by an amount of LE 3 K per year within a maximum limit LE 20 K according to the remaining years for the beneficiary until the retirement age to be paid on installments without any burdens or interest on the employees according to the regulations laid down by the Human Resources Department. The number of beneficiaries from this loan is 171 beneficiary with a total value of LE 1.2 Million to be paid on installments over a period up to 7 years and the collectible due installments during the year amounted to LE 406 K which is recorded under the item of debtors & other debit balance – short term lending (note no. 17).

The balance of this loan (which represents the long term portion) was recorded at its present value after deducting the differences arising from the change in the fair value as of the consolidated interim financial statements date according to a discount rate which is determined by the Company at an annual rate of 13% during the period of the interest free loan that is charged to the consolidated statement of income.

14. OTHER ASSETS

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The amount is represented in the paid up amount during the period by both of Al Ezz Flat Steel Company (EFS) – subsidiary company – Al Ezz Rolling Mills Company – subsidiary company – to Industrial Development Authority amounted LE 24 785 K and LE 5 530 K respectively for the approval of expanding the steel rebar production, the needed procedures to obtain license is process.

15. **INVENTORY**

| | 31/3/2017 | 31/12/2016 |
|----------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| | <u>LE (000)</u> | <u>LE (000)</u> |
| Raw materials and supplies | 2 805 587 | 2 075 993 |
| Work in process | 388 185 | 220 329 |
| Finished products | 1 992 293 | 1 098 411 |
| Finished products – DRI | 14 660 | 312 454 |
| Spare parts and supplies | 1 810 644 | 1 802 510 |
| Goods in transit | 191 884 | 497 159 |
| Letter of credit | 1 141 | 124 566 |
| | 7 204 394 | 6 131 422 |
| | | |

16. TRADE AND NOTES RECEIVABLE

| | Note <u>No.</u> | 31/3/2017 <u>LE (000)</u> | 31/12/2016 LE (000) |
|---|--------------------|------------------------------|------------------------|
| Trade receivables | | 323 150 | 306 408 |
| Trade receivables – Related parties | (31-1) | 3 374 | 1 773 |
| Notes receivable | | 20 250 | 8 800 |
| | | 346 774 | 316 981 |
| Less: Impairment loss on trade receivables | (18) | 29 657 | 29 657 |
| | - | 317 117 | 287 324 |

17. DEBTORS AND OTHER DEBIT BALANCES

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| | Note <u>No.</u> | 31/3/2017 <u>LE (000)</u> | 31/12/2016 <u>LE (000)</u> |
|--|--------------------|------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| Deposits with others | | 6 87 466 | 681 482 |
| Tax Authority * | | 1 049 968 | 987 000 |
| Tax Authority – usufruct ** | | 127 477 | 127 477 |
| Tax Authority – sales tax – capital goods installments*** | | 85 862 | 95 284 |
| Tax Authority – sales tax and VAT | | 170 733 | ~~ |
| Customs Authority | | 39 123 | 34 269 |
| Accrued revenues | | 3 463 | 3 139 |
| Prepaid expenses**** | | 92 252 | 66 516 |
| Alexandria Port Authority | | 63 839 | 65 196 |
| Short - term lending - employees' housing loan | (13-1) | 5 382 | 5 382 |
| Short - term lending – employees' loans | | 25 981 | 23 689 |
| Short - term lending - employees' Umrah loans | (13-2) | 1 696 | 1 696 |
| Short - term lending – employees' Hajj and Jerusalem visit loans | (13-3) | 1 051 | 1 043 |
| Short - term lending – employees' housing loan for those who were negatively affected by gate No.(8) project | (13-4) | 406 | 459 |
| Letters of guarantee cash margin | | 165 | 165 |
| Due from related parties | (31-2) | 214 783 | 213 653 |
| Advance payment under the account of employees' dividends | | 235 533 | 235 541 |
| The Cairo Economic court**** | | 35 060 | 35 060 |
| Other debit balances***** | | 95 045 | 71 936 |
| | - | 2 935 285 | 2 648 987 |
| Less: | | | |
| Impairment loss on debtors and other debit balances | (18) | 53 350 | 53 350 |
| | _ | 2 881 935 | 2 595 637 |
| | — | | |

* The Tax Authority balances includes an amount of LE 254.2 Million represents advance payment under the account of scheduling the tax claims of Al Ezz El Dekheila for Steel – Alexandria – a subsidiary with respect to the flat steel projects according to what is mentioned in detail in Note No.(34-3-1) in addition to an amount of LE 233 Million which represents the advance payment under the account of corporate tax inspection differences of Al Ezz El Dekheila for Steel - Alexandria for years 2005/2008. And an amount of L.E 15 Million paid to Large Taxpayers Tax Authority under the account of corporate tax inspection differences for years from 2009 till 2013.

** Tax Authority – usufruct balances represents the value of advance payments of additional sales tax usufruct for Al Ezz El Dekheila for Steel – Alexandria – company on the mining ores dock and storing area in El Dekheila Port which is amounted to LE 127.5 Million - note no. (37-2).

*** Sales tax installments is represented in the balance of sales tax installments related to import capital goods related to Ezz Rolling Mills Company - a subsidiary.

- **** Prepaid expenses includes LE 6 438 K represented in the current portion of advance payment of capital lease contracts note no. (28).
- ***** The Cairo Economic court balance represents the due to company in the previously amounts paid after deducting the penalties that judged in the misdemeanor no. 368 of the year 2013 related to the monopoly of Steel Bars product against some officials of the group companies that the Court of Cassation issued on November 25, 2014 which is amounted to LE 20.5 Million and the legal procedures are in process to redeem this amount from the court.
- ***** The other debit balances item includes amount of LE 49.5 Million represented 15% of the license related to 2nd production line which paid on February 2012 by Ezz Rolling Mills Company a subsidiary.

18. IMPAIRMENT LOSS ON ASSETS

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| | Note <u>No.</u> | 31/3/2017 <u>LE (000)</u> | 31/12/2016 LE (000) |
|---|--------------------|------------------------------|------------------------|
| Impairment loss on trade and notes receivables | (16) | 29 657 | 29 657 |
| Impairment loss on debtors and other debit balances | (17) | 53 350 | 53 350 |
| Impairment loss on advances to suppliers | | 5 61 1 | 5 611 |
| Impairment loss on investments available for sale | (12-2) | 17 726 | 17 726 |
| | | 106 344 | 106 344 |

19. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

| 31/3/2017 | 31/12/2016 |
|-----------------|--|
| <u>LE (000)</u> | <u>LE (000)</u> |
| 224 714 | 412 140 |
| 4 186 182 | 4 640 910 |
| 56 374 | 41 802 |
| 167 715 | 8 705 |
| 1 190 | 1 155 |
| 4 636 175 | 5 104 712 |
| | |
| 1 874 | 60 070 |
| 2 289 648 | 2 446 215 |
| 2 344 653 | 2 598 427 |
| | LE (000) 224 714 4 186 182 56 374 167 715 1190 4 636 175 1 874 2 289 648 |

* Investments funds are represented in a number of 4 853 investment deeds with accumulated daily interest.

20. <u>CAPITAL</u>

20.1 Authorized capital

The company's authorized share capital is LE 8 Billion.

20.2 The issued and paid in capital

The issued and paid capital after the increase is LE 2 716 325 K (Two Billion, Seven Hundred and Sixteen Million, Three Hundred and Twenty Five Thousand Egyptian Pound) distributed over 543 265 027 shares with a par value of LE 5 per share paid in full. The issued and paid in capital after the increase was registered in the Commercial Register with no. 1176 Menouf city on October 30, 2008.

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21. <u>RESERVES</u>

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| | 31/3/2017 <u>LE (000)</u> | 31/12/2016 <u>LE (000)</u> |
|--|------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| Legal reserve* | 1 358 163 | 1 358 163 |
| Other reserves (Additional paid in capital)** | 2 620 756 | 2 620 756 |
| The difference resulting from the acquisition of additional percentage in subsidiaries' capital*** | (3 796 829) | (3 796 829) |
| | 182 090 | 182 090 |

Legal reserve: 5% of net profit should be appropriated to form legal reserve; the Company will stop appropriation once the legal reserve balance reaches 50% of the Company's issued capital; in case the reserve balance becomes less than stated percentage, the appropriation will continue.

The legal reserve may be used for the benefit of the Company based on a proposal by the Board of Directors after approval by the General Assembly.

** Other reserves: Additional paid in capital resulted from capital increase for the acquisition of Al Ezz El Dekheila for Steel shares, and bonds converted to shares.

*** The difference resulting from the acquisition of additional percentage in subsidiaries' capital is represented in the following:

| | <u>LE (000)</u> |
|---|-----------------|
| Represents the difference between the cost of acquiring an additional percentage in Al Ezz El Dekheila for Steel – Alexandria capital on February 2006 (represents 29.39% from its capital) and the net carrying amount of these shares since this difference was as a result from transactions under common control from companies within the same group. | 3 280 493 |
| Represents the difference between the cost of acquiring additional percentage in Al Ezz El Dekheila for Steel – Alexandria capital – subsidiary – on April 2010 (which represents 1.35% from its capital) and the net carrying amount of these shares since this transaction was made in the presence of the company's control over the subsidiary. The company has purchased these shares from shareholders outside Ezz group. | 127 162 |
| Represents the difference between the cost of acquiring 7.23% from the capital of Al Ezz Flat Steel Company – subsidiary – on November 2015 and the net carrying amount of these shares, the difference resulted from acquiring additional shares in non-controlling interest share in the subsidiary. | 389 174 |
| | 3 796 829 |

22. TREASURY STOCKS

- Treasury stocks as of March 31, 2017 represents 9 462 714 share of Ezz Steel Company owned by Al Ezz Rolling Mills Company (ERM) – a subsidiary company –amounting to LE 71 921 K, and it is classified as treasury stock for the consolidation purpose.

23. TRADE AND NOTES PAYABLE

| | 31/3/2017 | 31/12/2016 |
|----------------|------------------|------------------|
| | <u>LE (000)</u> | <u>LE (000)</u> |
| Trade payables | 4 921 280 | 4 399 151 |
| Notes payable | 34 248 | 68 176 |
| | <u>4 955 528</u> | <u>4 467 327</u> |

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24. CREDITORS AND OTHER CREDIT BALANCES

| | Note <u>No.</u> | 31/3/2017 <u>LE (000)</u> | 31/12/2016 <u>LE (000)</u> |
|---------------------------------------|--------------------|------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| Fixed assets – creditors | | 418 758 | 497 581 |
| Accrued interest | | 294 880 | 274 653 |
| Accrued expenses | | 341 734 | 317 632 |
| Tax Authority | | 127 478 | 36 066 |
| Performance guarantee retention | | 28 194 | 30 928 |
| Sales tax installments | | 104 090 | 104 114 |
| Tax Authority – sales tax | | - | 34 518 |
| Dividends payable | | 1 561 | 1 561 |
| Due to related parties | (31-3) | 17 | 12 |
| Alexandria Port Authority | | 10 980 | 11 053 |
| Alexandria Port Authority - sales tax | (29-1) | 3 973 | 3 973 |
| Other credit balances | | 73 739 | 78 217 |
| | | 1 405 404 | 1 390 308 |

25. LIABILITY OF THE SUPPLEMENTARY PENSION SCHEME

As of the first of January 2013, according to decision of the board of directors of Al Ezz El Dekheila for Steel - Alexandria dated December 27, 2012, the Company resolved to grant the employees of the company the benefit of supplementary pension scheme as well as Contra Steel company, for the benefit of any case of retirement at the age of sixty, death or occupational disability of any employee as the company grants all the employees a fixed monthly pension at the age of sixty for ten years and the pension amount is determined based on the year of disbursement and the subscription is collected from the employees of the company based on their age categories while the company bears the remaining cost.

The balance of the subscriptions share paid till March 31, 2017 amounted to LE 22.51 Million after the deduction of the value of pension paid to the employees eligible to obtain the supplementary pension amounting to LE 6.6 Million till March 31, 2017 while the value of the supplementary pension scheme cost reached during the period ended as at March 31, 2017 the amount of LE 1.7 Million which was charged to the consolidated statement of income according to the report prepared by the actuary.

| Total liability of the supplementary pension scheme and distributed as follow: | Note <u>No</u> | 31/3/2017 <u>LE (000)</u> 67 130 | 31/12/2016 <u>LE (000)</u> 64 589 |
|--|-------------------|--|---|
| Recorded in current liabilities | | 4 974 | 4 673 |
| Recorded in long term liabilities | (29) | 62 156 | 59 916 |
| | | 67 130 | 64 589 |

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| in st. The movements of habilities during the period are represented in | the following:- | |
|---|------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| | 31/3/2017 <u>LE (000)</u> | 31/12/2016 <u>LE (000)</u> |
| Balance at the beginning of January | 49 486 | 44 100 |
| Present service cost | 2 | 3 520 |
| Return cost | 1 724 | 8 769 |
| Employees paid subscriptions | 22 502 | 20 929 |
| Less: | 73 714 | 77 318 |
| Paid pensions during the period | 6 584 | 5 787 |
| Actuarial gains from the defined benefits scheme for pensions | | 6 942 |
| | 67 130 | 64 589 |

First: The movements of liabilities during the period are represented in the following:

| Second: The amounts recognized in the consolidated statement of income are represented as follows:- 31/3/2017 |
|--|
| 51/5/2017 |

| 2 |
|-------|
| 1 724 |
| 1 726 |
| |

The main actuarial assumptions used by the company according to the study prepared by the actuary are represented as follows:-

| Average assumptions to determine the assets of the benefits | <u>31/3/2017</u> | <u>31/12/2016</u> |
|--|------------------|-------------------|
| A- Average discount rate | 15.25 % | 15.25 % |
| B- Average inflation rate | 11 % | 11 % |
| Average assumptions to determine the liabilities of the benefits | <u>31/3/2017</u> | <u>31/12/2016</u> |
| A- Average discount rate | 17 % | 17 % |
| B- Average inflation rate | 14 % | 14 % |

Sensitivity Analysis of the system:

The following is the impact of the sensitivity assumptions movement of the discount rate related to the liabilities/cost of the supplementary pension scheme benefits according to the study prepared by the actuary.

| | Discount rate | Discount rate | Discount rate |
|------------------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| | <u>14.75 %</u> | <u>15.25 %</u> | <u>15.75 %</u> |
| Liability current cost | 65 664 | 63 367 | 61 203 |
| Service cost | 8 702 | 8 618 | 8 536 |

26. PROVISIONS

| | Balance as at 1/1/2017 | Formed provision during the period | Provision no longer required | Used provision during the period | Balance as at 31/3/2017 |
|------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---|------------------------------------|---|-------------------------------|
| Tax provision and claims | <u>LE (000)</u> 214 536 1 955 | <u>LE (000)</u> 6 000 | <u>LE (000)</u> (129) | <u>LE (000)</u> (374) | LE (000) 220 033 |
| Employees Lawsuits provision | 216 491 | 6 000 | (129) | (374) | 1 955 221 988 |

27- LOANS & CREDIT FACILITIES

| | | 14 151 430 | 144 144 1 | 14 814 441 | | | | | | | |
|-------|--|--------------------------------|---|----------------------------------|---|---|---|------------------------------|--|--|---|
| | | 24 328 632 | 9 373 420 | 14 955 212 | | | | | | Balance as of March 31, 2017 | |
| | | 355 090 | | 355 090 | | | 0.5% over corridor on the uncovered portion from the limit | | | Banks - credit facilities | |
| | Within a limit of LE 3.05 Billion gruanted by group of real estate mortgages and commercial mortgage. | 3 307 218 | 3 155 832 | 151 386 | 1-10 years | quarterly installments for thr first section and monthly installments for the second section | Lending rate for one night from central bank before 2 working days beginning from every interest period (3 month for the first section) in addition to the margin. (2 months for the second section). | ities of DRI | To finance activities of DRI Factory | 27-4 Ezz Rolling Mills Loans - locat ourrency | - |
| | Possession moregage on inventories amounted to LE 761 Million which is equivalent to US Dollars 106 Million against demission of all export contracts for the banks favor and deposing all local sales revenue at the banks and the insurance on inventories against robbery and fire for the banks favor. | 1 108 181 | I | 1 108 181 | | | Based on an interest rate related to the lending and discount average rate declared by the Central Bark of Egypt in addition to a commission on the highest debit balance. | | | Banks - credit facilities | |
| | | 1 745 590 | Ι | 1 745 590 | | | | | | Loans - foreign currency | |
| | Real estate mortgage on the company's land and assets as well as a commercial pledge on all tangible and intangible assets pledge on inventories and possession mortgage of construction and supplying contracts and technical support and insurance in favor of banks. | 68 492 | · 1. | 68 492 | August18, 2004 until February 18, 2013 | Semiannual | Variable | ræs] project in ₂ -Suez | To finance flat steel project in El Ein El-Soldtua -Suez | 27-3 <u>Al Ezz (Par Steel</u> Loans - local eurrency | |
| | | 6 210 041 | I | 6 210 041 | | | Average lending and discount rare puplished from the conternal bank on withdrawn annount of egyptian pound fibor rate on withdrawn announts of US Dollar | dit dit | To finance working capital and letter of credit | | |
| | | 2 413 514 | 1 502 373 | 911 141 | 2-8 years | Installments fully paid in one installment on its due date | over monthly Libor 3.75%-4% | Variable interest | | Loans - foreign currency | |
| | | 3 394 019 | 3 394 019 | I | 2-6 years | Installments fully paid in one installment on its due date | corridor deposit 2.5% corridor lending (1.5% - 1.75% | Rebars Variable. interest | ia To finance Steel Rebars activities | 27-2 <u>Al Ezz El Dekheila for Steel - Alexandria</u> Loans - local currency | |
| | Without guarantees within a limit of LE 3.5 Billion | 4 105 291 | l | 4 105 291 | | | Average 15 % for the Egyptian Pound, and 5% for the US Dollar | | | Banks - credit facilities | |
| | Registering a fust degree fond de commerce mortgage on the company, the company should keep its share in the subsidiaries without any ammendments also keeping some financial ratios and indicators that is specified in the loan agreement during the period of the agreement. | 1 621 196 | 1 321 196 | 300 000 | 1-7 years | 26 non equal quarteriy installments | 3.5% over corridor. | d to the | Restructuring of the credit facilities granted to the company. | Loans - local currency | |
| | Warrauties and conditions | <u>Total</u> <u>LE(000)</u> | <u>Long term</u> portion <u>LE(000)</u> | Short term portion LE(000) | <u>Payment</u> period | <u>Payment</u> terms | Interest rate | seourne s | Borrowing purpose | Borrowing company 27-1 Ezz Steel | |
| 2 | | | | | | | | | | 27- LOANS & CREDIT FACILITIES | |
| | Translation from Arabic | | | | | | | | 17 (Continued) | Ez: Steel Company Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements For the Three Months Ended March 31, 2017 (Continued) | |

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Balance as of December 31, 2016

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27.1 Ezz Steel Company (Holding company)

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- On January 18, 2015, the company signed an agreement with the National Bank of Egypt and the Arab African International Bank (security agent) to grant the company a joint long term loan amounted to LE 1.7 Billion due within 7 years from the date of signing the contract, the purpose of the loan is to restructure the banks credit facilities granted to the company through paying the current liabilities due to the banks, according to the agreement the company will issue an official irrevocable power of attorney authorizing the security agent for itself and on behalf of the banks to conclude and register a first degree fond de commerce mortgage on the company including Sadat factory within six months from the first withdrawal date also the borrower should keep his share in the subsidiaries without any amendments, as will keeping some financial ratios and indicators that is specified in the loan agreement during the period of the agreement. It will be paid on 26 non equal quarterly installments, the first installment accrued on August 2015 starting from the ending of six months of the first withdrawal on February 5, 2015, with an average return of 3.5% above Corridor published form the Central Bank of Egypt paid every three months.
- The commission of arrangement and finance cover guarantee (transaction cost of the loan) is 7.5 per thousand amounting LE 12.75 Million has been paid when the company get the loan, and the balance after deducting the amortization of the period from the date of obtaining the loan deducted from the loan balance.
- The installments paid until March 31, 2017 amounted to LE 70 Million (against LE 60 Million on March 31, 2016).

27.2 Al Ezz El Dekheila for Steel – Alexandria (Subsidiary)

- 27.2.1 On August 1, 2014, the Company reached an agreement with the Arab African International Bank (AAIB) to extend the period of some short-term credit facilities granted to the Company to become a medium-term revolving facility for 3 years to be ended on October 31, 2017 in order to finance the current activity of the Company with a total amount of USD 158 million or its equivalent in local currency with an interest rate of 1.5% over the overnight lending corridor rate declared by the Central Bank of Egypt with regard to the withdrawn amounts in Egyptian Pound and 3% over the monthly Libor rate on the withdrawn amounts in US Dollar while taking into consideration that in case of any partial or entire payment of the syndicated loan, the Company can increase the revolving credit facility limit with the same amount paid.
 - The medium-term revolving facility included a portion in the local currency whose balance amounted to LE 1 844 Million as at March 31, 2017 and a portion in foreign currency whose balance amounted to LE 952 Million as at March 31, 2017.
- 27.2.2 In April 1, 2008, the company acquired a medium term loan from Qatar National Bank Al Ahli (previously named as National Societe Generale Bank) amounted to LE 150 Million or its equivalent in foreign currencies the loan is to be fully paid in one installment on its due date June 30, 2013.
 - Several addendums to the finance contracts were concluded, the most recent on March 16, 2015 amending the interest rate on foreign currencies to 3.75% above monthly Libor instead of 3% above monthly Libor according to the facility contract terms.
 - The revolving medium term loan includes a portion in local currency amounting to LE 657 Million as of March 31, 2017 and a portion in foreign currency amounting to L.E. 500 Million the equivalent of USD 26 million.
- 27.2.3 In December 2010, the Company acquired a revolving medium term loan from Qatar National Bank Al Ahly (previously named as National Societe Generale Bank) amounted USD 51.95 Million in a manner that did not exceed an amount of LE 300 Million or its equivalent in USD, for the purpose of financing the company's working capital and partially refinancing the company's investment relating to updates in the line of rebar mills and a project to address the new smoke and manufacturing area, turning the iron mills and / or partial refinancing of the permanent level of spare parts. The loan is to be fully paid in one installment on its due date June 30, 2016. The due date was extended for a year to become June 30, 2017 till the renewing of the mentioned loan.

Several addendums to the finance contracts were concluded, the most recent on March 16, 2015 amending the interest rate on foreign currencies to 3.75% above monthly Libor instead of 3% above monthly Libor according to the facility contract terms.

- The balance as of March 31, 2017 is LE 911 Million equivalent to USD 50 Million which is included in long term liabilities installments due within one year in current liabilities.
- 27.2.4 In December 2010, the Company acquired a revolving medium term loan from National Bank Of Egypt amounted USD 58.9 Million within a limit of USD 100 Million or its equivalent in Egyptian Pound, for the purpose of financing the general investment requirements and to balance the Company's financial structure. The loan is to be fully paid in one installment on its due date October, 2015 with interest rate 1.75% above monthly libor with respect to the amounts withdrawn in US Dollar.
 - Several addendums to the finance contracts were concluded, the most recent on December 31, 2014 extending the revolving medium term loan for another three years till October 17, 2018.
 - The balance as of March 31, 2017 is LE 527 Million.
- **27.2.5** On June 30, 2014, the Company has made an agreement with the Export Development Bank of Egypt to extend the short term credit facilities granted to the company to become a revolving medium term credit facility (for 3 years) to end on April 30,2017 with an amount of LE 390 Million or the equivalent in foreign currency to finance the ongoing activities of the company.
 - Several addendums to the finance contracts were concluded, the most recent on June 1, 2015 where the company was notified the amendment of the interest rate on foreign currency to 4% above montly Libor applied based on the contract terms.
 - The Company was notified on May 25, 2016 with the extension of the revolving medium term credit facility period for an additional year to be due at April 30, 2018. The debit interest rate was amended to become 4.5% above Libor.
 - The revolving medium term loan includes a portion in local currency amounting to L.E. 364 Million as of March 31, 2017 and a portion in foreign currency whose balance amounted to LE 30 Million as at March 31, 2017.

27.3 Al Ezz Flat Steel (Subsidiary)

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The Royal Bank of Scotland (RBS) which replaced the National Westminster Bank acts as the inter-creditor agent for Al Ezz Flat Steel Company - a subsidiary - as well as an agent for the international syndicated loans in which nine banks participated.

According to the loans agreements, the National Bank of Egypt acts as the Onshore Security Agent, and the Royal Bank of Scotland acts as the Offshore Security Agent. The most significant guarantees provided are represented in real estate mortgage and commercial pledge on the land, the tangible and intangible assets of the company, a possessory lien on the inventory and assignment of the company's rights stated in the contracts of construction, supply, technical support agreements and insurance policies in favor of the banks.

The interests on the National Bank of Egypt (NBE) and SACE guaranteed loans is calculated in USD based on a variable interest rate related to LIBOR. The interests on Banque Misr loan is calculated in Egyptian pound based on Lending and discount rate declared by the central bank of Egypt. The company reached an agreement with the lenders to reschedule the loan installments in September 2004. The Company started paying the rescheduled installments regularly as of August 2004 until August 2010, and the Company is in process of reaching an agreement with the banks to reschedule loans installments again.

The balance of the loan installments due within a year according to the loans agreements amount to USD 99.9 Million equivalent to LE 1.825 Billion representing the installments due since the payment cessation date until March 31, 2017.

Translation from Arabic

Ezz Steel Company Notes to the Consolidated Financial statements For the three months ended March 31, 2017 (Continued)

27.4 Ezz Rolling Mills (Subsidiary)

The loan balance represents as follows:-

| Total loan balance | 31/3/2017 <u>LE (000)</u> | 31/12/2016 <u>LE (000)</u> |
|---------------------|------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| Less: | 3 307 218 | 3 164 719 |
| Current portion | | |
| Non-current portion | 151 386 | 121 937 |
| Por don | 3 155 832 | 3 042 782 |

28. <u>Capital lease</u>

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The Company signed lease contracts with Corplease (Leasing Company) as at June 27, 2016 to lease 2 floors in Nile Plaza Building according to capital lease law for eight years ending at June 2024, the contracts provide the right to the Company to own those assets at a predetermined value at the end of the contract period.

 On November 13, 2016, the Company signed lease contract with Corplease (Leasing Company) to perform the finishing work and finishes of the rented roles for eight years ending at November 2024

Details of the contracts mentioned above are as follows:-

| | Contract | Contracts | | Total Value | Payment | Payments | Capital lease |
|-------------|----------|-------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------|-------------------|------------------------|
| Description | number | starting <u>date</u> | Contracts | of contracts | method Quarterly | till 31/3/2017 | liability 31/3/2017 |
| Corplease | 4537 | 2016 | <u>period</u> 8 years | <u>LE (000)</u> 268 169 | Installment 32 | <u>LE (000)</u> | <u>LE (000)</u> |
| _ | 4538 | | | 200 109 | 02 | 31 952 | 236 217 |
| Corplease | 4675 | 2016 | 8 years | 47 203 | 32 | 1 156 | 46 047 |
| a | | | - | 315 372 | | 33 108 | 282 264 |

- Capital lease expenses for the period are amounted to LE 9 910 K included in other expense in administrative and general expenses – Note no. (6).

Advance payments, which are included in prepaid expenses – note no. (17), are amounted to LE 6 438 K (against LE 9 721 K as of December 31, 2016).

The capital lease liabilities till end of contracts as follows :

| | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 5 years and More | Total |
|-------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|---------------------|-----------------|
| Capital lease liability | <u>LE (000)</u> | <u>LE (000)</u> |
| | 22 285 | 32 769 | 38 279 | 41 659 | 147 272 | 282 264 |

- The company has issued checks in favor of the leasing company covered all capital lease liabilities till November 2024.

Translation from Arabic

Ezz Steel Company Notes to the Consolidated Financial statements For the three months ended March 31, 2017 (Continued)

29. LONG TERM LIABILITIES

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| Fixed assets- creditors | Note <u>No.</u> | 31/3/2017 <u>LE (000)</u> 37 | 31/12/2016 <u>LE (000)</u> 47 |
|---|--------------------|------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Alexandria Port Authority | (29-1) | 93 679 | 94 298 |
| Liability of the supplementary pension scheme | (25) | 62 156 | 59 916 |
| lending from others | (29-2) | 672 530 | 676 977 |
| | (| 828 402 | 831 238 |

29.1 The balance recorded in the liabilities-long term amounted to LE 93 679 K represents the value of delay interest claimed by the Alexandria Port Authority, in additional to the accrued liabilities due within one year amounted to LE 3 973 K included within creditors and other credit balances (note no. 24) represents the value of the original sales tax due to the Port Authority for previous years as there is still a dispute between the Port and Sales Tax Authority about the subjection of stevedoring fees and the usufruct as to whether its nature is operating services to others or not and the dispute was referred to court.

And the said dispute between Alexandria Port Authority and the Tax Authority resulted in the fact that the Company is the entity that shall bear the tax amounts in case of the settlement of the dispute to the contrary to the benefit of the Authority, in addition, due to the fact that Alexandria Port Authority issued on June 29, 2011 an administrative attachment on the Company's accounts in some banks, the company filed lawsuit No. 1409 of the year 2011 in order to lift the attachment order and all the banks were notified of the lawsuit for the lift of the attachment.

However, the lawsuit was postponed for the session held on September 17, 2012, and a ruling was issued to the effect of rejecting the company's Lawsuit.

The Sales Tax Authority claimed the company to pay the principal tax amounting to LE 104 Million in addition to tax amounting to LE 127.5 Million till June 28, 2012. On October 3, 2012, the Company paid the principal tax amounting to LE 104 Million along with its right to maintain a reservation on the settlement until the Sales Tax Authority ceases all the actions taken against Alexandria Port Authority which in its turn shall cease all the actions taken against the company including the lift of attachment on the Company's balances at the various banks.

Consequently, the company filed an appeal against the ruling under no. (747) of the year 2012 – the court of the Appeal 2012, The session held on June 24, 2013. Where a ruling was issued to the effect of suspending the case until the constitutional action no. 54 for the judicial year No. 35 Supreme Constitutional court is constitutionally settled, and the lawsuit has been completed, the report and the said report has not been submitted yet. (note no. 37-2). Based on the opinion of its tax advisor, the company's management is of the opinion that Alexandria port Authority is not entitled to claim the Company to pay sales tax in return for usufruct of the equipment of mining ores dock related to the handling of ores in EI - Dekheila Port, the occupation of the yards allocated for this purpose and carrying out the works of operation and maintenance necessary for such equipment due to the fact that they are not subjected to sales tax.

- Furthermore, the payment of such amount or amounts by the company to Alexandria Port Authority, either at the present time or in the future, as a tax in return for the same service, does not mean its approval of subjecting the service to taxation along with the continuity of legal proceedings taken by the Company to confirm the fact that such service is not subjected to sales tax. However, the company's management paid an amount of LE 127.5 million of the additional tax claimed by virtue of post-dated checks starting from December 31, 2012 for one year. Accordingly, Alexandria Port Authority notified the banks to lift the administrative attachment imposed on the Company's balances at the banks in favor of the Port Authority (note no. 37-2). And the paid amounts against the additional tax claimed were recorded under the item of debtors & other debit balances.

29.2 Al Ezz Flat Steel Company borrowed USD 37 million equivalent to LE 672.53 K from Daniele Company based on a contract dated September 27, 2013 and the loan was used in full on October 1, 2013 to pay part of the loan due to the National Bank of Egypt (NBE), Banque Misr and the foreign banks which syndicated the loan by virtue of the guarantee of SACE, and the interests thereof are calculated based on variable interest rate related LIBOR.

30. DEFERRED TAX

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30.1 Recognized deferred tax assets and liabilities

| | <u>31/3/2017</u> | | <u>31/12/2016</u> | |
|--|---------------------------|--------------------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Items | Assets <u>LE (000)</u> | Liabilities <u>LE (000)</u> | Assets <u>LE (000)</u> | Liabilities <u>LE (000)</u> |
| Fixed assets | _ | (3 693 734) | _ | (3 700 847) |
| Provisions | 23 193 | - | 21 913 | (3700847) |
| Impairment loss on debtors | 10 893 | - | 10 893 | - |
| Impairment loss on investments | 3 988 | | 3 988 | - |
| Write-down of inventory | 3 317 | - | 1 673 | - |
| Tax losses | 2 045 904 | - | 1 863 927 | _ |
| Foreign currency exchange differences loss | 492 128 | - | 816 848 | - |
| | 2 579 423 | (3 693 734) | 2 719 242 | (3 700 847) |
| Net deferred tax (liability) | | (1 114 311) | | (981 605) |
| | | | | |

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30.2 Recognized deferred tax charged to the consolidated statement of income.

| | | For the three months ended 31 March: | | |
|--|-------------------------|--------------------------------------|-----------------|--|
| | | 2017 | 2016 | |
| | | <u>LE (000)</u> | <u>LE (000)</u> | |
| Net deferred tax | | (1 114 311) | (476 547) | |
| Less: | | | | |
| Translation difference | | 2 475 | (2 917) | |
| Previously charged deferred tax | | (981 605) | (589 353) | |
| Deferred tax charged to the consolidated (expense)/revenue | d statement of income | (135 181) | 115 723 | |
| 30.3 Unrecognized deferred tax assets | | | | |
| | | 31/3/2017 | 31/12/2016 | |
| Impoirment loss on Dession 11. | 1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1 | <u>LE (000)</u> | <u>LE (000)</u> | |
| Impairment loss on Receivables, debtors a | nd other debit balances | 7 189 | 7 442 | |
| Provisions | | 26 290 | 25 932 | |
| Foreign currency exchange differences los | S | 51 018 | 52 887 | |
| Tax losses | | 150 157 | 121 943 | |
| | | 234 654 | 208 204 | |

Deferred tax assets have not been recognized in respect of the above items due to uncertainty of the utilization of their benefits in the foreseeable future.

31. <u>RELATED PARTIES TRANSACTIONS</u>

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The Company conducts commercial transactions with related parties. These transactions occurred during the period are represented in the sales and purchases transactions of products in favor of those companies which amounted to LE 3 486 K and LE 76 K respectively in addition to rent amounted to LE 377 K The following is the most important of these transactions and related balances:

| | Nature of Transaction | Transaction Volume during the period <u>LE (000)</u> | Balance as of 31/3/2017 Debit/(credit) | Balance as of 31/12/2016 Debit/(credit) |
|--|--------------------------|--|--|---|
| 31-1 Items included in trade and notes receivable | | <u>115 (000)</u> | <u>LE (000)</u> | <u>LE (000)</u> |
| - Al Ezz for Trading and Distributing Building Materials (Affiliated company) | - Sales | 3 486 | 3 374 | 1 773 |
| (| | | 3 374 | 1773 |
| 31-2 Items included in debtors and other debit bal Al Ezz Group Holding Company For Industry & Investment (Holding company) | lances | | 186 860 | 184 298 |
| - Gulf of Suez Development Company (Affiliated company) | | | 35 | 23 |
| - Al Ezz for Ceramics and Porcelain (GEMMA) (Affiliated company) | - Sales - Rent | 76 377 | 27 888 | 29 332 |
| | | | 214 783 | 213 653 |
| 31-3 Items included in creditors and other credit l | balances | | | |
| - Al Ezz for Trading and Distributing Building (Affiliated company) | Materials | | (17) | (12) |
| | | - | (17) | (12) |

32. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

Contingent liabilities are represented the amount of the letters of guarantee which are not covered that were issued by the Company's banks and subsidiaries favor of others and the uncovered letters of credit as follows:

- - - - -

| T 4 C | 31/3/2017 | 31/12/2016 |
|----------------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| Letters of guarantee | <u>LE (000)</u> | <u>LE (000)</u> |
| Egyptian Pound | 584 919 | 2 0 2 9 |
| US Dollar | 96 005 | 20 097 |
| Letters of credit | | |
| US Dollar | 19 965 | 690 103 |
| Euro | 6 529 | 222 484 |
| | | |

- Also there is a contingent liability relating to the guarantee of Al Ezz Rolling Mills Company subsidiary company in the execution of the subsidiary's obligations arising from the joint-facility contract between the subsidiary company and some banks with a ceiling of Three Billions and Fifty Million Egyptian Pound to finance the remaining amount of the plant's construction and operation costs for the production of Direct Reduction Iron (D.R.I) at El Ain El Sokhna area. In addition to Al Ezz Steel Company and Al Ezz El Dekheila for Steel Alexandria (EZDK) issue joint guarantee to the benefit of Al Ezz Flat Steel Company with an amount equivalent to USD 60 million and its interest, commissions in addition to any other terms guarantee to the credit facilities granted by the National Bank of Egypt to Al Ezz Flat Steel Company till the full payment.
- The amount of letters of guarantee issued by the banks in favor of Contra Steel Company
 subsidiary company to others on March 31, 2017 amounted to LE 632.5 K fully covered (against LE 632.5 K as of December 31, 2016 fully covered).

33. <u>CAPITAL COMMITMENTS</u>

- The capital commitments for Al Ezz Steel (Holding Company)as at March 31, 2017 amounted to LE 39 Million equivalent to Euro 2 Million.
- The capital commitments for Al Ezz El Dekheila for Steel Alexandria Company as at March 31, 2017 are represented in the amount of LE 285.39 Million (against LE 480 Million on December 31, 2016).
- The capital commitments also include amount of EURO 952 K (equivalent to LE 18.558 Million) representing the remaining value of purchase of machinery and equipment after deducting the advance payments from Daniele Company (an Italian company) for Al Ezz Flat Steel Company.

34. <u>TAX POSITION</u>

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34.1 Ezz Steel Company

34.1.1 Corporate tax

- The Company is granted a tax exemption according to the article no. 24 of law no. 159 for 1979 relating to the development of new urban communities, for a period of ten years which started on January 1, 1997 and ended on December 31, 2006.
- The Tax Authority inspected the Company's books and all disputes were settled until December 31, 2011 and there is no taxes due.
- The tax inspection for the years from 2012 till 2014 is in progress.
- The Company submitted tax returns until 2016 according to the provisions of law no. 91 of 2005.

34.1.2 Withholding tax

The Company settled the amount of LE 51 749 K from the withholding tax balance against part from salaries tax due from the Company at 31/12/2016.

34.1.3 Sales tax and Value Add Tax (VAT)

- The Tax Authority inspected the Company's books until year 2012 and the tax differences were paid in full and there are no tax disputes until this date.
- The years 2013 and 2014 were inspected and the company is waiting for the results of the inspection.
- On September 7, 2016, the law no. 67 for year 2016 of value add tax has been issued to be effective starting from September 8, 2016. The Company submitted tax returns on the legal dates according to this law.

34.1.4 Salary tax

- The Tax Authority inspection of the Company's books until year 2012 and there is no any due amounts on the company.
- The Tax Authority finished inspected the Company's books until year 2013 and the company appealed in legal dates, currently the company finishing the dispute with internal committee.

34.2 Al Ezz Rolling Mills Company

34.2.1 Corporate tax

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- The Company established its factory in the 10th of Ramadan City and according to the article no. 24 of law no. 159 for 1979 relating to the development of new urban communities, the Company is tax exempted until December 31, 1999. The Tax Authority inspected the Company's books and a settlement was made until 2011 and the taxes due were paid.
- The Tax Authority finished inspected the Company's books for years 2012 and 2013, and there are no any due amounts on the company for this period.

34.2.2 Sales tax

- The Tax Authority inspected the Company's books until 2014 and the taxes due were paid.

34.2.3 Salary tax

- The Company's books have been inspected until year 2011 and the taxes due were paid.
- The years 2012 2013 were inspected and the company is waiting for the results of the inspection.

34.3 Al Ezz El Dekheila for Steel – Alexandria Company

34.3.1 Corporate Tax

- The company submits the tax returns pertaining to the corporate profits tax to the competent tax inspectorate on annual basis on due legal dates, in addition it pays the due tax as per these tax returns.
- The General Authority For Investment "GAFI" has granted a tax exemption to the flat steel project in implementation of the provisions of law no. 162 / 2000 according to the certificate issued by the General Authority for Investment on January 2, 2006 for a period of five years starting from January 1, 2001 as the date of production inception was determined during the year 2000 based on the ruling issued by the Administrative Causes Court on July 16, 2005.
- Tax inspection was made for the company for the years 2000 / 2004, and an agreement was reached in the Internal Committees after proving the tax exemption granted to the company with respect to the flat steel project as per the certificate issued by GAFI on January 2, 2006 by virtue of which the flat steel project was exempted based on the Administrative Causes Court ruling issued on July 16, 2005, The disputed issue (cancelling the state resources development duty on the movables tax base) was referred to the Appeal Committee.

And on June 12, 2010, the committee issued its resolution responding positively to the motions of the company with respect to the cancellation of the financial resources development duty on the exempted movable tax base while the other tax bases shall remain exempted according to the resolution of the Internal Committee issued for the disputed years 2000 - 2004. The due tax was paid in full and form no. (9) paid attachment was obtained; accordingly the dispute was amicably settled and became final and decisive according to the provisions of law.

The company was notified of the tax – claim amounts for the years 2000/2004 according to forms No. (3), and (4), received from large taxpayers' Center of the Tax Authority on February 17, 2011 with an amount of LE 219 million. These forms represent the amount of the tax imposed on the flat steel project which had previously enjoyed a tax exemption for the same period. Despite the fact that the company's tax and legal positions are stable due to the issuance of the Appeal Committee resolution which supported the company and which was approved by the Authority and was not objected thereto, accordingly it became legally indisputable. Subsequently, the Tax Authority cannot dispute with the company about these years once again. The company filed a lawsuit to discharge from any indebtedness before the court in order to safeguard the company's rights. On February 17, 2011, The Tax Authority has held the accounts of Al Ezz El Dekheila for Steel -Alexandria (EZDK) kept at banks with an amount of LE 219 million according to the tax assessment made based on the fact that the profits of the flat steel projects for the years 2000/2004 are subjected to taxation. Al Ezz El Dekheila for Steel - Alexandria (EZDK) Company reached an agreement with the Tax Authority to cancel the administrative attachment imposed on the company as a result of the above mentioned dispute against paying LE 50 million during September and October 2011, and settle the remaining tax claims amounting to LE 169.3 Million on

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24 installments. The first installment amounting to LE 8.3 million due in November 2011, while the remaining due amount shall be paid on 23 monthly installments at LE 7 million each, in addition to the delay interest on the amount paid on installments. The paid amounts is LE 254.2 million, including delay interest amounting to LE 35 million. The Company's opinion that this procedure shall not change the legal & tax position of the company as it reserves its right to reimburse what has been paid immediately upon the issuance of a court ruling in favor of the company pertaining to lawsuit no. 405 of 2011. Which recorded with no. 963 year 2012 tax total Alexandria, which was deliberated during sessions. The Primary Court of Alexandria issued its ruling with lack of jurisdiction and transferred the case to Alexandria's Administrative Court and the court didn't set a session for it after the reference.

- The company's tax inspection was made for years 2005/2006 and the company was notified of form no. (19) – taxes on February 21, 2011. The tax differences amounted to LE 94.56 Million, and the company appealed against these forms on the legal due dates, as the year 2005 represent the 5th year of the flat steel project which is applicable to the above mentioned exemption which is legally immune, the dispute for those years was referred to the Appeal Committee.
- The Appeal Committee issued its decision to subject the 5th year to tax in violation of its previous decision related to the years 2000/2004 even though the tax exemption can't be divided or legally canceled, hence the company filed the lawsuit No. 245 for the year 2014 tax Alexandria Court for the purpose of accepting the appeal in form and the plea to the nullification of the Appeal Committee's decision and its subsequence effects, on January 27, 2016 court session, The Primary Court Of Alexandria issued its ruling with lack of jurisdiction and transferred the case to Alexandria's Administrative Court and the court didn't set a session for it yet.
- The Tax Authority demanded that the company pays an amount of LE 124 million based on the article no. 111 of the law no. 91/2005, the company appealed on that demand by filing a warrant for the chief of the tax authority and his legal advisor, the company paid all these tax differences during the period from June till October 2014 with reserving that the company recovers all the amounts that were paid if a judicial ruling is issued in its favor.
- The company ensures the validity of its position and the strength of its defense since that the litigation for the year 2005/2006 is about the continuance of the tax exemption that was decided and secured by law for the years 2000/2004 as it's the same subject and it was reviewed before court so the tax exemption cannot be divided. The company pointed that in paying any amounts under the account of taxes considering that these procedure will not harm its legal and tax positions and its right in recovering all the amounts that was previously paid once a judicial ruling is issued in the company's favor. The Company filed a lawsuit no 269 for the year 69J administrative justice Alexandria requesting that the Tax Authority has no right in demanding any amounts for the delay of the payment of taxes for the years 2005 till 2014, and the court didn't set a session for it, yet.
- The company's tax inspection was made for years 2007/2008 and the company was notified of form no. (19) – taxes on August 23, 2012. The tax differences amounted to LE 15 million, and the company appealed against these forms in the legal due dates. The said differences are currently considered by the internal committee. During the month of October 2014, the Company paid the amount of LE 15 million that represented the tax inspection differences along with preserving the Company's right to refund what had been previously paid once a decision is issued in favor of the Company.
- The company's tax inspection was made for years 2009/2010 and the company has been notified with form no. (19) tax, the tax differences amounted to LE 105 million, the company has appealed on this form in the legal dates, and the dispute was transferred to internal committee, the committee approved most of the differences except LE 17 million that was transferred to appeal committee that did not set an appeal session till now, the company paid LE 15 million as part of the inspection deference till the issuance of the committee's decision.
- The tax authority inspected the years 2011/2013 and the company has been notified with tax form no. (19), the tax differences amounted to LE 163 million, the company appealed on this form in the legal date, and the dispute was referred to internal committee, the committee approved an amount of LE 6 million that was fully paid.

- The company presented its tax returns for the years 2014-2015 at the legal dates according to law provisions, the company paid all the due taxes according to these tax returns.
- The general department of the Counter Tax Evasion notified the company of tax differences amounting to LE 7 million resulting from fund transfers abroad during the years 2000/2010 and the said issue is still considered before court, and a ruling was issued to the effect of the inadmissibility of considering the case previously adjudicated in relation to felony No. 11743 for the year 2011, El Agouza felonies. However, the public prosecution filed an appeal against the ruling, A ruling was issued at the session held on November 9, 2013 to the effect of cancelling the appealed ruling and referring the lawsuit documents to the Court of First Instance to issue its ruling regarding the subject matter of lawsuit No.639 for the year 2013, the company paid all the amounts according to form no. 19 issued by the authority beside the additional forms for the years 2000/2010 and the session was postponed and the court didn't set a session for it till now.

34.3.2 Salary Tax

- The company pays the tax on the legal due dates and submits the tax reconciliations according to the provisions of law.
- Tax inspection was made till year 2012 and tax differences have been fully paid.

34.3.3 Sales Tax

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- The company submits its monthly tax returns regularly on the specified legal due dates.
- Tax inspection was made for the company with respect to the general sales tax till April 30, 2009 and the Inspectorate of large taxpayers has notified the Company of form no. (15) - taxes, a matter which made the inspectorate claims for the tax differences with an amount of LE 40.7 million. However, grievance was made to this form and the differences stated therein, as these differences represented the refusal of the Tax Authority to allow the company to deduct the tax imposed on the capital commodities pursuant to law No. 9/2005 and the ministerial decrees no. 295 and 296 of year 2005 which grant the company the right to deduct the sales tax paid with respect to the capital commodities, a matter which made the company file lawsuit No. 988 of year 2011 – Civil Circuit against the Tax Authority claiming for its right to deduct the tax which was previously paid with respect to the capital commodities. The company has previously settled these differences in order to avoid the penalties in case a legal ruling is issued to the detriment of the company.

However the ruling of the Court of First Instant was issued at the session held on December 30, 2012 to the effect of rejecting the lawsuit and the company appealed against the court ruling, On August 29, 2013 the Court of Appeal issued its ruling to the effect of cancelling the appealed against ruling of the Court of First Instance and the lawsuit was referred to the Administrative Court and recorded with No. 10229 for the year 68 J and session will be set on November 19, 2017 for review.

- Tax inspection was made for the period starting from May 1, 2009 till December 31, 2010. And the company was notified of form no. (15) The tax differences amounted to LE 77.3 million, and the company appealed against these forms on the legal due dates and the dispute for this year was referred to the reconciliation committee of the Large Taxpayer Center, points of contention have been considered by the Head of Tax Authority and agreed to deduct the payments previously paid by the company that amounted to LE 70 million and the dispute is represented in the amount of LE 7 million and the said dispute was considered by the Grievance Committee and a decision was taken to refer the matter to the courts. It will be deliberated on October 30, 2016 for the expert to present his report. The company paid an amount of LE 4.5 million, and the remaining portion with the amount of LE 2.5 million is represented in sales tax imposed on the lent billet which was regained.
- The period from the first of January 2011 till December 31, 2011 was inspected and the company has been notified with form no. (15), the differences amounted to LE 1.5 million fully paid.
- Tax inspection for the year 2012 were performed and the company was notified with form no. (15) and the differences fully paid.
- Tax inspection for the year 2013 were performed and the company was notified with form no. (15) with differences which are amounted to LE 23.3 Million and the Company subjected on it then. Currently, the dispute is argued with Appeal Committee in the Larger Taxpayer Tax Centre.

34.3.4 Sales Tax on imports of iron oxide ore

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The Egyptian Customs Authority claimed the amount of LE 1.9 Billion that represents the value of sales tax on imported iron oxide ore and the claim was made based on retroactive for the period from the first of January 2008 till December 31, 2012. The company has submitted a memo to the Minister of Finance to the effect that iron oxide ore imports should not be subjected to taxation as philosophy of the law of sales tax made the industrial product an intermediate link in tax collection, where the tax previously paid is deducted from tax collected when selling the product and whereas the company during previous periods was remitting supplying everything that has been collected upon selling the product, without any deduction and the company has no will when customs release was in place on this product.

Hence, the company should not be charged by any amounts because it was not a reason for noncollection of tax nor in how the release of this raw material. The company's management and its tax advisor are of the opinion that the Customs has no right in the amounts claimed from the company because the company is applying the core of the law in addition, the company is an intermediate link with respect to tax collection and remitting it to the Tax Authority on legal due dates and there are no grounds to claim tax differences.

- The company filed lawsuit no. 9160 for the year 68 J - Administrative Court Alexandria - appealing against the issued ruling and the lawsuit is held for the report the College of Commissioners. Although the company filed lawsuit No. 563 for the year 2013 commercial total Alexandria which recorded by no. 14721 for the year 69 J Alexandria administrative judgment to clearance the company from the required tax dispute, Which issued a decision to annulment the company's claim of LE 2 billion value of sales tax on the consignments released from January 1, 2008 until December 31, 2012 with the consequent effects of the company's acquittal of the amount of the claim and the session was set for it on October 8, 2017 for notes presenting.

34.3.5 Sales Tax for the usufruct amounts claimed by Alexandria Port Authority

The claim of usufruct sales tax due to Alexandria Port Authority was settled and an agreement was reached to pay the principal and additional tax by means of post-dated cheques ended on December 31, 2013 and a letter was obtained from Counter Tax Evasion Authority. The company filed lawsuit no. 1609 for year 2014 Alexandria total to request from both Alexandria Port Authority and the Minister of Finance to refund amount of LE 249.5 Million that represent the value of what the tax authority receive under account sales tax against the license for the use of equipment and pier of mining materials, the lawsuit has been transferred to Alexandria administrative court and the court doesn't set a session for it till now.

34.3.6 Service Charges related to imported equipment for production use

The company filed a lawsuit to reimburse the service charges pertaining to the equipment imported to be used in production which were paid to the Customs Authority under No. 2112/2002 regarding the shipments represented in the equipment and spare parts in implementation of the provision of law no. 66 / 1963, article no. (111) which stipulated the unconstitutionality thereof, since the Customs Authority has not rendered any services to the company with respect to the shipments incoming to the company from abroad. The amounts claimed by the company from the Customs Authority amounted to LE 126 million.

On February 27, 2011, a ruling was issued by Alexandria Civil Court with respect to lawsuit no. (2112), obligating the two defendants to pay the plaintiff company an amount of LE 103.9 million along with the legal interest 4% from the date of the legal claim until the date of the actual settlement.

The ruling was appealed against and a ruling was issued on November 6, 2012 in favor of the company to the effect of conforming the ruling at first degree, currently the executive version of the ruling has been issued by the legal affairs department which follows up the reimbursement process. and to notify the Customs Authority thereof, However, it is currently in the process of following up the issuance of a letter from the State Litigation Authority stating that there is no objection to disbursement, and the tax authority has been appealed against the ruling taking into consideration that the company announced on 22/1/2013 that is filed the appeal no.77 for the year 83 J before the court of cassation against the ruling issued by the court of appeal in favor of the company.

On February 6, 2012, the appeal ruling was issued in favor of the company supporting the first degree rule and the executive form of the ruling was extracted by the department of legal affairs which follow the reclaim, the tax authority appealed and the case isn't settled till now.

34.4 Al Ezz Flat Steel Company

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34.4.1 Corporate tax

- In the light of issuing law no. 114 of 2008 on May 5, 2008, the private free zones license were deleted and the company become subject to corporate tax from that date.
- The Tax Authority inspected the Company's books for year 2008 and the result of the inspection was tax losses for this year.
- The Tax Authority inspected the Company's books for year 2009 and resulted in tax losses for that year and the dispute points were referred to the Internal Committee.
- The Tax Authority inspected the Company's books for year 2010 and 2011 and there are dispute points that were referred to the Internal Committee.
- The Tax Authority inspected the Company's book for years from 2012 till 2014 and the Company doesn't receive the result of this inspection.

34.4.2 Salary tax

- The Tax Authority inspected the Company's books until 2007 and finalize all the disputes and there is no any due amounts on the Company.
- The Tax Authority inspected the Company's books for years 2008 until 2011 and the company objected and the file was referred to the competent appeal committee to hear the dispute.

34.4.3 Sales tax and VAT

- The Tax Authority inspected the Company's books until 31/12/2012 and the company paid the due amount.
- The tax inspection was performed for the years 2013/2014 and no claims are due regarding this matter till this date.

34.4.4 Stamp tax

- Tax inspection was made till 2012 and there is no claims on the company in this regard up to this date.

35. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND RISK MANAGEMENT

35.1 Financial instruments

The Company's financial instruments are represented in cash and cash equivalents, debtors, investments, trade payable, notes payable, creditors, loans, and banks-overdraft balances. The book value of these financial instruments does not materially differ from its fair value at the financial position date.

35.2 Interest rate risk

The interest risk is represented in the interest rates changes on the company's debts, represented in loans (before deducting issuance cost) and credit facilities which amounted to LE 25 009 966 K as of March 31, 2017 (LE 24 837 669 K as of December 31, 2016). Financing interest and expenses related to these balances amounted to LE 802 886 K during the period (LE 363 609 K during the same period from the previous year). Time-deposits and investment fund amounted to LE 225 904 K as of March 31, 2017 (LE 413 295 K as of December 31, 2016), interest income related to these balances amounted to LE 111 265 K during the period (LE 74 418 K during the same period from the previous year). The company works on getting the best terms available in the market regarding the credit facilities and bonds loan to mitigate this risk, also the company reviews the prevailing interest rates in the market periodically which reduces the interest rate risk.

35.3 Credit risk

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The carrying amount of financial assets represents the maximum credit risk exposure. The maximum exposure to credit risk at the consolidated interim financial statements date is:

| | Note <u>No.</u> | 31/3/2017 <u>LE (000)</u> | 31/12/2016 <u>LE (000)</u> |
|----------------------------------|--------------------|------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| Long term lending to others | (13) | 36 741 | 37 419 |
| Trade and notes receivables | (16) | 317 117 | 287 324 |
| Debtors and other debit balances | (17) | 2 881 935 | 2 595 637 |
| Suppliers - advance payments | | 398 992 | 168 831 |
| Investments in treasury bills | | 37 601 | 11 974 |
| Cash and cash equivalents | (19) | 4 468 460 | 5 096 007 |

35.4 Foreign currency risk

The foreign currency risk represents the risk of fluctuation in exchange rates which in turn affects the Company's cash inflows and outflows in foreign currency as well as the value of its foreign currencies monetary assets and liabilities. The Company has foreign currency monetary assets and liabilities equivalent to LE 1 404 887 K and LE 15 054 647 K respectively, as of the financial position date.

The Company's net exposures in foreign currencies at the financial position date are as follows:

| <u>Foreign Currency</u> | (Deficit)/Surplus |
|-------------------------|-------------------|
| | In thousand |
| US Dollars | (686 019) |
| Euro | (61 557) |
| Swiss Frank | 13 |
| Sterling Pound | (95) |
| Japanese Yen | (5 335) |
| AED | 11 |

As shown in note no. (38-1) "Foreign currency translation", the balances of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies shown above were valued using the prevailing exchange rate of the banks that the Company deals with at the financial position date.

Foreign currencies rates as of the financial position date is as follows:

| | <u>Closing rate at</u> | <u>Closing rate at</u> | |
|----------------|------------------------|------------------------|--|
| | <u>31/3/2017</u> | <u>31/12/2016</u> | |
| US Dollars | 18.1 | 18.25 | |
| Euro | 19.4937 | 19.4381 | |
| Swiss Frank | 18.1891 | 18.1249 | |
| Sterling Pound | 22.5979 | 22.6063 | |
| AED | 4.9279 | 4.9691 | |

35.5 Fair values for financial instruments

The financial instruments are represented in the balance of cash on hand and at banks, loans and credit facilities, trade receivables, investments, debtors and creditors.

The fair value of these financial instruments does not materially differ from its book value.

36. THE LITIGATION STATUS

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36.1 Al-Ezz Rolling Mills Company & Al-Ezz Flat Steel Company– Subsidiaries Companies

Al-Ezz Rolling Mills Company and Al-Ezz Flat Steel Company (subsidiaries of Al Ezz Steel Company) obtained two licenses from the Industrial Development Authority to produce sponge iron and billet included within the group of the licenses the Authority has given to the qualified companies in Egypt for free. However, Al-Ezz Rolling Mills Company started the establishment of a factory for the production of sponge iron, while Al-Ezz Flat Steel Company did not start any projects to make use of the license.

The said subject was referred to the criminal court to claim the payment of fees related to these licenses in addition to any penalties that may be imposed by the court. On September 15, 2011 the court issued a ruling whose pronouncement included imposing penalties on the former chairman of Ezz Steel Company and the former chairman of the Industrial Development Authority jointly with an amount of LE 660 million, and the withdrawal of the two licenses granted to each of Al-Ezz Rolling Mills Company and Al-Ezz Flat Steel Company. The company's management has taken procedures to revoke the ruling with all its consequences resulting there from.

During the court session held on December 20, 2012, the court of cassation issued its ruling to the effect of cassating the appealed against ruling and referring the lawsuit to another circuit for consideration, which means revoking the previous ruling. A court session was set on April 6, 2013 to consider the lawsuit before the court to which it was referred to, then the said case was adjourned to overturned the judgment issued by the lower court due to the fact that the administration of justice in this regard on December 5, 2013. The legal Advisor of the group was of the opinion that the cancelation of the abovementioned judgment means carrying out retrial proceedings. Accordingly, the case was deliberated in several sessions before the retrial court circuit and a pleading session was set to be considered on September 6, 2017 to finalize the required procedures for settlement.

On October 3, 2012 the Industrial Development Authority decrees to issue a new temporary license to Al-Ezz Rolling Mills Company with a value of LE 330 million and to be renewed annually, on November 13, 2012 the company paid an amount of LE 49.50 million that (included in other debit balances Item – note no. (17)) represents 15% from the value of the license, in addition to granting the company a grace period of 18 months, the remaining 85% of the license value will be paid on five equal annual installments, and in case of the company committed with the installments and paid the full amount it will obtain the permanent license.

36.2 Al Ezz Dekheila Steel Company Alexandria – A Subsidiary Company

36.2.1 Workers Lawsuits Regarding Profits Differences

Some workers whose services for the company came to an end filed 73 lawsuits claiming the calculation of the profits differences for years from 2004 till 2010 based on the gross salary at a percentage of 10% of the profits and they laid down the grounds of their lawsuits based on the stipulation of the first article of labor law No. (12) for the year 2003 and the stipulation of article No. (41) of the Joint-Stock Companies Law No. 159 of 1981.

The rulings were issued in regard to (71) lawsuits ranging between refusal and dropping as the company complied with the core of the law when calculating the employees' share in profits according to the authority vested thereto by virtue of the stipulation of article No. (12) of the Arab and Foreign Capital Investment Law No. (43)/1974 and article No. (52) of the company's Articles of Association issued by virtue of decree No. (90)/1981 which authorize the board of directors and the General Assembly of the company to determine the percentage, the criterion and the manner of the profits appropriation.

However, the Court of Appeal confirmed the issued rulings of refusal or dropping in 14 lawsuits, and there are (53) lawsuits that have not been appealed against and the rulings thereof acquired the opposability of res judicata due to the lapse of the date of appeal thereof, while the remaining two lawsuits were canceled, not renewed and were considered legally as there were not existed.

Some workers of Al Ezz Dekheila Steel Company Alexandria filed 6 lawsuits concerning the financial differences of the social allowances for the years from 1996 until 2010, in which the company insisted on adhering to the agreement that was concluded between the company and the workers on July 7, 2011 which resulted in the fact that the company paid the said financial differences of the social allowances and the court lapsed the litigation and there is still on litigation remaining under deliberation.

The company's management and its legal advisor are of the opinion that the company complied with the proper core of law in regard to the profits appropriation for the employees thereof according to the company's articles of association without prejudice to the rights of any of the employees thereof.

36.2.2 The lawsuits Referred to the Criminal Court

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On June 26, 2011, a referral order was issued to the Criminal Court by the Public Prosecution "Supreme Public Fund Prosecution" regarding lawsuit No. (197) for the year 2011 - Public Fund Count registered under No. (38) for the year 2011 to limit the scope of the public fund investigation against some of the officials in the company in criminal incidents related to the allegation of illicit gain or facilitating the illicit gain of third parties to the detriment of the public fund, and some decisions were issued regarding conservatory attachment and non-disposal in relation to some officials.

Some of the officials related to this case have been resigned while the remaining employees who referred to the criminal court still in their jobs as the accusations against them had not been issued a final judgment of a criminal court.

On March 6, 2013, a ruling was issued by the court of criminal justice and sentences against some company officials have been issued including custodial penalties and pecuniary penalties in addition to dismissal from office against those who were convicted.

On December 14, 2013, the Court of Cassation issued its ruling to the effect of nullification of the previously issued ruling and to refer the lawsuit to Giza criminal court, the court has decided to delegate technical committee to examine the lawsuit documents and the session was postponed to September 18, 2017 until an expert committee report is issued.

The Legal advisor of the company is of the opinion that the appeal resulted in the cancellation of all sanctions issued against former officials of the company and a re-trial again for them, especially after the Court of Cassation rejected the appeal of the public prosecutor in acquittals.

36.2.3 Lawsuits before Court Concerning The Trespass on The Company's lands:

Some individuals and companies trespassed a part of the company's lands with an area of approximately 19 feddans purchased from the State Property Protection Authority whose total area is approximately 108 feddans that were allocated to the company and received thereby according to the receipt report dated. December 13, 1998 issued by virtue of decree no. (80) of 1993 of Alexandria Governor, and the company paid the price of such land in full according to the agreement concluded between the company and the State Property Protection Authority on June 19, 2008. Accordingly, the company took legal procedures against the trespassers who made the above mentioned violations on such lands and the said lawsuits are still considered before court.

36.2.4 Lawsuits before Court Concerning The Monopoly of Steel Bars product:

The Court of cassation, ruled on its session held on November 25, 2014 to amend the appeal of lawsuit No.368 of the year 2013 concerning what is presented by the Public Prosecutor Office against some officers of Ezz steel company during the period from May 16, 2005 until December 31, 2006 concerning their professional capacities in Ezz Steel company and some of the companies affiliated to Ezz group relating to the monopoly of steel bars product inside the Arab republic of Egypt in Violation of non-competition and anti-monopoly act No. 3 for the year 2005 and re-affirming a ruling to the effect of imposing a fine on the officers of Ezz Steel company and some other companies of Al-Ezz Group with an amount of LE 200.5 million.

The financial penalty will be a fine of EGP 20.5 million imposed on some officials of the Company.

The legal advisor of the company is of the opinion that claiming the inflicted penalty imposed on the officers of the Company by virtue of the court ruling is not legally acceptable and each company of the group should bear the fines in proportion to the benefits gained without claiming the officials of the Company fined pursuant to the case.

37. OTHER TOPICS

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37.1 EZDK Steel UK limited Company

On July 11, 2011, a ruling was issued by the judicial bodies in the United Kingdom to subject EZDK Steel UK LTD, a subsidiary company, to be under the managerial control of BDO LLP England Institute in the United Kingdom due to its insolvency and based on the fact that the shareholders reached an agreement in regard to the procedures necessary to be taken to the effect of the company's liquidation.

However, the company still under the managerial control that Institute till the financial statements date (the investment cost reached the amount of LE 510 with a participation percentage of 50% of the company's capital).

37.2 Alexandria Port Authority

On June 19, 2011, Alexandria Port Authority issued an administrative attachment order with respect to the accounts of Al Ezz El Dekheila for Steel - Alexandria (EZDK) kept at some banks, where the value of the attachment order amounted to LE 181.2 million (without specific particulars regarding the breakdown of this amount), and the procedures of the said attachment came into force on October 26, 2011. The amounts kept at the banks under attachment reached the amount of LE 66 million as the amount in return for the claims made by the Authority pertaining to the sales tax and delay interest imposed on the materials stevedoring category (the core of a legal dispute that has not been settled yet), and being the subject matter of lawsuit No. 797 of 2010 filed by Alexandria Port Authority against sales Tax Authority and Al Ezz El Dekheila for Steel - Alexandria (EZDK) in order to guarantee receiving the amounts pertaining to the judgments that might be issued against Alexandria Port Authority with respect to the sales tax assessment as the said ruling of that lawsuit was scheduled on September 17, 2012. And a judgment was issued to the effect of dismissing the case and the company an appeal against the lawsuit No. 747 for 2012, and the session is postponed to June 24, 2013. And adjournment of the session has taken place until the constitutional action No.54 for the judicial year No.35 the lawsuit deliberation was settled.

The commissioner decided to set a date for submitting the report and the said report has not been submitted yet. (note No. 29-1).

The Sales Tax Authority claimed the company to pay the principal tax amounting to LE 104 million in addition to tax amounting to LE 127.5 million till June 28, 2012 in return for usufruct of the equipment of mining ores dock related to the handling of ores in El Dekheila Port.

On October 3, 2012, the company paid the principal tax amounting to LE 104 million along with its right to maintain a reservation on the settlement until the Sales Tax Authority ceases all the actions taken against Alexandria Port Authority which in its turn shall cease all the actions taken against the company including the lift of attachment on the company's balances at the various banks. The sales tax authority is of the opinion the necessity of payment the additional tax in order to cease the mentioned procedures.

The company's management paid an amount of LE 127.5 million under the account of the additional tax claimed by virtue of post-dated checks starting from December 31, 2012 for one year. Accordingly Alexandria Port Authority notified the banks to lift the administrative attachment imposed on the Company's balances at the banks in favor of the Port Authority.

Based on the opinion of its tax advisor, the company's management is of the opinion that Alexandria port Authority is not entitled to claim the Company to pay sales tax in return for usufruct of the equipment of mining ores dock related to the handling of ores in El – Dekheila Port, the occupation of the yards allocated for this purpose and carrying out the works of operation and maintenance necessary for such equipment as its not subjected for sales tax, the payment of such amount or amounts by the company to Alexandria Port Authority, either at the present time or in the future, as a tax in return for the same service, does not mean its approval of subjecting the service to taxation along with the continuity of legal proceedings taken by the company to confirm the fact that such service is not subjected to sales tax. the payment of such amount or

amounts by the company to Alexandria Port Authority, either at the present time or in the future, as a tax in return for the same service, does not mean its approval of subjecting the service to taxation along with the continuity of legal proceedings taken by the company to confirm the fact that such service is not subjected to sales tax.

The company has also established Case No. 1609 of year 2014 against both the Port Authority and the Tax Authority requesting the recovery the collected amount from the company under the name of the sales tax for the period from 15/02/2013 till December 2013 in the amount of LE 249 525 k, A session date to be considered on November 27, 2014 and ruling was issued to the effect of the lack of jurisdiction and referring the lawsuit to the Administrative Court, However, a session for considering the said appeal has not been determined up to this date.

38. <u>SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES FOR THE CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL</u> <u>STATEMENTS</u>

The group's companies apply the following accounting policies on constant basis which conform to that applied in all presented years, taking into consideration the new issues and amendments issued to the Egyptian Accounting Standards (EAS) which has been effective on 1/1/2016 (note no. 41).

38.1 Foreign currency translation

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The group maintains its accounts in Egyptian Pound. Transactions denominated in foreign currencies are translated at foreign exchange rate prevailing at the date of transactions. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at the balance sheet date are translated at the foreign exchange rates prevailing, at that date. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in foreign currencies are translated using the exchange rates at that date of the transaction. Foreign currency differences arising on the translation are recognized in the consolidated statement of income at the consolidated interim financial statements date in consolidated statement of income.

Financial statements of Al Ezz Flat Steel (EFS)

EFS maintains its accounting records in US Dollar. For the purpose of preparation of the Consolidated Interim financial statements, the assets and liabilities are translated into Egyptian Pound at the closing exchange rate ruling at the financial statements date. The income statement items are translated into Egyptian Pound at the average exchange rate for the period. Equity items are translated by historical rate and Exchange differences arising from the translation are recorded in the shareholders equity.

38.2 Fixed assets and depreciation

Fixed assets are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses. Depreciation - except rolling rings - is charged to the consolidated statement of income on straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of assets. The management of the company regularly reconsiders the remaining useful lives of the fixed assets in order to determine whether they match the previously estimated useful lives and if there is a significant difference, the assets depreciation will be calculated in accordance with the remaining estimated useful life.

During 2016 modified cost model was adopted by the group, which the cost and accumulated depreciation for some categories of fixed assets (Machinery and equipment, Vehicles, Furniture and office equipment, Tools and supplies) are modified using modification factors stated in annex (A) of EAS no. (13). The increase of net fixed assets which are qualified to modification, were recognized in other comprehensive income items and was presented as a separate item in equity under the name of "modification surplus of fixed assets". The realized portion of modification surplus of fixed assets is transferred to retained earnings or losses in case of disposal or abandonment of the asset which qualified for modification or usage (depreciation difference resulting from the adaption of the special accounting treatment).

The estimated useful life for each type of assets is as follows:

| | Estimated useful life |
|---|---|
| Asset | Years |
| Buildings | |
| – Buildings | 25 - 50 |
| Other buildings | 8 |
| Machinery and equipment | |
| Machinery and equipment | 5 - 25 |
| Rolling rings (machinery and equipment) | According to actual use |
| | (ERM 5-6 based on 3 shifts) |
| Vehicles | 2 - 5 |
| Furniture and office equipment | |
| Furniture and office equipment | 3 - 10 |
| Central air conditioning and fixtures | 8 |
| Tools and appliances | 4 – 5 |
| Improvements on leased buildings | The lower of lease term or assets' useful |
| | lives |

Profits or losses resulting from fixed assets disposal are charged to the consolidated statement of income.

38.3 Cost subsequent to acquisition

The replacement cost of an asset component is recognized in the asset cost after the elimination of the cost of this component when such cost is incurred by the company and in case it is probable that future economic benefits shall inflow to the group as a result of the replacement of this component conditional on the ability to measure its cost with a high level of accuracy. However, the other costs are to be recognized in the consolidated statement of income as an expense when incurred.

38.4 Projects under construction

Projects under construction are recognized initially at cost. Cost includes all expenditures directly attributable to bringing the asset to a working condition for its intended use. Projects under construction are transferred to fixed assets at its cost when they are completed and are ready for their intended use.

38.5 Other assets

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- Other assets are licenses cost which are capable of generating future economic benefits.

 Other assets are stated at purchased cost including any expenses that are directly attributable to preparing the asset for its intended use, net of accumulated amortization and impairment losses.

38.6 Investments in associates

Investments in associates are accounted for using the equity method and are recognized initially at cost. The Group's investment includes goodwill identified on acquisition, net of any accumulated impairment losses, if any. The consolidated interim financial statements include the Group's share of income, and expenses of equity accounted investee, after adjustments to align accounting policies with those of the Group, from the date that significant influence commences to the date that significant influence ceases. When the Group's share of losses exceeds its interest in an equity accounted investee, the carrying amount is reduced to nil and recognition of further losses is discontinued except to the extent that the Group has an obligation or has made payments on behalf of the associate.

In case of the excess in the cost of acquisition over the company share in net fair value of the assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities as well in associates on the date of acquisition, the goodwill is recognized as a part of investment book value, thus it will be subjected to the impairment loss on the investment.

38.7 Available-for-sale investments

Available-for-sale investments are initially measured at fair value and as of the consolidated interim financial statements date, the change in the fair value whether gain or loss is recognized directly in equity, except for impairment losses which are transferred to profit or loss. When an investment is derecognized, the cumulative gain or loss in equity is transferred to profit or loss.

The fair value for available-for-sale investments is identified based on the quoted price of the exchange market in an active market at the consolidated financial position date, except for investments which are not quoted in a stock exchange in an active market, in this case they are measured at cost net of impairment loss.

38.8 Investments in treasury bills

Investments in treasury bills are stated in the financial statements are initially measured at fair value and subsequently measured by depreciated cost, the difference between acquiring cost and the realizable value during the period is amortized from acquiring date to maturity date using actual interest rate.

38.9 Goodwill

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Goodwill represents the excess of the acquisition cost over the fair value of the identifiable assets acquired at the date of acquisition. Goodwill is tested for impairment at consolidated financial position date. If events or changes in circumstances indicate that the goodwill might be impaired, impairment loss "If any" is charged to the consolidated statement of income for the period.

38.10 Inventory

Inventory is valued at cost or net realizable value whichever is lower. Net realizable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less the estimated costs of completion and selling expenses. Cost is determined as follows:

- <u>Raw materials</u>: is valued at its cost up to bringing them to warehouses, and the outgoing is evaluated using the first in first out method.
- <u>Spare parts, materials, and supplies</u>: are valued at cost up to bringing them to warehouses, and the outgoing is evaluated using the weighted average method.
- <u>Work in process:</u> according to the actual manufacturing cost which includes direct materials and labor cost in addition to share of indirect manufacturing cost incurred until the last production stage reached.
- Finished products: according to the actual manufacturing cost.

38.11 Trade and notes receivables and debtors

Trade and notes receivable and debtors are initially stated at their fair value and subsequently measured by depreciated cost using the effective interest rate and reduced by estimated impairment losses from its value.

38.12 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents in the statement of cash flows comprise cash balances, banks current accounts, time deposits, market money fund bills and treasury bills which do not exceed three months and banks overdrafts that are repayable on demand and form an integral part of the Group's cash management preparing are included as a component of cash equivalents. The consolidated statement of cash flows is prepared and presented according to indirect method.

38.13 Trade and notes payable and creditors

Trade and notes payable and creditors are primary stated at fair value and subsequently measured by depreciated cost using the actual interest rate.

38.14 Impairment loss on assets

A. Financial assets

A financial asset is considered to be impaired if objective evidence indicates that one or more events have had a negative effect on the estimated future cash flows of that asset.

An impairment loss in respect of a financial asset measured at amortized cost is calculated as the difference between its carrying amount, and the present value of the estimated future cash flows discounted at the original effective interest rate. An impairment loss in respect of an available-for-sale financial asset is calculated by reference to its current fair value.

Individually significant financial assets are tested for impairment on an individual basis. The remaining financial assets are assessed collectively in groups that share similar credit risk characteristics.

All impairment losses are recognized in profit or loss. Any cumulative loss in respect of an available-forsale financial asset recognized previously in equity is transferred to profit or loss.

An impairment loss is reversed if the reversal can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment loss was recognized. For financial assets measured at amortized cost and available-for-sale financial assets that are debt securities, the reversal is recognized in consolidated income statement. For available-for-sale financial assets that are equity securities, the reversal is recognized directly in equity.

B. Non-financial assets

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The carrying amounts of the Company's non-financial assets, other than deferred tax assets, are reviewed at each reporting date to determine whether there is any indication of impairment.

An impairment loss is recognized if the carrying amount of an asset or its cash-generating unit exceeds its recoverable amount. A cash-generating unit is the smallest identifiable asset group that generates cash flows that are largely independent from other assets and groups. Impairment losses are recognized in the consolidated statement of income.

The recoverable amount of an asset or cash-generating unit is the greater of its value in use and its fair value less costs to sell.

Impairment losses recognized in prior periods are assessed at consolidated interim financial statements date for any indications that the loss has decreased or no longer exists. An impairment loss is reviewed if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount. An impairment loss is reversed only to the extent that the asset's carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation or amortization, if no impairment loss had been recognized.

38.15 Interest-bearing borrowings

Interest-bearing borrowings are recognized initially at fair value less attributable transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, interest-bearing borrowings are stated at amortized cost on an effective interest basis with any difference between cost and redemption value being recognized in the consolidated statement of income.

Borrowing cost of financing fixed assets are capitalized to finance qualified fixed assets during the construction period till the asset is reachable for use from the economical view.

38.16 Provisions

Provisions are recognized when the Company has a legal or constructive obligation as a result of a past event and it is probable that a flow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation. If the effect is material, provisions are determined by discounting the expected future cash flows at a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessment of the time value of money and, where appropriate, the risks specific to the liability. The provisions balances are reviewed on a going basis at the financial position date to disclose the best estimate on the current period.

38.17 Share capital

Repurchase of share capital

Upon the repurchase of issued capital shares of the company (whether direct way or by using one of its subsidiaries), it is recognized with the amount paid in return for the repurchase, process which includes all direct costs and all costs related to repurchasing, as a reduction in owners' equity, and it shall be classified as treasury stock deducted from the total owners' equity side.

38.18 Revenues

a) Sales revenues

Sales revenues are recognized when the risks and benefits of goods are transferred to the purchaser at delivering the goods. The sales is not recognized in case of non-assurance of the collection of these revenue or inability to determine any related costs or any expected sales return or the continues of the management relation with the sold product.

b) Dividends

Dividends income is recognized in the consolidated income statement on the date where the company has the right to receive investees' dividends occurred after the date of acquisition.

c) Interest income

Interest income is recognized in the profit or loss as it accrues using the effective interest rate method.

38.19 Capital lease contracts

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The due rental value, expenses of maintenance and repair of assets leased based on capital lease contracts in accordance with the provisions of the leasing no. 95 for the year 1995 as an expense in the income statement for the period according to the accrual basis, and at end of the contract and if the Company desired to purchase the assets leased, it will be recognized as fixed assets with the amount paid to exercise the right to purchase those assets stated in the contract and to be depreciated over the estimated useful life remaining to them.

38.20 Earnings per share

The Group presents basic earnings per share (EPS) data for its ordinary shares. Basic EPS is calculated by dividing the profit or loss attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Company by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the period.

38.21 Income Tax

Income tax on the profit or loss for the period comprises current income tax and deferred tax. Income tax is recognized in the consolidated income statement except to the extent that it relates to items recognized directly in equity, in which case it is recognized in equity. Current tax is the expected tax payable on the taxable income, using tax rates enacted or substantially enacted at the consolidated financial position date.

Deferred tax is provided using the financial position liability method, providing for temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for taxation purposes. The amount of deferred tax provided is based on the expected manner of realization or settlement of the carrying amount of assets and liabilities, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the consolidated financial position date.

A deferred tax asset is recognized only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the asset can be utilized. Deferred tax assets are reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefit will be realized during the upcoming periods.

38.22 Financial risk management

The Group has exposure to the following risks from its use of financial instruments:

- * Credit risk
- * Liquidity risk
- * Market risk

This note presents information about the Group's exposure to each of the above risks, the Group objectives, policies and processes for measuring and managing risks, and the Group management of capital. Further quantitative disclosures are included throughout these consolidated interim financial statements.

The Board of Directors has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the Group risk management framework.

The Group risk management policies are established to identify and analyse the risks faced by the Group, to set appropriate risk limits and controls, and to monitor risks and adherence to limits. Risk management policies and systems are reviewed regularly to reflect changes in market conditions and the Group's activities.

The Group, aims to develop a disciplined and constructive control environment in which all employees understand their roles and obligations.

38.22.1 Credit risk

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Credit risk is the risk that one party to a financial instrument will fail to discharge an obligation and cause the other party to incur financial loss.

This risk is mainly resulting from the Group's trade and other debtors.

Trade receivable & other debtors

The Group's exposure to credit risk is influenced mainly by the individual characteristics of each customer. The demographics of the Group's customer base, including the default risk has less of an influence on credit risk.

Most of Group's revenue is represented in sales transaction with many customers with close values for each customer, hence, there is no concentration of credit risk on specific customers.

Cash and cash equivalents

Credit risk relating to cash and cash equivalents - except cash on hand - and financial deposits arises from the risk that the counterparty becomes insolvent and accordingly is unable to return the deposited funds. To mitigate this risk, whenever possible, the Group conducts transactions and deposits funds with financial institutions with high investment grade.

38.22.2 Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Group will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they fall due. The Group's approach to managing liquidity is to ensure, as far as possible, that it will always have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when due, under both normal and stressed conditions, without incurring unacceptable losses or risking damage to the Group's reputation.

The Group ensures that the sufficient cash on demand to meet expected operational expenses for a suitable period, including the service of financial obligations; this excludes the potential impact of extreme circumstances that cannot reasonably be predicted, such as natural disasters.

38.22.3 Market risk

Market risk is the risk that changes in market prices, such as foreign currency exchange rates, interest rates and equity prices will affect the Group's income or the value of its holdings of financial instruments.

The objective of market risk management is to manage and control market risk exposures within acceptable parameters, while optimising the return.

Currency risk

The Group is exposed to currency risk on transactions that are denominated in a currency other than the respective functional currencies of the Group, primarily the U.S. Dollars (USD) and Euro. In respect of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies, the Group ensures that its net exposure is kept to an acceptable level through purchase or sale of the foreign currencies with current prices when that is necessary to face un-balanced short term.

Interest rate risk

The Group is exposed to market risks as a result of changes in interest rates particularly in relation to borrowings. Borrowings issued at floating rates expose the Group to cash flow interest rate risk. Borrowings issued at fixed rates expose the Group to fair value interest rate risk.

The basic strategy of interest rate risk management is to balance the debt structure with an appropriate mix of fixed and floating interest rate borrowings based on the Group's perception of future interest rate movements.

Other market prices risk

This risk arises from changes in the price of available-for-sale investments held by the Group, the Group's management monitors the equity instruments in the investments' portfolio according to the market and objective valuation of the financial statements related to these shares. Material investments within the portfolio are managed on an individual basis and all buy and sell decisions are approved by the Board of Directors. The primary goal of the Group's investment strategy is to maximize investment returns and the management consults external advisors in this regard.

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Notes to the Consolidated Financial statements For the three months ended March 31, 2017 (Continued)

38.22.4 Capital management

The Board of Directors' policy is to maintain a strong capital base so as to maintain investor, creditor and market confidence and to sustain future development of the business. The Boards of Directors monitors the return on capital, which the Group defines as net operating income divided by total shareholders' equity, the Board also monitors the level of dividends paid to shareholders. There were no changes in the Group's approach to capital management during the period. The Group is not subject to externally imposed capital requirements.