

## First-half results for 2011

# BBVA earns €2.339 billion in the first half of 2011

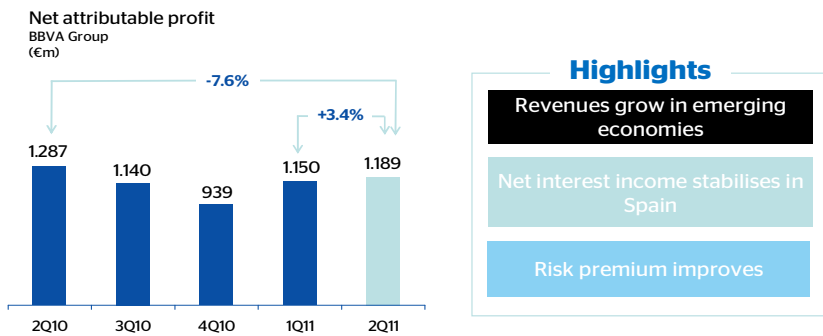
- ❑ **Resilient earnings:** the net attributable profit of the BBVA Group in the second quarter of 2011 came to €1.189 billion, which was the highest figure in the last four quarters (-7.6% vs 2Q 2010). As a result total profit for the year to June is €2.339 billion, which is 12.5% higher than the second half of 2010 and 7.5% less than the first half last year, clearly indicating a change of trend
- ❑ **Leader in capital adequacy:** BBVA is the top big European bank in terms of capital adequacy according to the stress tests conducted by the European Banking Authority. Furthermore organic generation of capital boosted BBVA's core capital ratio in June to 9.0%. The strong capital position is enhanced by comfortable liquidity and funding requirements for 2011 are already covered
- ❑ **Improvement in risk indicators:** non-performing assets (NPAs) have been steady for six consecutive quarters. In June the NPA ratio decreased to 4.0% compared to 4.1% in March and 4.2% a year earlier. The risk premium improved 11 basis points in the second quarter to 1.09% in June. The coverage ratio remains at 61%.

**The superior strength of BBVA was underlined on July 15 with the publication of the stress tests. BBVA's business model generates solid and recurrent earnings in complex conditions and this is demonstrated by the gains obtained in the first half of 2011. Total profit for the year to June comes to €2.339 billion, which is 12.5% higher than the second half of 2010. In June the Group's non-performing asset ratio improved to 4.0%.**

The EBA tests show that in the most adverse scenario for 2012, BBVA would increase its core Tier 1 capital ratio to 9.2%. This level was unmatched by any of BBVA's big European rivals. Moreover during the second quarter of 2011 organic generation of capital raised the core capital ratio from 8.9% in March to 9.0% at the end of June.

The tests also confirmed BBVA's ability to generate profit and pay dividends in conditions of extreme difficulty. Its capital strength and the recurrence of its earnings are backed by prudent management; by a portfolio that is balanced across geographies, business lines, segments and products; and by a business model focused on customers. These are the cornerstones of the Group's quarterly earnings.

## Resilience of profit



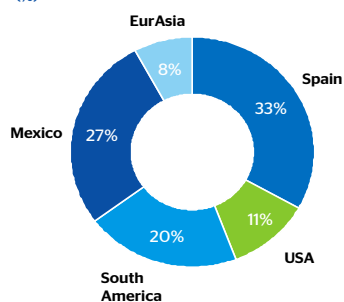
All the business areas contributed to first-half earnings. Gross income was €10.4 billion, which was an increase of 3.9% compared to the second half last year and 4.2% lower than the first half last year. Some 53% of the business areas' income was obtained in emerging markets. The growth in these markets largely offsets the decline in contributions from developed markets, where the Bank is strengthening its franchises.

"The European stress tests demonstrated the undeniable strength and resilience of our business model," Ángel Cano, BBVA's Chief Operating Officer, said. "BBVA's commitment to diversification and prudent risk management will continue to drive Group earnings."

Net interest income continues to show considerable resilience. In the first half of 2011 it totalled €6.389 billion, which was very similar to the second half of 2010 (€6.383 billion) but 7.9% lower than the first half last year. Operating costs came to €4.838 billion owing to investments in technology and in the franchises that operate in emerging markets. In the second quarter costs rose 8.1% compared to the first quarter in emerging markets, whereas they fell 2.1% in developed markets. As a result operating income came to €5.587 billion, an increase over the previous half year.

... amply diversified

Gross income by region\*  
BBVA Group (%)



**Emerging**  
**53%**

**Developed**  
**47%**

Thriving emerging economies  
offset the slowdown in  
developed ones

\* Excludes Corporates Activities

## Sixth quarter with improvement in risk indicators

The non-performing asset ratio improved from 4.1% in March to 4.0% in June and has been contained for the last six quarters (4.3% in December 2009). In the first six months of 2011 loan-loss provisions came to €1.978 billion and this was 15.8% less than the same period last year. Moreover the Group's risk premium improved 11 basis points in the second quarter to 1.09% in June. The coverage ratio remains at 61%. The NPA ratio in Spain improved to 4.7% (4.8% in March) and in the United States it stands at 4.2% (down 29 basis points since March).

Prudent management of risk also resulted in substantial liquidity. Medium and long-term debt issues and a good performance by the euro balance sheet mean that the Group's liquidity needs in 2011 are already covered.

## Growth in emerging economies and consolidation in developed ones

Regarding business activity, gross lending to Group customers at the end of June rose 1.9% to €355.5 billion from a year earlier, driven by growth in emerging markets. Furthermore total customer funds increased 3.8% to €528.1 billion.

“The growth of customer funds in developed markets reflects our solvency and strength,” Cano said. “In Spain we are responsible for more than half the banking system’s increase in deposits.”

In **Spain** BBVA gained market share in lending as well as in customer funds. In fact, BBVA accounted for 55% of the growth in the system’s deposits based on the latest figures (May) and the customer spread has

also improved. In June funds under management stood at €160.2 billion, which is 4.2% more than a year earlier and higher than the first quarter. Net interest income decreased 0.7% compared to the previous quarter but the decline slowed (it retreated 3% in the first quarter). The Spanish banking sector's overall NPA ratio has increased whereas that of BBVA has decreased to 4.7% in June (4.8% in March). In the first half net attributable profit in Spain came to €896 million. This was higher than the previous half year but 34.4% less than a year earlier, clearly indicating a change in the prevailing trend.

The notable event in the **Eurasia** business area was the first full quarter of BBVA's equity in Garanti, a Turkish bank, whose incorporation in the Group was completed in March. In the first half **Eurasia** generated net attributable profit of €449 million (up 65% year-on-year). Thus in the first six months of 2011 contributions from Eurasia accounted for 15% of profit from business areas.

In **Mexico** thriving business has boosted year-on-year growth to more than 10% in lending (excluding the old mortgage portfolio) and customer funds. In constant euros, net interest income was up 5.6% to €1.93 billion and net attributable profit rose 10.1% to €885 million. The non-performing asset ratio in June stood at 3.4% with the coverage ratio at 134%.

In **South America** business continued to grow strongly. Lending was up 27.1% year-on-year and customer funds rose 17.7%. The region also recorded market share gains in the main items. Net attributable profit in the area rose 19% in constant euros to €529 million in the year to June. The non-performing asset ratio improved to 2.4% (2.5% in March) and the coverage ratio widened to 138% (134% in March).

In the **United States** management's priority is to improve the lending mix. This policy has led to a decline in loan-loss provisions, which fell 35% to €211 million. The NPA ratio ended June at 4.2% with a coverage ratio of 67%. Net attributable profit for the first half in this area rose 14.1% to €151 million based on a constant exchange rate.

Lastly, in the first half **Wholesale Banking & Asset Management** demonstrated the high recurrence of its revenues, which are mainly supported by its customer franchise. Despite a very complex half year in the markets, gross income was similar to a year earlier in constant euros, at €1.46 billion (down 0.7%). Net attributable profit came to €661 million (down 6.2% year-on-year). The earnings of the Group's wholesale activities are included in the corresponding geographic regions.

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For more financial information about BBVA visit:  
<http://inversores.bbva.com/TLBB/tlbb/jsp/rie/home/index.jsp>

For additional information on BBVA visit:  
<http://prensa.bbva.com/>

### BBVA Group highlights

(Consolidated figures)

	30-06-11	Δ%	30-06-10	31-12-10
<b>Balance sheet (million euros)</b>				
Total assets	568,705	(0.0)	568,917	552,738
Customer lending (gross)	355,526	1.9	348,884	348,253
Customer funds on balance sheet	382,755	5.4	363,225	378,388
Other customer funds	145,345	(0.1)	145,475	147,580
Total customer funds	528,100	3.8	508,700	525,968
Total equity	37,643	14.6	32,852	37,475
Shareholders' funds	38,677	26.4	30,609	36,689
<b>Income statement (million euros)</b>				
Net interest income	6,389	(7.9)	6,937	13,320
Gross income	10,425	(4.2)	10,880	20,910
Operating income	5,587	(14.0)	6,500	11,942
Income before tax	3,143	(13.9)	3,651	6,422
Net attributable profit	2,339	(7.5)	2,527	4,606
<b>Data per share and share performance ratios</b>				
Share price (euros)	8.09	(6.1)	8.61	7.56
Market capitalization (million euros)	36,822	14.1	32,278	33,951
Net attributable profit per share (euros)	0.50	(19.2)	0.62	1.17
Book value per share (euros)	8.50	4.0	8.17	8.17
P/BV (Price/Book value; times)	1.0		1.1	0.9
<b>Significant ratios (%)</b>				
ROE (Net attributable profit/Average equity)	12.9		17.9	15.8
ROA (Net income/Average total assets)	0.94		0.99	0.89
RORWA (Net income/Average risk-weighted assets)	1.67		1.84	1.64
Efficiency ratio	46.4		40.3	42.9
Risk premium	114		140	133
NPA ratio	4.0		4.2	4.1
NPA coverage ratio	61		61	62
<b>Capital adequacy ratios (%)</b>				
BIS Ratio	12.8		12.7	13.7
Core capital	9.0		8.1	9.6
Tier I	9.8		9.2	10.5
<b>Other information</b>				
Number of shares (millions)	4,552	21.4	3,748	4,491
Number of shareholders	946,306	5.4	897,894	952,618
Number of employees <sup>(1)</sup>	109,655	5.1	104,372	106,976
Number of branches <sup>(1)</sup>	7,427	0.3	7,407	7,361
Number of ATMs <sup>(1)</sup>	17,857	9.7	16,279	16,995

General note: These quarterly statements have not been audited. The consolidated accounts of the BBVA Group have been drawn up according to the International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) adopted by the European Union and in conformity with Bank of Spain Circular 4/2004, together with the changes introduced therein.

(1) Excluding Garanti.

## Consolidated income statement: quarterly evolution

(Million euros)

	2011		2010			
	2Q	1Q	4Q	3Q	2Q	1Q
<b>Net Interest Income</b>	<b>3,215</b>	<b>3,175</b>	<b>3,138</b>	<b>3,245</b>	<b>3,551</b>	<b>3,386</b>
Net fees and commissions	1,167	1,114	1,135	1,130	1,166	1,106
Net trading income	336	752	252	519	490	633
Dividend income	259	23	227	45	231	25
Income by the equity method	123	121	124	60	94	57
Other operating income and expenses	62	79	70	85	47	93
<b>Gross Income</b>	<b>5,162</b>	<b>5,263</b>	<b>4,946</b>	<b>5,084</b>	<b>5,579</b>	<b>5,301</b>
Operating costs	(2,479)	(2,359)	(2,325)	(2,262)	(2,262)	(2,118)
Personnel expenses	(1,306)	(1,276)	(1,240)	(1,211)	(1,215)	(1,149)
General and administrative expenses	(964)	(887)	(887)	(855)	(855)	(796)
Depreciation and amortization	(208)	(196)	(199)	(197)	(192)	(174)
<b>Operating income</b>	<b>2,683</b>	<b>2,904</b>	<b>2,621</b>	<b>2,821</b>	<b>3,317</b>	<b>3,183</b>
Impairment on financial assets (net)	(962)	(1,023)	(1,112)	(1,187)	(1,341)	(1,078)
Provisions (net)	(83)	(76)	(75)	(138)	(99)	(170)
Other gains (losses)	(154)	(71)	(273)	113	(88)	(72)
<b>Income before tax</b>	<b>1,484</b>	<b>1,659</b>	<b>1,162</b>	<b>1,609</b>	<b>1,789</b>	<b>1,862</b>
Income tax	(189)	(369)	(127)	(359)	(431)	(510)
<b>Net income</b>	<b>1,295</b>	<b>1,290</b>	<b>1,034</b>	<b>1,250</b>	<b>1,358</b>	<b>1,352</b>
Non-controlling interests	(106)	(41)	(96)	(110)	(70)	(113)
<b>Net attributable profit</b>	<b>1,189</b>	<b>1,150</b>	<b>939</b>	<b>1,140</b>	<b>1,287</b>	<b>1,240</b>
Basic earnings per share (euros)	0.25	0.25	0.22	0.28	0.32	0.31

### Consolidated income statement

(Million euros)

	1H11	Δ%	Δ% at constant exchange rates	1H10	Δ%	Δ% at constant exchange rates	2Q10
<b>Net interest income</b>	<b>6,389</b>	<b>(7.9)</b>	<b>(6.7)</b>	<b>6,937</b>	<b>0.1</b>	<b>1.8</b>	<b>6,383</b>
Net fees and commissions	2,281	0.4	1.5	2,272	0.7	2.4	2,264
Net trading income	1,088	(3.1)	(1.7)	1,123	4.1	43.7	771
Dividend income	282	10.0	10.3	256	3.7	4.1	272
Income by the equity method	243	60.9	61.0	151	32.6	32.6	184
Other operating income and expenses	141	0.9	(6.9)	140	(9.1)	(13.0)	155
<b>Gross income</b>	<b>10,425</b>	<b>(4.2)</b>	<b>(3.2)</b>	<b>10,880</b>	<b>3.9</b>	<b>5.5</b>	<b>10,030</b>
Operating costs	(4,838)	10.5	12.1	(4,380)	5.4	7.3	(4,588)
Personnel expenses	(2,582)	9.2	10.8	(2,364)	5.4	7.0	(2,451)
General and administrative expenses	(1,851)	12.1	13.7	(1,651)	6.3	8.3	(1,741)
Depreciation and amortization	(404)	10.7	13.1	(365)	2.2	4.6	(396)
<b>Operating income</b>	<b>5,587</b>	<b>(14.0)</b>	<b>(13.4)</b>	<b>6,500</b>	<b>2.7</b>	<b>4.0</b>	<b>5,442</b>
Impairment on financial assets (net)	(1,986)	(7.9)	(7.7)	(2,419)	(13.6)	(12.3)	(2,299)
Provisions (net)	(234)	(13.3)	(12.8)	(270)	9.9	9.9	(213)
Other gains (losses)	(225)	40.5	40.8	(160)	40.7	40.8	(160)
<b>Income before tax</b>	<b>3,143</b>	<b>(13.9)</b>	<b>(13.3)</b>	<b>3,651</b>	<b>13.4</b>	<b>14.9</b>	<b>2,771</b>
Income tax	(558)	(40.7)	(40.2)	(941)	14.7	17.0	(486)
<b>Net income</b>	<b>2,585</b>	<b>(4.6)</b>	<b>(4.0)</b>	<b>2,710</b>	<b>13.2</b>	<b>14.5</b>	<b>2,285</b>
Non-controlling interests	(247)	34.7	39.4	(183)	19.9	24.9	(206)
<b>Net attributable profit</b>	<b>2,339</b>	<b>(7.5)</b>	<b>(7.0)</b>	<b>2,527</b>	<b>12.5</b>	<b>13.5</b>	<b>2,079</b>
Basic earnings per share (euros)	0.50	(19.2)		0.62	(5.6)		0.53

